

# **libpgf**

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## Class List

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# Class Documentation

## CDecoder Class Reference

PGF decoder.

```
#include <Decoder.h>
```

### Classes

- class **CMacroBlock**  
*A macro block is a decoding unit of fixed size (uncoded)*

### Public Member Functions

- **CDecoder** (**CPGFStream** \*stream, **PGFPreHeader** &preHeader, **PGFHeader** &header, **PGFPostHeader** &postHeader, **UINT32** \*&levelLength, **UINT64** &userDataPos, **bool** useOMP, **UINT32** userDataPolicy)
- **~CDecoder** ()  
*Destructor.*
  
- void **Partition** (**CSubband** \*band, **int** quantParam, **int** width, **int** height, **int** startPos, **int** pitch)
- void **DecodeInterleaved** (**CWaveletTransform** \*wtChannel, **int** level, **int** quantParam)
- **UINT32** **GetEncodedHeaderLength** () const
- void **SetStreamPosToStart** ()  
*Resets stream position to beginning of PGF pre-header.*
  
- void **SetStreamPosToData** ()  
*Resets stream position to beginning of data block.*
  
- void **Skip** (**UINT64** offset)
- void **DequantizeValue** (**CSubband** \*band, **UINT32** bandPos, **int** quantParam)
- **UINT32** **ReadEncodedData** (**UINT8** \*target, **UINT32** len) const
- void **DecodeBuffer** ()
- **CPGFStream** \* **GetStream** ()
- void **GetNextMacroBlock** ()

### Private Member Functions

- void **ReadMacroBlock** (**CMacroBlock** \*block)  
*throws **IOException***

### Private Attributes

- **CPGFStream** \* **m\_stream**  
*input PGF stream*
  
- **UINT64** **m\_startPos**  
*stream position at the beginning of the PGF pre-header*
  
- **UINT64** **m\_streamSizeEstimation**  
*estimation of stream size*



- **UINT32 m\_encodedHeaderLength**  
*stream offset from startPos to the beginning of the data part (highest level)*
- **CMacroBlock \*\* m\_macroBlocks**  
*array of macroblocks*
- **int m\_currentBlockIndex**  
*index of current macro block*
- **int m\_macroBlockLen**  
*array length*
- **int m\_macroBlocksAvailable**  
*number of decoded macro blocks (including currently used macro block)*
- **CMacroBlock \* m\_currentBlock**  
*current macro block (used by main thread)*

## Detailed Description

PGF decoder.

PGF decoder class.

### Author

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Definition at line 46 of file **Decoder.h**.

## Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**CDecoder::CDecoder** (CPGFStream \* *stream*, PGFPreHeader & *preHeader*, PGFHeader & *header*, PGFPostHeader & *postHeader*, UINT32 \*& *levelLength*, UINT64 & *userDataPos*, bool *useOMP*, UINT32 *userDataPolicy*)

Constructor: Read pre-header, header, and levelLength at current stream position. It might throw an **IOException**.

### Parameters

<i>stream</i>	A PGF stream
<i>preHeader</i>	[out] A PGF pre-header
<i>header</i>	[out] A PGF header
<i>postHeader</i>	[out] A PGF post-header
<i>levelLength</i>	The location of the levelLength array. The array is allocated in this method. The caller has to delete this array.
<i>userDataPos</i>	The stream position of the user data (metadata)
<i>useOMP</i>	If true, then the decoder will use multi-threading based on openMP
<i>userDataPolicy</i>	Policy of user data (meta-data) handling while reading PGF headers.

Constructor Read pre-header, header, and levelLength It might throw an **IOException**.

## Parameters

<i>stream</i>	A PGF stream
<i>preHeader</i>	[out] A PGF pre-header
<i>header</i>	[out] A PGF header
<i>postHeader</i>	[out] A PGF post-header
<i>levelLength</i>	The location of the levelLength array. The array is allocated in this method. The caller has to delete this array.
<i>userDataPos</i>	The stream position of the user data (metadata)
<i>useOMP</i>	If true, then the decoder will use multi-threading based on openMP
<i>userDataPolicy</i>	Policy of user data (meta-data) handling while reading PGF headers.

### Definition at line 73 of file Decoder.cpp.

```
00076 : m_stream(stream)
00077 , m_startPos(0)
00078 , m_streamSizeEstimation(0)
00079 , m_encodedHeaderLength(0)
00080 , m_currentBlockIndex(0)
00081 , m_macroBlocksAvailable(0)
00082 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00083 , m_roi(false)
00084 #endif
00085 {
00086     ASSERT(m_stream);
00087
00088     int count, expected;
00089
00090     // store current stream position
00091     m_startPos = m_stream->GetPos();
00092
00093     // read magic and version
00094     count = expected = MagicVersionSize;
00095     m_stream->Read(&count, &preHeader);
00096     if (count != expected) ReturnWithError(MissingData);
00097
00098     // read header size
00099     if (preHeader.version & Version6) {
00100         // 32 bit header size since version 6
00101         count = expected = 4;
00102     } else {
00103         count = expected = 2;
00104     }
00105     m_stream->Read(&count, ((UINT8*)&preHeader) + MagicVersionSize);
00106     if (count != expected) ReturnWithError(MissingData);
00107
00108     // make sure the values are correct read
00109     preHeader.hSize = __VAL(preHeader.hSize);
00110
00111     // check magic number
00112     if (memcmp(preHeader.magic, PGFMagic, 3) != 0) {
00113         // error condition: wrong Magic number
00114         ReturnWithError(FormatCannotRead);
00115     }
00116
00117     // read file header
00118     count = expected = (preHeader.hSize < HeaderSize) ? preHeader.hSize :
HeaderSize;
00119     m_stream->Read(&count, &header);
00120     if (count != expected) ReturnWithError(MissingData);
00121
00122     // make sure the values are correct read
00123     header.height = __VAL(UINT32(header.height));
00124     header.width = __VAL(UINT32(header.width));
00125
00126     // be ready to read all versions including version 0
00127     if (preHeader.version > 0) {
00128 #ifndef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00129         // check ROI usage
00130         if (preHeader.version & PGFROI)
ReturnWithError(FormatCannotRead);
00131 #endif
00132
00133         UINT32 size = preHeader.hSize;
00134
```

```

00135         if (size > HeaderSize) {
00136             size -= HeaderSize;
00137             count = 0;
00138
00139             // read post-header
00140             if (header.mode == ImageModeIndexedColor) {
00141                 if (size < ColorTableSize)
ReturnWithError(FormatCannotRead);
00142                 // read color table
00143                 count = expected = ColorTableSize;
00144                 m_stream->Read(&count, postHeader.clut);
00145                 if (count != expected)
ReturnWithError(MissingData);
00146             }
00147
00148             if (size > (UINT32)count) {
00149                 size -= count;
00150
00151                 // read/skip user data
00152                 UserDataPolicy policy =
(UserDataPolicy)((userDataPolicy <= MaxUserDataSize) ? UP_CachePrefix : 0xFFFFFFFF -
userDataPolicy);
00153                 userDataPos = m_stream->GetPos();
00154                 postHeader.userDataLen = size;
00155
00156                 if (policy == UP_Skip) {
00157                     postHeader.cachedUserDataLen = 0;
00158                     postHeader.userData = nullptr;
00159                     Skip(size);
00160                 } else {
00161                     postHeader.cachedUserDataLen =
(policy == UP_CachePrefix) ? __min(size, userDataPolicy) : size;
00162
00163                     // create user data memory block
00164                     postHeader.userData =
new(std::nothrow) UINT8[postHeader.cachedUserDataLen];
00165                     if (!postHeader.userData)
ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00166
00167                     // read user data
00168                     count = expected =
postHeader.cachedUserDataLen;
00169                     m_stream->Read(&count,
postHeader.userData);
00170                     if (count != expected)
ReturnWithError(MissingData);
00171
00172                     // skip remaining user data
00173                     if (postHeader.cachedUserDataLen <
size) Skip(size - postHeader.cachedUserDataLen);
00174                 }
00175             }
00176         }
00177
00178         // create levelLength
00179         levelLength = new(std::nothrow) UINT32[header.nLevels];
00180         if (!levelLength) ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00181
00182         // read levelLength
00183         count = expected = header.nLevels*WordBytes;
00184         m_stream->Read(&count, levelLength);
00185         if (count != expected) ReturnWithError(MissingData);
00186
00187 #ifdef PGF_USE_BIG_ENDIAN
00188         // make sure the values are correct read
00189         for (int i=0; i < header.nLevels; i++) {
00190             levelLength[i] = __VAL(levelLength[i]);
00191         }
00192 #endif
00193
00194         // compute the total size in bytes; keep attention: level length
information is optional
00195         for (int i=0; i < header.nLevels; i++) {
00196             m_streamSizeEstimation += levelLength[i];
00197         }
00198     }
00199 }

```

```

00200
00201     // store current stream position
00202     m_encodedHeaderLength = UINT32(m_stream->GetPos() - m_startPos);
00203
00204     // set number of threads
00205 #ifdef LIBPGF_USE_OPENMP
00206     m_macroBlockLen = omp_get_num_procs();
00207 #else
00208     m_macroBlockLen = 1;
00209 #endif
00210
00211     if (useOMP && m_macroBlockLen > 1) {
00212 #ifdef LIBPGF_USE_OPENMP
00213         omp_set_num_threads(m_macroBlockLen);
00214 #endif
00215
00216     // create macro block array
00217     m_macroBlocks = new(std::nothrow)
CMacroBlock*[m_macroBlockLen];
00218     if (!m_macroBlocks) ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00219     for (int i = 0; i < m_macroBlockLen; i++) m_macroBlocks[i] = new
CMacroBlock();
00220     m_currentBlock = m_macroBlocks[m_currentBlockIndex];
00221     } else {
00222     m_macroBlocks = 0;
00223     m_macroBlockLen = 1; // there is only one macro block
00224     m_currentBlock = new(std::nothrow) CMacroBlock();
00225     if (!m_currentBlock) ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00226     }
00227 }

```

## CDecoder::~CDecoder ()

Destructor.

Definition at line 231 of file **Decoder.cpp**.

```

00231     {
00232     if (m_macroBlocks) {
00233         for (int i=0; i < m_macroBlockLen; i++) delete m_macroBlocks[i];
00234         delete[] m_macroBlocks;
00235     } else {
00236         delete m_currentBlock;
00237     }
00238 }

```

## Member Function Documentation

### void CDecoder::DecodeBuffer ()

Reads next block(s) from stream and decodes them It might throw an **IOException**.

Definition at line 494 of file **Decoder.cpp**.

```

00494     {
00495     ASSERT(m_macroBlocksAvailable <= 0);
00496
00497     // macro block management
00498     if (m_macroBlockLen == 1) {
00499         ASSERT(m_currentBlock);
00500         ReadMacroBlock(m_currentBlock);
00501         m_currentBlock->BitplaneDecode();
00502         m_macroBlocksAvailable = 1;
00503     } else {
00504         m_macroBlocksAvailable = 0;
00505         for (int i=0; i < m_macroBlockLen; i++) {
00506             // read sequentially several blocks
00507             try {
00508                 ReadMacroBlock(m_macroBlocks[i]);
00509                 m_macroBlocksAvailable++;
00510             } catch (IOException& ex) {
00511                 if (ex.error == MissingData || ex.error ==
FormatCannotRead) {

```

```

00512                                     break; // no further data available or
the data isn't valid PGF data (might occur in streaming or PPPExt)
00513                                     } else {
00514                                     throw;
00515                                     }
00516                                     }
00517                                     }
00518 #ifdef LIBPGF_USE_OPENMP
00519     // decode in parallel
00520     #pragma omp parallel for default(shared) //no declared
exceptions in next block
00521 #endif
00522     for (int i=0; i < m_macroBlocksAvailable; i++) {
00523         m_macroBlocks[i]->BitplaneDecode();
00524     }
00525
00526     // prepare current macro block
00527     m_currentBlockIndex = 0;
00528     m_currentBlock = m_macroBlocks[m_currentBlockIndex];
00529 }
00530 }

```

**void CDecoder::DecodeInterleaved (CWaveletTransform \* wtChannel, int level, int quantParam)**

Decoding and dequantization of HL and LH subband (interleaved) using partitioning scheme. Partitioning scheme: The plane is partitioned in squares of side length InterBlockSize. It might throw an **IOException**.

#### Parameters

<i>wtChannel</i>	A wavelet transform channel containing the HL and HL band
<i>level</i>	Wavelet transform level
<i>quantParam</i>	Dequantization value

Definition at line 333 of file **Decoder.cpp**.

```

00333
{
00334     CSubband* hlBand = wtChannel->GetSubband(level, HL);
00335     CSubband* lhBand = wtChannel->GetSubband(level, LH);
00336     const div_t lhH = div(lhBand->GetHeight(), InterBlockSize);
00337     const div_t hlW = div(hlBand->GetWidth(), InterBlockSize);
00338     const int hlws = hlBand->GetWidth() - InterBlockSize;
00339     const int hlwr = hlBand->GetWidth() - hlW.rem;
00340     const int lhws = lhBand->GetWidth() - InterBlockSize;
00341     const int lhwr = lhBand->GetWidth() - hlW.rem;
00342     int hlPos, lhPos;
00343     int hlBase = 0, lhBase = 0, hlBase2, lhBase2;
00344
00345     ASSERT(lhBand->GetWidth() >= hlBand->GetWidth());
00346     ASSERT(hlBand->GetHeight() >= lhBand->GetHeight());
00347
00348     if (!hlBand->AllocMemory()) ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00349     if (!lhBand->AllocMemory()) ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00350
00351     // correct quantParam with normalization factor
00352     quantParam -= level;
00353     if (quantParam < 0) quantParam = 0;
00354
00355     // main height
00356     for (int i=0; i < lhH.quot; i++) {
00357         // main width
00358         hlBase2 = hlBase;
00359         lhBase2 = lhBase;
00360         for (int j=0; j < hlW.quot; j++) {
00361             hlPos = hlBase2;
00362             lhPos = lhBase2;
00363             for (int y=0; y < InterBlockSize; y++) {
00364                 for (int x=0; x < InterBlockSize; x++) {
00365                     DequantizeValue(hlBand, hlPos,
quantParam);
00366                     DequantizeValue(lhBand, lhPos,
quantParam);
00367                     hlPos++;
00368                     lhPos++;

```

```

00369         }
00370         hlPos += hlws;
00371         lhPos += lhws;
00372     }
00373     hlBase2 += InterBlockSize;
00374     lhBase2 += InterBlockSize;
00375 }
00376 // rest of width
00377 hlPos = hlBase2;
00378 lhPos = lhBase2;
00379 for (int y=0; y < InterBlockSize; y++) {
00380     for (int x=0; x < hlW.rem; x++) {
00381         DequantizeValue(hlBand, hlPos, quantParam);
00382         DequantizeValue(lhBand, lhPos, quantParam);
00383         hlPos++;
00384         lhPos++;
00385     }
00386     // width difference between HL and LH
00387     if (lhBand->GetWidth() > hlBand->GetWidth()) {
00388         DequantizeValue(lhBand, lhPos, quantParam);
00389     }
00390     hlPos += hlwr;
00391     lhPos += lhwr;
00392     hlBase += hlBand->GetWidth();
00393     lhBase += lhBand->GetWidth();
00394 }
00395 }
00396 // main width
00397 hlBase2 = hlBase;
00398 lhBase2 = lhBase;
00399 for (int j=0; j < hlW.quot; j++) {
00400     // rest of height
00401     hlPos = hlBase2;
00402     lhPos = lhBase2;
00403     for (int y=0; y < lhH.rem; y++) {
00404         for (int x=0; x < InterBlockSize; x++) {
00405             DequantizeValue(hlBand, hlPos, quantParam);
00406             DequantizeValue(lhBand, lhPos, quantParam);
00407             hlPos++;
00408             lhPos++;
00409         }
00410         hlPos += hlws;
00411         lhPos += lhws;
00412     }
00413     hlBase2 += InterBlockSize;
00414     lhBase2 += InterBlockSize;
00415 }
00416 // rest of height
00417 hlPos = hlBase2;
00418 lhPos = lhBase2;
00419 for (int y=0; y < lhH.rem; y++) {
00420     // rest of width
00421     for (int x=0; x < hlW.rem; x++) {
00422         DequantizeValue(hlBand, hlPos, quantParam);
00423         DequantizeValue(lhBand, lhPos, quantParam);
00424         hlPos++;
00425         lhPos++;
00426     }
00427     // width difference between HL and LH
00428     if (lhBand->GetWidth() > hlBand->GetWidth()) {
00429         DequantizeValue(lhBand, lhPos, quantParam);
00430     }
00431     hlPos += hlwr;
00432     lhPos += lhwr;
00433     hlBase += hlBand->GetWidth();
00434 }
00435 // height difference between HL and LH
00436 if (hlBand->GetHeight() > lhBand->GetHeight()) {
00437     // total width
00438     hlPos = hlBase;
00439     for (int j=0; j < hlBand->GetWidth(); j++) {
00440         DequantizeValue(hlBand, hlPos, quantParam);
00441         hlPos++;
00442     }
00443 }
00444 }

```

**void CDecoder::DequantizeValue (CSubband \* band, UINT32 bandPos, int quantParam)**

Dequantization of a single value at given position in subband. It might throw an **IOException**.

**Parameters**

<i>band</i>	A subband
<i>bandPos</i>	A valid position in subband band
<i>quantParam</i>	The quantization parameter

Dequantization of a single value at given position in subband. If encoded data is available, then stores dequantized band value into buffer m\_value at position m\_valuePos. Otherwise reads encoded data block and decodes it. It might throw an **IOException**.

**Parameters**

<i>band</i>	A subband
<i>bandPos</i>	A valid position in subband band
<i>quantParam</i>	The quantization parameter

Definition at line 462 of file **Decoder.cpp**.

```

00462
{
00463     ASSERT(m_currentBlock);
00464
00465     if (m_currentBlock->IsCompletelyRead()) {
00466         // all data of current macro block has been read --> prepare next
macro block
00467         GetNextMacroBlock();
00468     }
00469
00470     band->SetData(bandPos,
m_currentBlock->m_value[m_currentBlock->m_valuePos] << quantParam);
00471     m_currentBlock->m_valuePos++;
00472 }

```

**UINT32 CDecoder::GetEncodedHeaderLength () const [inline]**

Returns the length of all encoded headers in bytes.

**Returns**

The length of all encoded headers in bytes

Definition at line 136 of file **Decoder.h**.

```

00136 { return m_encodedHeaderLength; }

```

**void CDecoder::GetNextMacroBlock ()**

Gets next macro block It might throw an **IOException**.

Definition at line 477 of file **Decoder.cpp**.

```

00477     {
00478         // current block has been read --> prepare next current block
00479         m_macroBlocksAvailable--;
00480
00481         if (m_macroBlocksAvailable > 0) {
00482             m_currentBlock = m_macroBlocks[++m_currentBlockIndex];
00483         } else {
00484             DecodeBuffer();
00485         }
00486         ASSERT(m_currentBlock);
00487     }

```

**CPGFStream \* CDecoder::GetStream () [inline]**

## Returns

Stream

Definition at line 174 of file **Decoder.h**.

```
00174 { return m_stream; }
```

**void CDecoder::Partition (CSubband \* band, int quantParam, int width, int height, int startPos, int pitch)**

Unpartitions a rectangular region of a given subband. Partitioning scheme: The plane is partitioned in squares of side length LinBlockSize. Read wavelet coefficients from the output buffer of a macro block. It might throw an **IOException**.

## Parameters

<i>band</i>	A subband
<i>quantParam</i>	Dequantization value
<i>width</i>	The width of the rectangle
<i>height</i>	The height of the rectangle
<i>startPos</i>	The relative subband position of the top left corner of the rectangular region
<i>pitch</i>	The number of bytes in row of the subband

Definition at line 266 of file **Decoder.cpp**.

```
00266 {
00267     ASSERT(band);
00268
00269     const div_t ww = div(width, LinBlockSize);
00270     const div_t hh = div(height, LinBlockSize);
00271     const int ws = pitch - LinBlockSize;
00272     const int wr = pitch - ww.rem;
00273     int pos, base = startPos, base2;
00274
00275     // main height
00276     for (int i=0; i < hh.quot; i++) {
00277         // main width
00278         base2 = base;
00279         for (int j=0; j < ww.quot; j++) {
00280             pos = base2;
00281             for (int y=0; y < LinBlockSize; y++) {
00282                 for (int x=0; x < LinBlockSize; x++) {
00283                     DequantizeValue(band, pos,
quantParam);
00284                         pos++;
00285                     }
00286                     pos += ws;
00287                 }
00288                 base2 += LinBlockSize;
00289             }
00290             // rest of width
00291             pos = base2;
00292             for (int y=0; y < LinBlockSize; y++) {
00293                 for (int x=0; x < ww.rem; x++) {
00294                     DequantizeValue(band, pos, quantParam);
00295                     pos++;
00296                 }
00297                 pos += wr;
00298                 base += pitch;
00299             }
00300         }
00301         // main width
00302         base2 = base;
00303         for (int j=0; j < ww.quot; j++) {
00304             // rest of height
00305             pos = base2;
00306             for (int y=0; y < hh.rem; y++) {
00307                 for (int x=0; x < LinBlockSize; x++) {
00308                     DequantizeValue(band, pos, quantParam);
00309                     pos++;
00310                 }
00311                 pos += ws;
00312             }
00313             base2 += LinBlockSize;
```



```

00314     }
00315     // rest of height
00316     pos = base2;
00317     for (int y=0; y < hh.rem; y++) {
00318         // rest of width
00319         for (int x=0; x < ww.rem; x++) {
00320             DequantizeValue(band, pos, quantParam);
00321             pos++;
00322         }
00323         pos += wr;
00324     }
00325 }

```

### UINT32 CDecoder::ReadEncodedData (UINT8 \* *target*, UINT32 *len*) const

Copies data from the open stream to a target buffer. It might throw an **IOException**.

#### Parameters

<i>target</i>	The target buffer
<i>len</i>	The number of bytes to read

#### Returns

The number of bytes copied to the target buffer

Definition at line **246** of file **Decoder.cpp**.

```

00246                                     {
00247     ASSERT(m_stream);
00248
00249     int count = len;
00250     m_stream->Read(&count, target);
00251
00252     return count;
00253 }

```

### void CDecoder::ReadMacroBlock (CMacroBlock \* *block*)[private]

throws **IOException**

Definition at line **535** of file **Decoder.cpp**.

```

00535                                     {
00536     ASSERT(block);
00537
00538     UINT16 wordLen;
00539     ROIBlockHeader h(BufferSize);
00540     int count, expected;
00541
00542     #ifdef TRACE
00543         //UINT32 filePos = (UINT32)m_stream->GetPos();
00544         //printf("DecodeBuffer: %d\n", filePos);
00545     #endif
00546
00547     // read wordLen
00548     count = expected = sizeof(UINT16);
00549     m_stream->Read(&count, &wordLen);
00550     if (count != expected) ReturnWithError(MissingData);
00551     wordLen = __VAL(wordLen); // convert wordLen
00552     if (wordLen > BufferSize) ReturnWithError(FormatCannotRead);
00553
00554     #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00555         // read ROIBlockHeader
00556         if (m_roi) {
00557             count = expected = sizeof(ROIBlockHeader);
00558             m_stream->Read(&count, &h.val);
00559             if (count != expected) ReturnWithError(MissingData);
00560             h.val = __VAL(h.val); // convert ROIBlockHeader
00561         }
00562     #endif
00563     // save header
00564     block->m_header = h;
00565
00566     // read data
00567     count = expected = wordLen*WordBytes;

```

```

00568     m_stream->Read(&count, block->m_codeBuffer);
00569     if (count != expected) ReturnWithError(MissingData);
00570
00571 #ifdef PGF_USE_BIG_ENDIAN
00572     // convert data
00573     count /= WordBytes;
00574     for (int i=0; i < count; i++) {
00575         block->m_codeBuffer[i] = __VAL(block->m_codeBuffer[i]);
00576     }
00577 #endif
00578
00579 #ifdef PGFROISUPPORT
00580     ASSERT(m_roi && h.rbh.bufferSize <= BufferSize || h.rbh.bufferSize ==
BufferSize);
00581 #else
00582     ASSERT(h.rbh.bufferSize == BufferSize);
00583 #endif
00584 }

```

### **void CDecoder::SetStreamPosToData () [inline]**

Resets stream position to beginning of data block.

Definition at line 144 of file **Decoder.h**.

```

00144 { ASSERT(m_stream); m_stream->SetPos(FSFromStart, m_startPos +
m_encodedHeaderLength); }

```

### **void CDecoder::SetStreamPosToStart () [inline]**

Resets stream position to beginning of PGF pre-header.

Definition at line 140 of file **Decoder.h**.

```

00140 { ASSERT(m_stream); m_stream->SetPos(FSFromStart, m_startPos); }

```

### **void CDecoder::Skip (UINT64 offset)**

Skips a given number of bytes in the open stream. It might throw an **IOException**.

Definition at line 449 of file **Decoder.cpp**.

```

00449     {
00450         m_stream->SetPos(FSFromCurrent, offset);
00451     }

```

## **Member Data Documentation**

### **CMacroBlock\* CDecoder::m\_currentBlock [private]**

current macro block (used by main thread)

Definition at line 209 of file **Decoder.h**.

### **int CDecoder::m\_currentBlockIndex [private]**

index of current macro block

Definition at line 206 of file **Decoder.h**.

### **UINT32 CDecoder::m\_encodedHeaderLength [private]**

stream offset from startPos to the beginning of the data part (highest level)

Definition at line 203 of file **Decoder.h**.

**int CDecoder::m\_macroBlockLen** [private]

array length

Definition at line 207 of file **Decoder.h**.

**CMacroBlock\*\* CDecoder::m\_macroBlocks** [private]

array of macroblocks

Definition at line 205 of file **Decoder.h**.

**int CDecoder::m\_macroBlocksAvailable** [private]

number of decoded macro blocks (including currently used macro block)

Definition at line 208 of file **Decoder.h**.

**UINT64 CDecoder::m\_startPos** [private]

stream position at the beginning of the PGF pre-header

Definition at line 201 of file **Decoder.h**.

**CPGFStream\* CDecoder::m\_stream** [private]

input PGF stream

Definition at line 200 of file **Decoder.h**.

**UINT64 CDecoder::m\_streamSizeEstimation** [private]

estimation of stream size

Definition at line 202 of file **Decoder.h**.

---

**The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:**

- **Decoder.h**
- **Decoder.cpp**

## CEncoder Class Reference

PGF encoder.

```
#include <Encoder.h>
```

### Classes

- class **CMacroBlock**  
*A macro block is an encoding unit of fixed size (uncoded)*

### Public Member Functions

- **CEncoder** (**CPGFStream** \*stream, **PGFPreHeader** preHeader, **PGFHeader** header, const **PGFPostHeader** &postHeader, **UINT64** &userDataPos, bool useOMP)
- **~CEncoder** ()  
*Destructor.*
  
- void **FavorSpeedOverSize** ()  
*Encoder favors speed over compression size.*
  
- void **Flush** ()
- void **UpdatePostHeaderSize** (**PGFPreHeader** preHeader)
- **UINT32 WriteLevelLength** (**UINT32** \*&levelLength)
- **UINT32 UpdateLevelLength** ()
- void **Partition** (**CSubband** \*band, int width, int height, int startPos, int pitch)
- void **SetEncodedLevel** (int currentLevel)
- void **WriteValue** (**CSubband** \*band, int bandPos)
- **INT64 ComputeHeaderLength** () const
- **INT64 ComputeBufferLength** () const
- **INT64 ComputeOffset** () const
- void **SetStreamPosToStart** ()  
*Resets stream position to beginning of PGF pre-header.*
  
- void **SetBufferStartPos** ()  
*Save current stream position as beginning of current level.*

### Private Member Functions

- void **EncodeBuffer** (**ROIBlockHeader** h)
- void **WriteMacroBlock** (**CMacroBlock** \*block)

### Private Attributes

- **CPGFStream** \* **m\_stream**  
*output PMF stream*
  
- **UINT64** **m\_startPosition**  
*stream position of PGF start (PreHeader)*
  
- **UINT64** **m\_levelLengthPos**  
*stream position of Metadata*

- **UINT64 m\_bufferStartPos**  
*stream position of encoded buffer*
- **CMacroBlock \*\* m\_macroBlocks**  
*array of macroblocks*
- **int m\_macroBlockLen**  
*array length*
- **int m\_lastMacroBlock**  
*array index of the last created macro block*
- **CMacroBlock \* m\_currentBlock**  
*current macro block (used by main thread)*
- **UINT32 \* m\_levelLength**  
*temporary saves the level index*
- **int m\_currLevelIndex**  
*counts where (=index) to save next value*
- **UINT8 m\_nLevels**  
*number of levels*
- **bool m\_favorSpeed**  
*favor speed over size*
- **bool m\_forceWriting**  
*all macro blocks have to be written into the stream*

---

## Detailed Description

PGF encoder.

PGF encoder class.

### Author

C. Stamm

Definition at line 46 of file **Encoder.h**.

---

## Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**CEncoder::CEncoder** (CPGFStream \* *stream*, PGFPreHeader *preHeader*, PGFHeader *header*, const PGFPostHeader & *postHeader*, UINT64 & *userDataPos*, bool *useOMP*)

Write pre-header, header, post-Header, and levelLength. It might throw an **IOException**.

## Parameters

<i>stream</i>	A PGF stream
<i>preHeader</i>	A already filled in PGF pre-header
<i>header</i>	An already filled in PGF header
<i>postHeader</i>	[in] An already filled in PGF post-header (containing color table, user data, ...)
<i>userDataPos</i>	[out] File position of user data
<i>useOMP</i>	If true, then the encoder will use multi-threading based on openMP

Write pre-header, header, postHeader, and levelLength. It might throw an **IOException**.

## Parameters

<i>stream</i>	A PGF stream
<i>preHeader</i>	A already filled in PGF pre-header
<i>header</i>	An already filled in PGF header
<i>postHeader</i>	[in] An already filled in PGF post-header (containing color table, user data, ...)
<i>userDataPos</i>	[out] File position of user data
<i>useOMP</i>	If true, then the encoder will use multi-threading based on openMP

Definition at line 70 of file **Encoder.cpp**.

```
00071 : m_stream(stream)
00072 , m_bufferStartPos(0)
00073 , m_currLevelIndex(0)
00074 , m_nLevels(header.nLevels)
00075 , m_favorSpeed(false)
00076 , m_forceWriting(false)
00077 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00078 , m_roi(false)
00079 #endif
00080 {
00081     ASSERT(m_stream);
00082
00083     int count;
00084     m_lastMacroBlock = 0;
00085     m_levelLength = nullptr;
00086
00087     // set number of threads
00088 #ifdef LIBPGF_USE_OPENMP
00089     m_macroBlockLen = omp_get_num_procs();
00090 #else
00091     m_macroBlockLen = 1;
00092 #endif
00093
00094     if (useOMP && m_macroBlockLen > 1) {
00095 #ifdef LIBPGF_USE_OPENMP
00096         omp_set_num_threads(m_macroBlockLen);
00097 #endif
00098         // create macro block array
00099         m_macroBlocks = new(std::nothrow)
CMacroBlock*[m_macroBlockLen];
00100         if (!m_macroBlocks) ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00101         for (int i=0; i < m_macroBlockLen; i++) m_macroBlocks[i] = new
CMacroBlock(this);
00102         m_currentBlock = m_macroBlocks[m_lastMacroBlock++];
00103     } else {
00104         m_macroBlocks = 0;
00105         m_macroBlockLen = 1;
00106         m_currentBlock = new CMacroBlock(this);
00107     }
00108
00109     // save file position
00110     m_startPosition = m_stream->GetPos();
00111
00112     // write preHeader
00113     preHeader.hSize = __VAL(preHeader.hSize);
00114     count = PreHeaderSize;
00115     m_stream->Write(&count, &preHeader);
00116
00117     // write file header
00118     header.height = __VAL(header.height);
00119     header.width = __VAL(header.width);
00120     count = HeaderSize;
00121     m_stream->Write(&count, &header);
```

```

00122
00123     // write postHeader
00124     if (header.mode == ImageModeIndexedColor) {
00125         // write color table
00126         count = ColorTableSize;
00127         m_stream->Write(&count, (void *)postHeader.clut);
00128     }
00129     // save user data file position
00130     userDataPos = m_stream->GetPos();
00131     if (postHeader.userDataLen) {
00132         if (postHeader.userData) {
00133             // write user data
00134             count = postHeader.userDataLen;
00135             m_stream->Write(&count, postHeader.userData);
00136         } else {
00137             m_stream->SetPos(FSFromCurrent, count);
00138         }
00139     }
00140
00141     // save level length file position
00142     m_levelLengthPos = m_stream->GetPos();
00143 }

```

## CEncoder::~CEncoder ()

Destructor.

Definition at line 147 of file **Encoder.cpp**.

```

00147     {
00148         if (m_macroBlocks) {
00149             for (int i=0; i < m_macroBlockLen; i++) delete m_macroBlocks[i];
00150             delete[] m_macroBlocks;
00151         } else {
00152             delete m_currentBlock;
00153         }
00154     }

```

## Member Function Documentation

### INT64 CEncoder::ComputeBufferLength () const [inline]

Compute stream length of encoded buffer.

#### Returns

encoded buffer length

Definition at line 179 of file **Encoder.h**.

```
00179 { return m_stream->GetPos() - m_bufferStartPos; }
```

### INT64 CEncoder::ComputeHeaderLength () const [inline]

Compute stream length of header.

#### Returns

header length

Definition at line 174 of file **Encoder.h**.

```
00174 { return m_levelLengthPos - m_startPosition; }
```

### INT64 CEncoder::ComputeOffset () const [inline]

Compute file offset between real and expected levelLength position.

#### Returns

file offset

Definition at line 184 of file **Encoder.h**.

```
00184 { return m_stream->GetPos() - m_levelLengthPos; }
```

**void CEncoder::EncodeBuffer (ROIBlockHeader h)[private]**

Definition at line 341 of file Encoder.cpp.

```
00341                                     {
00342     ASSERT(m_currentBlock);
00343     #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00344     ASSERT(m_roi && h.rbh.bufferSize <= BufferSize || h.rbh.bufferSize ==
BufferSize);
00345     #else
00346     ASSERT(h.rbh.bufferSize == BufferSize);
00347     #endif
00348     m_currentBlock->m_header = h;
00349
00350     // macro block management
00351     if (m_macroBlockLen == 1) {
00352         m_currentBlock->BitplaneEncode();
00353         WriteMacroBlock(m_currentBlock);
00354     } else {
00355         // save last level index
00356         int lastLevelIndex = m_currentBlock->m_lastLevelIndex;
00357
00358         if (m_forceWriting || m_lastMacroBlock == m_macroBlockLen) {
00359             // encode macro blocks
00360             /*
00361             volatile OSErr error = NoError;
00362             #ifdef LIBPGF_USE_OPENMP
00363             #pragma omp parallel for ordered default(shared)
00364             #endif
00365             for (int i=0; i < m_lastMacroBlock; i++) {
00366                 if (error == NoError) {
00367                     m_macroBlocks[i]->BitplaneEncode();
00368                     #ifdef LIBPGF_USE_OPENMP
00369                     #pragma omp ordered
00370                     #endif
00371                     {
00372                         try {
00373
00374                             WriteMacroBlock(m_macroBlocks[i]);
00375
00376                             } catch (IOException& e) {
00377                                 error = e.error;
00378                             }
00379                             delete m_macroBlocks[i];
00380                             m_macroBlocks[i] = 0;
00381                         }
00382                     }
00383                 }
00384             }
00385             if (error != NoError) ReturnWithError(error);
00386             */
00387             #ifdef LIBPGF_USE_OPENMP
00388             #pragma omp parallel for default(shared) //no declared
exceptions in next block
00389             #endif
00390             for (int i=0; i < m_lastMacroBlock; i++) {
00391                 m_macroBlocks[i]->BitplaneEncode();
00392             }
00393             for (int i=0; i < m_lastMacroBlock; i++) {
00394                 WriteMacroBlock(m_macroBlocks[i]);
00395             }
00396             // prepare for next round
00397             m_forceWriting = false;
00398             m_lastMacroBlock = 0;
00399         }
00400         // re-initialize macro block
00401         m_currentBlock = m_macroBlocks[m_lastMacroBlock++];
00402         m_currentBlock->Init(lastLevelIndex);
00403     }
00404 }
```

**void CEncoder::FavorSpeedOverSize () [inline]**

Encoder favors speed over compression size.



Definition at line 121 of file **Encoder.h**.

```
00121 { m_favorSpeed = true; }
```

### void CEncoder::Flush ()

Pad buffer with zeros and encode buffer. It might throw an **IOException**.

Definition at line 310 of file **Encoder.cpp**.

```
00310 {
00311     if (m_currentBlock->m_valuePos > 0) {
00312         // pad buffer with zeros
00313         memset(&(m_currentBlock->m_value[m_currentBlock->m_valuePos]), 0, (BufferSize -
m_currentBlock->m_valuePos)*DataTSize);
00314         m_currentBlock->m_valuePos = BufferSize;
00315
00316         // encode buffer
00317         m_forceWriting = true; // makes sure that the following
EncodeBuffer is really written into the stream
00318         EncodeBuffer(ROIBlockHeader(m_currentBlock->m_valuePos,
true));
00319     }
00320 }
```

### void CEncoder::Partition (CSubband \* band, int width, int height, int startPos, int pitch)

Partitions a rectangular region of a given subband. Partitioning scheme: The plane is partitioned in squares of side length `LinBlockSize`. Write wavelet coefficients from subband into the input buffer of a macro block. It might throw an **IOException**.

#### Parameters

<i>band</i>	A subband
<i>width</i>	The width of the rectangle
<i>height</i>	The height of the rectangle
<i>startPos</i>	The absolute subband position of the top left corner of the rectangular region
<i>pitch</i>	The number of bytes in row of the subband

Definition at line 246 of file **Encoder.cpp**.

```
00246 {
00247     ASSERT(band);
00248
00249     const div_t hh = div(height, LinBlockSize);
00250     const div_t ww = div(width, LinBlockSize);
00251     const int ws = pitch - LinBlockSize;
00252     const int wr = pitch - ww.rem;
00253     int pos, base = startPos, base2;
00254
00255     // main height
00256     for (int i=0; i < hh.quot; i++) {
00257         // main width
00258         base2 = base;
00259         for (int j=0; j < ww.quot; j++) {
00260             pos = base2;
00261             for (int y=0; y < LinBlockSize; y++) {
00262                 for (int x=0; x < LinBlockSize; x++) {
00263                     WriteValue(band, pos);
00264                     pos++;
00265                 }
00266                 pos += ws;
00267             }
00268             base2 += LinBlockSize;
00269         }
00270         // rest of width
00271         pos = base2;
00272         for (int y=0; y < LinBlockSize; y++) {
00273             for (int x=0; x < ww.rem; x++) {
00274                 WriteValue(band, pos);
00275                 pos++;
00276             }
00277             pos += wr;

```

```

00278         base += pitch;
00279     }
00280 }
00281 // main width
00282 base2 = base;
00283 for (int j=0; j < ww.quot; j++) {
00284     // rest of height
00285     pos = base2;
00286     for (int y=0; y < hh.rem; y++) {
00287         for (int x=0; x < LinBlockSize; x++) {
00288             WriteValue(band, pos);
00289             pos++;
00290         }
00291         pos += ws;
00292     }
00293     base2 += LinBlockSize;
00294 }
00295 // rest of height
00296 pos = base2;
00297 for (int y=0; y < hh.rem; y++) {
00298     // rest of width
00299     for (int x=0; x < ww.rem; x++) {
00300         WriteValue(band, pos);
00301         pos++;
00302     }
00303     pos += wr;
00304 }
00305 }

```

### void CEncoder::SetBufferStartPos () [inline]

Save current stream position as beginning of current level.

Definition at line 192 of file **Encoder.h**.

```
00192 { m_bufferStartPos = m_stream->GetPos(); }
```

### void CEncoder::SetEncodedLevel (int *currentLevel*) [inline]

Informs the encoder about the encoded level.

#### Parameters

<i>currentLevel</i>	encoded level [0, nLevels)
---------------------	----------------------------

Definition at line 162 of file **Encoder.h**.

```
00162 { ASSERT(currentLevel >= 0); m_currentBlock->m_lastLevelIndex = m_nLevels -
currentLevel - 1; m_forceWriting = true; }
```

### void CEncoder::SetStreamPosToStart () [inline]

Resets stream position to beginning of PGF pre-header.

Definition at line 188 of file **Encoder.h**.

```
00188 { ASSERT(m_stream); m_stream->SetPos(FSFromStart, m_startPosition); }
```

### UINT32 CEncoder::UpdateLevelLength ()

Write new levelLength into stream. It might throw an **IOException**.

#### Returns

Written image bytes.

Definition at line 202 of file **Encoder.cpp**.

```

00202     {
00203         UINT64 curPos = m_stream->GetPos(); // end of image
00204
00205         // set file pos to levelLength
00206         m_stream->SetPos(FSFromStart, m_levelLengthPos);
00207
00208         if (m_levelLength) {
00209             #ifdef PGF_USE_BIG_ENDIAN

```

```

00210         UINT32 levelLength;
00211         int count = WordBytes;
00212
00213         for (int i=0; i < m_currLevelIndex; i++) {
00214             levelLength = __VAL(UINT32(m_levelLength[i]));
00215             m_stream->Write(&count, &levelLength);
00216         }
00217     #else
00218         int count = m_currLevelIndex*WordBytes;
00219
00220         m_stream->Write(&count, m_levelLength);
00221     #endif //PGF_USE_BIG_ENDIAN
00222     } else {
00223         int count = m_currLevelIndex*WordBytes;
00224         m_stream->SetPos(FSFromCurrent, count);
00225     }
00226
00227     // begin of image
00228     UINT32 retVal = UINT32(curPos - m_stream->GetPos());
00229
00230     // restore file position
00231     m_stream->SetPos(FSFromStart, curPos);
00232
00233     return retVal;
00234 }

```

### void CEncoder::UpdatePostHeaderSize (PGFPreHeader *preHeader*)

Increase post-header size and write new size into stream.

#### Parameters

<i>preHeader</i>	An already filled in PGF pre-header It might throw an <b>IOException</b> .
------------------	--

Definition at line 160 of file **Encoder.cpp**.

```

00160         {
00161             UINT64 curPos = m_stream->GetPos(); // end of user data
00162             int count = PreHeaderSize;
00163
00164             // write preHeader
00165             SetStreamPosToStart();
00166             preHeader.hSize = __VAL(preHeader.hSize);
00167             m_stream->Write(&count, &preHeader);
00168
00169             m_stream->SetPos(FSFromStart, curPos);
00170 }

```

### UINT32 CEncoder::WriteLevelLength (UINT32 \*& *levelLength*)

Create level length data structure and write a place holder into stream. It might throw an **IOException**.

#### Parameters

<i>levelLength</i>	A reference to an integer array, large enough to save the relative file positions of all PGF levels
--------------------	---

#### Returns

number of bytes written into stream

Definition at line 177 of file **Encoder.cpp**.

```

00177         {
00178             // renew levelLength
00179             delete[] levelLength;
00180             levelLength = new(std::nothrow) UINT32[m_nLevels];
00181             if (!levelLength) ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00182             for (UINT8 l = 0; l < m_nLevels; l++) levelLength[l] = 0;
00183             m_levelLength = levelLength;
00184
00185             // save level length file position
00186             m_levelLengthPos = m_stream->GetPos();
00187
00188             // write dummy levelLength
00189             int count = m_nLevels*WordBytes;
00190             m_stream->Write(&count, m_levelLength);

```

```

00191
00192     // save current file position
00193     SetBufferStartPos();
00194
00195     return count;
00196 }

```

**void CEncoder::WriteMacroBlock (CMacroBlock \* block)[private]**

Definition at line 406 of file Encoder.cpp.

```

00406                                     {
00407     ASSERT(block);
00408     #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00409         ROIBlockHeader h = block->m_header;
00410     #endif
00411     UINT16 wordLen = UINT16(NumberOfWords(block->m_codePos));
00412     ASSERT(wordLen <= CodeBufferLen);
00413     int count = sizeof(UINT16);
00414     #ifdef TRACE
00415         //UINT32 filePos = (UINT32)m_stream->GetPos();
00416         //printf("EncodeBuffer: %d\n", filePos);
00417     #endif
00418
00419     #ifdef PGF_USE_BIG_ENDIAN
00420         // write wordLen
00421         UINT16 wl = __VAL(wordLen);
00422         m_stream->Write(&count, &wl); ASSERT(count == sizeof(UINT16));
00423
00424     #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00425         // write ROIBlockHeader
00426         if (m_roi) {
00427             count = sizeof(ROIBlockHeader);
00428             h.val = __VAL(h.val);
00429             m_stream->Write(&count, &h.val); ASSERT(count ==
00430 sizeof(ROIBlockHeader));
00431         }
00432     #endif // __PGFROISUPPORT__
00433
00434     // convert data
00435     for (int i=0; i < wordLen; i++) {
00436         block->m_codeBuffer[i] = __VAL(block->m_codeBuffer[i]);
00437     }
00438     #else
00439         // write wordLen
00440         m_stream->Write(&count, &wordLen); ASSERT(count == sizeof(UINT16));
00441
00442     #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00443         // write ROIBlockHeader
00444         if (m_roi) {
00445             count = sizeof(ROIBlockHeader);
00446             m_stream->Write(&count, &h.val); ASSERT(count ==
00447 sizeof(ROIBlockHeader));
00448         }
00449     #endif // __PGFROISUPPORT__
00450     #endif // PGF_USE_BIG_ENDIAN
00451
00452     // write encoded data into stream
00453     count = wordLen*WordBytes;
00454     m_stream->Write(&count, block->m_codeBuffer);
00455
00456     // store levelLength
00457     if (m_levelLength) {
00458         // store level length
00459         // EncodeBuffer has been called after m_lastLevelIndex has been
00460 updated
00461         ASSERT(m_currLevelIndex < m_nLevels);
00462         m_levelLength[m_currLevelIndex] +=
00463 (UINT32)ComputeBufferLength();
00464         m_currLevelIndex = block->m_lastLevelIndex + 1;
00465     }
00466
00467     // prepare for next buffer

```

```

00465     SetBufferStartPos();
00466
00467     // reset values
00468     block->m_valuePos = 0;
00469     block->m_maxAbsValue = 0;
00470 }

```

**void CEncoder::WriteValue (CSubband \* band, int bandPos)**

Write a single value into subband at given position. It might throw an **IOException**.

**Parameters**

<i>band</i>	A subband
<i>bandPos</i>	A valid position in subband band

Definition at line 326 of file **Encoder.cpp**.

```

00326                                     {
00327     if (m_currentBlock->m_valuePos == BufferSize) {
00328         EncodeBuffer(ROIBlockHeader(BufferSize, false));
00329     }
00330     DataT val = m_currentBlock->m_value[m_currentBlock->m_valuePos++] =
band->GetData(bandPos);
00331     UINT32 v = abs(val);
00332     if (v > m_currentBlock->m_maxAbsValue) m_currentBlock->m_maxAbsValue =
v;
00333 }

```

## Member Data Documentation

**UINT64 CEncoder::m\_bufferStartPos [private]**

stream position of encoded buffer

Definition at line 216 of file **Encoder.h**.

**CMacroBlock\* CEncoder::m\_currentBlock [private]**

current macro block (used by main thread)

Definition at line 221 of file **Encoder.h**.

**int CEncoder::m\_currLevelIndex [private]**

counts where (=index) to save next value

Definition at line 224 of file **Encoder.h**.

**bool CEncoder::m\_favorSpeed [private]**

favor speed over size

Definition at line 226 of file **Encoder.h**.

**bool CEncoder::m\_forceWriting [private]**

all macro blocks have to be written into the stream

Definition at line 227 of file **Encoder.h**.

**int CEncoder::m\_lastMacroBlock** [private]

array index of the last created macro block  
Definition at line 220 of file **Encoder.h**.

**UINT32\* CEncoder::m\_levelLength** [private]

temporary saves the level index  
Definition at line 223 of file **Encoder.h**.

**UINT64 CEncoder::m\_levelLengthPos** [private]

stream position of Metadata  
Definition at line 215 of file **Encoder.h**.

**int CEncoder::m\_macroBlockLen** [private]

array length  
Definition at line 219 of file **Encoder.h**.

**CMacroBlock\*\* CEncoder::m\_macroBlocks** [private]

array of macroblocks  
Definition at line 218 of file **Encoder.h**.

**UINT8 CEncoder::m\_nLevels** [private]

number of levels  
Definition at line 225 of file **Encoder.h**.

**UINT64 CEncoder::m\_startPosition** [private]

stream position of PGF start (PreHeader)  
Definition at line 214 of file **Encoder.h**.

**CPGFStream\* CEncoder::m\_stream** [private]

output PMF stream  
Definition at line 213 of file **Encoder.h**.

---

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- **Encoder.h**
- **Encoder.cpp**

## CDecoder::CMacroBlock Class Reference

A macro block is a decoding unit of fixed size (uncoded)

### Public Member Functions

- **CMacroBlock** ()  
*Constructor: Initializes new macro block.*
- **bool IsCompletelyRead** () const
- **void BitplaneDecode** ()

### Public Attributes

- **ROIBlockHeader m\_header**  
*block header*
- **DataT m\_value [BufferSize]**  
*output buffer of values with index m\_valuePos*
- **UINT32 m\_codeBuffer [CodeBufferLen]**  
*input buffer for encoded bitstream*
- **UINT32 m\_valuePos**  
*current position in m\_value*

### Private Member Functions

- **UINT32 ComposeBitplane** (UINT32 bufferSize, **DataT** planeMask, UINT32 \*sigBits, UINT32 \*refBits, UINT32 \*signBits)
- **UINT32 ComposeBitplaneRLD** (UINT32 bufferSize, **DataT** planeMask, UINT32 sigPos, UINT32 \*refBits)
- **UINT32 ComposeBitplaneRLD** (UINT32 bufferSize, **DataT** planeMask, UINT32 \*sigBits, UINT32 \*refBits, UINT32 signPos)
- **void SetBitAtPos** (UINT32 pos, **DataT** planeMask)
- **void SetSign** (UINT32 pos, bool sign)

### Private Attributes

- **bool m\_sigFlagVector [BufferSize+1]**

---

### Detailed Description

A macro block is a decoding unit of fixed size (uncoded)

PGF decoder macro block class.

#### Author

C. Stamm, I. Bauersachs

Definition at line **51** of file **Decoder.h**.

---

## Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### CDecoder::CMacroBlock::CMacroBlock () [inline]

Constructor: Initializes new macro block.

Definition at line 55 of file **Decoder.h**.

```
00056             : m_header(0)
// makes sure that IsCompletelyRead() returns true for an empty macro block
00057 #pragma warning( suppress : 4351 )
00058             , m_value()
00059             , m_codeBuffer()
00060             , m_valuePos(0)
00061             , m_sigFlagVector()
00062             {
00063             }
```

---

## Member Function Documentation

### void CDecoder::CMacroBlock::BitplaneDecode ()

Decodes already read input data into this macro block. Several macro blocks can be decoded in parallel. Call **CDecoder::ReadMacroBlock** before this method.

Definition at line 650 of file **Decoder.cpp**.

```
00650             {
00651             UINT32 bufferSize = m_header.rbh.bufferSize; ASSERT(bufferSize <=
BufferSize);
00652
00653             // clear significance vector
00654             for (UINT32 k=0; k < bufferSize; k++) {
00655                 m_sigFlagVector[k] = false;
00656             }
00657             m_sigFlagVector[bufferSize] = true; // sentinel
00658
00659             // clear output buffer
00660             for (UINT32 k=0; k < BufferSize; k++) {
00661                 m_value[k] = 0;
00662             }
00663
00664             // read number of bit planes
00665             // <nPlanes>
00666             UINT32 nPlanes = GetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer, 0, MaxBitPlanesLog);
00667             UINT32 codePos = MaxBitPlanesLog;
00668
00669             // loop through all bit planes
00670             if (nPlanes == 0) nPlanes = MaxBitPlanes + 1;
00671             ASSERT(0 < nPlanes && nPlanes <= MaxBitPlanes + 1);
00672             DataT planeMask = 1 << (nPlanes - 1);
00673
00674             for (int plane = nPlanes - 1; plane >= 0; plane--) {
00675                 UINT32 sigLen = 0;
00676
00677                 // read RL code
00678                 if (GetBit(m_codeBuffer, codePos)) {
00679                     // RL coding of sigBits is used
00680                     // <1><codeLen><codedSigAndSignBits>_<refBits>
00681                     codePos++;
00682
00683                     // read codeLen
00684                     UINT32 codeLen = GetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer, codePos,
RLblockSizeLen); ASSERT(codeLen <= MaxCodeLen);
00685
00686                     // position of encoded sigBits and signBits
00687                     UINT32 sigPos = codePos + RLblockSizeLen; ASSERT(sigPos
< CodeBufferBitLen);
00688
00689                     // refinement bits
00690                     codePos = AlignWordPos(sigPos + codeLen);
ASSERT(codePos < CodeBufferBitLen);
```



```

00691
00692                                     // run-length decode significant bits and signs from
m_codeBuffer and
00693                                     // read refinement bits from m_codeBuffer and compose
bit plane
00694                                     sigLen = ComposeBitplaneRLD(bufferSize, planeMask,
sigPos, &m_codeBuffer[codePos >> WordWidthLog]);
00695
00696     } else {
00697         // no RL coding is used for sigBits and signBits together
00698         // <0><sigLen>
00699         codePos++;
00700
00701         // read sigLen
00702         sigLen = GetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer, codePos,
RLblockSizeLen); ASSERT(sigLen <= MaxCodeLen);
00703         codePos += RLblockSizeLen; ASSERT(codePos <
CodeBufferBitLen);
00704
00705         // read RL code for signBits
00706         if (GetBit(m_codeBuffer, codePos)) {
00707             // RL coding is used just for signBits
00708             //
<1><codeLen><codedSignBits>_<sigBits>_<refBits>
00709             codePos++;
00710
00711             // read codeLen
00712             UINT32 codeLen = GetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer,
codePos, RLblockSizeLen); ASSERT(codeLen <= MaxCodeLen);
00713
00714             // sign bits
00715             UINT32 signPos = codePos + RLblockSizeLen;
ASSERT(signPos < CodeBufferBitLen);
00716
00717             // significant bits
00718             UINT32 sigPos = AlignWordPos(signPos +
codeLen); ASSERT(sigPos < CodeBufferBitLen);
00719
00720             // refinement bits
00721             codePos = AlignWordPos(sigPos + sigLen);
ASSERT(codePos < CodeBufferBitLen);
00722
00723             // read significant and refinement bitset from
m_codeBuffer
00724             sigLen = ComposeBitplaneRLD(bufferSize,
planeMask, &m_codeBuffer[sigPos >> WordWidthLog], &m_codeBuffer[codePos >>
WordWidthLog], signPos);
00725
00726         } else {
00727             // RL coding of signBits was not efficient and
therefore not used
00728             //
<0><signLen>_<signBits>_<sigBits>_<refBits>
00729             codePos++;
00730
00731             // read signLen
00732             UINT32 signLen = GetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer,
codePos, RLblockSizeLen); ASSERT(signLen <= MaxCodeLen);
00733
00734             // sign bits
00735             UINT32 signPos = AlignWordPos(codePos +
RLblockSizeLen); ASSERT(signPos < CodeBufferBitLen);
00736
00737             // significant bits
00738             UINT32 sigPos = AlignWordPos(signPos +
signLen); ASSERT(sigPos < CodeBufferBitLen);
00739
00740             // refinement bits
00741             codePos = AlignWordPos(sigPos + signLen);
ASSERT(codePos < CodeBufferBitLen);
00742
00743             // read significant and refinement bitset from
m_codeBuffer
00744             sigLen = ComposeBitplane(bufferSize,
planeMask, &m_codeBuffer[sigPos >> WordWidthLog], &m_codeBuffer[codePos >>
WordWidthLog], &m_codeBuffer[signPos >> WordWidthLog]);
00745         }

```

```

00746         }
00747
00748         // start of next chunk
00749         codePos = AlignWordPos(codePos + bufferSize - sigLen);
ASSERT(codePos < CodeBufferBitLen);
00750
00751         // next plane
00752         planeMask >>= 1;
00753     }
00754
00755     m_valuePos = 0;
00756 }

```

**UINT32 CDecoder::CMacroBlock::ComposeBitplane (UINT32 bufferSize, DataT planeMask, UINT32 \* sigBits, UINT32 \* refBits, UINT32 \* signBits)[private]**

Definition at line 763 of file Decoder.cpp.

```

00763
{
00764     ASSERT(sigBits);
00765     ASSERT(refBits);
00766     ASSERT(signBits);
00767
00768     UINT32 valPos = 0, signPos = 0, refPos = 0, sigPos = 0;
00769
00770     while (valPos < bufferSize) {
00771         // search next 1 in m_sigFlagVector using searching with sentinel
00772         UINT32 sigEnd = valPos;
00773         while(!m_sigFlagVector[sigEnd]) { sigEnd++; }
00774         sigEnd -= valPos;
00775         sigEnd += sigPos;
00776
00777         // search 1's in sigBits[sigPos..sigEnd)
00778         // these 1's are significant bits
00779         while (sigPos < sigEnd) {
00780             // search 0's
00781             UINT32 zeroCnt = SeekBitRange(sigBits, sigPos, sigEnd
- sigPos);
00782             sigPos += zeroCnt;
00783             valPos += zeroCnt;
00784             if (sigPos < sigEnd) {
00785                 // write bit to m_value
00786                 SetBitAtPos(valPos, planeMask);
00787
00788                 // copy sign bit
00789                 SetSign(valPos, GetBit(signBits, signPos++));
00790
00791                 // update significance flag vector
00792                 m_sigFlagVector[valPos++] = true;
00793                 sigPos++;
00794             }
00795         }
00796         // refinement bit
00797         if (valPos < bufferSize) {
00798             // write one refinement bit
00799             if (GetBit(refBits, refPos)) {
00800                 SetBitAtPos(valPos, planeMask);
00801             }
00802             refPos++;
00803             valPos++;
00804         }
00805     }
00806     ASSERT(sigPos <= bufferSize);
00807     ASSERT(refPos <= bufferSize);
00808     ASSERT(signPos <= bufferSize);
00809     ASSERT(valPos == bufferSize);
00810
00811     return sigPos;
00812 }

```

**UINT32 CDecoder::CMacroBlock::ComposeBitplaneRLD (UINT32 *bufferSize*, DataT *planeMask*, UINT32 \* *sigBits*, UINT32 \* *refBits*, UINT32 *signPos*)[private]**

Definition at line 927 of file **Decoder.cpp**.

```
00927
{
00928     ASSERT(sigBits);
00929     ASSERT(refBits);
00930
00931     UINT32 valPos = 0, refPos = 0;
00932     UINT32 sigPos = 0, sigEnd;
00933     UINT32 zeroCnt, count = 0;
00934     UINT32 k = 0;
00935     UINT32 runLen = 1 << k; // = 2^k
00936     bool signBit = false;
00937     bool zeroAfterRun = false;
00938
00939     while (valPos < bufferSize) {
00940         // search next 1 in m_sigFlagVector using searching with sentinel
00941         sigEnd = valPos;
00942         while(!m_sigFlagVector[sigEnd]) { sigEnd++; }
00943         sigEnd -= valPos;
00944         sigEnd += sigPos;
00945
00946         // search 1's in sigBits[sigPos..sigEnd)
00947         // these 1's are significant bits
00948         while (sigPos < sigEnd) {
00949             // search 0's
00950             zeroCnt = SeekBitRange(sigBits, sigPos, sigEnd -
sigPos);
00951             sigPos += zeroCnt;
00952             valPos += zeroCnt;
00953             if (sigPos < sigEnd) {
00954                 // write bit to m_value
00955                 SetBitAtPos(valPos, planeMask);
00956
00957                 // check sign bit
00958                 if (count == 0) {
00959                     // all 1's have been set
00960                     if (zeroAfterRun) {
00961                         // finish the run with a 0
00962                         signBit = false;
00963                         zeroAfterRun = false;
00964                     } else {
00965                         // decode next sign bit
00966                         if (GetBit(m_codeBuffer,
signPos++)) {
00967                             // generate 1's run of
length 2^k
00968                             count = runLen - 1;
00969                             signBit = true;
00970
00971                             // adapt k (double
run-length interval)
00972                             if (k < WordWidth) {
00973                                 k++;
00974                                 runLen <<= 1;
00975                             }
00976                             } else {
00977                                 // extract counter and
generate 1's run of length count
00978                                 if (k > 0) {
00979                                     // extract
counter
00980                                     count =
GetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer, signPos, k);
00981                                     signPos += k;
00982
00983                                     // adapt k
(half run-length interval)
00984                                     k--;
00985                                     runLen >>= 1;
00986                                 }
00987                                 if (count > 0) {
```

```

00988                                     count--;
00989                                     signBit =
00990                                     zeroAfterRun
= true;
00991                                     } else {
00992                                     signBit =
false;
00993                                     }
00994                                     }
00995                                     }
00996                                     } else {
00997                                     ASSERT(count > 0);
00998                                     ASSERT(signBit);
00999                                     count--;
01000                                     }
01001
01002                                     // copy sign bit
01003                                     SetSign(valPos, signBit);
01004
01005                                     // update significance flag vector
01006                                     m_sigFlagVector[valPos++] = true;
01007                                     sigPos++;
01008                                     }
01009                                     }
01010
01011                                     // refinement bit
01012                                     if (valPos < bufferSize) {
01013                                     // write one refinement bit
01014                                     if (GetBit(refBits, refPos)) {
01015                                     SetBitAtPos(valPos, planeMask);
01016                                     }
01017                                     refPos++;
01018                                     valPos++;
01019                                     }
01020                                     }
01021                                     ASSERT(sigPos <= bufferSize);
01022                                     ASSERT(refPos <= bufferSize);
01023                                     ASSERT(valPos == bufferSize);
01024
01025                                     return sigPos;
01026 }

```

**UINT32 CDecoder::CMacroBlock::ComposeBitplaneRLD (UINT32 bufferSize, DataT planeMask, UINT32 sigPos, UINT32 \* refBits)[private]**

Definition at line 824 of file Decoder.cpp.

```

00824
{
00825     ASSERT(refBits);
00826
00827     UINT32 valPos = 0, refPos = 0;
00828     UINT32 sigPos = 0, sigEnd;
00829     UINT32 k = 3;
00830     UINT32 runlen = 1 << k; // = 2^k
00831     UINT32 count = 0, rest = 0;
00832     bool set1 = false;
00833
00834     while (valPos < bufferSize) {
00835         // search next 1 in m_sigFlagVector using searching with sentinel
00836         sigEnd = valPos;
00837         while(!m_sigFlagVector[sigEnd]) { sigEnd++; }
00838         sigEnd -= valPos;
00839         sigEnd += sigPos;
00840
00841         while (sigPos < sigEnd) {
00842             if (rest || set1) {
00843                 // rest of last run
00844                 sigPos += rest;
00845                 valPos += rest;
00846                 rest = 0;
00847             } else {
00848                 // decode significant bits
00849                 if (GetBit(m_codeBuffer, codePos++)) {

```

```

00850                                     // extract counter and generate zero
run of length count
00851                                     if (k > 0) {
00852                                         // extract counter
00853                                         count =
GetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer, codePos, k);
00854                                         codePos += k;
00855                                         if (count > 0) {
00856                                             sigPos += count;
00857                                             valPos += count;
00858                                         }
00859
00860                                     // adapt k (half run-length
interval)
00861                                     k--;
00862                                     runlen >>= 1;
00863                                     }
00864
00865                                     set1 = true;
00866
00867                                     } else {
00868                                         // generate zero run of length 2^k
00869                                         sigPos += runlen;
00870                                         valPos += runlen;
00871
00872                                         // adapt k (double run-length interval)
00873                                         if (k < WordWidth) {
00874                                             k++;
00875                                             runlen <<= 1;
00876                                         }
00877                                     }
00878                                     }
00879
00880                                     if (sigPos < sigEnd) {
00881                                         if (set1) {
00882                                             set1 = false;
00883
00884                                             // write 1 bit
00885                                             SetBitAtPos(valPos, planeMask);
00886
00887                                             // set sign bit
00888                                             SetSign(valPos, GetBit(m_codeBuffer,
codePos++));
00889
00890                                             // update significance flag vector
00891                                             m_sigFlagVector[valPos++] = true;
00892                                             sigPos++;
00893                                         }
00894                                     } else {
00895                                         rest = sigPos - sigEnd;
00896                                         sigPos = sigEnd;
00897                                         valPos -= rest;
00898                                     }
00899
00900                                     }
00901
00902                                     // refinement bit
00903                                     if (valPos < bufferSize) {
00904                                         // write one refinement bit
00905                                         if (GetBit(refBits, refPos)) {
00906                                             SetBitAtPos(valPos, planeMask);
00907                                         }
00908                                         refPos++;
00909                                         valPos++;
00910                                     }
00911                                     }
00912                                     ASSERT(sigPos <= bufferSize);
00913                                     ASSERT(refPos <= bufferSize);
00914                                     ASSERT(valPos == bufferSize);
00915
00916                                     return sigPos;
00917     }

```

**bool CDecoder::CMacroBlock::IsCompletelyRead () const[inline]**

Returns true if this macro block has been completely read.

## Returns

true if current value position is at block end

Definition at line 68 of file **Decoder.h**.

```
00068 { return m_valuePos >= m_header.rbh.bufferSize; }
```

**void CDecoder::CMacroBlock::SetBitAtPos (UINT32 pos, DataT planeMask)[inline], [private]**

Definition at line 85 of file **Decoder.h**.

```
00085 { (m_value[pos] >= 0) ? m_value[pos] |= planeMask : m_value[pos] -= planeMask; }
```

**void CDecoder::CMacroBlock::SetSign (UINT32 pos, bool sign)[inline], [private]**

Definition at line 86 of file **Decoder.h**.

```
00086 { m_value[pos] = -m_value[pos]*sign + m_value[pos]*(!sign); }
```

---

## Member Data Documentation

**UINT32 CDecoder::CMacroBlock::m\_codeBuffer[CodeBufferLen]**

input buffer for encoded bitstream

Definition at line 78 of file **Decoder.h**.

**ROIBlockHeader CDecoder::CMacroBlock::m\_header**

block header

Definition at line 76 of file **Decoder.h**.

**bool CDecoder::CMacroBlock::m\_sigFlagVector[BufferSize+1][private]**

Definition at line 88 of file **Decoder.h**.

**DataT CDecoder::CMacroBlock::m\_value[BufferSize]**

output buffer of values with index m\_valuePos

Definition at line 77 of file **Decoder.h**.

**UINT32 CDecoder::CMacroBlock::m\_valuePos**

current position in m\_value

Definition at line 79 of file **Decoder.h**.

---

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- **Decoder.h**
- **Decoder.cpp**



## CEncoder::CMacroBlock Class Reference

A macro block is an encoding unit of fixed size (uncoded)

### Public Member Functions

- **CMacroBlock** (CEncoder \*encoder)
- void **Init** (int lastLevelIndex)
- void **BitplaneEncode** ()

### Public Attributes

- **DataT m\_value** [**BufferSize**]  
*input buffer of values with index m\_valuePos*
- **UINT32 m\_codeBuffer** [**CodeBufferLen**]  
*output buffer for encoded bitstream*
- **ROIBlockHeader m\_header**  
*block header*
- **UINT32 m\_valuePos**  
*current buffer position*
- **UINT32 m\_maxAbsValue**  
*maximum absolute coefficient in each buffer*
- **UINT32 m\_codePos**  
*current position in encoded bitstream*
- **int m\_lastLevelIndex**  
*index of last encoded level: [0, nLevels); used because a level-end can occur before a buffer is full*

### Private Member Functions

- **UINT32 RLESigns** (UINT32 codePos, UINT32 \*signBits, UINT32 signLen)
- **UINT32 DecomposeBitplane** (UINT32 bufferSize, UINT32 planeMask, UINT32 codePos, UINT32 \*sigBits, UINT32 \*refBits, UINT32 \*signBits, UINT32 &signLen, UINT32 &codeLen)
- **UINT8 NumberOfBitplanes** ()
- **bool GetBitAtPos** (UINT32 pos, UINT32 planeMask) const

### Private Attributes

- **CEncoder \* m\_encoder**
- **bool m\_sigFlagVector** [**BufferSize+1**]

---

### Detailed Description

A macro block is an encoding unit of fixed size (uncoded)

PGF encoder macro block class.



## Author

C. Stamm, I. Bauersachs

Definition at line 51 of file **Encoder.h**.

---

## Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### **CEncoder::CMacroBlock::CMacroBlock (CEncoder \* *encoder*) [inline]**

Constructor: Initializes new macro block.

#### Parameters

<i>encoder</i>	Pointer to outer class.
----------------	-------------------------

Definition at line 56 of file **Encoder.h**.

```
00057             : 4351 )
00058             : m_value()
00059             , m_codeBuffer()
00060             , m_header(0)
00061             , m_encoder(encoder)
00062             , m_sigFlagVector()
00063             {
00064                 ASSERT(m_encoder);
00065                 Init(-1);
00066             }
```

---

## Member Function Documentation

### **void CEncoder::CMacroBlock::BitplaneEncode ()**

Encodes this macro block into internal code buffer. Several macro blocks can be encoded in parallel. Call **CEncoder::WriteMacroBlock** after this method.

Definition at line 482 of file **Encoder.cpp**.

```
00482             {
00483             UINT8   nPlanes;
00484             UINT32  sigLen, codeLen = 0, wordPos, refLen, signLen;
00485             UINT32  sigBits[BufferLen] = { 0 };
00486             UINT32  refBits[BufferLen] = { 0 };
00487             UINT32  signBits[BufferLen] = { 0 };
00488             UINT32  planeMask;
00489             UINT32  bufferSize = m_header.rbh.bufferSize; ASSERT(bufferSize <=
BufferSize);
00490             bool   useRL;
00491
00492 #ifdef TRACE
00493             //printf("which thread: %d\n", omp_get_thread_num());
00494 #endif
00495
00496             // clear significance vector
00497             for (UINT32 k=0; k < bufferSize; k++) {
00498                 m_sigFlagVector[k] = false;
00499             }
00500             m_sigFlagVector[bufferSize] = true; // sentinel
00501
00502             // clear output buffer
00503             for (UINT32 k=0; k < bufferSize; k++) {
00504                 m_codeBuffer[k] = 0;
00505             }
00506             m_codePos = 0;
00507
00508             // compute number of bit planes and split buffer into separate bit planes
00509             nPlanes = NumberOfBitplanes();
00510
00511             // write number of bit planes to m_codeBuffer
00512             // <nPlanes>
00513             SetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer, 0, nPlanes, MaxBitPlanesLog);
00514             m_codePos += MaxBitPlanesLog;
```

```

00515
00516 // loop through all bit planes
00517 if (nPlanes == 0) nPlanes = MaxBitPlanes + 1;
00518 planeMask = 1 << (nPlanes - 1);
00519
00520 for (int plane = nPlanes - 1; plane >= 0; plane--) {
00521     // clear significant bitset
00522     for (UINT32 k=0; k < BufferLen; k++) {
00523         sigBits[k] = 0;
00524     }
00525
00526     // split bitplane in significant bitset and refinement bitset
00527     sigLen = DecomposeBitplane(bufferSize, planeMask, m_codePos +
RLblockSizeLen + 1, sigBits, refBits, signBits, signLen, codeLen);
00528
00529     if (sigLen > 0 && codeLen <= MaxCodeLen && codeLen <
AlignWordPos(sigLen) + AlignWordPos(signLen) + 2*RLblockSizeLen) {
00530         // set RL code bit
00531         // <1><codeLen>
00532         SetBit(m_codeBuffer, m_codePos++);
00533
00534         // write length codeLen to m_codeBuffer
00535         SetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer, m_codePos, codeLen,
RLblockSizeLen);
00536         m_codePos += RLblockSizeLen + codeLen;
00537     } else {
00538 #ifdef TRACE
00539         //printf("new\n");
00540         //for (UINT32 i=0; i < bufferSize; i++) {
00541             // printf("%s", (GetBit(sigBits, i)) ? "1" : "_");
00542             // if (i%120 == 119) printf("\n");
00543             //}
00544             //printf("\n");
00545 #endif // TRACE
00546
00547         // run-length coding wasn't efficient enough
00548         // we don't use RL coding for sigBits
00549         // <0><sigLen>
00550         ClearBit(m_codeBuffer, m_codePos++);
00551
00552         // write length sigLen to m_codeBuffer
00553         ASSERT(sigLen <= MaxCodeLen);
00554         SetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer, m_codePos, sigLen,
RLblockSizeLen);
00555         m_codePos += RLblockSizeLen;
00556
00557         if (m_encoder->m_favorSpeed || signLen == 0) {
00558             useRL = false;
00559         } else {
00560             // overwrite m_codeBuffer
00561             useRL = true;
00562             // run-length encode m_sign and append them to
the m_codeBuffer
00563             codeLen = RLESigns(m_codePos + RLblockSizeLen
+ 1, signBits, signLen);
00564         }
00565
00566         if (useRL && codeLen <= MaxCodeLen && codeLen < signLen)
{
00567             // RL encoding of m_sign was efficient
00568             // <1><codeLen><codedSignBits>_
00569             // write RL code bit
00570             SetBit(m_codeBuffer, m_codePos++);
00571
00572             // write codeLen to m_codeBuffer
00573             SetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer, m_codePos,
codeLen, RLblockSizeLen);
00574
00575             // compute position of sigBits
00576             wordPos = NumberOfWords(m_codePos +
RLblockSizeLen + codeLen);
00577             ASSERT(0 <= wordPos && wordPos <
CodeBufferLen);
00578         } else {
00579             // RL encoding of signBits wasn't efficient
00580             // <0><signLen>_<signBits>_
00581             // clear RL code bit

```

```

00582         ClearBit(m_codeBuffer, m_codePos++);
00583
00584         // write signLen to m_codeBuffer
00585         ASSERT(signLen <= MaxCodeLen);
00586         SetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer, m_codePos,
signLen, RLblockSizeLen);
00587
00588         // write signBits to m_codeBuffer
00589         wordPos = NumberOfWords(m_codePos +
RLblockSizeLen);
00590         ASSERT(0 <= wordPos && wordPos <
CodeBufferLen);
00591         codeLen = NumberOfWords(signLen);
00592
00593         for (UINT32 k=0; k < codeLen; k++) {
00594             m_codeBuffer[wordPos++] =
signBits[k];
00595         }
00596     }
00597
00598     // write sigBits
00599     // <sigBits>_
00600     ASSERT(0 <= wordPos && wordPos < CodeBufferLen);
00601     refLen = NumberOfWords(sigLen);
00602
00603     for (UINT32 k=0; k < refLen; k++) {
00604         m_codeBuffer[wordPos++] = sigBits[k];
00605     }
00606     m_codePos = wordPos << WordWidthLog;
00607 }
00608
00609     // append refinement bitset (aligned to word boundary)
00610     // <refBits>
00611     wordPos = NumberOfWords(m_codePos);
00612     ASSERT(0 <= wordPos && wordPos < CodeBufferLen);
00613     refLen = NumberOfWords(bufferSize - sigLen);
00614
00615     for (UINT32 k=0; k < refLen; k++) {
00616         m_codeBuffer[wordPos++] = refBits[k];
00617     }
00618     m_codePos = wordPos << WordWidthLog;
00619     planeMask >>= 1;
00620 }
00621     ASSERT(0 <= m_codePos && m_codePos <= CodeBufferBitLen);
00622 }

```

**UINT32 CEncoder::CMacroBlock::DecomposeBitplane (UINT32 bufferSize, UINT32 planeMask, UINT32 codePos, UINT32 \* sigBits, UINT32 \* refBits, UINT32 \* signBits, UINT32 & signLen, UINT32 & codeLen)[private]**

Definition at line 634 of file Encoder.cpp.

```

00634 {
00635     ASSERT(sigBits);
00636     ASSERT(refBits);
00637     ASSERT(signBits);
00638     ASSERT(codePos < CodeBufferBitLen);
00639
00640     UINT32 sigPos = 0;
00641     UINT32 valuePos = 0, valueEnd;
00642     UINT32 refPos = 0;
00643
00644     // set output value
00645     signLen = 0;
00646
00647     // prepare RLE of Sigs and Signs
00648     const UINT32 outStartPos = codePos;
00649     UINT32 k = 3;
00650     UINT32 runlen = 1 << k; // = 2^k
00651     UINT32 count = 0;
00652
00653     while (valuePos < bufferSize) {
00654         // search next 1 in m_sigFlagVector using searching with sentinel

```

```

00655         valueEnd = valuePos;
00656         while(!m_sigFlagVector[valueEnd]) { valueEnd++; }
00657
00658         // search 1's in m_value[plane][valuePos..valueEnd]
00659         // these 1's are significant bits
00660         while (valuePos < valueEnd) {
00661             if (GetBitAtPos(valuePos, planeMask)) {
00662                 // RLE encoding
00663                 // encode run of count 0's followed by a 1
00664                 // with codeword: 1<count>(signBits[signPos])
00665                 SetBit(m_codeBuffer, codePos++);
00666                 if (k > 0) {
00667                     SetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer, codePos,
count, k);
00668                     codePos += k;
00669
00670                     // adapt k (half the zero run-length)
00671                     k--;
00672                     runlen >>= 1;
00673                 }
00674
00675                 // copy and write sign bit
00676                 if (m_value[valuePos] < 0) {
00677                     SetBit(signBits, signLen++);
00678                     SetBit(m_codeBuffer, codePos++);
00679                 } else {
00680                     ClearBit(signBits, signLen++);
00681                     ClearBit(m_codeBuffer, codePos++);
00682                 }
00683
00684                 // write a 1 to sigBits
00685                 SetBit(sigBits, sigPos++);
00686
00687                 // update m_sigFlagVector
00688                 m_sigFlagVector[valuePos] = true;
00689
00690                 // prepare for next run
00691                 count = 0;
00692             } else {
00693                 // RLE encoding
00694                 count++;
00695                 if (count == runlen) {
00696                     // encode run of 2^k zeros by a single
0
00697                     ClearBit(m_codeBuffer, codePos++);
00698                     // adapt k (double the zero run-length)
00699                     if (k < WordWidth) {
00700                         k++;
00701                         runlen <<= 1;
00702                     }
00703
00704                     // prepare for next run
00705                     count = 0;
00706                 }
00707
00708                 // write 0 to sigBits
00709                 sigPos++;
00710             }
00711             valuePos++;
00712         }
00713         // refinement bit
00714         if (valuePos < bufferSize) {
00715             // write one refinement bit
00716             if (GetBitAtPos(valuePos++, planeMask)) {
00717                 SetBit(refBits, refPos);
00718             } else {
00719                 ClearBit(refBits, refPos);
00720             }
00721             refPos++;
00722         }
00723     }
00724     // RLE encoding of the rest of the plane
00725     // encode run of count 0's followed by a 1
00726     // with codeword: 1<count>(signBits[signPos])
00727     SetBit(m_codeBuffer, codePos++);
00728     if (k > 0) {
00729         SetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer, codePos, count, k);

```

```

00730         codePos += k;
00731     }
00732     // write dummy sign bit
00733     SetBit(m_codeBuffer, codePos++);
00734
00735     // write word filler zeros
00736
00737     ASSERT(sigPos <= bufferSize);
00738     ASSERT(refPos <= bufferSize);
00739     ASSERT(signLen <= bufferSize);
00740     ASSERT(valuePos == bufferSize);
00741     ASSERT(codePos >= outStartPos && codePos < CodeBufferBitLen);
00742     codeLen = codePos - outStartPos;
00743
00744     return sigPos;
00745 }

```

**bool CEncoder::CMacroBlock::GetBitAtPos (UINT32 pos, UINT32 planeMask)  
const[inline], [private]**

Definition at line 96 of file Encoder.h.

```
00096 { return (abs(m_value[pos]) & planeMask) > 0; }
```

**void CEncoder::CMacroBlock::Init (int lastLevelIndex)[inline]**

Reinitializes this macro block (allows reuse).

#### Parameters

<i>lastLevelIndex</i>	Level length directory index of last encoded level: [0, nLevels)
-----------------------	--

Definition at line 71 of file Encoder.h.

```

00071     { //
initialize for reuse
00072         m_valuePos = 0;
00073         m_maxAbsValue = 0;
00074         m_codePos = 0;
00075         m_lastLevelIndex = lastLevelIndex;
00076     }

```

**UINT8 CEncoder::CMacroBlock::NumberOfBitplanes ()[private]**

Definition at line 750 of file Encoder.cpp.

```

00750     {
00751         UINT8 cnt = 0;
00752
00753         // determine number of bitplanes for max value
00754         if (m_maxAbsValue > 0) {
00755             while (m_maxAbsValue > 0) {
00756                 m_maxAbsValue >>= 1; cnt++;
00757             }
00758             if (cnt == MaxBitPlanes + 1) cnt = 0;
00759             // end cs
00760             ASSERT(cnt <= MaxBitPlanes);
00761             ASSERT((cnt >> MaxBitPlanesLog) == 0);
00762             return cnt;
00763         } else {
00764             return 1;
00765         }
00766     }

```

**UINT32 CEncoder::CMacroBlock::RLESigns (UINT32 codePos, UINT32 \* signBits,  
UINT32 signLen)[private]**

Definition at line 774 of file Encoder.cpp.

```

00774     {
00775         ASSERT(signBits);

```

```

00776     ASSERT(0 <= codePos && codePos < CodeBufferBitLen);
00777     ASSERT(0 < signLen && signLen <= BufferSize);
00778
00779     const UINT32  outStartPos = codePos;
00780     UINT32 k = 0;
00781     UINT32 runlen = 1 << k; // = 2^k
00782     UINT32 count = 0;
00783     UINT32 signPos = 0;
00784
00785     while (signPos < signLen) {
00786         // search next 0 in signBits starting at position signPos
00787         count = SeekBit1Range(signBits, signPos, __min(runlen, signLen
- signPos));
00788         // count 1's found
00789         if (count == runlen) {
00790             // encode run of 2^k ones by a single 1
00791             signPos += count;
00792             SetBit(m_codeBuffer, codePos++);
00793             // adapt k (double the 1's run-length)
00794             if (k < WordWidth) {
00795                 k++;
00796                 runlen <<= 1;
00797             }
00798         } else {
00799             // encode run of count 1's followed by a 0
00800             // with codeword: 0(count)
00801             signPos += count + 1;
00802             ClearBit(m_codeBuffer, codePos++);
00803             if (k > 0) {
00804                 SetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer, codePos, count,
k);
00805                 codePos += k;
00806             }
00807             // adapt k (half the 1's run-length)
00808             if (k > 0) {
00809                 k--;
00810                 runlen >>= 1;
00811             }
00812         }
00813     }
00814     ASSERT(signPos == signLen || signPos == signLen + 1);
00815     ASSERT(codePos >= outStartPos && codePos < CodeBufferBitLen);
00816     return codePos - outStartPos;
00817 }

```

---

## Member Data Documentation

### UINT32 CEncoder::CMacroBlock::m\_codeBuffer[CodeBufferLen]

output buffer for encoded bitstream

Definition at line 85 of file **Encoder.h**.

### UINT32 CEncoder::CMacroBlock::m\_codePos

current position in encoded bitstream

Definition at line 89 of file **Encoder.h**.

### CEncoder\* CEncoder::CMacroBlock::m\_encoder[private]

Definition at line 98 of file **Encoder.h**.

### ROIBlockHeader CEncoder::CMacroBlock::m\_header

block header

Definition at line **86** of file **Encoder.h**.

### **int CEncoder::CMacroBlock::m\_lastLevelIndex**

index of last encoded level: [0, nLevels); used because a level-end can occur before a buffer is full

Definition at line **90** of file **Encoder.h**.

### **UINT32 CEncoder::CMacroBlock::m\_maxAbsValue**

maximum absolute coefficient in each buffer

Definition at line **88** of file **Encoder.h**.

### **bool CEncoder::CMacroBlock::m\_sigFlagVector[BufferSize+1][private]**

Definition at line **99** of file **Encoder.h**.

### **DataT CEncoder::CMacroBlock::m\_value[BufferSize]**

input buffer of values with index m\_valuePos

Definition at line **84** of file **Encoder.h**.

### **UINT32 CEncoder::CMacroBlock::m\_valuePos**

current buffer position

Definition at line **87** of file **Encoder.h**.

---

**The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:**

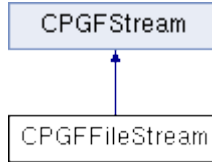
- **Encoder.h**
- **Encoder.cpp**

## CPGFFileStream Class Reference

File stream class.

```
#include <PGFstream.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for CPGFFileStream:



### Public Member Functions

- **CPGFFileStream** ()
- **CPGFFileStream** (HANDLE hFile)
- HANDLE **GetHandle** ()
- virtual ~**CPGFFileStream** ()
- virtual void **Write** (int \*count, void \*buffer)
- virtual void **Read** (int \*count, void \*buffer)
- virtual void **SetPos** (short posMode, INT64 posOff)
- virtual UINT64 **GetPos** () const
- virtual bool **IsValid** () const

### Protected Attributes

- HANDLE **m\_hFile**  
*file handle*

---

### Detailed Description

File stream class.

A PGF stream subclass for external storage files.

#### Author

C. Stamm

Definition at line **82** of file **PGFstream.h**.

---

### Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**CPGFFileStream::CPGFFileStream** () [inline]

Definition at line **87** of file **PGFstream.h**.

```
00087 : m_hFile(0) {}
```

**CPGFFileStream::CPGFFileStream** (HANDLE *hFile*) [inline]

Constructor

#### Parameters

<i>hFile</i>	File handle
--------------	-------------

Definition at line **90** of file **PGFstream.h**.

```
00090 : m_hFile(hFile) {}
```



**virtual CPGFFileStream::~CPGFFileStream () [inline], [virtual]**

Definition at line 94 of file PGFstream.h.

```
00094 { m_hFile = 0; }
```

## Member Function Documentation

**HANDLE CPGFFileStream::GetHandle () [inline]**

### Returns

File handle

Definition at line 92 of file PGFstream.h.

```
00092 { return m_hFile; }
```

**UINT64 CPGFFileStream::GetPos () const [virtual]**

Get current stream position.

### Returns

Current stream position

Implements **CPGFStream** (p.109).

Definition at line 64 of file PGFstream.cpp.

```
00064                                     {
00065     ASSERT(IsValid());
00066     OSErr error;
00067     UINT64 pos = 0;
00068     if ((err = GetFPos(m_hFile, &pos)) != NoError) ReturnWithError2(err,
pos);
00069     return pos;
00070 }
```

**virtual bool CPGFFileStream::IsValid () const [inline], [virtual]**

Check stream validity.

### Returns

True if stream and current position is valid

Implements **CPGFStream** (p.109).

Definition at line 99 of file PGFstream.h.

```
00099 { return m_hFile != 0; }
```

**void CPGFFileStream::Read (int \* count, void \* buffer) [virtual]**

Read some bytes from this stream and stores them into a buffer.

### Parameters

<i>count</i>	A pointer to a value containing the number of bytes should be read. After this call it contains the number of read bytes.
<i>buffer</i>	A memory buffer

Implements **CPGFStream** (p.109).

Definition at line 48 of file PGFstream.cpp.

```
00048                                     {
00049     ASSERT(count);
00050     ASSERT(buffPtr);
00051     ASSERT(IsValid());
00052     OSErr error;
00053     if ((err = FileRead(m_hFile, count, buffPtr)) != NoError)
ReturnWithError (err);
```

```
00054 }
```

**void CPGFFileStream::SetPos (short *posMode*, INT64 *posOff*) [virtual]**

Set stream position either absolute or relative.

#### Parameters

<i>posMode</i>	A position mode (FSFromStart, FSFromCurrent, FSFromEnd)
<i>posOff</i>	A new stream position (absolute positioning) or a position offset (relative positioning)

Implements **CPGFStream** (p.109).

Definition at line 57 of file **PGFstream.cpp**.

```
00057                                     {
00058     ASSERT(IsValid());
00059     OSErr error;
00060     if ((err = SetFPos(m_hFile, posMode, posOff)) != NoError)
00061     ReturnWithError(err);
00061 }
```

**void CPGFFileStream::Write (int \* *count*, void \* *buffer*) [virtual]**

Write some bytes out of a buffer into this stream.

#### Parameters

<i>count</i>	A pointer to a value containing the number of bytes should be written. After this call it contains the number of written bytes.
<i>buffer</i>	A memory buffer

Implements **CPGFStream** (p.109).

Definition at line 38 of file **PGFstream.cpp**.

```
00038                                     {
00039     ASSERT(count);
00040     ASSERT(buffPtr);
00041     ASSERT(IsValid());
00042     OSErr error;
00043     if ((err = FileWrite(m_hFile, count, buffPtr)) != NoError)
00044     ReturnWithError(err);
00045 }
```

---

## Member Data Documentation

**HANDLE CPGFFileStream::m\_hFile [protected]**

file handle

Definition at line 84 of file **PGFstream.h**.

---

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- **PGFstream.h**
- **PGFstream.cpp**

## CPGFImage Class Reference

PGF main class.

```
#include <PGFimage.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- **CPGFImage ()**  
*Standard constructor.*
- virtual **~CPGFImage ()**  
*Destructor.*
- void **Destroy ()**
- void **Open (CPGFStream \*stream)**
- bool **IsOpen ()** const  
*Returns true if the PGF has been opened for reading.*
- void **Read** (int level=0, CallbackPtr cb=nullptr, void \*data=nullptr)
- void **Read (PGFRect &rect, int level=0, CallbackPtr cb=nullptr, void \*data=nullptr)**
- void **ReadPreview ()**
- void **Reconstruct** (int level=0)
- void **GetBitmap** (int pitch, UINT8 \*buff, BYTE bpp, int channelMap[]=nullptr, CallbackPtr cb=nullptr, void \*data=nullptr) const
- void **GetYUV** (int pitch, **DataT** \*buff, BYTE bpp, int channelMap[]=nullptr, CallbackPtr cb=nullptr, void \*data=nullptr) const
- void **ImportBitmap** (int pitch, UINT8 \*buff, BYTE bpp, int channelMap[]=nullptr, CallbackPtr cb=nullptr, void \*data=nullptr)
- void **ImportYUV** (int pitch, **DataT** \*buff, BYTE bpp, int channelMap[]=nullptr, CallbackPtr cb=nullptr, void \*data=nullptr)
- void **Write (CPGFStream \*stream, UINT32 \*nWrittenBytes=nullptr, CallbackPtr cb=nullptr, void \*data=nullptr)**
- **UINT32 WriteHeader (CPGFStream \*stream)**
- **UINT32 WriteImage (CPGFStream \*stream, CallbackPtr cb=nullptr, void \*data=nullptr)**
- **UINT32 Write** (int level, CallbackPtr cb=nullptr, void \*data=nullptr)
- void **ConfigureEncoder** (bool useOMP=true, bool favorSpeedOverSize=false)
- void **ConfigureDecoder** (bool useOMP=true, **UserdataPolicy** policy=UP\_CacheAll, **UINT32** prefixSize=0)
- void **ResetStreamPos** (bool startOfData)
- void **SetChannel (DataT \*channel, int c=0)**
- void **SetHeader** (const **PGFHeader** &header, **BYTE** flags=0, const **UINT8** \*userData=0, **UINT32** userDataLength=0)
- void **SetMaxValue** (**UINT32** maxValue)
- void **SetProgressMode (ProgressMode pm)**
- void **SetRefreshCallback (RefreshCB callback, void \*arg)**
- void **SetColorTable** (**UINT32** iFirstColor, **UINT32** nColors, const **RGBQUAD** \*prgbColors)
- **DataT \* GetChannel** (int c=0)
- void **GetColorTable** (**UINT32** iFirstColor, **UINT32** nColors, **RGBQUAD** \*prgbColors) const
- const **RGBQUAD \* GetColorTable ()** const
- const **PGFHeader \* GetHeader ()** const
- **UINT32 GetMaxValue ()** const
- **UINT64 GetUserDataPos ()** const
- const **UINT8 \* GetUserData** (**UINT32** &cachedSize, **UINT32** \*pTotalSize=nullptr) const
- **UINT32 GetEncodedHeaderLength ()** const

- **UINT32 GetEncodedLevelLength** (int level) const
- **UINT32 ReadEncodedHeader** (UINT8 \*target, UINT32 targetLen) const
- **UINT32 ReadEncodedData** (int level, UINT8 \*target, UINT32 targetLen) const
- **UINT32 ChannelWidth** (int c=0) const
- **UINT32 ChannelHeight** (int c=0) const
- **BYTE ChannelDepth** () const
- **UINT32 Width** (int level=0) const
- **UINT32 Height** (int level=0) const
- **BYTE Level** () const
- **BYTE Levels** () const
- **bool IsFullyRead** () const  
*Return true if all levels have been read.*

- **BYTE Quality** () const
- **BYTE Channels** () const
- **BYTE Mode** () const
- **BYTE BPP** () const
- **bool ROIisSupported** () const
- **PGFRect ComputeLevelROI** () const
- **BYTE UsedBitsPerChannel** () const
- **BYTE Version** () const

### Static Public Member Functions

- static **bool ImportIsSupported** (BYTE mode)
- static **UINT32 LevelSizeL** (UINT32 size, int level)
- static **UINT32 LevelSizeH** (UINT32 size, int level)
- static **BYTE CodecMajorVersion** (BYTE version=**PGFVersion**)  
*Return major version.*
- static **BYTE MaxChannelDepth** (BYTE version=**PGFVersion**)

### Protected Attributes

- **CWaveletTransform \* m\_wtChannel** [**MaxChannels**]  
*wavelet transformed color channels*
- **DataT \* m\_channel** [**MaxChannels**]  
*untransformed channels in YUV format*
- **CDecoder \* m\_decoder**  
*PGF decoder.*
- **CEncoder \* m\_encoder**  
*PGF encoder.*
- **UINT32 \* m\_levelLength**  
*length of each level in bytes; first level starts immediately after this array*
- **UINT32 m\_width** [**MaxChannels**]  
*width of each channel at current level*
- **UINT32 m\_height** [**MaxChannels**]

*height of each channel at current level*

- **PGFPreHeader m\_preHeader**  
*PGF pre-header.*
- **PGFHeader m\_header**  
*PGF file header.*
- **PGFPostHeader m\_postHeader**  
*PGF post-header.*
- **UINT64 m\_userDataPos**  
*stream position of user data*
- **int m\_currentLevel**  
*transform level of current image*
- **UINT32 m\_userDataPolicy**  
*user data (metadata) policy during open*
- **BYTE m\_quant**  
*quantization parameter*
- **bool m\_downsample**  
*chrominance channels are downsampled*
- **bool m\_favorSpeedOverSize**  
*favor encoding speed over compression ratio*
- **bool m\_useOMPInEncoder**  
*use Open MP in encoder*
- **bool m\_useOMPInDecoder**  
*use Open MP in decoder*
- **bool m\_streamReinitialized**  
*stream has been reinitialized*
- **PGFRect m\_roi**  
*region of interest*

## **Private Member Functions**

- void **Init** ()
- void **ComputeLevels** ()
- bool **CompleteHeader** ()
- void **RgbToYuv** (int pitch, UINT8 \*rgbBuff, BYTE bpp, int channelMap[], CallbackPtr cb, void \*data)

- void **Downsample** (int nChannel)
- UINT32 **UpdatePostHeaderSize** ()
- void **WriteLevel** ()
- **PGFRect GetAlignedROI** (int c=0) const
- void **SetROI** (PGFRect rect)
- UINT8 **Clamp4** (DataT v) const
- UINT16 **Clamp6** (DataT v) const
- UINT8 **Clamp8** (DataT v) const
- UINT16 **Clamp16** (DataT v) const
- UINT32 **Clamp31** (DataT v) const

### Private Attributes

- **RefreshCB m\_cb**  
*pointer to refresh callback procedure*
- void \* **m\_cbArg**  
*refresh callback argument*
- double **m\_percent**  
*progress [0..1]*
- **ProgressMode m\_progressMode**  
*progress mode used in Read and Write; PM\_Relative is default mode*

### Detailed Description

PGF main class.

PGF image class is the main class. You always need a PGF object for encoding or decoding image data. Decoding: **Open()** **Read()** **GetBitmap()** Encoding: **SetHeader()** **ImportBitmap()** **Write()**

#### Author

C. Stamm, R. Spuler

Definition at line 53 of file **PGFImage.h**.

### Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### CPGImage::CPGImage ()

Standard constructor.

Definition at line 64 of file **PGFImage.cpp**.

```
00064         {
00065     Init();
00066 }
```

#### CPGImage::~CPGImage () [virtual]

Destructor.

Definition at line 117 of file **PGFImage.cpp**.

```
00117     {  
00118         m_currentLevel = -100; // unusual value used as marker in Destroy()  
00119         Destroy();  
00120     }
```

---

## Member Function Documentation

### **BYTE CPGFImage::BPP () const**`[inline]`

Return the number of bits per pixel. Valid values can be 1, 8, 12, 16, 24, 32, 48, 64.

#### **Returns**

Number of bits per pixel.

Definition at line 461 of file **PGFImage.h**.

```
00461 { return m_header.bpp; }
```

### **BYTE CPGFImage::ChannelDepth () const**`[inline]`

Return bits per channel of the image's encoder.

#### **Returns**

Bits per channel

Definition at line 406 of file **PGFImage.h**.

```
00406 { return MaxChannelDepth(m_preHeader.version); }
```

### **UINT32 CPGFImage::ChannelHeight (int c = 0) const**`[inline]`

Return current image height of given channel in pixels. The returned height depends on the levels read so far and on ROI.

#### **Parameters**

<i>c</i>	A channel index
----------	-----------------

#### **Returns**

Channel height in pixels

Definition at line 401 of file **PGFImage.h**.

```
00401 { ASSERT(c >= 0 && c < MaxChannels); return m_height[c]; }
```

### **BYTE CPGFImage::Channels () const**`[inline]`

Return the number of image channels. An image of type RGB contains 3 image channels (B, G, R).

#### **Returns**

Number of image channels

Definition at line 448 of file **PGFImage.h**.

```
00448 { return m_header.channels; }
```

### **UINT32 CPGFImage::ChannelWidth (int c = 0) const**`[inline]`

Return current image width of given channel in pixels. The returned width depends on the levels read so far and on ROI.

#### **Parameters**

<i>c</i>	A channel index
----------	-----------------

#### **Returns**

Channel width in pixels

Definition at line 394 of file **PGFImage.h**.

```
00394 { ASSERT(c >= 0 && c < MaxChannels); return m_width[c]; }
```

### UINT16 CPGFImage::Clamp16 (DataT v) const[inline], [private]

Definition at line 573 of file PGFImage.h.

```
00573 {
00574     if (v & 0xFFFF0000) return (v < 0) ? (UINT16)0: (UINT16)65535;
else return (UINT16)v;
00575 }
```

### UINT32 CPGFImage::Clamp31 (DataT v) const[inline], [private]

Definition at line 576 of file PGFImage.h.

```
00576 {
00577     return (v < 0) ? 0 : (UINT32)v;
00578 }
```

### UINT8 CPGFImage::Clamp4 (DataT v) const[inline], [private]

Definition at line 563 of file PGFImage.h.

```
00563 {
00564     if (v & 0xFFFFFFF0) return (v < 0) ? (UINT8)0: (UINT8)15; else
return (UINT8)v;
00565 }
```

### UINT16 CPGFImage::Clamp6 (DataT v) const[inline], [private]

Definition at line 566 of file PGFImage.h.

```
00566 {
00567     if (v & 0xFFFFF0C0) return (v < 0) ? (UINT16)0: (UINT16)63; else
return (UINT16)v;
00568 }
```

### UINT8 CPGFImage::Clamp8 (DataT v) const[inline], [private]

Definition at line 569 of file PGFImage.h.

```
00569 {
00570     // needs only one test in the normal case
00571     if (v & 0xFFFFF000) return (v < 0) ? (UINT8)0 : (UINT8)255; else
return (UINT8)v;
00572 }
```

### BYTE CPGFImage::CodecMajorVersion (BYTE version = PGFVersion)[static]

Return major version.

Return codec major version.

#### Parameters

<i>version</i>	pgf pre-header version number
----------------	-------------------------------

#### Returns

PGF major of given version

Definition at line 768 of file PGFImage.cpp.

```
00768 {
00769     if (version & Version7) return 7;
00770     if (version & Version6) return 6;
00771     if (version & Version5) return 5;
00772     if (version & Version2) return 2;
00773     return 1;
}
```



**bool CPGFImage::CompleteHeader () [private]**Definition at line 218 of file **PGFImage.cpp**.

```

00218         {
00219             // set current codec version
00220             m_header.version = PGFVersionNumber(PGFMajorNumber, PGFYear, PGFWeek);
00221
00222             if (m_header.mode == ImageModeUnknown) {
00223                 // undefined mode
00224                 switch(m_header.bpp) {
00225                     case 1: m_header.mode = ImageModeBitmap; break;
00226                     case 8: m_header.mode = ImageModeGrayScale; break;
00227                     case 12: m_header.mode = ImageModeRGB12; break;
00228                     case 16: m_header.mode = ImageModeRGB16; break;
00229                     case 24: m_header.mode = ImageModeRGBColor; break;
00230                     case 32: m_header.mode = ImageModeRGBA; break;
00231                     case 48: m_header.mode = ImageModeRGB48; break;
00232                     default: m_header.mode = ImageModeRGBColor; break;
00233                 }
00234             }
00235             if (!m_header.bpp) {
00236                 // undefined bpp
00237                 switch(m_header.mode) {
00238                     case ImageModeBitmap:
00239                         m_header.bpp = 1;
00240                         break;
00241                     case ImageModeIndexedColor:
00242                     case ImageModeGrayScale:
00243                         m_header.bpp = 8;
00244                         break;
00245                     case ImageModeRGB12:
00246                         m_header.bpp = 12;
00247                         break;
00248                     case ImageModeRGB16:
00249                     case ImageModeGray16:
00250                         m_header.bpp = 16;
00251                         break;
00252                     case ImageModeRGBColor:
00253                     case ImageModeLabColor:
00254                         m_header.bpp = 24;
00255                         break;
00256                     case ImageModeRGBA:
00257                     case ImageModeCMYKColor:
00258                     case ImageModeGray32:
00259                         m_header.bpp = 32;
00260                         break;
00261                     case ImageModeRGB48:
00262                     case ImageModeLab48:
00263                         m_header.bpp = 48;
00264                         break;
00265                     case ImageModeCMYK64:
00266                         m_header.bpp = 64;
00267                         break;
00268                     default:
00269                         ASSERT(false);
00270                         m_header.bpp = 24;
00271                 }
00272             }
00273             if (m_header.mode == ImageModeRGBColor && m_header.bpp == 32) {
00274                 // change mode
00275                 m_header.mode = ImageModeRGBA;
00276             }
00277             if (m_header.mode == ImageModeBitmap && m_header.bpp != 1) return false;
00278             if (m_header.mode == ImageModeIndexedColor && m_header.bpp != 8) return
false;
00279             if (m_header.mode == ImageModeGrayScale && m_header.bpp != 8) return
false;
00280             if (m_header.mode == ImageModeGray16 && m_header.bpp != 16) return false;
00281             if (m_header.mode == ImageModeGray32 && m_header.bpp != 32) return false;
00282             if (m_header.mode == ImageModeRGBColor && m_header.bpp != 24) return
false;
00283             if (m_header.mode == ImageModeRGBA && m_header.bpp != 32) return false;

```

```

00284     if (m_header.mode == ImageModeRGB12 && m_header.bpp != 12) return false;
00285     if (m_header.mode == ImageModeRGB16 && m_header.bpp != 16) return false;
00286     if (m_header.mode == ImageModeRGB48 && m_header.bpp != 48) return false;
00287     if (m_header.mode == ImageModeLabColor && m_header.bpp != 24) return
false;
00288     if (m_header.mode == ImageModeLab48 && m_header.bpp != 48) return false;
00289     if (m_header.mode == ImageModeCMYKColor && m_header.bpp != 32) return
false;
00290     if (m_header.mode == ImageModeCMYK64 && m_header.bpp != 64) return false;
00291
00292     // set number of channels
00293     if (!m_header.channels) {
00294         switch(m_header.mode) {
00295             case ImageModeBitmap:
00296             case ImageModeIndexedColor:
00297             case ImageModeGrayscale:
00298             case ImageModeGray16:
00299             case ImageModeGray32:
00300                 m_header.channels = 1;
00301                 break;
00302             case ImageModeRGBColor:
00303             case ImageModeRGB12:
00304             case ImageModeRGB16:
00305             case ImageModeRGB48:
00306             case ImageModeLabColor:
00307             case ImageModeLab48:
00308                 m_header.channels = 3;
00309                 break;
00310             case ImageModeRGBA:
00311             case ImageModeCMYKColor:
00312             case ImageModeCMYK64:
00313                 m_header.channels = 4;
00314                 break;
00315             default:
00316                 return false;
00317         }
00318     }
00319
00320     // store used bits per channel
00321     UINT8 bpc = m_header.bpp/m_header.channels;
00322     if (bpc > 31) bpc = 31;
00323     if (!m_header.usedBitsPerChannel || m_header.usedBitsPerChannel > bpc)
{
00324         m_header.usedBitsPerChannel = bpc;
00325     }
00326
00327     return true;
00328 }

```

### PGFRect CPGFImage::ComputeLevelROI () const

Return ROI of channel 0 at current level in pixels. The returned rect is only valid after reading a ROI.

#### Returns

ROI in pixels

### void CPGFImage::ComputeLevels () [private]

Definition at line 854 of file PGFImage.cpp.

```

00854     {
00855         const int maxThumbnailWidth = 20*FilterSize;
00856         const int m = __min(m_header.width, m_header.height);
00857         int s = m;
00858
00859         if (m_header.nLevels < 1 || m_header.nLevels > MaxLevel) {
00860             m_header.nLevels = 1;
00861             // compute a good value depending on the size of the image
00862             while (s > maxThumbnailWidth) {
00863                 m_header.nLevels++;
00864                 s >>= 1;
00865             }

```

```

00866     }
00867
00868     int levels = m_header.nLevels; // we need a signed value during level
reduction
00869
00870     // reduce number of levels if the image size is smaller than
FilterSize*(2^levels)
00871     s = FilterSize*(1 << levels); // must be at least the double filter
size because of subsampling
00872     while (m < s) {
00873         levels--;
00874         s >>= 1;
00875     }
00876     if (levels > MaxLevel) m_header.nLevels = MaxLevel;
00877     else if (levels < 0) m_header.nLevels = 0;
00878     else m_header.nLevels = (UINT8)levels;
00879
00880     // used in Write when PM_Absolute
00881     m_percent = pow(0.25, m_header.nLevels);
00882
00883     ASSERT(0 <= m_header.nLevels && m_header.nLevels <= MaxLevel);
00884 }

```

**void CPGFImage::ConfigureDecoder (bool useOMP = true, UserdataPolicy policy = UP\_CacheAll, UINT32 prefixSize = 0)[inline]**

Configures the decoder.

#### Parameters

<i>useOMP</i>	Use parallel threading with Open MP during decoding. Default value: true. Influences the decoding only if the codec has been compiled with OpenMP support.
<i>policy</i>	The file might contain user data (e.g. metadata). The policy defines the behaviour during <b>Open()</b> . <b>UP_CacheAll</b> : User data is read and stored completely in a new allocated memory block. It can be accessed by <b>GetUserData()</b> . <b>UP_CachePrefix</b> : Only prefixSize bytes at the beginning of the user data are stored in a new allocated memory block. It can be accessed by <b>GetUserData()</b> . <b>UP_Skip</b> : User data is skipped and nothing is cached.
<i>prefixSize</i>	Is only used in combination with <b>UP_CachePrefix</b> . It defines the number of bytes cached.

Definition at line 260 of file **PGFImage.h**.

```

00260 { ASSERT(prefixSize <= MaxUserDataSize); m_useOMPInDecoder = useOMP;
m_userDataPolicy = (UP_CachePrefix) ? prefixSize : 0xFFFFFFFF - policy; }

```

**void CPGFImage::ConfigureEncoder (bool useOMP = true, bool favorSpeedOverSize = false)[inline]**

Configures the encoder.

#### Parameters

<i>useOMP</i>	Use parallel threading with Open MP during encoding. Default value: true. Influences the encoding only if the codec has been compiled with OpenMP support.
<i>favorSpeedOverSize</i>	Favors encoding speed over compression ratio. Default value: false

Definition at line 250 of file **PGFImage.h**.

```

00250 { m_useOMPInEncoder = useOMP; m_favorSpeedOverSize = favorSpeedOverSize; }

```

**void CPGFImage::Destroy ()**

Definition at line 124 of file **PGFImage.cpp**.

```

00124     {
00125     for (int i = 0; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
00126         delete m_wtChannel[i]; // also deletes m_channel
00127     }

```

```

00128     delete[] m_postHeader.userData;
00129     delete[] m_levelLength;
00130     delete m_decoder;
00131     delete m_encoder;
00132
00133     if (m_currentLevel != -100) Init();
00134 }

```

**void CPGFImage::Downsample (int *nChannel*)[private]**

Definition at line 810 of file PGFImage.cpp.

```

00810     {
00811         ASSERT(ch > 0);
00812
00813         const int w = m_width[0];
00814         const int w2 = w/2;
00815         const int h2 = m_height[0]/2;
00816         const int oddW = w%2; // don't use bool ->
problems with MaxSpeed optimization
00817         const int oddH = m_height[0]%2; // "
00818         int loPos = 0;
00819         int hiPos = w;
00820         int sampledPos = 0;
00821         DataT* buff = m_channel[ch]; ASSERT(buff);
00822
00823         for (int i=0; i < h2; i++) {
00824             for (int j=0; j < w2; j++) {
00825                 // compute average of pixel block
00826                 buff[sampledPos] = (buff[loPos] + buff[loPos + 1] +
buff[hiPos] + buff[hiPos + 1]) >> 2;
00827                 loPos += 2; hiPos += 2;
00828                 sampledPos++;
00829             }
00830             if (oddW) {
00831                 buff[sampledPos] = (buff[loPos] + buff[hiPos]) >> 1;
00832                 loPos++; hiPos++;
00833                 sampledPos++;
00834             }
00835             loPos += w; hiPos += w;
00836         }
00837         if (oddH) {
00838             for (int j=0; j < w2; j++) {
00839                 buff[sampledPos] = (buff[loPos] + buff[loPos+1]) >> 1;
00840                 loPos += 2; hiPos += 2;
00841                 sampledPos++;
00842             }
00843             if (oddW) {
00844                 buff[sampledPos] = buff[loPos];
00845             }
00846         }
00847
00848         // downsampled image has half width and half height
00849         m_width[ch] = (m_width[ch] + 1)/2;
00850         m_height[ch] = (m_height[ch] + 1)/2;
00851     }

```

**PGFRect CPGFImage::GetAlignedROI (int *c* = 0) const[private]**

**void CPGFImage::GetBitmap (int *pitch*, UINT8 \* *buff*, BYTE *bpp*, int *channelMap*[]  
= nullptr, CallbackPtr *cb* = nullptr, void \* *data* = nullptr) const**

Get image data in interleaved format: (ordering of RGB data is BGR[A]) Upsampling, YUV to RGB transform and interleaving are done here to reduce the number of passes over the data. The absolute value of pitch is the number of bytes of an image row of the given image buffer. If pitch is negative, then the image buffer must point to the last row of a bottom-up image (first byte on last row). if pitch is positive, then the image buffer must point to the first row of a top-down image (first byte). The sequence of output channels in the output image buffer does not need to be the same as provided by PGF. In case of different sequences you have to provide a channelMap of size of expected

channels (depending on image mode). For example, PGF provides a channel sequence BGR in RGB color mode. If your provided image buffer expects a channel sequence ARGB, then the channelMap looks like { 3, 2, 1, 0 }. It might throw an **IOException**.

### Parameters

<i>pitch</i>	The number of bytes of a row of the image buffer.
<i>buff</i>	An image buffer.
<i>bpp</i>	The number of bits per pixel used in image buffer.
<i>channelMap</i>	A integer array containing the mapping of PGF channel ordering to expected channel ordering.
<i>cb</i>	A pointer to a callback procedure. The procedure is called after each copied buffer row. If cb returns true, then it stops proceeding.
<i>data</i>	Data Pointer to C++ class container to host callback procedure.

Definition at line 1789 of file **PGFimage.cpp**.

```

01789
{
01790     ASSERT(buff);
01791     UINT32 w = m_width[0]; // width of decoded image
01792     UINT32 h = m_height[0]; // height of decoded image
01793     UINT32 yw = w; // y-channel width
01794     UINT32 uw = m_width[1]; // u-channel width
01795     UINT32 roiOffsetX = 0;
01796     UINT32 roiOffsetY = 0;
01797     UINT32 yOffset = 0;
01798     UINT32 uOffset = 0;
01799
01800 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
01801     const PGFRect& roi = GetAlignedROI(); // in pixels, roi is usually larger
than levelRoi
01802     ASSERT(w == roi.Width() && h == roi.Height());
01803     const PGFRect levelRoi = ComputeLevelROI();
01804     ASSERT(roi.left <= levelRoi.left && levelRoi.right <= roi.right);
01805     ASSERT(roi.top <= levelRoi.top && levelRoi.bottom <= roi.bottom);
01806
01807     if (ROIisSupported() && (levelRoi.Width() < w || levelRoi.Height() < h))
{
01808         // ROI is used
01809         w = levelRoi.Width();
01810         h = levelRoi.Height();
01811         roiOffsetX = levelRoi.left - roi.left;
01812         roiOffsetY = levelRoi.top - roi.top;
01813         yOffset = roiOffsetX + roiOffsetY*yw;
01814
01815         if (m_downsample) {
01816             const PGFRect& downsampledRoi = GetAlignedROI(1);
01817             uOffset = levelRoi.left/2 - downsampledRoi.left +
(levelRoi.top/2 - downsampledRoi.top)*m_width[1];
01818         } else {
01819             uOffset = yOffset;
01820         }
01821     }
01822 #endif
01823
01824     const double dP = 1.0/h;
01825     int defMap[] = { 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 };
ASSERT(sizeof(defMap)/sizeof(defMap[0]) == MaxChannels);
01826     if (channelMap == nullptr) channelMap = defMap;
01827     DataT uAvg, vAvg;
01828     double percent = 0;
01829     UINT32 i, j;
01830
01831     switch(m_header.mode) {
01832     case ImageModeBitmap:
01833     {
01834         ASSERT(m_header.channels == 1);
01835         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == 1);
01836         ASSERT(bpp == 1);
01837
01838         const UINT32 w2 = (w + 7)/8;
01839         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
01840
01841         if (m_preHeader.version & Version7) {

```

```

01842 // new unpacked version has a little better
compression ratio
01843 // since version 7
01844 for (i = 0; i < h; i++) {
01845     UINT32 cnt = 0;
01846     for (j = 0; j < w2; j++) {
01847         UINT8 byte = 0;
01848         for (int k = 0; k < 8; k++) {
01849             byte <<= 1;
01850             UINT8 bit = 0;
01851             if (cnt < w) {
01852                 bit =
y[yOffset + cnt] & 1;
01853             }
01854             byte |= bit;
01855             cnt++;
01856         }
01857         buff[j] = byte;
01858     }
01859     yOffset += yw;
01860     buff += pitch;
01861
01862     if (cb) {
01863         percent += dP;
01864         if ((*cb)(percent, true,
data)) ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01865     }
01866 }
01867 } else {
01868     // old versions
01869     // packed pixels: 8 pixel in 1 byte of channel[0]
01870     if (!(m_preHeader.version & Version5)) yw = w2;
// not version 5 or 6
01871     yOffset = roiOffsetX/8 + roiOffsetY*yw; // 1
byte in y contains 8 pixel values
01872     for (i = 0; i < h; i++) {
01873         for (j = 0; j < w2; j++) {
01874             buff[j] = Clamp8(y[yOffset +
j] + YUVoffset8);
01875         }
01876         yOffset += yw;
01877         buff += pitch;
01878
01879         if (cb) {
01880             percent += dP;
01881             if ((*cb)(percent, true,
data)) ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01882         }
01883     }
01884 }
01885     break;
01886 }
01887 case ImageModeIndexedColor:
01888 case ImageModeGrayscale:
01889 case ImageModeHSLColor:
01890 case ImageModeHSBColor:
01891 {
01892     ASSERT(m_header.channels >= 1);
01893     ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*8);
01894     ASSERT(bpp%8 == 0);
01895
01896     UINT32 cnt, channels = bpp/8; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
01897
01898     for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
01899         UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
01900         cnt = 0;
01901         for (j=0; j < w; j++) {
01902             for (UINT32 c=0; c < m_header.channels;
c++) {
01903                 buff[cnt + channelMap[c]] =
Clamp8(m_channel[c][yPos] + YUVoffset8);
01904             }
01905             cnt += channels;
01906             yPos++;
01907         }
01908         yOffset += yw;

```

```

01909             buff += pitch;
01910
01911             if (cb) {
01912                 percent += dP;
01913                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01914             }
01915         }
01916         break;
01917     }
01918     case ImageModeGray16:
01919     {
01920         ASSERT(m_header.channels >= 1);
01921         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*16);
01922
01923         const DataT yuvOffset16 = 1 << (UsedBitsPerChannel() -
1);
01924         UINT32 cnt, channels;
01925
01926         if (bpp%16 == 0) {
01927             const int shift = 16 - UsedBitsPerChannel();
ASSERT(shift >= 0);
01928             UINT16 *buff16 = (UINT16 *)buff;
01929             int pitch16 = pitch/2;
01930             channels = bpp/16; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
01931
01932             for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
01933                 UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
01934                 cnt = 0;
01935                 for (j=0; j < w; j++) {
01936                     for (UINT32 c=0; c <
m_header.channels; c++) {
01937                         buff16[cnt +
channelMap[c]] = Clamp16((m_channel[c][yPos] + yuvOffset16) << shift);
01938                     }
01939                     cnt += channels;
01940                     yPos++;
01941                 }
01942                 yOffset += yw;
01943                 buff16 += pitch16;
01944
01945                 if (cb) {
01946                     percent += dP;
01947                     if ((*cb)(percent, true,
data)) ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01948                 }
01949             }
01950         } else {
01951             ASSERT(bpp%8 == 0);
01952             const int shift = max(0, UsedBitsPerChannel()
- 8);
01953             channels = bpp/8; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
01954
01955             for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
01956                 UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
01957                 cnt = 0;
01958                 for (j=0; j < w; j++) {
01959                     for (UINT32 c=0; c <
m_header.channels; c++) {
01960                         buff[cnt +
channelMap[c]] = Clamp8((m_channel[c][yPos] + yuvOffset16) >> shift);
01961                     }
01962                     cnt += channels;
01963                     yPos++;
01964                 }
01965                 yOffset += yw;
01966                 buff += pitch;
01967
01968                 if (cb) {
01969                     percent += dP;
01970                     if ((*cb)(percent, true,
data)) ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01971                 }
01972             }
01973         }

```

```

01974                                     break;
01975     }
01976     case ImageModeRGBColor:
01977     {
01978         ASSERT(m_header.channels == 3);
01979         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*8);
01980         ASSERT(bpp%8 == 0);
01981         ASSERT(bpp >= m_header.bpp);
01982
01983         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
01984         DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
01985         DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
01986         UINT8 *buffg = &buff[channelMap[1]],
01987                *buffr = &buff[channelMap[2]],
01988                *buffb = &buff[channelMap[0]];
01989         UINT8 g;
01990         UINT32 cnt, channels = bpp/8;
01991
01992         if (m_downsample) {
01993             for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
01994                 UINT32 uPos = uOffset;
01995                 UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
01996                 cnt = 0;
01997                 for (j=0; j < w; j++) {
01998                     // u and v are downsampled
01999                     uAvg = u[uPos];
02000                     vAvg = v[uPos];
02001                     // Yuv
02002                     buffg[cnt] = g =
Clamp8(y[yPos] + YUVoffset8 - ((uAvg + vAvg) >> 2)); // must be logical shift operator
02003                     buffr[cnt] = Clamp8(uAvg + g);
02004                     buffb[cnt] = Clamp8(vAvg + g);
02005                     cnt += channels;
02006                     if (j & 1) uPos++;
02007                     yPos++;
02008                 }
02009                 if (i & 1) uOffset += uw;
02010                 yOffset += yw;
02011                 buffb += pitch;
02012                 buffg += pitch;
02013                 buffr += pitch;
02014
02015                 if (cb) {
02016                     percent += dP;
02017                     if ((*cb)(percent, true,
data)) ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02018                 }
02019             }
02020         } else {
02021             for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02022                 cnt = 0;
02023                 UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
02024                 for (j = 0; j < w; j++) {
02025                     uAvg = u[yPos];
02026                     vAvg = v[yPos];
02027                     // Yuv
02028                     buffg[cnt] = g =
Clamp8(y[yPos] + YUVoffset8 - ((uAvg + vAvg) >> 2)); // must be logical shift operator
02029                     buffr[cnt] = Clamp8(uAvg + g);
02030                     buffb[cnt] = Clamp8(vAvg + g);
02031                     cnt += channels;
02032                     yPos++;
02033                 }
02034                 yOffset += yw;
02035                 buffb += pitch;
02036                 buffg += pitch;
02037                 buffr += pitch;
02038
02039                 if (cb) {
02040                     percent += dP;
02041                     if ((*cb)(percent, true,
data)) ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02042                 }
02043             }
02044         }
02045     }
02046     break;

```



```

02047     }
02048     case ImageModeRGB48:
02049     {
02050         ASSERT(m_header.channels == 3);
02051         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == 48);
02052
02053         const DataT yuvOffset16 = 1 << (UsedBitsPerChannel() -
02054 1);
02055
02056         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
02057         DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
02058         DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
02059         UINT32 cnt, channels;
02060         DataT g;
02061
02062         if (bpp >= 48 && bpp%16 == 0) {
02063             const int shift = 16 - UsedBitsPerChannel();
02064             ASSERT(shift >= 0);
02065             UINT16 *buff16 = (UINT16 *)buff;
02066             int pitch16 = pitch/2;
02067             channels = bpp/16; ASSERT(channels >=
02068 m_header.channels);
02069
02070             for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02071                 UINT32 uPos = uOffset;
02072                 UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
02073                 cnt = 0;
02074                 for (j=0; j < w; j++) {
02075                     uAvg = u[uPos];
02076                     vAvg = v[uPos];
02077                     // Yuv
02078                     g = y[yPos] + yuvOffset16 -
02079 ((uAvg + vAvg) >> 2); // must be logical shift operator
02080                     buff16[cnt + channelMap[1]] =
02081 Clamp16(g << shift);
02082                     buff16[cnt + channelMap[2]] =
02083 Clamp16((uAvg + g) << shift);
02084                     buff16[cnt + channelMap[0]] =
02085 Clamp16((vAvg + g) << shift);
02086                     cnt += channels;
02087                     if (!m_downsample || (j & 1))
02088                         yPos++;
02089                 }
02090                 if (!m_downsample || (i & 1)) uOffset
02091 += uw;
02092                 yOffset += yw;
02093                 buff16 += pitch16;
02094
02095                 if (cb) {
02096                     percent += dP;
02097                     if ((*cb)(percent, true,
02098 data)) ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02099                 }
02100             } else {
02101                 ASSERT(bpp%8 == 0);
02102                 const int shift = __max(0, UsedBitsPerChannel()
02103 - 8);
02104                 channels = bpp/8; ASSERT(channels >=
02105 m_header.channels);
02106
02107                 for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02108                     UINT32 uPos = uOffset;
02109                     UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
02110                     cnt = 0;
02111                     for (j=0; j < w; j++) {
02112                         uAvg = u[uPos];
02113                         vAvg = v[uPos];
02114                         // Yuv
02115                         g = y[yPos] + yuvOffset16 -
02116 ((uAvg + vAvg) >> 2); // must be logical shift operator
02117                         buff[cnt + channelMap[1]] =
02118 Clamp8(g >> shift);
02119                         buff[cnt + channelMap[2]] =
02120 Clamp8((uAvg + g) >> shift);

```

```

02108                                     buff[cnt + channelMap[0]] =
Clamp8((vAvg + g) >> shift);
02109                                     cnt += channels;
02110                                     if (!m_downsample || (j & 1))
uPos++;
02111                                     yPos++;
02112                                     }
02113                                     if (!m_downsample || (i & 1)) uOffset
+= uw;
02114                                     yOffset += yw;
02115                                     buff += pitch;
02116
02117                                     if (cb) {
02118                                         percent += dP;
02119                                         if ((*cb)(percent, true,
data)) ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02120                                     }
02121                                     }
02122                                     }
02123                                     break;
02124                                     }
02125     case ImageModeLabColor:
02126     {
02127         ASSERT(m_header.channels == 3);
02128         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*8);
02129         ASSERT(bpp%8 == 0);
02130
02131         DataT* l = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(l);
02132         DataT* a = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(a);
02133         DataT* b = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(b);
02134         UINT32 cnt, channels = bpp/8; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
02135
02136         for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02137             UINT32 uPos = uOffset;
02138             UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
02139             cnt = 0;
02140             for (j=0; j < w; j++) {
02141                 uAvg = a[uPos];
02142                 vAvg = b[uPos];
02143                 buff[cnt + channelMap[0]] =
Clamp8(l[yPos] + YUvOffset8);
02144                 buff[cnt + channelMap[1]] =
Clamp8(uAvg + YUvOffset8);
02145                 buff[cnt + channelMap[2]] =
Clamp8(vAvg + YUvOffset8);
02146                 cnt += channels;
02147                 if (!m_downsample || (j & 1)) uPos++;
02148                 yPos++;
02149             }
02150             if (!m_downsample || (i & 1)) uOffset += uw;
02151             yOffset += yw;
02152             buff += pitch;
02153
02154             if (cb) {
02155                 percent += dP;
02156                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02157             }
02158             }
02159             break;
02160             }
02161     case ImageModeLab48:
02162     {
02163         ASSERT(m_header.channels == 3);
02164         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*16);
02165
02166         const DataT yuvOffset16 = 1 << (UsedBitsPerChannel() -
1);
02167
02168         DataT* l = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(l);
02169         DataT* a = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(a);
02170         DataT* b = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(b);
02171         UINT32 cnt, channels;
02172
02173         if (bpp%16 == 0) {

```

```

02174                                     const int shift = 16 - UsedBitsPerChannel();
ASSERT(shift >= 0);
02175                                     UINT16 *buff16 = (UINT16 *)buff;
02176                                     int pitch16 = pitch/2;
02177                                     channels = bpp/16; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
02178
02179                                     for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02180                                         UINT32 uPos = uOffset;
02181                                         UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
02182                                         cnt = 0;
02183                                         for (j=0; j < w; j++) {
02184                                             uAvg = a[uPos];
02185                                             vAvg = b[uPos];
02186                                             buff16[cnt + channelMap[0]] =
Clamp16((l[yPos] + yuvOffset16) << shift);
02187                                             buff16[cnt + channelMap[1]] =
Clamp16((uAvg + yuvOffset16) << shift);
02188                                             buff16[cnt + channelMap[2]] =
Clamp16((vAvg + yuvOffset16) << shift);
02189                                             cnt += channels;
02190                                             if (!m_downsample || (j & 1))
uPos++;
02191                                             yPos++;
02192                                         }
02193                                         if (!m_downsample || (i & 1)) uOffset
+= uw;
02194                                         yOffset += yw;
02195                                         buff16 += pitch16;
02196
02197                                         if (cb) {
02198                                             percent += dP;
02199                                             if ((*cb)(percent, true,
data)) ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02200                                         }
02201                                     }
02202                                     } else {
02203                                         ASSERT(bpp%8 == 0);
02204                                         const int shift = __max(0, UsedBitsPerChannel()
- 8);
02205                                         channels = bpp/8; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
02206
02207                                         for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02208                                             UINT32 uPos = uOffset;
02209                                             UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
02210                                             cnt = 0;
02211                                             for (j=0; j < w; j++) {
02212                                                 uAvg = a[uPos];
02213                                                 vAvg = b[uPos];
02214                                                 buff[cnt + channelMap[0]] =
Clamp8((l[yPos] + yuvOffset16) >> shift);
02215                                                 buff[cnt + channelMap[1]] =
Clamp8((uAvg + yuvOffset16) >> shift);
02216                                                 buff[cnt + channelMap[2]] =
Clamp8((vAvg + yuvOffset16) >> shift);
02217                                                 cnt += channels;
02218                                                 if (!m_downsample || (j & 1))
uPos++;
02219                                                 yPos++;
02220                                             }
02221                                             if (!m_downsample || (i & 1)) uOffset
+= uw;
02222                                             yOffset += yw;
02223                                             buff += pitch;
02224
02225                                             if (cb) {
02226                                                 percent += dP;
02227                                                 if ((*cb)(percent, true,
data)) ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02228                                             }
02229                                         }
02230                                     }
02231                                     break;
02232                                 }
02233                                 case ImageModeRGBA:
02234                                 case ImageModeCMYKColor:

```

```

02235         {
02236             ASSERT(m_header.channels == 4);
02237             ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*8);
02238             ASSERT(bpp%8 == 0);
02239
02240             DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
02241             DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
02242             DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
02243             DataT* a = m_channel[3]; ASSERT(a);
02244             UINT8 g, aAvg;
02245             UINT32 cnt, channels = bpp/8; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
02246
02247             for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02248                 UINT32 uPos = uOffset;
02249                 UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
02250                 cnt = 0;
02251                 for (j=0; j < w; j++) {
02252                     uAvg = u[uPos];
02253                     vAvg = v[uPos];
02254                     aAvg = Clamp8(a[uPos] + YUVoffset8);
02255                     // Yuv
02256                     buff[cnt + channelMap[1]] = g =
Clamp8(y[yPos] + YUVoffset8 - ((uAvg + vAvg) >> 2)); // must be logical shift operator
02257                     buff[cnt + channelMap[2]] =
Clamp8(uAvg + g);
02258                     buff[cnt + channelMap[0]] =
Clamp8(vAvg + g);
02259                     buff[cnt + channelMap[3]] = aAvg;
02260                     cnt += channels;
02261                     if (!m_downsample || (j & 1)) uPos++;
02262                     yPos++;
02263                 }
02264                 if (!m_downsample || (i & 1)) uOffset += uw;
02265                 yOffset += yw;
02266                 buff += pitch;
02267
02268                 if (cb) {
02269                     percent += dP;
02270                     if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError (EscapePressed);
02271                 }
02272             }
02273             break;
02274         }
02275         case ImageModeCMYK64:
02276         {
02277             ASSERT(m_header.channels == 4);
02278             ASSERT(m_header.bpp == 64);
02279
02280             const DataT yuvOffset16 = 1 << (UsedBitsPerChannel() -
1);
02281
02282             DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
02283             DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
02284             DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
02285             DataT* a = m_channel[3]; ASSERT(a);
02286             DataT g, aAvg;
02287             UINT32 cnt, channels;
02288
02289             if (bpp%16 == 0) {
02290                 const int shift = 16 - UsedBitsPerChannel();
02291                 ASSERT(shift >= 0);
02292                 UINT16 *buff16 = (UINT16 *)buff;
02293                 int pitch16 = pitch/2;
02294                 channels = bpp/16; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
02295
02296                 for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02297                     UINT32 uPos = uOffset;
02298                     UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
02299                     cnt = 0;
02300                     for (j=0; j < w; j++) {
02301                         uAvg = u[uPos];
02302                         vAvg = v[uPos];
02303                         aAvg = a[uPos] + yuvOffset16;
02304                         // Yuv

```

```

02304                                     g = y[yPos] + yuvOffset16 -
((uAvg + vAvg ) >> 2); // must be logical shift operator
02305                                     buff16[cnt + channelMap[1]] =
Clamp16(g << shift);
02306                                     buff16[cnt + channelMap[2]] =
Clamp16((uAvg + g) << shift);
02307                                     buff16[cnt + channelMap[0]] =
Clamp16((vAvg + g) << shift);
02308                                     buff16[cnt + channelMap[3]] =
Clamp16(aAvg << shift);
02309                                     cnt += channels;
02310                                     if (!m_downsample || (j & 1))
uPos++;
02311                                     yPos++;
02312                                     }
02313                                     if (!m_downsample || (i & 1)) uOffset
+= uw;
02314                                     yOffset += yw;
02315                                     buff16 += pitch16;
02316
02317                                     if (cb) {
02318                                         percent += dP;
02319                                         if ((*cb)(percent, true,
data)) ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02320                                     }
02321                                     }
02322                                     } else {
02323                                         ASSERT(bpp%8 == 0);
02324                                         const int shift = __max(0, UsedBitsPerChannel()
- 8);
02325                                         channels = bpp/8; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
02326
02327                                         for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02328                                             UINT32 uPos = uOffset;
02329                                             UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
02330                                             cnt = 0;
02331                                             for (j=0; j < w; j++) {
02332                                                 uAvg = u[uPos];
02333                                                 vAvg = v[uPos];
02334                                                 aAvg = a[uPos] + yuvOffset16;
02335                                                 // Yuv
02336                                                 g = y[yPos] + yuvOffset16 -
((uAvg + vAvg ) >> 2); // must be logical shift operator
02337                                                 buff[cnt + channelMap[1]] =
Clamp8(g >> shift);
02338                                                 buff[cnt + channelMap[2]] =
Clamp8((uAvg + g) >> shift);
02339                                                 buff[cnt + channelMap[0]] =
Clamp8((vAvg + g) >> shift);
02340                                                 buff[cnt + channelMap[3]] =
Clamp8(aAvg >> shift);
02341                                                 cnt += channels;
02342                                                 if (!m_downsample || (j & 1))
uPos++;
02343                                                 yPos++;
02344                                             }
02345                                             if (!m_downsample || (i & 1)) uOffset
+= uw;
02346                                             yOffset += yw;
02347                                             buff += pitch;
02348
02349                                             if (cb) {
02350                                                 percent += dP;
02351                                                 if ((*cb)(percent, true,
data)) ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02352                                             }
02353                                         }
02354                                     }
02355                                     break;
02356                                 }
02357 #ifdef __PGF32SUPPORT__
02358     case ImageModeGray32:
02359     {
02360         ASSERT(m_header.channels == 1);
02361         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == 32);
02362

```

```

02363         const int yuvOffset31 = 1 << (UsedBitsPerChannel() - 1);
02364         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
02365
02366         if (bpp == 32) {
02367             const int shift = 31 - UsedBitsPerChannel();
ASSERT(shift >= 0);
02368             UINT32 *buff32 = (UINT32 *)buff;
02369             int pitch32 = pitch/4;
02370
02371             for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02372                 UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
02373                 for (j = 0; j < w; j++) {
02374                     buff32[j] =
Clamp31((y[yPos++] + yuvOffset31) << shift);
02375                 }
02376                 yOffset += yw;
02377                 buff32 += pitch32;
02378
02379                 if (cb) {
02380                     percent += dP;
02381                     if ((*cb)(percent, true,
data)) ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02382                 }
02383             }
02384         } else if (bpp == 16) {
02385             const int usedBits = UsedBitsPerChannel();
02386             UINT16 *buff16 = (UINT16 *)buff;
02387             int pitch16 = pitch/2;
02388
02389             if (usedBits < 16) {
02390                 const int shift = 16 - usedBits;
02391                 for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02392                     UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
02393                     for (j = 0; j < w; j++) {
02394                         buff16[j] =
Clamp16((y[yPos++] + yuvOffset31) << shift);
02395                     }
02396                     yOffset += yw;
02397                     buff16 += pitch16;
02398
02399                     if (cb) {
02400                         percent += dP;
02401                         if ((*cb)(percent,
true, data)) ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02402                     }
02403                 }
02404             } else {
02405                 const int shift = __max(0, usedBits -
16);
02406                 for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02407                     UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
02408                     for (j = 0; j < w; j++) {
02409                         buff16[j] =
Clamp16((y[yPos++] + yuvOffset31) >> shift);
02410                     }
02411                     yOffset += yw;
02412                     buff16 += pitch16;
02413
02414                     if (cb) {
02415                         percent += dP;
02416                         if ((*cb)(percent,
true, data)) ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02417                     }
02418                 }
02419             }
02420         } else {
02421             ASSERT(bpp == 8);
02422             const int shift = __max(0, UsedBitsPerChannel()
- 8);
02423
02424             for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02425                 UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
02426                 for (j = 0; j < w; j++) {
02427                     buff[j] = Clamp8((y[yPos++] +
yuvOffset31) >> shift);
02428                 }
02429                 yOffset += yw;

```

```

02430             buff += pitch;
02431
02432             if (cb) {
02433                 percent += dP;
02434                 if ((*cb)(percent, true,
data)) ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02435             }
02436         }
02437     }
02438     break;
02439 }
02440 #endif
02441     case ImageModeRGB12:
02442     {
02443         ASSERT(m_header.channels == 3);
02444         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*4);
02445         ASSERT(bpp == m_header.channels*4);
02446         ASSERT(!m_downsample);
02447
02448         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
02449         DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
02450         DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
02451         UINT16 yval;
02452         UINT32 cnt;
02453
02454         for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02455             UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
02456             cnt = 0;
02457             for (j=0; j < w; j++) {
02458                 // Yuv
02459                 uAvg = u[yPos];
02460                 vAvg = v[yPos];
02461                 yval = Clamp4(y[yPos] + YUVoffset4 -
((uAvg + vAvg) >> 2)); // must be logical shift operator
02462                 if (j%2 == 0) {
02463                     buff[cnt] = UINT8(Clamp4(vAvg
+ yval) | (yval << 4));
02464                     cnt++;
02465                     buff[cnt] = Clamp4(uAvg +
yval);
02466                 } else {
02467                     buff[cnt] |= Clamp4(vAvg +
yval) << 4;
02468                     cnt++;
02469                     buff[cnt] = UINT8(yval |
Clamp4(uAvg + yval) << 4);
02470                     cnt++;
02471                 }
02472                 yPos++;
02473             }
02474             yOffset += yw;
02475             buff += pitch;
02476
02477             if (cb) {
02478                 percent += dP;
02479                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02480             }
02481         }
02482     break;
02483     }
02484     case ImageModeRGB16:
02485     {
02486         ASSERT(m_header.channels == 3);
02487         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == 16);
02488         ASSERT(bpp == 16);
02489         ASSERT(!m_downsample);
02490
02491         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
02492         DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
02493         DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
02494         UINT16 yval;
02495         UINT16 *buff16 = (UINT16 *)buff;
02496         int pitch16 = pitch/2;
02497
02498         for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02499             UINT32 yPos = yOffset;

```

```

02500         for (j = 0; j < w; j++) {
02501             // Yuv
02502             uAvg = u[yPos];
02503             vAvg = v[yPos];
02504             yval = Clamp6(y[yPos++] + YUVoffset6 -
((uAvg + vAvg) >> 2)); // must be logical shift operator
02505             buff16[j] = (yval << 5) | ((Clamp6(uAvg
+ yval) >> 1) << 11) | (Clamp6(vAvg + yval) >> 1);
02506         }
02507         yOffset += yw;
02508         buff16 += pitch16;
02509
02510         if (cb) {
02511             percent += dP;
02512             if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02513         }
02514     }
02515     break;
02516 }
02517 default:
02518     ASSERT(false);
02519 }
02520
02521 #ifdef _DEBUG
02522 // display ROI (RGB) in debugger
02523 roiimage.width = w;
02524 roiimage.height = h;
02525 if (pitch > 0) {
02526     roiimage.pitch = pitch;
02527     roiimage.data = buff;
02528 } else {
02529     roiimage.pitch = -pitch;
02530     roiimage.data = buff + (h - 1)*pitch;
02531 }
02532 #endif
02533
02534 }

```

### DataT \* CPGFImage::GetChannel (int c = 0) [inline]

Return an internal YUV image channel.

#### Parameters

<i>c</i>	A channel index
----------	-----------------

#### Returns

An internal YUV image channel

Definition at line 317 of file **PGFImage.h**.

```
00317 { ASSERT(c >= 0 && c < MaxChannels); return m_channel[c]; }
```

### const RGBQUAD \* CPGFImage::GetColorTable () const [inline]

#### Returns

Address of color table

Definition at line 330 of file **PGFImage.h**.

```
00330 { return m_postHeader.clut; }
```

### void CPGFImage::GetColorTable (UINT32 iFirstColor, UINT32 nColors, RGBQUAD \* prgbColors) const

Retrieves red, green, blue (RGB) color values from a range of entries in the palette of the DIB section. It might throw an **IOException**.

#### Parameters

<i>iFirstColor</i>	The color table index of the first entry to retrieve.
<i>nColors</i>	The number of color table entries to retrieve.



<i>prgbColors</i>	A pointer to the array of RGBQUAD structures to retrieve the color table entries.
-------------------	---

Definition at line **1350** of file **PGFImage.cpp**.

```
01350
{
01351     if (iFirstColor + nColors > ColorTableLen)
ReturnWithError (ColorTableError);
01352
01353     for (UINT32 i=iFirstColor, j=0; j < nColors; i++, j++) {
01354         prgbColors[j] = m postHeader.clut[i];
01355     }
01356 }
```

### UINT32 CPGFImage::GetEncodedHeaderLength () const

Return the length of all encoded headers in bytes. Precondition: The PGF image has been opened with a call of Open(...).

#### Returns

The length of all encoded headers in bytes

Definition at line **648** of file **PGFImage.cpp**.

```
00648                                     {
00649     ASSERT(m_decoder);
00650     return m_decoder->GetEncodedHeaderLength();
00651 }
```

### UINT32 CPGFImage::GetEncodedLevelLength (int level) const[inline]

Return the length of an encoded PGF level in bytes. Precondition: The PGF image has been opened with a call of Open(...).

#### Parameters

<i>level</i>	The image level
--------------	-----------------

#### Returns

The length of a PGF level in bytes

Definition at line **367** of file **PGFImage.h**.

```
00367 { ASSERT(level >= 0 && level < m_header.nLevels); return
m_levelLength[m_header.nLevels - level - 1]; }
```

### const PGFHeader \* CPGFImage::GetHeader () const[inline]

Return the PGF header structure.

#### Returns

A PGF header structure

Definition at line **335** of file **PGFImage.h**.

```
00335 { return &m_header; }
```

### UINT32 CPGFImage::GetMaxValue () const[inline]

Get maximum intensity value for image modes with more than eight bits per channel. Don't call this method before the PGF header has been read.

#### Returns

The maximum intensity value.

Definition at line **341** of file **PGFImage.h**.

```
00341 { return (1 << m_header.usedBitsPerChannel) - 1; }
```

**const UINT8 \* CPGFImage::GetUserData (UINT32 & *cachedSize*, UINT32 \* *pTotalSize* = nullptr) const**

Return user data and size of user data. Precondition: The PGF image has been opened with a call of Open(...).

**Parameters**

<i>cachedSize</i>	[out] Size of returned user data in bytes.
<i>pTotalSize</i>	[optional out] Pointer to return the size of user data stored in image header in bytes.

**Returns**

A pointer to user data or nullptr if there is no user data available.

Return user data and size of user data. Precondition: The PGF image has been opened with a call of Open(...). In an encoder scenario don't call this method before WriteHeader().

**Parameters**

<i>cachedSize</i>	[out] Size of returned user data in bytes.
<i>pTotalSize</i>	[optional out] Pointer to return the size of user data stored in image header in bytes.

**Returns**

A pointer to user data or nullptr if there is no user data available.

Definition at line 337 of file PGFImage.cpp.

```
00337
{
00338     cachedSize = m_postHeader.cachedUserDataLen;
00339     if (pTotalSize) *pTotalSize = m_postHeader.userDataLen;
00340     return m_postHeader.userData;
00341 }
```

**UINT64 CPGFImage::GetUserDataPos () const [inline]**

Return the stream position of the user data or 0. Precondition: The PGF image has been opened with a call of Open(...).

Definition at line 346 of file PGFImage.h.

```
00346 { return m_userDataPos; }
```

**void CPGFImage::GetYUV (int *pitch*, DataT \* *buff*, BYTE *bpp*, int *channelMap*[] = nullptr, CallbackPtr *cb* = nullptr, void \* *data* = nullptr) const**

Get YUV image data in interleaved format: (ordering is YUV[A]) The absolute value of pitch is the number of bytes of an image row of the given image buffer. If pitch is negative, then the image buffer must point to the last row of a bottom-up image (first byte on last row). if pitch is positive, then the image buffer must point to the first row of a top-down image (first byte). The sequence of output channels in the output image buffer does not need to be the same as provided by PGF. In case of different sequences you have to provide a channelMap of size of expected channels (depending on image mode). For example, PGF provides a channel sequence BGR in RGB color mode. If your provided image buffer expects a channel sequence VUY, then the channelMap looks like { 2, 1, 0 }. It might throw an **IOException**.

**Parameters**

<i>pitch</i>	The number of bytes of a row of the image buffer.
<i>buff</i>	An image buffer.
<i>bpp</i>	The number of bits per pixel used in image buffer.
<i>channelMap</i>	A integer array containing the mapping of PGF channel ordering to expected channel ordering.
<i>cb</i>	A pointer to a callback procedure. The procedure is called after each copied buffer row. If cb returns true, then it stops proceeding.

<i>data</i>	Data Pointer to C++ class container to host callback procedure.
-------------	---

Get YUV image data in interleaved format: (ordering is YUV[A]) The absolute value of pitch is the number of bytes of an image row of the given image buffer. If pitch is negative, then the image buffer must point to the last row of a bottom-up image (first byte on last row). if pitch is positive, then the image buffer must point to the first row of a top-down image (first byte). The sequence of output channels in the output image buffer does not need to be the same as provided by PGF. In case of different sequences you have to provide a channelMap of size of expected channels (depending on image mode). For example, PGF provides a channel sequence BGR in RGB color mode. If your provided image buffer expects a channel sequence VUY, then the channelMap looks like { 2, 1, 0 }. It might throw an **IOException**.

### Parameters

<i>pitch</i>	The number of bytes of a row of the image buffer.
<i>buff</i>	An image buffer.
<i>bpp</i>	The number of bits per pixel used in image buffer.
<i>channelMap</i>	A integer array containing the mapping of PGF channel ordering to expected channel ordering.
<i>cb</i>	A pointer to a callback procedure. The procedure is called after each copied buffer row. If cb returns true, then it stops proceeding.

Definition at line 2550 of file **PGFImage.cpp**.

```

02550
{
02551     ASSERT(buff);
02552     const UINT32 w = m_width[0];
02553     const UINT32 h = m_height[0];
02554     const bool wOdd = (1 == w%2);
02555     const int dataBits = DataTSize*8; ASSERT(dataBits == 16 || dataBits ==
32);
02556     const int pitch2 = pitch/DataTSize;
02557     const int yuvOffset = (dataBits == 16) ? YUVoffset8 : YUVoffset16;
02558     const double dP = 1.0/h;
02559
02560     int defMap[] = { 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 };
ASSERT(sizeof(defMap)/sizeof(defMap[0]) == MaxChannels);
02561     if (channelMap == nullptr) channelMap = defMap;
02562     int sampledPos = 0, yPos = 0;
02563     DataT uAvg, vAvg;
02564     double percent = 0;
02565     UINT32 i, j;
02566
02567     if (m_header.channels == 3) {
02568         ASSERT(bpp%dataBits == 0);
02569
02570         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
02571         DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
02572         DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
02573         int cnt, channels = bpp/dataBits; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
02574
02575         for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02576             if (i%2) sampledPos -= (w + 1)/2;
02577             cnt = 0;
02578             for (j=0; j < w; j++) {
02579                 if (m_downsample) {
02580                     // image was downsampled
02581                     uAvg = u[sampledPos];
02582                     vAvg = v[sampledPos];
02583                 } else {
02584                     uAvg = u[yPos];
02585                     vAvg = v[yPos];
02586                 }
02587                 buff[cnt + channelMap[0]] = y[yPos];
02588                 buff[cnt + channelMap[1]] = uAvg;
02589                 buff[cnt + channelMap[2]] = vAvg;
02590                 yPos++;
02591                 cnt += channels;
02592                 if (j%2) sampledPos++;
02593             }

```

```

02594         buff += pitch2;
02595         if (wOdd) sampledPos++;
02596
02597         if (cb) {
02598             percent += dP;
02599             if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02600         }
02601     }
02602     } else if (m_header.channels == 4) {
02603         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*8);
02604         ASSERT(bpp%dataBits == 0);
02605
02606         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
02607         DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
02608         DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
02609         DataT* a = m_channel[3]; ASSERT(a);
02610         UINT8 aAvg;
02611         int cnt, channels = bpp/dataBits; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
02612
02613         for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02614             if (i%2) sampledPos -= (w + 1)/2;
02615             cnt = 0;
02616             for (j=0; j < w; j++) {
02617                 if (m_downsample) {
02618                     // image was downsampled
02619                     uAvg = u[sampledPos];
02620                     vAvg = v[sampledPos];
02621                     aAvg = Clamp8(a[sampledPos] +
yuvOffset);
02622                 } else {
02623                     uAvg = u[yPos];
02624                     vAvg = v[yPos];
02625                     aAvg = Clamp8(a[yPos] + yuvOffset);
02626                 }
02627                 // Yuv
02628                 buff[cnt + channelMap[0]] = y[yPos];
02629                 buff[cnt + channelMap[1]] = uAvg;
02630                 buff[cnt + channelMap[2]] = vAvg;
02631                 buff[cnt + channelMap[3]] = aAvg;
02632                 yPos++;
02633                 cnt += channels;
02634                 if (j%2) sampledPos++;
02635             }
02636             buff += pitch2;
02637             if (wOdd) sampledPos++;
02638
02639             if (cb) {
02640                 percent += dP;
02641                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02642             }
02643         }
02644     }
02645 }

```

### UINT32 CPGFImage::Height(int level = 0) const[inline]

Return image height of channel 0 at given level in pixels. The returned height is independent of any Read-operations and ROI.

#### Parameters

<i>level</i>	A level
--------------	---------

#### Returns

Image level height in pixels

Definition at line 420 of file PGFImage.h.

```
00420 { ASSERT(level >= 0); return LevelSizeL(m_header.height, level); }
```

```
void CPGFImage::ImportBitmap (int pitch, UINT8 * buff, BYTE bpp, int
channelMap[] = nullptr, CallbackPtr cb = nullptr, void * data = nullptr)
```

Import an image from a specified image buffer. This method is usually called before Write(...) and after SetHeader(...). The absolute value of pitch is the number of bytes of an image row. If pitch is negative, then buff points to the last row of a bottom-up image (first byte on last row). If pitch is positive, then buff points to the first row of a top-down image (first byte). The sequence of input channels in the input image buffer does not need to be the same as expected from PGF. In case of different sequences you have to provide a channelMap of size of expected channels (depending on image mode). For example, PGF expects in RGB color mode a channel sequence BGR. If your provided image buffer contains a channel sequence ARGB, then the channelMap looks like { 3, 2, 1, 0 }. It might throw an **IOException**.

### Parameters

<i>pitch</i>	The number of bytes of a row of the image buffer.
<i>buff</i>	An image buffer.
<i>bpp</i>	The number of bits per pixel used in image buffer.
<i>channelMap</i>	A integer array containing the mapping of input channel ordering to expected channel ordering.
<i>cb</i>	A pointer to a callback procedure. The procedure is called after each imported buffer row. If cb returns true, then it stops proceeding.
<i>data</i>	Data Pointer to C++ class container to host callback procedure.

Definition at line 792 of file **PGFImage.cpp**.

```
00792
{
00793     ASSERT(buff);
00794     ASSERT(m_channel[0]);
00795
00796     // color transform
00797     RgbToYuv(pitch, buff, bpp, channelMap, cb, data);
00798
00799     if (m_downsample) {
00800         // Subsampling of the chrominance and alpha channels
00801         for (int i=1; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
00802             Downsample(i);
00803         }
00804     }
00805 }
```

```
bool CPGFImage::ImportsSupported (BYTE mode)[static]
```

Check for valid import image mode.

### Parameters

<i>mode</i>	Image mode
-------------	------------

### Returns

True if an image of given mode can be imported with ImportBitmap(...)

Definition at line 1305 of file **PGFImage.cpp**.

```
01305     {
01306         size_t size = DataTSize;
01307
01308         if (size >= 2) {
01309             switch(mode) {
01310                 case ImageModeBitmap:
01311                 case ImageModeIndexedColor:
01312                 case ImageModeGrayScale:
01313                 case ImageModeRGBColor:
01314                 case ImageModeCMYKColor:
01315                 case ImageModeHSLColor:
01316                 case ImageModeHSBColor:
01317                 //case ImageModeDuotone:
01318                 case ImageModeLabColor:
01319                 case ImageModeRGB12:
01320                 case ImageModeRGB16:
```

```

01321         case ImageModeRGBA:
01322             return true;
01323     }
01324 }
01325 if (size >= 3) {
01326     switch(mode) {
01327         case ImageModeGray16:
01328         case ImageModeRGB48:
01329         case ImageModeLab48:
01330         case ImageModeCMYK64:
01331             //case ImageModeDuotone16:
01332             return true;
01333     }
01334 }
01335 if (size >=4) {
01336     switch(mode) {
01337         case ImageModeGray32:
01338             return true;
01339     }
01340 }
01341 return false;
01342 }

```

**void CPGFImage::ImportYUV (int *pitch*, DataT \* *buff*, BYTE *bpp*, int *channelMap*[] = nullptr, CallbackPtr *cb* = nullptr, void \* *data* = nullptr)**

Import a YUV image from a specified image buffer. The absolute value of pitch is the number of bytes of an image row. If pitch is negative, then buff points to the last row of a bottom-up image (first byte on last row). If pitch is positive, then buff points to the first row of a top-down image (first byte). The sequence of input channels in the input image buffer does not need to be the same as expected from PGF. In case of different sequences you have to provide a channelMap of size of expected channels (depending on image mode). For example, PGF expects in RGB color mode a channel sequence BGR. If your provided image buffer contains a channel sequence VUY, then the channelMap looks like { 2, 1, 0 }. It might throw an **IOException**.

#### Parameters

<i>pitch</i>	The number of bytes of a row of the image buffer.
<i>buff</i>	An image buffer.
<i>bpp</i>	The number of bits per pixel used in image buffer.
<i>channelMap</i>	A integer array containing the mapping of input channel ordering to expected channel ordering.
<i>cb</i>	A pointer to a callback procedure. The procedure is called after each imported buffer row. If cb returns true, then it stops proceeding.
<i>data</i>	Data Pointer to C++ class container to host callback procedure.

Import a YUV image from a specified image buffer. The absolute value of pitch is the number of bytes of an image row. If pitch is negative, then buff points to the last row of a bottom-up image (first byte on last row). If pitch is positive, then buff points to the first row of a top-down image (first byte). The sequence of input channels in the input image buffer does not need to be the same as expected from PGF. In case of different sequences you have to provide a channelMap of size of expected channels (depending on image mode). For example, PGF expects in RGB color mode a channel sequence BGR. If your provided image buffer contains a channel sequence VUY, then the channelMap looks like { 2, 1, 0 }. It might throw an **IOException**.

#### Parameters

<i>pitch</i>	The number of bytes of a row of the image buffer.
<i>buff</i>	An image buffer.
<i>bpp</i>	The number of bits per pixel used in image buffer.
<i>channelMap</i>	A integer array containing the mapping of input channel ordering to expected channel ordering.
<i>cb</i>	A pointer to a callback procedure. The procedure is called after each imported buffer row. If cb returns true, then it stops proceeding.

Definition at line 2661 of file PGFimage.cpp.

```

02661
02662 {
02663     ASSERT(buff);
02664     const double dP = 1.0/m_header.height;
02665     const int dataBits = DataTSize*8; ASSERT(dataBits == 16 || dataBits ==
32);
02666     const int pitch2 = pitch/DataTSize;
02667     const int yuvOffset = (dataBits == 16) ? YUVoffset8 : YUVoffset16;
02668     int yPos = 0, cnt = 0;
02669     double percent = 0;
02670     int defMap[] = { 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 };
ASSERT(sizeof(defMap)/sizeof(defMap[0]) == MaxChannels);
02671
02672     if (channelMap == nullptr) channelMap = defMap;
02673
02674     if (m_header.channels == 3) {
02675         ASSERT(bpp%dataBits == 0);
02676
02677         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
02678         DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
02679         DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
02680         const int channels = bpp/dataBits; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
02681
02682         for (UINT32 h=0; h < m_header.height; h++) {
02683             if (cb) {
02684                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02685                 percent += dP;
02686             }
02687
02688             cnt = 0;
02689             for (UINT32 w=0; w < m_header.width; w++) {
02690                 y[yPos] = buff[cnt + channelMap[0]];
02691                 u[yPos] = buff[cnt + channelMap[1]];
02692                 v[yPos] = buff[cnt + channelMap[2]];
02693                 yPos++;
02694                 cnt += channels;
02695             }
02696             buff += pitch2;
02697         }
02698     } else if (m_header.channels == 4) {
02699         ASSERT(bpp%dataBits == 0);
02700
02701         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
02702         DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
02703         DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
02704         DataT* a = m_channel[3]; ASSERT(a);
02705         const int channels = bpp/dataBits; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
02706
02707         for (UINT32 h=0; h < m_header.height; h++) {
02708             if (cb) {
02709                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02710                 percent += dP;
02711             }
02712
02713             cnt = 0;
02714             for (UINT32 w=0; w < m_header.width; w++) {
02715                 y[yPos] = buff[cnt + channelMap[0]];
02716                 u[yPos] = buff[cnt + channelMap[1]];
02717                 v[yPos] = buff[cnt + channelMap[2]];
02718                 a[yPos] = buff[cnt + channelMap[3]] -
yuvOffset;
02719                 yPos++;
02720                 cnt += channels;
02721             }
02722             buff += pitch2;
02723         }
02724     }
02725
02726     if (m_downsample) {
02727         // Subsampling of the chrominance and alpha channels

```

```

02728         for (int i=1; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
02729             Downsample(i);
02730         }
02731     }
02732 }

```

### void CPGFImage::Init () [private]

Definition at line 69 of file PGFImage.cpp.

```

00069     {
00070         // init pointers
00071         m_decoder = nullptr;
00072         m_encoder = nullptr;
00073         m_levelLength = nullptr;
00074
00075         // init members
00076 #ifdef PGFROISUPPORT
00077         m_streamReinitialized = false;
00078 #endif
00079         m_currentLevel = 0;
00080         m_quant = 0;
00081         m_userDataPos = 0;
00082         m_downsample = false;
00083         m_favorSpeedOverSize = false;
00084         m_useOMPInEncoder = true;
00085         m_useOMPInDecoder = true;
00086         m_cb = nullptr;
00087         m_cbArg = nullptr;
00088         m_progressMode = PM_Relative;
00089         m_percent = 0;
00090         m_userDataPolicy = UP_CacheAll;
00091
00092         // init preHeader
00093         memcpy(m_preHeader.magic, PGFMagic, 3);
00094         m_preHeader.version = PGFVersion;
00095         m_preHeader.hSize = 0;
00096
00097         // init postHeader
00098         m_postHeader.userData = nullptr;
00099         m_postHeader.userDataLen = 0;
00100         m_postHeader.cachedUserDataLen = 0;
00101
00102         // init channels
00103         for (int i = 0; i < MaxChannels; i++) {
00104             m_channel[i] = nullptr;
00105             m_wtChannel[i] = nullptr;
00106         }
00107
00108         // set image width and height
00109         for (int i = 0; i < MaxChannels; i++) {
00110             m_width[0] = 0;
00111             m_height[0] = 0;
00112         }
00113     }

```

### bool CPGFImage::IsFullyRead () const [inline]

Return true if all levels have been read.

Definition at line 436 of file PGFImage.h.

```

00436 { return m_currentLevel == 0; }

```

### bool CPGFImage::IsOpen () const [inline]

Returns true if the PGF has been opened for reading.

Definition at line 77 of file PGFImage.h.

```

00077 { return m_decoder != nullptr; }

```



### BYTE CPGFImage::Level () const [inline]

Return current image level. Since Read(...) can be used to read each image level separately, it is helpful to know the current level. The current level immediately after Open(...) is Levels().

#### Returns

Current image level

Definition at line 427 of file PGFImage.h.

```
00427 { return (BYTE)m_currentLevel; }
```

### BYTE CPGFImage::Levels () const [inline]

Return the number of image levels.

#### Returns

Number of image levels

Definition at line 432 of file PGFImage.h.

```
00432 { return m_header.nLevels; }
```

### static UINT32 CPGFImage::LevelSizeH (UINT32 size, int level) [inline], [static]

Compute and return image width/height of HH subband at given level.

#### Parameters

<i>size</i>	Original image size (e.g. width or height at level 0)
<i>level</i>	An image level

#### Returns

high pass size at given level in pixels

Definition at line 506 of file PGFImage.h.

```
00506 { ASSERT(level >= 0); UINT32 d = 1 << (level - 1); return (size + d - 1) >> level; }
```

### static UINT32 CPGFImage::LevelSizeL (UINT32 size, int level) [inline], [static]

Compute and return image width/height of LL subband at given level.

#### Parameters

<i>size</i>	Original image size (e.g. width or height at level 0)
<i>level</i>	An image level

#### Returns

Image width/height at given level in pixels

Definition at line 499 of file PGFImage.h.

```
00499 { ASSERT(level >= 0); UINT32 d = 1 << level; return (size + d - 1) >> level; }
```

### static BYTE CPGFImage::MaxChannelDepth (BYTE version = PGFVersion) [inline], [static]

Return maximum channel depth.

#### Parameters

<i>version</i>	pgf pre-header version number
----------------	-------------------------------

#### Returns

maximum channel depth in bit of given version (16 or 32 bit)

Definition at line 518 of file PGFImage.h.

```
00518 { return (version & PGF32) ? 32 : 16; }
```

## BYTE CPGFImage::Mode () const [inline]

Return the image mode. An image mode is a predefined constant value (see also **PGFtypes.h**) compatible with Adobe Photoshop. It represents an image type and format.

### Returns

Image mode

Definition at line 455 of file **PGFImage.h**.

```
00455 { return m_header.mode; }
```

## void CPGFImage::Open (CPGFStream \* stream)

Open a PGF image at current stream position: read pre-header, header, and check image type. Precondition: The stream has been opened for reading. It might throw an **IOException**.

### Parameters

<i>stream</i>	A PGF stream
---------------	--------------

Definition at line 141 of file **PGFImage.cpp**.

```
00141                                     {
00142     ASSERT(stream);
00143
00144     // create decoder and read PGFPreHeader PGFHeader PGFPostHeader
00145     // LevelLengths
00146     m_decoder = new CDecoder(stream, m_preHeader, m_header, m_postHeader,
00147                             m_levelLength,
00148                             m_userDataPos, m_useOMPInDecoder, m_userDataPolicy);
00149
00150     if (m_header.nLevels > MaxLevel) ReturnWithError(FormatCannotRead);
00151
00152     // set current level
00153     m_currentLevel = m_header.nLevels;
00154
00155     // set image width and height
00156     m_width[0] = m_header.width;
00157     m_height[0] = m_header.height;
00158
00159     // complete header
00160     if (!CompleteHeader()) ReturnWithError(FormatCannotRead);
00161
00162     // interpret quant parameter
00163     if (m_header.quality > DownsampleThreshold &&
00164         (m_header.mode == ImageModeRGBColor ||
00165          m_header.mode == ImageModeRGBA ||
00166          m_header.mode == ImageModeRGB48 ||
00167          m_header.mode == ImageModeCMYKColor ||
00168          m_header.mode == ImageModeCMYK64 ||
00169          m_header.mode == ImageModeLabColor ||
00170          m_header.mode == ImageModeLab48)) {
00171         m_downsample = true;
00172         m_quant = m_header.quality - 1;
00173     } else {
00174         m_downsample = false;
00175         m_quant = m_header.quality;
00176     }
00177
00178     // set channel dimensions (chrominance is subsampled by factor 2)
00179     if (m_downsample) {
00180         for (int i=1; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
00181             m_width[i] = (m_width[0] + 1) >> 1;
00182             m_height[i] = (m_height[0] + 1) >> 1;
00183         }
00184     } else {
00185         for (int i=1; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
00186             m_width[i] = m_width[0];
00187             m_height[i] = m_height[0];
00188         }
00189     }
00190
00191     if (m_header.nLevels > 0) {
00192         // init wavelet subbands
00193     }
00194 }
```

```

00191         for (int i=0; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
00192             m_wtChannel[i] = new CWaveletTransform(m_width[i],
m_height[i], m_header.nLevels);
00193         }
00194
00195         // used in Read when PM_Absolute
00196         m_percent = pow(0.25, m_header.nLevels);
00197
00198     } else {
00199         // very small image: we don't use DWT and encoding
00200
00201         // read channels
00202         for (int c=0; c < m_header.channels; c++) {
00203             const UINT32 size = m_width[c]*m_height[c];
00204             m_channel[c] = new(std::nothrow) DataT[size];
00205             if (!m_channel[c])
ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00206
00207             // read channel data from stream
00208             for (UINT32 i=0; i < size; i++) {
00209                 int count = DataTSize;
00210                 stream->Read(&count, &m_channel[c][i]);
00211                 if (count != DataTSize)
ReturnWithError(MissingData);
00212             }
00213         }
00214     }
00215 }

```

### BYTE CPGFImage::Quality () const[inline]

Return the PGF quality. The quality is inbetween 0 and MaxQuality. PGF quality 0 means lossless quality.

#### Returns

PGF quality

Definition at line 442 of file **PGFimage.h**.

```
00442 { return m_header.quality; }
```

### void CPGFImage::Read (int level= 0, CallbackPtr cb = nullptr, void \* data = nullptr)

Read and decode some levels of a PGF image at current stream position. A PGF image is structured in levels, numbered between 0 and **Levels()** - 1. Each level can be seen as a single image, containing the same content as all other levels, but in a different size (width, height). The image size at level *i* is double the size (width, height) of the image at level *i+1*. The image at level 0 contains the original size. Precondition: The PGF image has been opened with a call of **Open(...)**. It might throw an **IOException**.

#### Parameters

<i>level</i>	[0, nLevels) The image level of the resulting image in the internal image buffer.
<i>cb</i>	A pointer to a callback procedure. The procedure is called after reading a single level. If <i>cb</i> returns true, then it stops proceeding.
<i>data</i>	Data Pointer to C++ class container to host callback procedure.

Definition at line 402 of file **PGFimage.cpp**.

```

00402                                     {
00403     ASSERT((level >= 0 && level < m_header.nLevels) || m_header.nLevels ==
0); // m_header.nLevels == 0: image didn't use wavelet transform
00404     ASSERT(m_decoder);
00405
00406 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00407     if (ROIisSupported() && m_header.nLevels > 0) {
00408         // new encoding scheme supporting ROI
00409         PGFrect rect(0, 0, m_header.width, m_header.height);
00410         Read(rect, level, cb, data);
00411         return;
00412     }

```

```

00413 #endif
00414
00415     if (m_header.nLevels == 0) {
00416         if (level == 0) {
00417             // the data has already been read during open
00418             // now update progress
00419             if (cb) {
00420                 if ((*cb)(1.0, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
00421             }
00422         }
00423     } else {
00424         const int levelDiff = m_currentLevel - level;
00425         double percent = (m_progressMode == PM_Relative) ? pow(0.25,
levelDiff) : m_percent;
00426
00427         // encoding scheme without ROI
00428         while (m_currentLevel > level) {
00429             for (int i=0; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
00430                 CWaveletTransform* wtChannel = m_wtChannel[i];
00431                 ASSERT(wtChannel);
00432
00433                 // decode file and write stream to m_wtChannel
00434                 if (m_currentLevel == m_header.nLevels) {
00435                     // last level also has LL band
00436
wtChannel->GetSubband(m_currentLevel, LL)->PlaceTile(*m_decoder, m_quant);
00437                 }
00438                 if (m_preHeader.version & Version5) {
00439                     // since version 5
00440
wtChannel->GetSubband(m_currentLevel, HL)->PlaceTile(*m_decoder, m_quant);
00441                 }
00442                 wtChannel->GetSubband(m_currentLevel, LH)->PlaceTile(*m_decoder, m_quant);
00443                 } else {
00444                     // until version 4
00445
m_decoder->DecodeInterleaved(wtChannel, m_currentLevel, m_quant);
00446                 }
00447                 wtChannel->GetSubband(m_currentLevel,
HH)->PlaceTile(*m_decoder, m_quant);
00448             }
00449             volatile OSErr error = NoError; // volatile prevents
optimizations
00450 #ifdef LIBPGF_USE_OPENMP
00451             #pragma omp parallel for default(shared)
00452 #endif
00453             for (int i=0; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
00454                 // inverse transform from m_wtChannel to
m channel
00455                 if (error == NoError) {
00456                     OSErr err =
m_wtChannel[i]->InverseTransform(m_currentLevel, &m_width[i], &m_height[i],
&m_channel[i]);
00457                     if (err != NoError) error = err;
00458                 }
00459                 ASSERT(m_channel[i]);
00460             }
00461             if (error != NoError) ReturnWithError(error);
00462
00463             // set new level: must be done before refresh callback
00464             m_currentLevel--;
00465
00466             // now we have to refresh the display
00467             if (m_cb) m_cb(m_cbArg);
00468
00469             // now update progress
00470             if (cb) {
00471                 percent *= 4;
00472                 if (m_progressMode == PM_Absolute) m_percent =
percent;
00473                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
00474             }
00475         }
00476     }

```

**void CPGFImage::Read (PGFRect & *rect*, int *level* = 0, CallbackPtr *cb* = nullptr, void \* *data* = nullptr)**

Read a rectangular region of interest of a PGF image at current stream position. The origin of the coordinate axis is the top-left corner of the image. All coordinates are measured in pixels. It might throw an **IOException**.

#### Parameters

<i>rect</i>	[inout] Rectangular region of interest (ROI) at level 0. The rect might be cropped.
<i>level</i>	[0, nLevels) The image level of the resulting image in the internal image buffer.
<i>cb</i>	A pointer to a callback procedure. The procedure is called after reading a single level. If <i>cb</i> returns true, then it stops proceeding.
<i>data</i>	Data Pointer to C++ class container to host callback procedure.

**UINT32 CPGFImage::ReadEncodedData (int *level*, UINT8 \* *target*, UINT32 *targetLen*) const**

Reads the data of an encoded PGF level and copies it to a target buffer without decoding. Precondition: The PGF image has been opened with a call of `Open(...)`. It might throw an **IOException**.

#### Parameters

<i>level</i>	The image level
<i>target</i>	The target buffer
<i>targetLen</i>	The length of the target buffer in bytes

#### Returns

The number of bytes copied to the target buffer

Definition at line 707 of file `PGFImage.cpp`.

```

00707
{
00708     ASSERT(level >= 0 && level < m_header.nLevels);
00709     ASSERT(target);
00710     ASSERT(targetLen > 0);
00711     ASSERT(m_decoder);
00712
00713     // reset stream position
00714     m_decoder->SetStreamPosToData();
00715
00716     // position stream
00717     UINT64 offset = 0;
00718
00719     for (int i=m_header.nLevels - 1; i > level; i--) {
00720         offset += m_levelLength[m_header.nLevels - 1 - i];
00721     }
00722     m_decoder->Skip(offset);
00723
00724     // compute number of bytes to read
00725     UINT32 len = __min(targetLen, GetEncodedLevelLength(level));
00726
00727     // read data
00728     len = m_decoder->ReadEncodedData(target, len);
00729     ASSERT(len >= 0 && len <= targetLen);
00730
00731     return len;
00732 }

```

**UINT32 CPGFImage::ReadEncodedHeader (UINT8 \* *target*, UINT32 *targetLen*) const**

Reads the encoded PGF header and copies it to a target buffer. Precondition: The PGF image has been opened with a call of `Open(...)`. It might throw an **IOException**.

## Parameters

<i>target</i>	The target buffer
<i>targetLen</i>	The length of the target buffer in bytes

## Returns

The number of bytes copied to the target buffer

Definition at line 660 of file **PGFImage.cpp**.

```
00660                                     {
00661     ASSERT(target);
00662     ASSERT(targetLen > 0);
00663     ASSERT(m_decoder);
00664
00665     // reset stream position
00666     m_decoder->SetStreamPosToStart();
00667
00668     // compute number of bytes to read
00669     UINT32 len = __min(targetLen, GetEncodedHeaderLength());
00670
00671     // read data
00672     len = m_decoder->ReadEncodedData(target, len);
00673     ASSERT(len >= 0 && len <= targetLen);
00674
00675     return len;
00676 }
```

## **void CPGFImage::ReadPreview () [inline]**

Read and decode smallest level of a PGF image at current stream position. For details, please refer to Read(...) Precondition: The PGF image has been opened with a call of Open(...). It might throw an **IOException**.

Definition at line 111 of file **PGFImage.h**.

```
00111 { Read(Levels() - 1); }
```

## **void CPGFImage::Reconstruct (int level = 0)**

After you've written a PGF image, you can call this method followed by GetBitmap/GetYUV to get a quick reconstruction (coded -> decoded image). It might throw an **IOException**.

## Parameters

<i>level</i>	The image level of the resulting image in the internal image buffer.
--------------	--

Definition at line 348 of file **PGFImage.cpp**.

```
00348                                     {
00349     if (m_header.nLevels == 0) {
00350         // image didn't use wavelet transform
00351         if (level == 0) {
00352             for (int i=0; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
00353                 ASSERT(m_wtChannel[i]);
00354                 m_channel[i] = m_wtChannel[i]->GetSubband(0,
00355 LL)->GetBuffer();
00356             }
00357         } else {
00358             int currentLevel = m_header.nLevels;
00359
00360             #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00361             if (ROIisSupported()) {
00362                 // enable ROI reading
00363                 SetROI(PGFRect(0, 0, m_header.width,
00364 m_header.height));
00365             }
00366             #endif
00367
00368             while (currentLevel > level) {
00369                 for (int i=0; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
00370                     ASSERT(m_wtChannel[i]);
00371                     // dequantize subbands
00372                     if (currentLevel == m_header.nLevels) {
00373                         // last level also has LL band
00374                     }
00375                 }
00376             }
00377         }
00378     }
00379 }
```

```

00373 m_wtChannel[i]->GetSubband(currentLevel, LL)->Dequantize(m_quant);
00374     }
00375     m_wtChannel[i]->GetSubband(currentLevel,
00376 HL)->Dequantize(m_quant);
00376     m_wtChannel[i]->GetSubband(currentLevel,
00377 LH)->Dequantize(m_quant);
00377     m_wtChannel[i]->GetSubband(currentLevel,
00378 HH)->Dequantize(m_quant);
00378
00379     // inverse transform from m_wtChannel to
00379     m_channel
00380     OSErr err =
00380     m_wtChannel[i]->InverseTransform(currentLevel, &m_width[i], &m_height[i],
00381 &m_channel[i]);
00381     if (err != NoError) ReturnWithError(err);
00382     ASSERT(m_channel[i]);
00383     }
00384
00385     currentLevel--;
00386     }
00387     }
00388 }

```

### void CPGFImage::ResetStreamPos (bool *startOfData*)

Reset stream position to start of PGF pre-header or start of data. Must not be called before **Open()** or before **Write()**. Use this method after **Read()** if you want to read the same image several times, e.g. reading different ROIs.

#### Parameters

<i>startOfData</i>	true: you want to read the same image several times. false: resets stream position to the initial position
--------------------	--

Definition at line 682 of file PGFImage.cpp.

```

00682     {
00683     m_currentLevel = 0;
00684     if (startOfData) {
00685         ASSERT(m_decoder);
00686         m_decoder->SetStreamPosToData();
00687     } else {
00688         if (m_decoder) {
00689             m_decoder->SetStreamPosToStart();
00690         } else if (m_encoder) {
00691             m_encoder->SetStreamPosToStart();
00692         } else {
00693             ASSERT(false);
00694         }
00695     }
00696 }

```

### void CPGFImage::RgbToYuv (int *pitch*, UINT8 \* *rgbBuff*, BYTE *bpp*, int *channelMap*[], CallbackPtr *cb*, void \* *data*)[private]

Definition at line 1389 of file PGFImage.cpp.

```

01389 {
01390     ASSERT(buff);
01391     UINT32 yPos = 0, cnt = 0;
01392     double percent = 0;
01393     const double dP = 1.0/m_header.height;
01394     int defMap[] = { 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 };
01394     ASSERT(sizeof(defMap)/sizeof(defMap[0]) == MaxChannels);
01395
01396     if (channelMap == nullptr) channelMap = defMap;
01397
01398     switch(m_header.mode) {
01399     case ImageModeBitmap:
01400     {
01401         ASSERT(m_header.channels == 1);
01402         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == 1);
01403         ASSERT(bpp == 1);

```

```

01404
01405         const UINT32 w = m_header.width;
01406         const UINT32 w2 = (m_header.width + 7)/8;
01407         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
01408
01409         // new unpacked version since version 7
01410         for (UINT32 h = 0; h < m_header.height; h++) {
01411             if (cb) {
01412                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
01413                     percent += dP;
01414             }
01415             cnt = 0;
01416             for (UINT32 j = 0; j < w2; j++) {
01417                 UINT8 byte = buff[j];
01418                 for (int k = 0; k < 8; k++) {
01419                     UINT8 bit = (byte & 0x80) >> 7;
01420                     if (cnt < w) y[yPos++] = bit;
01421                     byte <<= 1;
01422                     cnt++;
01423                 }
01424             }
01425             buff += pitch;
01426         }
01427         /* old version: packed values: 8 pixels in 1 byte
01428         for (UINT32 h = 0; h < m_header.height; h++) {
01429             if (cb) {
01430                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
01431                     percent += dP;
01432             }
01433             for (UINT32 j = 0; j < w2; j++) {
01434                 y[yPos++] = buff[j] - YUVoffset8;
01435             }
01436             // version 5 and 6
01437             // for (UINT32 j = w2; j < w; j++) {
01438             //     y[yPos++] = YUVoffset8;
01439             // }
01440             buff += pitch;
01441         }
01442         */
01443     }
01444     }
01445     break;
01446     case ImageModeIndexedColor:
01447     case ImageModeGrayScale:
01448     case ImageModeHSLColor:
01449     case ImageModeHSBColor:
01450     case ImageModeLabColor:
01451     {
01452         ASSERT(m_header.channels >= 1);
01453         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*8);
01454         ASSERT(bpp%8 == 0);
01455         const int channels = bpp/8; ASSERT(channels >=
01456         m_header.channels);
01457         for (UINT32 h=0; h < m_header.height; h++) {
01458             if (cb) {
01459                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
01460                     percent += dP;
01461             }
01462             cnt = 0;
01463             for (UINT32 w=0; w < m_header.width; w++) {
01464                 for (int c=0; c < m_header.channels;
01465                 c++) {
01466                     m_channel[c][yPos] = buff[cnt
01467                     + channelMap[c]] - YUVoffset8;
01468                 }
01469                 cnt += channels;
01470                 yPos++;
01471             }
01472             buff += pitch;
01473         }
01474     }
01475     break;

```



```

01475     case ImageModeGray16:
01476     case ImageModeLab48:
01477         {
01478             ASSERT(m_header.channels >= 1);
01479             ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*16);
01480             ASSERT(bpp%16 == 0);
01481
01482             UINT16 *buff16 = (UINT16 *)buff;
01483             const int pitch16 = pitch/2;
01484             const int channels = bpp/16; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
01485             const int shift = 16 - UsedBitsPerChannel();
ASSERT(shift >= 0);
01486             const DataT yuvOffset16 = 1 << (UsedBitsPerChannel() -
1);
01487
01488             for (UINT32 h=0; h < m_header.height; h++) {
01489                 if (cb) {
01490                     if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01491                     percent += dP;
01492                 }
01493
01494                 cnt = 0;
01495                 for (UINT32 w=0; w < m_header.width; w++) {
01496                     for (int c=0; c < m_header.channels;
c++) {
01497                         m_channel[c][yPos] =
(buff16[cnt + channelMap[c]] >> shift) - yuvOffset16;
01498                     }
01499                     cnt += channels;
01500                     yPos++;
01501                 }
01502                 buff16 += pitch16;
01503             }
01504         }
01505         break;
01506     case ImageModeRGBColor:
01507         {
01508             ASSERT(m_header.channels == 3);
01509             ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*8);
01510             ASSERT(bpp%8 == 0);
01511
01512             DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
01513             DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
01514             DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
01515             const int channels = bpp/8; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
01516             UINT8 b, g, r;
01517
01518             for (UINT32 h=0; h < m_header.height; h++) {
01519                 if (cb) {
01520                     if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01521                     percent += dP;
01522                 }
01523
01524                 cnt = 0;
01525                 for (UINT32 w=0; w < m_header.width; w++) {
01526                     b = buff[cnt + channelMap[0]];
01527                     g = buff[cnt + channelMap[1]];
01528                     r = buff[cnt + channelMap[2]];
01529                     // Yuv
01530                     y[yPos] = ((b + (g << 1) + r) >> 2) -
YUVoffset8;
01531                     u[yPos] = r - g;
01532                     v[yPos] = b - g;
01533                     yPos++;
01534                     cnt += channels;
01535                 }
01536                 buff += pitch;
01537             }
01538         }
01539         break;
01540     case ImageModeRGB48:
01541         {
01542             ASSERT(m_header.channels == 3);

```

```

01543         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*16);
01544         ASSERT(bpp%16 == 0);
01545
01546         UINT16 *buff16 = (UINT16 *)buff;
01547         const int pitch16 = pitch/2;
01548         const int channels = bpp/16; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
01549         const int shift = 16 - UsedBitsPerChannel();
ASSERT(shift >= 0);
01550         const DataT yuvOffset16 = 1 << (UsedBitsPerChannel() -
1);
01551
01552         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
01553         DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
01554         DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
01555         UINT16 b, g, r;
01556
01557         for (UINT32 h=0; h < m_header.height; h++) {
01558             if (cb) {
01559                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01560                 percent += dP;
01561             }
01562
01563             cnt = 0;
01564             for (UINT32 w=0; w < m_header.width; w++) {
01565                 b = buff16[cnt + channelMap[0]] >>
shift;
01566                 g = buff16[cnt + channelMap[1]] >>
shift;
01567                 r = buff16[cnt + channelMap[2]] >>
shift;
01568                 // Yuv
01569                 y[yPos] = ((b + (g << 1) + r) >> 2) -
yuvOffset16;
01570                 u[yPos] = r - g;
01571                 v[yPos] = b - g;
01572                 yPos++;
01573                 cnt += channels;
01574             }
01575             buff16 += pitch16;
01576         }
01577     }
01578     break;
01579     case ImageModeRGBA:
01580     case ImageModeCMYKColor:
01581     {
01582         ASSERT(m_header.channels == 4);
01583         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*8);
01584         ASSERT(bpp%8 == 0);
01585         const int channels = bpp/8; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
01586
01587         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
01588         DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
01589         DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
01590         DataT* a = m_channel[3]; ASSERT(a);
01591         UINT8 b, g, r;
01592
01593         for (UINT32 h=0; h < m_header.height; h++) {
01594             if (cb) {
01595                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01596                 percent += dP;
01597             }
01598
01599             cnt = 0;
01600             for (UINT32 w=0; w < m_header.width; w++) {
01601                 b = buff[cnt + channelMap[0]];
01602                 g = buff[cnt + channelMap[1]];
01603                 r = buff[cnt + channelMap[2]];
01604                 // Yuv
01605                 y[yPos] = ((b + (g << 1) + r) >> 2) -
YUVoffset8;
01606                 u[yPos] = r - g;
01607                 v[yPos] = b - g;

```

```

01608                                     a[yPos++] = buff[cnt + channelMap[3]]
- YUVoffset8;
01609                                     cnt += channels;
01610                                     }
01611                                     buff += pitch;
01612                                     }
01613                                     }
01614                                     break;
01615     case ImageModeCMYK64:
01616     {
01617         ASSERT(m_header.channels == 4);
01618         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*16);
01619         ASSERT(bpp%16 == 0);
01620
01621         UINT16 *buff16 = (UINT16 *)buff;
01622         const int pitch16 = pitch/2;
01623         const int channels = bpp/16; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
01624         const int shift = 16 - UsedBitsPerChannel();
ASSERT(shift >= 0);
01625         const DataT yuvOffset16 = 1 << (UsedBitsPerChannel() -
1);
01626
01627         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
01628         DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
01629         DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
01630         DataT* a = m_channel[3]; ASSERT(a);
01631         UINT16 b, g, r;
01632
01633         for (UINT32 h=0; h < m_header.height; h++) {
01634             if (cb) {
01635                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError (EscapePressed);
01636                 percent += dP;
01637             }
01638
01639             cnt = 0;
01640             for (UINT32 w=0; w < m_header.width; w++) {
01641                 b = buff16[cnt + channelMap[0]] >>
shift;
01642                 g = buff16[cnt + channelMap[1]] >>
shift;
01643                 r = buff16[cnt + channelMap[2]] >>
shift;
01644                 // Yuv
01645                 y[yPos] = ((b + (g << 1) + r) >> 2) -
yuvOffset16;
01646                 u[yPos] = r - g;
01647                 v[yPos] = b - g;
01648                 a[yPos++] = (buff16[cnt +
channelMap[3]] >> shift) - yuvOffset16;
01649                 cnt += channels;
01650             }
01651             buff16 += pitch16;
01652         }
01653     }
01654     break;
01655 #ifdef __PGF32SUPPORT__
01656     case ImageModeGray32:
01657     {
01658         ASSERT(m_header.channels == 1);
01659         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == 32);
01660         ASSERT(bpp == 32);
01661         ASSERT(DataTSize == sizeof(UINT32));
01662
01663         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
01664
01665         UINT32 *buff32 = (UINT32 *)buff;
01666         const int pitch32 = pitch/4;
01667         const int shift = 31 - UsedBitsPerChannel();
ASSERT(shift >= 0);
01668         const DataT yuvOffset31 = 1 << (UsedBitsPerChannel() -
1);
01669
01670         for (UINT32 h=0; h < m_header.height; h++) {
01671             if (cb) {

```

```

01672                                     if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01673                                     percent += dP;
01674                                     }
01675
01676                                     for (UINT32 w=0; w < m_header.width; w++) {
01677                                     y[yPos++] = (buff32[w] >> shift) -
yuvOffset31;
01678                                     }
01679                                     buff32 += pitch32;
01680                                     }
01681                                     }
01682                                     break;
01683 #endif
01684     case ImageModeRGB12:
01685     {
01686         ASSERT(m_header.channels == 3);
01687         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*4);
01688         ASSERT(bpp == m_header.channels*4);
01689
01690         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
01691         DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
01692         DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
01693
01694         UINT8 rgb = 0, b, g, r;
01695
01696         for (UINT32 h=0; h < m_header.height; h++) {
01697             if (cb) {
01698                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01699                 percent += dP;
01700             }
01701
01702             cnt = 0;
01703             for (UINT32 w=0; w < m_header.width; w++) {
01704                 if (w%2 == 0) {
01705                     // even pixel position
01706                     rgb = buff[cnt];
01707                     b = rgb & 0x0F;
01708                     g = (rgb & 0xF0) >> 4;
01709                     cnt++;
01710                     rgb = buff[cnt];
01711                     r = rgb & 0x0F;
01712                 } else {
01713                     // odd pixel position
01714                     b = (rgb & 0xF0) >> 4;
01715                     cnt++;
01716                     rgb = buff[cnt];
01717                     g = rgb & 0x0F;
01718                     r = (rgb & 0xF0) >> 4;
01719                     cnt++;
01720                 }
01721
01722                 // Yuv
01723                 y[yPos] = ((b + (g << 1) + r) >> 2) -
YUVoffset4;
01724                 u[yPos] = r - g;
01725                 v[yPos] = b - g;
01726                 yPos++;
01727             }
01728             buff += pitch;
01729         }
01730     }
01731     break;
01732     case ImageModeRGB16:
01733     {
01734         ASSERT(m_header.channels == 3);
01735         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == 16);
01736         ASSERT(bpp == 16);
01737
01738         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
01739         DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
01740         DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
01741
01742         UINT16 *buff16 = (UINT16 *)buff;
01743         UINT16 rgb, b, g, r;
01744         const int pitch16 = pitch/2;

```

```

01745
01746         for (UINT32 h=0; h < m_header.height; h++) {
01747             if (cb) {
01748                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01749                 percent += dP;
01750             }
01751         for (UINT32 w=0; w < m_header.width; w++) {
01752             rgb = buff16[w];
01753             r = (rgb & 0xF800) >> 10; //
highest 5 bits
01754             g = (rgb & 0x07E0) >> 5; //
middle 6 bits
01755             b = (rgb & 0x001F) << 1; //
lowest 5 bits
01756             // Yuv
01757             y[yPos] = ((b + (g << 1) + r) >> 2) -
YUVoffset6;
01758             u[yPos] = r - g;
01759             v[yPos] = b - g;
01760             yPos++;
01761         }
01762     }
01763     buff16 += pitch16;
01764 }
01765 }
01766 break;
01767 default:
01768     ASSERT(false);
01769 }
01770 }

```

### bool CPGFImage::ROIsSupported () const[inline]

Return true if the pgf image supports Region Of Interest (ROI).

#### Returns

true if the pgf image supports ROI.

Definition at line 466 of file PGFImage.h.

```
00466 { return (m_preHeader.version & PGFROI) == PGFROI; }
```

### void CPGFImage::SetChannel (DataT \* channel, int c = 0)[inline]

Set internal PGF image buffer channel.

#### Parameters

<i>channel</i>	A YUV data channel
<i>c</i>	A channel index

Definition at line 272 of file PGFImage.h.

```
00272 { ASSERT(c >= 0 && c < MaxChannels); m_channel[c] = channel; }
```

### void CPGFImage::SetColorTable (UINT32 iFirstColor, UINT32 nColors, const RGBQUAD \* prgbColors)

Sets the red, green, blue (RGB) color values for a range of entries in the palette (clut). It might throw an **IOException**.

#### Parameters

<i>iFirstColor</i>	The color table index of the first entry to set.
<i>nColors</i>	The number of color table entries to set.
<i>prgbColors</i>	A pointer to the array of RGBQUAD structures to set the color table entries.

Definition at line 1364 of file PGFImage.cpp.

```

01364
{
01365     if (iFirstColor + nColors > ColorTableLen)
ReturnWithError(ColorTableError);
01366
01367     for (UINT32 i=iFirstColor, j=0; j < nColors; i++, j++) {
01368         m_postHeader.clut[i] = prgbColors[j];

```

```
01369     }
01370 }
```

**void CPGFImage::SetHeader (const PGFHeader & header, BYTE flags = 0, const UINT8 \* userData = 0, UINT32 userDataLength = 0)**

Set PGF header and user data. Precondition: The PGF image has been never opened with Open(...). It might throw an **IOException**.

#### Parameters

<i>header</i>	A valid and already filled in PGF header structure
<i>flags</i>	A combination of additional version flags. In case you use level-wise encoding then set flag = PGFROI.
<i>userData</i>	A user-defined memory block containing any kind of cached metadata.
<i>userDataLength</i>	The size of user-defined memory block in bytes

Definition at line 894 of file **PGFImage.cpp**.

```
00894
{
00895     ASSERT(!m_decoder); // current image must be closed
00896     ASSERT(header.quality <= MaxQuality);
00897     ASSERT(userDataLength <= MaxUserDataSize);
00898
00899     // init state
00900 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00901     m_streamReinitialized = false;
00902 #endif
00903
00904     // init preHeader
00905     memcpy(m_preHeader.magic, PGFMagic, 3);
00906     m_preHeader.version = PGFVersion | flags;
00907     m_preHeader.hSize = HeaderSize;
00908
00909     // copy header
00910     memcpy(&m_header, &header, HeaderSize);
00911
00912     // check quality
00913     if (m_header.quality > MaxQuality) m_header.quality = MaxQuality;
00914
00915     // complete header
00916     CompleteHeader();
00917
00918     // check and set number of levels
00919     ComputeLevels();
00920
00921     // check for downsample
00922     if (m_header.quality > DownsampleThreshold && (m_header.mode ==
ImageModeRGBColor ||
00923 m_header.mode == ImageModeRGBA ||
00924 m_header.mode == ImageModeRGB48 ||
00925 m_header.mode == ImageModeCMYKColor ||
00926 m_header.mode == ImageModeCMYK64 ||
00927 m_header.mode == ImageModeLabColor ||
00928 m_header.mode == ImageModeLab48)) {
00929         m_downsample = true;
00930         m_quant = m_header.quality - 1;
00931     } else {
00932         m_downsample = false;
00933         m_quant = m_header.quality;
00934     }
00935
00936     // update header size and copy user data
00937     if (m_header.mode == ImageModeIndexedColor) {
00938         // update header size
00939         m_preHeader.hSize += ColorTableSize;
00940     }
00941     if (userDataLength && userData) {
```

```

00942         if (userDataLength > MaxUserDataSize) userDataLength =
MaxUserDataSize;
00943         m_postHeader.userData = new(std::nothrow)
UINT8[userDataLength];
00944         if (!m_postHeader.userData)
ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00945         m_postHeader.userDataLen = m_postHeader.cachedUserDataLen =
userDataLength;
00946         memcpy(m_postHeader.userData, userData, userDataLength);
00947         // update header size
00948         m_preHeader.hSize += userDataLength;
00949     }
00950
00951     // allocate channels
00952     for (int i=0; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
00953         // set current width and height
00954         m_width[i] = m_header.width;
00955         m_height[i] = m_header.height;
00956
00957         // allocate channels
00958         ASSERT(!m_channel[i]);
00959         m_channel[i] = new(std::nothrow)
DataT[m_header.width*m_header.height];
00960         if (!m_channel[i]) {
00961             if (i) i--;
00962             while(i) {
00963                 delete[] m_channel[i]; m_channel[i] = 0;
00964                 i--;
00965             }
00966             ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00967         }
00968     }
00969 }

```

### void CPGFImage::SetMaxValue (UINT32 *maxValue*)

Set maximum intensity value for image modes with more than eight bits per channel. Call this method after SetHeader, but before ImportBitmap.

#### Parameters

<i>maxValue</i>	The maximum intensity value.
-----------------	------------------------------

Definition at line 738 of file PGFImage.cpp.

```

00738     {
00739         const BYTE bpc = m_header.bpp/m_header.channels;
00740         BYTE pot = 0;
00741
00742         while(maxValue > 0) {
00743             pot++;
00744             maxValue >>= 1;
00745         }
00746         // store bits per channel
00747         if (pot > bpc) pot = bpc;
00748         if (pot > 31) pot = 31;
00749         m_header.usedBitsPerChannel = pot;
00750     }

```

### void CPGFImage::SetProgressMode (ProgressMode *pm*) [inline]

Set progress mode used in Read and Write. Default mode is PM\_Relative. This method must be called before **Open()** or **SetHeader()**. PM\_Relative: 100% = level difference between current level and target level of Read/Write PM\_Absolute: 100% = number of levels

Definition at line 296 of file PGFImage.h.

```

00296 { m_progressMode = pm; }

```

### void CPGFImage::SetRefreshCallback (RefreshCB *callback*, void \* *arg*) [inline]

Set refresh callback procedure and its parameter. The refresh callback is called during Read(...) after each level read.

## Parameters

<i>callback</i>	A refresh callback procedure
<i>arg</i>	A parameter of the refresh callback procedure

Definition at line 303 of file **PGFImage.h**.

```
00303 { m_cb = callback; m_cbArg = arg; }
```

**void CPGFImage::SetROI (PGFRect rect)[private]**

**UINT32 CPGFImage::UpdatePostHeaderSize () [private]**

Definition at line 1124 of file **PGFImage.cpp**.

```
01124                                     {
01125     ASSERT(m_encoder);
01126
01127     INT64 offset = m_encoder->ComputeOffset(); ASSERT(offset >= 0);
01128
01129     if (offset > 0) {
01130         // update post-header size and rewrite pre-header
01131         m_preHeader.hSize += (UINT32)offset;
01132         m_encoder->UpdatePostHeaderSize(m_preHeader);
01133     }
01134
01135     // write dummy levelLength into stream
01136     return m_encoder->WriteLevelLength(m_levelLength);
01137 }
```

**BYTE CPGFImage::UsedBitsPerChannel () const**

Returns number of used bits per input/output image channel. Precondition: header must be initialized.

## Returns

number of used bits per input/output image channel.

Definition at line 756 of file **PGFImage.cpp**.

```
00756                                     {
00757     const BYTE bpc = m_header.bpp/m_header.channels;
00758
00759     if (bpc > 8) {
00760         return m_header.usedBitsPerChannel;
00761     } else {
00762         return bpc;
00763     }
00764 }
```

**BYTE CPGFImage::Version () const [inline]**

Returns the used codec major version of a pgf image

## Returns

PGF codec major version of this image

Definition at line 484 of file **PGFImage.h**.

```
00484 { BYTE ver = CodecMajorVersion(m_preHeader.version); return (ver <= 7) ? ver :
(BYTE)m_header.version.major; }
```

**UINT32 CPGFImage::Width (int level = 0) const [inline]**

Return image width of channel 0 at given level in pixels. The returned width is independent of any Read-operations and ROI.

## Parameters

<i>level</i>	A level
--------------	---------

## Returns

Image level width in pixels



Definition at line 413 of file **PGFImage.h**.

```
00413 { ASSERT(level >= 0); return LevelSizeL(m_header.width, level); }
```

**void CPGFImage::Write (CPGFStream \* stream, UINT32 \* nWrittenBytes = nullptr, CallbackPtr cb = nullptr, void \* data = nullptr)**

Encode and write an entire PGF image (header and image) at current stream position. A PGF image is structured in levels, numbered between 0 and **Levels()** - 1. Each level can be seen as a single image, containing the same content as all other levels, but in a different size (width, height). The image size at level *i* is double the size (width, height) of the image at level *i+1*. The image at level 0 contains the original size. Precondition: the PGF image contains a valid header (see also **SetHeader(...)**). It might throw an **IOException**.

#### Parameters

<i>stream</i>	A PGF stream
<i>nWrittenBytes</i>	[in-out] The number of bytes written into stream are added to the input value.
<i>cb</i>	A pointer to a callback procedure. The procedure is called after writing a single level. If <i>cb</i> returns true, then it stops proceeding.
<i>data</i>	Data Pointer to C++ class container to host callback procedure.

Definition at line 1221 of file **PGFImage.cpp**.

```
01221 {
01222     ASSERT(stream);
01223     ASSERT(m_preHeader.hSize);
01224
01225     // create wavelet transform channels and encoder
01226     UINT32 nBytes = WriteHeader(stream);
01227
01228     // write image
01229     nBytes += WriteImage(stream, cb, data);
01230
01231     // return written bytes
01232     if (nWrittenBytes) *nWrittenBytes += nBytes;
01233 }
```

**UINT32 CPGFImage::Write (int level, CallbackPtr cb = nullptr, void \* data = nullptr)**

Encode and write down to given level at current stream position. A PGF image is structured in levels, numbered between 0 and **Levels()** - 1. Each level can be seen as a single image, containing the same content as all other levels, but in a different size (width, height). The image size at level *i* is double the size (width, height) of the image at level *i+1*. The image at level 0 contains the original size. Preconditions: the PGF image contains a valid header (see also **SetHeader(...)**) and **WriteHeader()** has been called before. **Levels()** > 0. The ROI encoding scheme must be used (see also **SetHeader(...)**). It might throw an **IOException**.

#### Parameters

<i>level</i>	[0, nLevels) The image level of the resulting image in the internal image buffer.
<i>cb</i>	A pointer to a callback procedure. The procedure is called after writing a single level. If <i>cb</i> returns true, then it stops proceeding.
<i>data</i>	Data Pointer to C++ class container to host callback procedure.

#### Returns

The number of bytes written into stream.

**UINT32 CPGFImage::WriteHeader (CPGFStream \* stream)**

Create wavelet transform channels and encoder. Write header at current stream position. Call this method before your first call of **Write(int level)** or **WriteImage()**, but after

**SetHeader()**. This method is called inside of Write(stream, ...). It might throw an **IOException**.

#### Parameters

<i>stream</i>	A PGF stream
---------------	--------------

#### Returns

The number of bytes written into stream.

Create wavelet transform channels and encoder. Write header at current stream position. Performs forward FWT. Call this method before your first call of Write(int level) or **WriteImage()**, but after **SetHeader()**. This method is called inside of Write(stream, ...). It might throw an **IOException**.

#### Parameters

<i>stream</i>	A PGF stream
---------------	--------------

#### Returns

The number of bytes written into stream.

Definition at line 979 of file **PGFImage.cpp**.

```

00979                                     {
00980         ASSERT(m_header.nLevels <= MaxLevel);
00981         ASSERT(m_header.quality <= MaxQuality); // quality is already
initialized
00982
00983         if (m_header.nLevels > 0) {
00984             volatile OSErr error = NoError; // volatile prevents
optimizations
00985             // create new wt channels
00986 #ifdef LIBPGF_USE_OPENMP
00987             #pragma omp parallel for default(shared)
00988 #endif
00989             for (int i=0; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
00990                 DataT *temp = nullptr;
00991                 if (error == NoError) {
00992                     if (m_wtChannel[i]) {
00993                         ASSERT(m_channel[i]);
00994                         // copy m_channel to temp
00995                         int size = m_height[i]*m_width[i];
00996                         temp = new(std::nothrow) DataT[size];
00997                         if (temp) {
00998                             memcpy(temp, m_channel[i],
size*DataTSize);
00999                             delete m_wtChannel[i]; //
also deletes m_channel
01000                             m_channel[i] = nullptr;
01001                         } else {
01002                             error = InsufficientMemory;
01003                         }
01004                     }
01005                     if (error == NoError) {
01006                         if (temp) {
01007                             ASSERT(!m_channel[i]);
01008                             m_channel[i] = temp;
01009                         }
01010                         m_wtChannel[i] = new
CWaveletTransform(m_width[i], m_height[i], m_header.nLevels, m_channel[i]);
01011                         if (m_wtChannel[i]) {
01012                             #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
01013
m_wtChannel[i]->SetROI(PGFRect(0, 0, m_width[i], m_height[i]));
01014                             #endif
01015
01016                                     // wavelet subband
decomposition
01017                                     for (int l=0; error == NoError
&& l < m_header.nLevels; l++) {
01018                                         OSErr err =
m_wtChannel[i]->ForwardTransform(l, m_quant);
01019                                         if (err != NoError)
error = err;
01020                                     }

```

```

01021                                     } else {
01022                                         delete[] m_channel[i];
01023                                         error = InsufficientMemory;
01024                                     }
01025                                 }
01026                            }
01027                    }
01028                if (error != NoError) {
01029                    // free already allocated memory
01030                    for (int i=0; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
01031                        delete m_wtChannel[i];
01032                    }
01033                    ReturnWithError(error);
01034                }
01035
01036                m_currentLevel = m_header.nLevels;
01037
01038                // create encoder, write headers and user data, but not
level-length area
01039                m_encoder = new CEncoder(stream, m_preHeader, m_header,
m_postHeader, m_userDataPos, m_useOMPInEncoder);
01040                if (m_favorSpeedOverSize) m_encoder->FavorSpeedOverSize();
01041
01042                #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
01043                    if (ROIisSupported()) {
01044                        // new encoding scheme supporting ROI
01045                        m_encoder->SetROI();
01046                    }
01047                #endif
01048
01049                } else {
01050                    // very small image: we don't use DWT and encoding
01051
01052                    // create encoder, write headers and user data, but not
level-length area
01053                    m_encoder = new CEncoder(stream, m_preHeader, m_header,
m_postHeader, m_userDataPos, m_useOMPInEncoder);
01054                }
01055
01056                INT64 nBytes = m_encoder->ComputeHeaderLength();
01057                return (nBytes > 0) ? (UINT32)nBytes : 0;
01058 }

```

**UINT32 CPGFImage::WriteImage (CPGFStream \* *stream*, CallbackPtr *cb* = nullptr, void \* *data* = nullptr)**

Encode and write an image at current stream position. Call this method after **WriteHeader()**. In case you want to write uncached metadata, then do that after **WriteHeader()** and before **WriteImage()**. This method is called inside of **Write(stream, ...)**. It might throw an **IOException**.

#### Parameters

<i>stream</i>	A PGF stream
<i>cb</i>	A pointer to a callback procedure. The procedure is called after writing a single level. If <i>cb</i> returns true, then it stops proceeding.
<i>data</i>	Data Pointer to C++ class container to host callback procedure.

#### Returns

The number of bytes written into stream.

Definition at line 1150 of file **PGFImage.cpp**.

```

01150
{
01151     ASSERT(stream);
01152     ASSERT(m_preHeader.hSize);
01153
01154     int levels = m_header.nLevels;
01155     double percent = pow(0.25, levels);
01156
01157     // update post-header size, rewrite pre-header, and write dummy
levelLength
01158     UINT32 nWrittenBytes = UpdatePostHeaderSize();

```

```

01159
01160     if (levels == 0) {
01161         // for very small images: write channels uncoded
01162         for (int c=0; c < m_header.channels; c++) {
01163             const UINT32 size = m_width[c]*m_height[c];
01164
01165             // write channel data into stream
01166             for (UINT32 i=0; i < size; i++) {
01167                 int count = DataTSize;
01168                 stream->Write(&count, &m_channel[c][i]);
01169             }
01170         }
01171
01172         // now update progress
01173         if (cb) {
01174             if ((*cb)(1, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01175         }
01176
01177     } else {
01178         // encode quantized wavelet coefficients and write to PGF file
01179         // encode subbands, higher levels first
01180         // color channels are interleaved
01181
01182         // encode all levels
01183         for (m_currentLevel = levels; m_currentLevel > 0; ) {
01184             WriteLevel(); // decrements m_currentLevel
01185
01186             // now update progress
01187             if (cb) {
01188                 percent *= 4;
01189                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01190             }
01191         }
01192
01193         // flush encoder and write level lengths
01194         m_encoder->Flush();
01195     }
01196
01197     // update level lengths
01198     nWrittenBytes += m_encoder->UpdateLevelLength(); // return written
image bytes
01199
01200     // delete encoder
01201     delete m_encoder; m_encoder = nullptr;
01202
01203     ASSERT(!m_encoder);
01204
01205     return nWrittenBytes;
01206 }

```

**void CPGFImage::WriteLevel () [private]**

Definition at line 1068 of file PGFImage.cpp.

```

01068     {
01069         ASSERT(m_encoder);
01070         ASSERT(m_currentLevel > 0);
01071         ASSERT(m_header.nLevels > 0);
01072
01073 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
01074         if (ROIisSupported()) {
01075             const int lastChannel = m_header.channels - 1;
01076
01077             for (int i=0; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
01078                 // get number of tiles and tile indices
01079                 const UINT32 nTiles =
m_wtChannel[i]->GetNofTiles(m_currentLevel);
01080                 const UINT32 lastTile = nTiles - 1;
01081
01082                 if (m_currentLevel == m_header.nLevels) {
01083                     // last level also has LL band
01084                     ASSERT(nTiles == 1);

```

```

01085                                     m_wtChannel[i]->GetSubband(m_currentLevel,
LL)->ExtractTile(*m_encoder);
01086                                     m_encoder->EncodeTileBuffer(); // encode macro
block with tile-end = true
01087                                     }
01088                                     for (UINT32 tileY=0; tileY < nTiles; tileY++) {
01089                                     for (UINT32 tileX=0; tileX < nTiles; tileX++)
{
01090                                     // extract tile to macro block and
encode already filled macro blocks with tile-end = false
01091
m_wtChannel[i]->GetSubband(m_currentLevel, HL)->ExtractTile(*m_encoder, true, tileX,
tileY);
01092
m_wtChannel[i]->GetSubband(m_currentLevel, LH)->ExtractTile(*m_encoder, true, tileX,
tileY);
01093
m_wtChannel[i]->GetSubband(m_currentLevel, HH)->ExtractTile(*m_encoder, true, tileX,
tileY);
01094                                     if (i == lastChannel && tileY ==
lastTile && tileX == lastTile) {
01095                                     // all necessary data are
buffered. next call of EncodeTileBuffer will write the last piece of data of the current
level.
01096
m_encoder->SetEncodedLevel(--m_currentLevel);
01097                                     }
01098                                     m_encoder->EncodeTileBuffer(); //
encode last macro block with tile-end = true
01099                                     }
01100                                     }
01101                                     }
01102                                     } else
01103 #endif
01104                                     {
01105                                     for (int i=0; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
01106                                     ASSERT(m_wtChannel[i]);
01107                                     if (m_currentLevel == m_header.nLevels) {
01108                                     // last level also has LL band
01109                                     m_wtChannel[i]->GetSubband(m_currentLevel,
LL)->ExtractTile(*m_encoder);
01110                                     }
01111                                     //encoder.EncodeInterleaved(m_wtChannel[i],
m_currentLevel, m_quant); // until version 4
01112                                     m_wtChannel[i]->GetSubband(m_currentLevel,
HL)->ExtractTile(*m_encoder); // since version 5
01113                                     m_wtChannel[i]->GetSubband(m_currentLevel,
LH)->ExtractTile(*m_encoder); // since version 5
01114                                     m_wtChannel[i]->GetSubband(m_currentLevel,
HH)->ExtractTile(*m_encoder);
01115                                     }
01116
01117                                     // all necessary data are buffered. next call of EncodeBuffer
will write the last piece of data of the current level.
01118                                     m_encoder->SetEncodedLevel(--m_currentLevel);
01119                                     }
01120 }

```

---

## Member Data Documentation

### RefreshCB CPGFImage::m\_cb[private]

pointer to refresh callback procedure

Definition at line 545 of file PGFImage.h.

### void\* CPGFImage::m\_cbArg[private]

refresh callback argument

Definition at line 546 of file **PGFImage.h**.

**DataT\* CPGFImage::m\_channel[MaxChannels] [protected]**

untransformed channels in YUV format

Definition at line 522 of file **PGFImage.h**.

**int CPGFImage::m\_currentLevel [protected]**

transform level of current image

Definition at line 532 of file **PGFImage.h**.

**CDecoder\* CPGFImage::m\_decoder [protected]**

PGF decoder.

Definition at line 523 of file **PGFImage.h**.

**bool CPGFImage::m\_downsample [protected]**

chrominance channels are downsampled

Definition at line 535 of file **PGFImage.h**.

**CEncoder\* CPGFImage::m\_encoder [protected]**

PGF encoder.

Definition at line 524 of file **PGFImage.h**.

**bool CPGFImage::m\_favorSpeedOverSize [protected]**

favor encoding speed over compression ratio

Definition at line 536 of file **PGFImage.h**.

**PGFHeader CPGFImage::m\_header [protected]**

PGF file header.

Definition at line 529 of file **PGFImage.h**.

**UINT32 CPGFImage::m\_height[MaxChannels] [protected]**

height of each channel at current level

Definition at line 527 of file **PGFImage.h**.

**UINT32\* CPGFImage::m\_levelLength [protected]**

length of each level in bytes; first level starts immediately after this array

Definition at line 525 of file **PGFImage.h**.

**double CPGFImage::m\_percent** [private]

progress [0..1]

Definition at line 547 of file **PGFImage.h**.

**PGFPostHeader CPGFImage::m\_postHeader** [protected]

PGF post-header.

Definition at line 530 of file **PGFImage.h**.

**PGFPreHeader CPGFImage::m\_preHeader** [protected]

PGF pre-header.

Definition at line 528 of file **PGFImage.h**.

**ProgressMode CPGFImage::m\_progressMode** [private]

progress mode used in Read and Write; PM\_Relative is default mode

Definition at line 548 of file **PGFImage.h**.

**BYTE CPGFImage::m\_quant** [protected]

quantization parameter

Definition at line 534 of file **PGFImage.h**.

**PGFRect CPGFImage::m\_roi** [protected]

region of interest

Definition at line 541 of file **PGFImage.h**.

**bool CPGFImage::m\_streamReinitialized** [protected]

stream has been reinitialized

Definition at line 540 of file **PGFImage.h**.

**bool CPGFImage::m\_useOMPInDecoder** [protected]

use Open MP in decoder

Definition at line 538 of file **PGFImage.h**.

**bool CPGFImage::m\_useOMPInEncoder** [protected]

use Open MP in encoder

Definition at line 537 of file **PGFImage.h**.

### **UINT32 CPGFImage::m\_userDataPolicy [protected]**

user data (metadata) policy during open

Definition at line 533 of file **PGFImage.h**.

### **UINT64 CPGFImage::m\_userDataPos [protected]**

stream position of user data

Definition at line 531 of file **PGFImage.h**.

### **UINT32 CPGFImage::m\_width[MaxChannels] [protected]**

width of each channel at current level

Definition at line 526 of file **PGFImage.h**.

### **CWaveletTransform\* CPGFImage::m\_wtChannel[MaxChannels] [protected]**

wavelet transformed color channels

Definition at line 521 of file **PGFImage.h**.

---

**The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:**

- **PGFImage.h**
- **PGFImage.cpp**

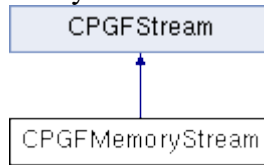


## CPGFMemoryStream Class Reference

Memory stream class.

```
#include <PGFstream.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for CPGFMemoryStream:



### Public Member Functions

- **CPGFMemoryStream** (size\_t size)
- **CPGFMemoryStream** (UINT8 \*pBuffer, size\_t size)
- void **Reinitialize** (UINT8 \*pBuffer, size\_t size)
- virtual **~CPGFMemoryStream** ()
- virtual void **Write** (int \*count, void \*buffer)
- virtual void **Read** (int \*count, void \*buffer)
- virtual void **SetPos** (short posMode, INT64 posOff)
- virtual UINT64 **GetPos** () const
- virtual bool **IsValid** () const
- size\_t **GetSize** () const
- const UINT8 \* **GetBuffer** () const
- UINT8 \* **GetBuffer** ()
- UINT64 **GetEOS** () const
- void **SetEOS** (UINT64 length)

### Protected Attributes

- **UINT8 \* m\_buffer**
- **UINT8 \* m\_pos**  
*buffer start address and current buffer address*
- **UINT8 \* m\_eos**  
*end of stream (first address beyond written area)*
- **size\_t m\_size**  
*buffer size*
- **bool m\_allocated**  
*indicates a new allocated buffer*

---

### Detailed Description

Memory stream class.

A PGF stream subclass for internal memory.

#### Author

C. Stamm

Definition at line **106** of file **PGFstream.h**.

---

## Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### CPGFMemoryStream::CPGFMemoryStream (size\_t size)

Constructor

#### Parameters

<i>size</i>	Size of new allocated memory buffer
-------------	-------------------------------------

Allocate memory block of given size

#### Parameters

<i>size</i>	Memory size
-------------	-------------

Definition at line 78 of file PGFstream.cpp.

```
00079 : m_size(size)
00080 , m_allocated(true) {
00081     m_buffer = m_pos = m_eos = new(std::nothrow) UINT8[m_size];
00082     if (!m_buffer) ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00083 }
```

### CPGFMemoryStream::CPGFMemoryStream (UINT8 \* pBuffer, size\_t size)

Constructor. Use already allocated memory of given size

#### Parameters

<i>pBuffer</i>	Memory location
<i>size</i>	Memory size

Use already allocated memory of given size

#### Parameters

<i>pBuffer</i>	Memory location
<i>size</i>	Memory size

Definition at line 89 of file PGFstream.cpp.

```
00090 : m_buffer(pBuffer)
00091 , m_pos(pBuffer)
00092 , m_eos(pBuffer + size)
00093 , m_size(size)
00094 , m_allocated(false) {
00095     ASSERT(IsValid());
00096 }
```

### virtual CPGFMemoryStream::~~CPGFMemoryStream () [inline], [virtual]

Definition at line 128 of file PGFstream.h.

```
00128                                     {
00129     m_pos = 0;
00130     if (m_allocated) {
00131         // the memory buffer has been allocated inside of
CPMFmemoryStream constructor
00132         delete[] m_buffer; m_buffer = 0;
00133     }
00134 }
```

---

## Member Function Documentation

### UINT8 \* CPGFMemoryStream::GetBuffer () [inline]

### Returns

Memory buffer

Definition at line 147 of file PGFstream.h.

```
00147 { return m_buffer; }
```

**const UINT8 \* CPGFMemoryStream::GetBuffer () const[inline]**

### Returns

Memory buffer

Definition at line 145 of file PGFstream.h.

```
00145 { return m_buffer; }
```

**UINT64 CPGFMemoryStream::GetEOS () const[inline]**

### Returns

relative position of end of stream (= stream length)

Definition at line 149 of file PGFstream.h.

```
00149 { ASSERT(IsValid()); return m_eos - m_buffer; }
```

**virtual UINT64 CPGFMemoryStream::GetPos () const[inline], [virtual]**

Get current stream position.

### Returns

Current stream position

Implements **CPGFStream** (p.109).

Definition at line 139 of file PGFstream.h.

```
00139 { ASSERT(IsValid()); return m_pos - m_buffer; }
```

**size\_t CPGFMemoryStream::GetSize () const[inline]**

### Returns

Memory size

Definition at line 143 of file PGFstream.h.

```
00143 { return m_size; }
```

**virtual bool CPGFMemoryStream::IsValid () const[inline], [virtual]**

Check stream validity.

### Returns

True if stream and current position is valid

Implements **CPGFStream** (p.109).

Definition at line 140 of file PGFstream.h.

```
00140 { return m_buffer != 0; }
```

**void CPGFMemoryStream::Read (int \* count, void \* buffer)[virtual]**

Read some bytes from this stream and stores them into a buffer.

### Parameters

<i>count</i>	A pointer to a value containing the number of bytes should be read. After this call it contains the number of read bytes.
--------------	---

<i>buffer</i>	A memory buffer
---------------	-----------------

Implements **CPGFStream** (p.109).

Definition at line 148 of file **PGFstream.cpp**.

```

00148                                     {
00149     ASSERT(IsValid());
00150     ASSERT(count);
00151     ASSERT(buffPtr);
00152     ASSERT(m_buffer + m_size >= m_eos);
00153     ASSERT(m_pos <= m_eos);
00154
00155     if (m_pos + *count <= m_eos) {
00156         memcpy(buffPtr, m_pos, *count);
00157         m_pos += *count;
00158     } else {
00159         // end of memory block reached -> read only until end
00160         *count = (int)__max(0, m_eos - m_pos);
00161         memcpy(buffPtr, m_pos, *count);
00162         m_pos += *count;
00163     }
00164     ASSERT(m_pos <= m_eos);
00165 }

```

**void CPGFMemoryStream::Reinitialize (UINT8 \* *pBuffer*, size\_t *size*)**

Use already allocated memory of given size

**Parameters**

<i>pBuffer</i>	Memory location
<i>size</i>	Memory size

Definition at line 102 of file **PGFstream.cpp**.

```

00102                                     {
00103     if (!m_allocated) {
00104         m_buffer = m_pos = pBuffer;
00105         m_size = size;
00106         m_eos = m_buffer + size;
00107     }
00108 }

```

**void CPGFMemoryStream::SetEOS (UINT64 *length*)[inline]**

**Parameters**

<i>length</i>	Stream length (= relative position of end of stream)
---------------	--

Definition at line 151 of file **PGFstream.h**.

```

00151 { ASSERT(IsValid()); m_eos = m_buffer + length; }

```

**void CPGFMemoryStream::SetPos (short *posMode*, INT64 *posOff*)[virtual]**

Set stream position either absolute or relative.

**Parameters**

<i>posMode</i>	A position mode (FSFromStart, FSFromCurrent, FSFromEnd)
<i>posOff</i>	A new stream position (absolute positioning) or a position offset (relative positioning)

Implements **CPGFStream** (p.109).

Definition at line 168 of file **PGFstream.cpp**.

```

00168                                     {
00169     ASSERT(IsValid());
00170     switch(posMode) {
00171     case FSFromStart:
00172         m_pos = m_buffer + posOff;
00173         break;
00174     case FSFromCurrent:
00175         m_pos += posOff;
00176         break;
00177     case FSFromEnd:

```

```

00178         m_pos = m_eos + posOff;
00179         break;
00180     default:
00181         ASSERT(false);
00182     }
00183     if (m_pos > m_eos)
00184         ReturnWithError(InvalidStreamPos);
00185 }

```

**void CPGFMemoryStream::Write (int \* count, void \* buffer)[virtual]**

Write some bytes out of a buffer into this stream.

#### Parameters

<i>count</i>	A pointer to a value containing the number of bytes should be written. After this call it contains the number of written bytes.
<i>buffer</i>	A memory buffer

Implements **CPGFStream** (p.109).

Definition at line 111 of file **PGFstream.cpp**.

```

00111         {
00112             ASSERT(count);
00113             ASSERT(buffPtr);
00114             ASSERT(IsValid());
00115             const size_t deltaSize = 0x4000 + *count;
00116
00117             if (m_pos + *count <= m_buffer + m_size) {
00118                 memcpy(m_pos, buffPtr, *count);
00119                 m_pos += *count;
00120                 if (m_pos > m_eos) m_eos = m_pos;
00121             } else if (m_allocated) {
00122                 // memory block is too small -> reallocate a deltaSize larger
00123                 // block
00124                 size_t offset = m_pos - m_buffer;
00125                 UINT8 *buf tmp = (UINT8 *)realloc(m_buffer, m_size + deltaSize);
00126                 if (!buf_tmp) {
00127                     delete[] m_buffer;
00128                     m_buffer = 0;
00129                     ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00130                 } else {
00131                     m_buffer = buf tmp;
00132                 }
00133                 m_size += deltaSize;
00134
00135                 // reposition m_pos
00136                 m_pos = m_buffer + offset;
00137
00138                 // write block
00139                 memcpy(m_pos, buffPtr, *count);
00140                 m_pos += *count;
00141                 if (m_pos > m_eos) m_eos = m_pos;
00142             } else {
00143                 ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00144             }
00145             ASSERT(m_pos <= m_eos);
00146         }

```

## Member Data Documentation

**bool CPGFMemoryStream::m\_allocated [protected]**

indicates a new allocated buffer

Definition at line 111 of file **PGFstream.h**.

**UINT8\* CPGFMemoryStream::m\_buffer [protected]**

Definition at line **108** of file **PGFstream.h**.

**UINT8\* CPGFMemoryStream::m\_eos [protected]**

end of stream (first address beyond written area)

Definition at line **109** of file **PGFstream.h**.

**UINT8 \* CPGFMemoryStream::m\_pos [protected]**

buffer start address and current buffer address

Definition at line **108** of file **PGFstream.h**.

**size\_t CPGFMemoryStream::m\_size [protected]**

buffer size

Definition at line **110** of file **PGFstream.h**.

---

**The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:**

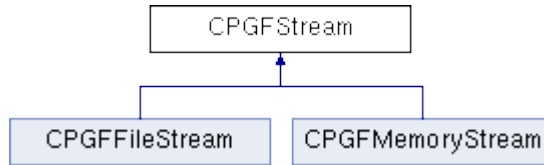
- **PGFstream.h**
- **PGFstream.cpp**

## CPGFStream Class Reference

Abstract stream base class.

```
#include <PGFstream.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for CPGFStream:



### Public Member Functions

- **CPGFStream ()**  
*Standard constructor.*
- **virtual ~CPGFStream ()**  
*Standard destructor.*
- **virtual void Write (int \*count, void \*buffer)=0**
- **virtual void Read (int \*count, void \*buffer)=0**
- **virtual void SetPos (short posMode, INT64 posOff)=0**
- **virtual UINT64 GetPos () const =0**
- **virtual bool IsValid () const =0**

---

### Detailed Description

Abstract stream base class.

Abstract stream base class.

#### Author

C. Stamm

Definition at line 39 of file **PGFstream.h**.

---

### Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### **CPGFStream::CPGFStream () [inline]**

Standard constructor.

Definition at line 43 of file **PGFstream.h**.

```
00043 {}
```

#### **virtual CPGFStream::~~CPGFStream () [inline], [virtual]**

Standard destructor.

Definition at line 47 of file **PGFstream.h**.

```
00047 {}
```

## Member Function Documentation

**virtual UINT64 CPGFStream::GetPos () const**[pure virtual]

Get current stream position.

### Returns

Current stream position

Implemented in **CPGFFileStream** (p.46), and **CPGFMemoryStream** (p.104).

**virtual bool CPGFStream::IsValid () const**[pure virtual]

Check stream validity.

### Returns

True if stream and current position is valid

Implemented in **CPGFFileStream** (p.46), and **CPGFMemoryStream** (p.104).

**virtual void CPGFStream::Read (int \* *count*, void \* *buffer*)**[pure virtual]

Read some bytes from this stream and stores them into a buffer.

### Parameters

<i>count</i>	A pointer to a value containing the number of bytes should be read. After this call it contains the number of read bytes.
<i>buffer</i>	A memory buffer

Implemented in **CPGFFileStream** (p.46), and **CPGFMemoryStream** (p.104).

**virtual void CPGFStream::SetPos (short *posMode*, INT64 *posOff*)**[pure virtual]

Set stream position either absolute or relative.

### Parameters

<i>posMode</i>	A position mode (FSFromStart, FSFromCurrent, FSFromEnd)
<i>posOff</i>	A new stream position (absolute positioning) or a position offset (relative positioning)

Implemented in **CPGFFileStream** (p.47), and **CPGFMemoryStream** (p.105).

**virtual void CPGFStream::Write (int \* *count*, void \* *buffer*)**[pure virtual]

Write some bytes out of a buffer into this stream.

### Parameters

<i>count</i>	A pointer to a value containing the number of bytes should be written. After this call it contains the number of written bytes.
<i>buffer</i>	A memory buffer

Implemented in **CPGFFileStream** (p.47), and **CPGFMemoryStream** (p.106).

---

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- PGFstream.h



## CSubband Class Reference

Wavelet channel class.

```
#include <Subband.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- **CSubband ()**  
*Standard constructor.*
- **~CSubband ()**  
*Destructor.*
- **bool AllocMemory ()**
- **void FreeMemory ()**  
*Delete the memory buffer of this subband.*
- **void ExtractTile (CEncoder &encoder, bool tile=false, UINT32 tileX=0, UINT32 tileY=0)**
- **void PlaceTile (CDecoder &decoder, int quantParam, bool tile=false, UINT32 tileX=0, UINT32 tileY=0)**
- **void Quantize (int quantParam)**
- **void Dequantize (int quantParam)**
- **void SetData (UINT32 pos, DataT v)**
- **DataT \* GetBuffer ()**
- **DataT GetData (UINT32 pos) const**
- **int GetLevel () const**
- **int GetHeight () const**
- **int GetWidth () const**
- **Orientation GetOrientation () const**

### Private Member Functions

- **void Initialize (UINT32 width, UINT32 height, int level, Orientation orient)**
- **void WriteBuffer (DataT val)**
- **void SetBuffer (DataT \*b)**
- **DataT ReadBuffer ()**
- **UINT32 GetBuffPos () const**
- **void InitBuffPos ()**

### Private Attributes

- **UINT32 m\_width**  
*width in pixels*
- **UINT32 m\_height**  
*height in pixels*
- **UINT32 m\_size**  
*size of data buffer m\_data*
- **int m\_level**  
*recursion level*

- **Orientation m\_orientation**  
*0=LL, 1=HL, 2=LH, 3=HH L=lowpass filtered, H=highpass filtered*
- **UINT32 m\_dataPos**  
*current position in m\_data*
- **DataT \* m\_data**  
*buffer*

## Friends

- class **CWaveletTransform**
- class **CRoiIndices**

---

## Detailed Description

Wavelet channel class.

PGF wavelet channel subband class.

### Author

C. Stamm, R. Spuler

Definition at line 42 of file **Subband.h**.

---

## Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### CSubband::CSubband ()

Standard constructor.

Definition at line 35 of file **Subband.cpp**.

```
00036 : m_width(0)
00037 , m_height(0)
00038 , m_size(0)
00039 , m_level(0)
00040 , m_orientation(LL)
00041 , m_data(0)
00042 , m_dataPos(0)
00043 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00044 , m_nTiles(0)
00045 #endif
00046 {
00047 }
```

### CSubband::~~CSubband ()

Destructor.

Definition at line 51 of file **Subband.cpp**.

```
00051 {
00052     FreeMemory();
00053 }
```

## Member Function Documentation

### bool CSubband::AllocMemory ()

Allocate a memory buffer to store all wavelet coefficients of this subband.

#### Returns

True if the allocation did work without any problems

Definition at line 77 of file **Subband.cpp**.

```
00077     {
00078         UINT32 oldSize = m_size;
00079
00080 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00081     m_size = BufferWidth()*m_ROI.Height();
00082 #endif
00083     ASSERT(m_size > 0);
00084
00085     if (m_data) {
00086         if (oldSize >= m_size) {
00087             return true;
00088         } else {
00089             delete[] m_data;
00090             m_data = new(std::nothrow) DataT[m_size];
00091             return (m_data != 0);
00092         }
00093     } else {
00094         m_data = new(std::nothrow) DataT[m_size];
00095         return (m_data != 0);
00096     }
00097 }
```

### void CSubband::Dequantize (int *quantParam*)

Perform subband dequantization with given quantization parameter. A scalar quantization (with dead-zone) is used. A large quantization value results in strong quantization and therefore in big quality loss.

#### Parameters

<i>quantParam</i>	A quantization parameter (larger or equal to 0)
-------------------	---

Definition at line 154 of file **Subband.cpp**.

```
00154     {
00155         if (m_orientation == LL) {
00156             quantParam -= m_level + 1;
00157         } else if (m_orientation == HH) {
00158             quantParam -= m_level - 1;
00159         } else {
00160             quantParam -= m_level;
00161         }
00162         if (quantParam > 0) {
00163             for (UINT32 i=0; i < m_size; i++) {
00164                 m_data[i] <<= quantParam;
00165             }
00166         }
00167     }
```

### void CSubband::ExtractTile (CEncoder & *encoder*, bool *tile* = false, UINT32 *tileX* = 0, UINT32 *tileY* = 0)

Extracts a rectangular subregion of this subband. Write wavelet coefficients into buffer. It might throw an **IOException**.

#### Parameters

<i>encoder</i>	An encoder instance
<i>tile</i>	True if just a rectangular region is extracted, false if the entire subband is extracted.
<i>tileX</i>	Tile index in x-direction
<i>tileY</i>	Tile index in y-direction

Definition at line 177 of file **Subband.cpp**.

```
00177
{
00178 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00179     if (tile) {
00180         // compute tile position and size
00181         UINT32 xPos, yPos, w, h;
00182         TilePosition(tileX, tileY, xPos, yPos, w, h);
00183
00184         // write values into buffer using partitioning scheme
00185         encoder.Partition(this, w, h, xPos + yPos*m_width, m_width);
00186     } else
00187 #endif
00188     {
00189         tileX; tileY; tile; // prevents from unreferenced formal
parameter warning
00190         // write values into buffer using partitioning scheme
00191         encoder.Partition(this, m_width, m_height, 0, m_width);
00192     }
00193 }
```

**void CSubband::FreeMemory ()**

Delete the memory buffer of this subband.

Definition at line 101 of file **Subband.cpp**.

```
00101     {
00102         if (m_data) {
00103             delete[] m_data; m_data = 0;
00104         }
00105     }
```

**DataT \* CSubband::GetBuffer () [inline]**

Get a pointer to an array of all wavelet coefficients of this subband.

**Returns**

Pointer to array of wavelet coefficients

Definition at line 107 of file **Subband.h**.

```
00107 { return m_data; }
```

**UINT32 CSubband::GetBuffPos () const [inline], [private]**

Definition at line 151 of file **Subband.h**.

```
00151 { return m_dataPos; }
```

**DataT CSubband::GetData (UINT32 pos) const [inline]**

Return wavelet coefficient at given position.

**Parameters**

<i>pos</i>	A subband position ( $\geq 0$ )
------------	---------------------------------

**Returns**

Wavelet coefficient

Definition at line 113 of file **Subband.h**.

```
00113 { ASSERT(pos < m_size); return m_data[pos]; }
```

**int CSubband::GetHeight () const [inline]**

Return height of this subband.

**Returns**

Height of this subband (in pixels)

Definition at line 123 of file **Subband.h**.

```
00123 { return m_height; }
```

**int CSubband::GetLevel () const[inline]**

Return level of this subband.

#### Returns

Level of this subband

Definition at line 118 of file **Subband.h**.

```
00118 { return m_level; }
```

**Orientation CSubband::GetOrientation () const[inline]**

Return orientation of this subband. LL LH HL HH

#### Returns

Orientation of this subband (LL, HL, LH, HH)

Definition at line 135 of file **Subband.h**.

```
00135 { return m_orientation; }
```

**int CSubband::GetWidth () const[inline]**

Return width of this subband.

#### Returns

Width of this subband (in pixels)

Definition at line 128 of file **Subband.h**.

```
00128 { return m_width; }
```

**void CSubband::InitBuffPos () [inline], [private]**

Definition at line 162 of file **Subband.h**.

```
00162 { m_dataPos = 0; }
```

**void CSubband::Initialize (UINT32 width, UINT32 height, int level, Orientation orient) [private]**

Definition at line 57 of file **Subband.cpp**.

```
00057 {
00058     m_width = width;
00059     m_height = height;
00060     m_size = m_width*m_height;
00061     m_level = level;
00062     m_orientation = orient;
00063     m_data = 0;
00064     m_dataPos = 0;
00065     #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00066     m_ROI.left = 0;
00067     m_ROI.top = 0;
00068     m_ROI.right = m_width;
00069     m_ROI.bottom = m_height;
00070     m_nTiles = 0;
00071 #endif
00072 }
```

**void CSubband::PlaceTile (CDecoder & decoder, int quantParam, bool tile = false, UINT32 tileX = 0, UINT32 tileY = 0)**

Decoding and dequantization of this subband. It might throw an **IOException**.

## Parameters

<i>decoder</i>	A decoder instance
<i>quantParam</i>	Dequantization value
<i>tile</i>	True if just a rectangular region is placed, false if the entire subband is placed.
<i>tileX</i>	Tile index in x-direction
<i>tileY</i>	Tile index in y-direction

Definition at line 203 of file **Subband.cpp**.

```
00203
{
00204     // allocate memory
00205     if (!AllocMemory()) ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00206
00207     // correct quantParam with normalization factor
00208     if (m_orientation == LL) {
00209         quantParam -= m_level + 1;
00210     } else if (m_orientation == HH) {
00211         quantParam -= m_level - 1;
00212     } else {
00213         quantParam -= m_level;
00214     }
00215     if (quantParam < 0) quantParam = 0;
00216
00217     #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00218     if (tile) {
00219         UINT32 xPos, yPos, w, h;
00220
00221         // compute tile position and size
00222         TilePosition(tileX, tileY, xPos, yPos, w, h);
00223
00224         ASSERT(xPos >= m_ROI.left && yPos >= m_ROI.top);
00225         decoder.Partition(this, quantParam, w, h, (xPos - m_ROI.left)
+ (yPos - m_ROI.top)*BufferWidth(), BufferWidth());
00226     } else
00227     #endif
00228     {
00229         tileX; tileY; tile; // prevents from unreferenced formal
parameter warning
00230
00231         // read values into buffer using partitioning scheme
00232         decoder.Partition(this, quantParam, m_width, m_height, 0,
m_width);
00233     }
```

## void CSubband::Quantize (int *quantParam*)

Perform subband quantization with given quantization parameter. A scalar quantization (with dead-zone) is used. A large quantization value results in strong quantization and therefore in big quality loss.

## Parameters

<i>quantParam</i>	A quantization parameter (larger or equal to 0)
-------------------	---

Definition at line 112 of file **Subband.cpp**.

```
00112
{
00113     if (m_orientation == LL) {
00114         quantParam -= (m_level + 1);
00115         // uniform rounding quantization
00116         if (quantParam > 0) {
00117             quantParam--;
00118             for (UINT32 i=0; i < m_size; i++) {
00119                 if (m_data[i] < 0) {
00120                     m_data[i] = -(((m_data[i] >>
quantParam) + 1) >> 1);
00121                 } else {
00122                     m_data[i] = ((m_data[i] >> quantParam)
+ 1) >> 1;
00123                 }
00124             }
00125         }
00126     } else {
00127         if (m_orientation == HH) {
00128             quantParam -= (m_level - 1);
```

```

00129         } else {
00130             quantParam -= m_level;
00131         }
00132         // uniform deadzone quantization
00133         if (quantParam > 0) {
00134             int threshold = ((1 << quantParam) * 7)/5; // good
value
00135             quantParam--;
00136             for (UINT32 i=0; i < m_size; i++) {
00137                 if (m_data[i] < -threshold) {
00138                     m_data[i] = -(((m_data[i] >>
quantParam) + 1) >> 1);
00139                 } else if (m_data[i] > threshold) {
00140                     m_data[i] = ((m_data[i] >> quantParam)
+ 1) >> 1;
00141                 } else {
00142                     m_data[i] = 0;
00143                 }
00144             }
00145         }
00146     }
00147 }

```

### **DataT CSubband::ReadBuffer () [inline], [private]**

Definition at line 149 of file Subband.h.

```
00149 { ASSERT(m_dataPos < m_size); return m_data[m_dataPos++]; }
```

### **void CSubband::SetBuffer (DataT \* b) [inline], [private]**

Definition at line 148 of file Subband.h.

```
00148 { ASSERT(b); m_data = b; }
```

### **void CSubband::SetData (UINT32 pos, DataT v) [inline]**

Store wavelet coefficient in subband at given position.

#### **Parameters**

<i>pos</i>	A subband position ( $\geq 0$ )
<i>v</i>	A wavelet coefficient

Definition at line 102 of file Subband.h.

```
00102 { ASSERT(pos < m_size); m_data[pos] = v; }
```

### **void CSubband::WriteBuffer (DataT val) [inline], [private]**

Definition at line 147 of file Subband.h.

```
00147 { ASSERT(m_dataPos < m_size); m_data[m_dataPos++] = val; }
```

---

## **Friends And Related Function Documentation**

### **friend class CRoiIndices [friend]**

Definition at line 44 of file Subband.h.

### **friend class CWaveletTransform [friend]**

Definition at line 43 of file Subband.h.

---

## Member Data Documentation

### **DataT\* CSubband::m\_data** [private]

buffer

Definition at line 172 of file **Subband.h**.

### **UINT32 CSubband::m\_dataPos** [private]

current position in m\_data

Definition at line 171 of file **Subband.h**.

### **UINT32 CSubband::m\_height** [private]

height in pixels

Definition at line 167 of file **Subband.h**.

### **int CSubband::m\_level** [private]

recursion level

Definition at line 169 of file **Subband.h**.

### **Orientation CSubband::m\_orientation** [private]

0=LL, 1=HL, 2=LH, 3=HH L=lowpass filtered, H=highpass filtered

Definition at line 170 of file **Subband.h**.

### **UINT32 CSubband::m\_size** [private]

size of data buffer m\_data

Definition at line 168 of file **Subband.h**.

### **UINT32 CSubband::m\_width** [private]

width in pixels

Definition at line 166 of file **Subband.h**.

---

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- **Subband.h**
- **Subband.cpp**



## CWaveletTransform Class Reference

PGF wavelet transform.

```
#include <WaveletTransform.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- **CWaveletTransform** (UINT32 width, UINT32 height, int levels, **DataT** \*data=nullptr)
- **~CWaveletTransform** ()  
*Destructor.*
- **OSError ForwardTransform** (int level, int quant)
- **OSError InverseTransform** (int level, UINT32 \*width, UINT32 \*height, **DataT** \*\*data)
- **CSubband \* GetSubband** (int level, **Orientation** orientation)

### Private Member Functions

- void **Destroy** ()
- void **InitSubbands** (UINT32 width, UINT32 height, **DataT** \*data)
- void **ForwardRow** (**DataT** \*buff, UINT32 width)
- void **InverseRow** (**DataT** \*buff, UINT32 width)
- void **InterleavedToSubbands** (int destLevel, **DataT** \*loRow, **DataT** \*hiRow, UINT32 width)
- void **SubbandsToInterleaved** (int srcLevel, **DataT** \*loRow, **DataT** \*hiRow, UINT32 width)

### Private Attributes

- int **m\_nLevels**  
*number of LL levels: one more than header.nLevels in PGFImage*
- **CSubband(\* m\_subband)**[NSubbands]  
*quadtree of subbands: LL HL LH HH*

### Friends

- class **CSubband**

---

### Detailed Description

PGF wavelet transform.

PGF wavelet transform class.

#### Author

C. Stamm, R. Spuler

Definition at line 55 of file **WaveletTransform.h**.

---

### Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**CWaveletTransform::CWaveletTransform** (UINT32 width, UINT32 height, int levels, **DataT** \* data = nullptr)

Constructor: Constructs a wavelet transform pyramid of given size and levels.

## Parameters

<i>width</i>	The width of the original image (at level 0) in pixels
<i>height</i>	The height of the original image (at level 0) in pixels
<i>levels</i>	The number of levels ( $\geq 0$ )
<i>data</i>	Input data of subband LL at level 0

Definition at line 40 of file **WaveletTransform.cpp**.

```
00041 : m_nLevels(levels + 1) // m_nLevels in CPGFImage determines the number of FWT
steps; this.m_nLevels determines the number subband-planes
00042 , m_subband(nullptr)
00043 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00044 , m_indices(nullptr)
00045 #endif
00046 {
00047     ASSERT(m_nLevels > 0 && m_nLevels <= MaxLevel + 1);
00048     InitSubbands(width, height, data);
00049 }
```

## CWaveletTransform::~CWaveletTransform () [inline]

Destructor.

Definition at line 69 of file **WaveletTransform.h**.

```
00069 { Destroy(); }
```

## Member Function Documentation

### void CWaveletTransform::Destroy () [inline], [private]

Definition at line 125 of file **WaveletTransform.h**.

```
00125     {
00126         delete[] m_subband; m_subband = nullptr;
00127     #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00128         delete[] m_indices; m_indices = nullptr;
00129     #endif
00130     }
```

### void CWaveletTransform::ForwardRow (DataT \* buff, UINT32 width) [private]

Definition at line 180 of file **WaveletTransform.cpp**.

```
00180     {
00181         if (width >= FilterSize) {
00182             UINT32 i = 3;
00183
00184             // left border handling
00185             src[1] -= ((src[0] + src[2] + c1) >> 1); // high pass
00186             src[0] += ((src[1] + c1) >> 1); // low pass
00187
00188             // middle part
00189             for (; i < width-1; i += 2) {
00190                 src[i] -= ((src[i-1] + src[i+1] + c1) >> 1); // high pass
00191                 src[i-1] += ((src[i-2] + src[i] + c2) >> 2); // low pass
00192             }
00193
00194             // right border handling
00195             if (width & 1) {
00196                 src[i-1] += ((src[i-2] + c1) >> 1); // low pass
00197             } else {
00198                 src[i] -= src[i-1]; // high pass
00199                 src[i-1] += ((src[i-2] + src[i] + c2) >> 2); // low pass
00200             }
00201         }
00202     }
```

## OSError CWaveletTransform::ForwardTransform (int level, int quant)

Compute fast forward wavelet transform of LL subband at given level and stores result in all 4 subbands of level + 1.

### Parameters

<i>level</i>	A wavelet transform pyramid level ( $\geq 0$ && $< \text{Levels}()$ )
<i>quant</i>	A quantization value (linear scalar quantization)

### Returns

error in case of a memory allocation problem

Definition at line 88 of file WaveletTransform.cpp.

```
00088                                     {
00089     ASSERT(level >= 0 && level < m_nLevels - 1);
00090     const int destLevel = level + 1;
00091     ASSERT(m_subband[destLevel]);
00092     CSubband* srcBand = &m_subband[level][LL]; ASSERT(srcBand);
00093     const UINT32 width = srcBand->GetWidth();
00094     const UINT32 height = srcBand->GetHeight();
00095     DataT* src = srcBand->GetBuffer(); ASSERT(src);
00096     DataT *row0, *row1, *row2, *row3;
00097
00098     // Allocate memory for next transform level
00099     for (int i=0; i < NSubbands; i++) {
00100         if (!m_subband[destLevel][i].AllocMemory()) return
InsufficientMemory;
00101     }
00102
00103     if (height >= FilterSize) { // changed from FilterSizeH to FilterSize
00104         // top border handling
00105         row0 = src; row1 = row0 + width; row2 = row1 + width;
00106         ForwardRow(row0, width);
00107         ForwardRow(row1, width);
00108         ForwardRow(row2, width);
00109         for (UINT32 k=0; k < width; k++) {
00110             row1[k] -= ((row0[k] + row2[k] + c1) >> 1); // high pass
00111             row0[k] += ((row1[k] + c1) >> 1); // low pass
00112         }
00113         InterleavedToSubbands(destLevel, row0, row1, width);
00114         row0 = row1; row1 = row2; row2 += width; row3 = row2 + width;
00115
00116         // middle part
00117         for (UINT32 i=3; i < height-1; i += 2) {
00118             ForwardRow(row2, width);
00119             ForwardRow(row3, width);
00120             for (UINT32 k=0; k < width; k++) {
00121                 row2[k] -= ((row1[k] + row3[k] + c1) >> 1); //
high pass filter
00122                 row1[k] += ((row0[k] + row2[k] + c2) >> 2); //
low pass filter
00123             }
00124             InterleavedToSubbands(destLevel, row1, row2, width);
00125             row0 = row2; row1 = row3; row2 = row3 + width; row3 =
row2 + width;
00126         }
00127
00128         // bottom border handling
00129         if (height & 1) {
00130             for (UINT32 k=0; k < width; k++) {
00131                 row1[k] += ((row0[k] + c1) >> 1); // low pass
00132             }
00133             InterleavedToSubbands(destLevel, row1, nullptr,
width);
00134             row0 = row1; row1 += width;
00135         } else {
00136             ForwardRow(row2, width);
00137             for (UINT32 k=0; k < width; k++) {
00138                 row2[k] -= row1[k]; // high pass
00139                 row1[k] += ((row0[k] + row2[k] + c2) >> 2); //
low pass
00140             }
00141             InterleavedToSubbands(destLevel, row1, row2, width);
00142             row0 = row1; row1 = row2; row2 += width;
00143         }
00144     }
```

```

00144     } else {
00145         // if height is too small
00146         row0 = src; row1 = row0 + width;
00147         // first part
00148         for (UINT32 k=0; k < height; k += 2) {
00149             ForwardRow(row0, width);
00150             ForwardRow(row1, width);
00151             InterleavedToSubbands(destLevel, row0, row1, width);
00152             row0 += width << 1; row1 += width << 1;
00153         }
00154         // bottom
00155         if (height & 1) {
00156             InterleavedToSubbands(destLevel, row0, nullptr,
width);
00157         }
00158     }
00159
00160     if (quant > 0) {
00161         // subband quantization (without LL)
00162         for (int i=1; i < NSubbands; i++) {
00163             m_subband[destLevel][i].Quantize(quant);
00164         }
00165         // LL subband quantization
00166         if (destLevel == m_nLevels - 1) {
00167             m_subband[destLevel][LL].Quantize(quant);
00168         }
00169     }
00170
00171     // free source band
00172     srcBand->FreeMemory();
00173     return NoError;
00174 }

```

**CSubband \* CWaveletTransform::GetSubband (int *level*, Orientation *orientation*) [inline]**

Get pointer to one of the 4 subband at a given level.

#### Parameters

<i>level</i>	A wavelet transform pyramid level ( $\geq 0$ && $\leq$ Levels())
<i>orientation</i>	A quarter of the subband (LL, LH, HL, HH)

Definition at line 93 of file **WaveletTransform.h**.

```

00093     {
00094         ASSERT(level >= 0 && level < m_nLevels);
00095         return &m_subband[level][orientation];
00096     }

```

**void CWaveletTransform::InitSubbands (UINT32 *width*, UINT32 *height*, DataT \* *data*) [private]**

Definition at line 53 of file **WaveletTransform.cpp**.

```

00053     {
00054         if (m_subband) Destroy();
00055
00056         // create subbands
00057         m_subband = new CSubband[m_nLevels][NSubbands];
00058
00059         // init subbands
00060         UINT32 loWidth = width;
00061         UINT32 hiWidth = width;
00062         UINT32 loHeight = height;
00063         UINT32 hiHeight = height;
00064
00065         for (int level = 0; level < m_nLevels; level++) {
00066             m_subband[level][LL].Initialize(loWidth, loHeight, level, LL);
00067             // LL
00067             m_subband[level][HL].Initialize(hiWidth, loHeight, level, HL);
00068             // HL
00068             m_subband[level][LH].Initialize(loWidth, hiHeight, level, LH);
00069             // LH

```

```

00069         m_subband[level][HH].Initialize(hiWidth, hiHeight, level, HH);
//      HH
00070         hiWidth = loWidth >> 1;           hiHeight = loHeight >>
1;
00071         loWidth = (loWidth + 1) >> 1;    loHeight = (loHeight + 1) >> 1;
00072     }
00073     if (data) {
00074         m_subband[0][LL].SetBuffer(data);
00075     }
00076 }

```

**void CWaveletTransform::InterleavedToSubbands (int destLevel, DataT \* loRow, DataT \* hiRow, UINT32 width)[private]**

Definition at line 206 of file WaveletTransform.cpp.

```

00206
{
00207     const UINT32 wquot = width >> 1;
00208     const bool wrem = (width & 1);
00209     CSubband &ll = m_subband[destLevel][LL], &hl =
m_subband[destLevel][HL];
00210     CSubband &lh = m_subband[destLevel][LH], &hh =
m_subband[destLevel][HH];
00211
00212     if (hiRow) {
00213         for (UINT32 i=0; i < wquot; i++) {
00214             ll.WriteBuffer(*loRow++);           // first access, than
increment
00215             hl.WriteBuffer(*loRow++);
00216             lh.WriteBuffer(*hiRow++);           // first access, than
increment
00217             hh.WriteBuffer(*hiRow++);
00218         }
00219         if (wrem) {
00220             ll.WriteBuffer(*loRow);
00221             lh.WriteBuffer(*hiRow);
00222         }
00223     } else {
00224         for (UINT32 i=0; i < wquot; i++) {
00225             ll.WriteBuffer(*loRow++);           // first access, than
increment
00226             hl.WriteBuffer(*loRow++);
00227         }
00228         if (wrem) ll.WriteBuffer(*loRow);
00229     }
00230 }

```

**void CWaveletTransform::InverseRow (DataT \* buff, UINT32 width)[private]**

Definition at line 419 of file WaveletTransform.cpp.

```

00419
00420     if (width >= FilterSize) {
00421         UINT32 i = 2;
00422
00423         // left border handling
00424         dest[0] -= ((dest[1] + c1) >> 1); // even
00425
00426         // middle part
00427         for (; i < width - 1; i += 2) {
00428             dest[i] -= ((dest[i-1] + dest[i+1] + c2) >> 2); // even
00429             dest[i-1] += ((dest[i-2] + dest[i] + c1) >> 1); // odd
00430         }
00431
00432         // right border handling
00433         if (width & 1) {
00434             dest[i] -= ((dest[i-1] + c1) >> 1); // even
00435             dest[i-1] += ((dest[i-2] + dest[i] + c1) >> 1); // odd
00436         } else {
00437             dest[i-1] += dest[i-2]; // odd
00438         }
00439     }

```

### **OSError CWaveletTransform::InverseTransform (int *level*, UINT32 \* *width*, UINT32 \* *height*, DataT \*\* *data*)**

Compute fast inverse wavelet transform of all 4 subbands of given level and stores result in LL subband of level - 1.

#### **Parameters**

<i>level</i>	A wavelet transform pyramid level (> 0 && <= Levels())
<i>width</i>	A pointer to the returned width of subband LL (in pixels)
<i>height</i>	A pointer to the returned height of subband LL (in pixels)
<i>data</i>	A pointer to the returned array of image data

#### **Returns**

error in case of a memory allocation problem

Definition at line 245 of file **WaveletTransform.cpp**.

```

00245
{
00246     ASSERT(srcLevel > 0 && srcLevel < m_nLevels);
00247     const int destLevel = srcLevel - 1;
00248     ASSERT(m_subband[destLevel]);
00249     CSubband* destBand = &m_subband[destLevel][LL];
00250     UINT32 width, height;
00251
00252     // allocate memory for the results of the inverse transform
00253     if (!destBand->AllocMemory()) return InsufficientMemory;
00254     DataT *origin = destBand->GetBuffer(), *row0, *row1, *row2, *row3;
00255
00256 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00257     PGFRect destROI = destBand->GetAlignedROI();
00258     const UINT32 destWidth = destROI.Width(); // destination buffer width
00259     const UINT32 destHeight = destROI.Height(); // destination buffer height
00260     width = destWidth; // destination working width
00261     height = destHeight; // destination working height
00262
00263     // update destination ROI
00264     if (destROI.top & 1) {
00265         destROI.top++;
00266         origin += destWidth;
00267         height--;
00268     }
00269     if (destROI.left & 1) {
00270         destROI.left++;
00271         origin++;
00272         width--;
00273     }
00274
00275     // init source buffer position
00276     const UINT32 leftD = destROI.left >> 1;
00277     const UINT32 left0 = m_subband[srcLevel][LL].GetAlignedROI().left;
00278     const UINT32 left1 = m_subband[srcLevel][HL].GetAlignedROI().left;
00279     const UINT32 topD = destROI.top >> 1;
00280     const UINT32 top0 = m_subband[srcLevel][LL].GetAlignedROI().top;
00281     const UINT32 top1 = m_subband[srcLevel][LH].GetAlignedROI().top;
00282     ASSERT(m_subband[srcLevel][LH].GetAlignedROI().left == left0);
00283     ASSERT(m_subband[srcLevel][HH].GetAlignedROI().left == left1);
00284     ASSERT(m_subband[srcLevel][HL].GetAlignedROI().top == top0);
00285     ASSERT(m_subband[srcLevel][HH].GetAlignedROI().top == top1);
00286
00287     UINT32 srcOffsetX[2] = { 0, 0 };
00288     UINT32 srcOffsetY[2] = { 0, 0 };
00289
00290     if (leftD >= __max(left0, left1)) {
00291         srcOffsetX[0] = leftD - left0;
00292         srcOffsetX[1] = leftD - left1;
00293     } else {
00294         if (left0 <= left1) {
00295             const UINT32 dx = (left1 - leftD) << 1;
00296             destROI.left += dx;
00297             origin += dx;
00298             width -= dx;

```

```

00299         srcOffsetX[0] = left1 - left0;
00300     } else {
00301         const UINT32 dx = (left0 - leftD) << 1;
00302         destROI.left += dx;
00303         origin += dx;
00304         width -= dx;
00305         srcOffsetX[1] = left0 - left1;
00306     }
00307 }
00308 if (topD >= __max(top0, top1)) {
00309     srcOffsetY[0] = topD - top0;
00310     srcOffsetY[1] = topD - top1;
00311 } else {
00312     if (top0 <= top1) {
00313         const UINT32 dy = (top1 - topD) << 1;
00314         destROI.top += dy;
00315         origin += dy*destWidth;
00316         height -= dy;
00317         srcOffsetY[0] = top1 - top0;
00318     } else {
00319         const UINT32 dy = (top0 - topD) << 1;
00320         destROI.top += dy;
00321         origin += dy*destWidth;
00322         height -= dy;
00323         srcOffsetY[1] = top0 - top1;
00324     }
00325 }
00326
00327 m_subband[srcLevel][LL].InitBuffPos(srcOffsetX[0], srcOffsetY[0]);
00328 m_subband[srcLevel][HL].InitBuffPos(srcOffsetX[1], srcOffsetY[0]);
00329 m_subband[srcLevel][LH].InitBuffPos(srcOffsetX[0], srcOffsetY[1]);
00330 m_subband[srcLevel][HH].InitBuffPos(srcOffsetX[1], srcOffsetY[1]);
00331
00332 #else
00333 width = destBand->GetWidth();
00334 height = destBand->GetHeight();
00335 PGFRect destROI(0, 0, width, height);
00336 const UINT32 destWidth = width; // destination buffer width
00337 const UINT32 destHeight = height; // destination buffer height
00338
00339 // init source buffer position
00340 for (int i = 0; i < NSubbands; i++) {
00341     m_subband[srcLevel][i].InitBuffPos();
00342 }
00343 #endif
00344
00345 if (destHeight >= FilterSize) { // changed from FilterSizeH to FilterSize
00346     // top border handling
00347     row0 = origin; row1 = row0 + destWidth;
00348     SubbandsToInterleaved(srcLevel, row0, row1, width);
00349     for (UINT32 k = 0; k < width; k++) {
00350         row0[k] -= ((row1[k] + c1) >> 1); // even
00351     }
00352
00353     // middle part
00354     row2 = row1 + destWidth; row3 = row2 + destWidth;
00355     for (UINT32 i = destROI.top + 2; i < destROI.bottom - 1; i +=
00356     2) {
00357         SubbandsToInterleaved(srcLevel, row2, row3, width);
00358         for (UINT32 k = 0; k < width; k++) {
00359             row2[k] -= ((row1[k] + row3[k] + c2) >> 2); //
00360             even
00361             row1[k] += ((row0[k] + row2[k] + c1) >> 1); //
00362             odd
00363         }
00364         InverseRow(row0, width);
00365         InverseRow(row1, width);
00366         row0 = row2; row1 = row3; row2 = row1 + destWidth; row3
00367     = row2 + destWidth;
00368     }
00369     // bottom border handling
00370     if (height & 1) {
00371         SubbandsToInterleaved(srcLevel, row2, nullptr, width);
00372         for (UINT32 k = 0; k < width; k++) {
00373             row2[k] -= ((row1[k] + c1) >> 1); // even

```

```

00371         row1[k] += ((row0[k] + row2[k] + c1) >> 1); //
odd
00372     }
00373     InverseRow(row0, width);
00374     InverseRow(row1, width);
00375     InverseRow(row2, width);
00376     row0 = row1; row1 = row2; row2 += destWidth;
00377 } else {
00378     for (UINT32 k = 0; k < width; k++) {
00379         row1[k] += row0[k];
00380     }
00381     InverseRow(row0, width);
00382     InverseRow(row1, width);
00383     row0 = row1; row1 += destWidth;
00384 }
00385 } else {
00386     // height is too small
00387     row0 = origin; row1 = row0 + destWidth;
00388     // first part
00389     for (UINT32 k = 0; k < height; k += 2) {
00390         SubbandsToInterleaved(srcLevel, row0, row1, width);
00391         InverseRow(row0, width);
00392         InverseRow(row1, width);
00393         row0 += destWidth << 1; row1 += destWidth << 1;
00394     }
00395     // bottom
00396     if (height & 1) {
00397         SubbandsToInterleaved(srcLevel, row0, nullptr, width);
00398         InverseRow(row0, width);
00399     }
00400 }
00401
00402 // free memory of the current srcLevel
00403 for (int i = 0; i < NSubbands; i++) {
00404     m_subband[srcLevel][i].FreeMemory();
00405 }
00406
00407 // return info
00408 *w = destWidth;
00409 *h = destHeight;
00410 *data = destBand->GetBuffer();
00411 return NoError;
00412 }

```

**void CWaveletTransform::SubbandsToInterleaved (int srcLevel, DataT \* loRow, DataT \* hiRow, UINT32 width)[private]**

Definition at line 444 of file WaveletTransform.cpp.

```

00444 {
00445     const UINT32 wquot = width >> 1;
00446     const bool wrem = (width & 1);
00447     CSubband &l1 = m_subband[srcLevel][LL], &h1 = m_subband[srcLevel][HL];
00448     CSubband &lh = m_subband[srcLevel][LH], &hh = m_subband[srcLevel][HH];
00449
00450     if (hiRow) {
00451         #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00452             const bool storePos = wquot < l1.BufferWidth();
00453             UINT32 llPos = 0, hlPos = 0, lhPos = 0, hhPos = 0;
00454
00455             if (storePos) {
00456                 // save current src buffer positions
00457                 llPos = l1.GetBuffPos();
00458                 hlPos = h1.GetBuffPos();
00459                 lhPos = lh.GetBuffPos();
00460                 hhPos = hh.GetBuffPos();
00461             }
00462             #endif
00463
00464             for (UINT32 i=0; i < wquot; i++) {
00465                 *loRow++ = l1.ReadBuffer(); // first access, than
increment
00466                 *loRow++ = h1.ReadBuffer(); // first access, than
increment

```



```

00467             *hiRow++ = lh.ReadBuffer();// first access, than
increment
00468             *hiRow++ = hh.ReadBuffer();// first access, than
increment
00469         }
00470
00471         if (wrem) {
00472             *loRow++ = ll.ReadBuffer();// first access, than
increment
00473             *hiRow++ = lh.ReadBuffer();// first access, than
increment
00474         }
00475
00476         #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00477         if (storePos) {
00478             // increment src buffer positions
00479             ll.IncBuffRow(llPos);
00480             hl.IncBuffRow(hlPos);
00481             lh.IncBuffRow(lhPos);
00482             hh.IncBuffRow(hhPos);
00483         }
00484         #endif
00485
00486     } else {
00487         #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00488         const bool storePos = wquot < ll.BufferWidth();
00489         UINT32 llPos = 0, hlPos = 0;
00490
00491         if (storePos) {
00492             // save current src buffer positions
00493             llPos = ll.GetBuffPos();
00494             hlPos = hl.GetBuffPos();
00495         }
00496         #endif
00497
00498         for (UINT32 i=0; i < wquot; i++) {
00499             *loRow++ = ll.ReadBuffer();// first access, than
increment
00500             *loRow++ = hl.ReadBuffer();// first access, than
increment
00501         }
00502         if (wrem) *loRow++ = ll.ReadBuffer();
00503
00504         #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00505         if (storePos) {
00506             // increment src buffer positions
00507             ll.IncBuffRow(llPos);
00508             hl.IncBuffRow(hlPos);
00509         }
00510         #endif
00511     }
00512 }

```

---

## Friends And Related Function Documentation

**friend class CSubband** [**friend**]

Definition at line 56 of file **WaveletTransform.h**.

---

## Member Data Documentation

**int CWaveletTransform::m\_nLevels** [**private**]

number of LL levels: one more than header.nLevels in PGFImage

Definition at line 141 of file **WaveletTransform.h**.

**CSubband(\* CWaveletTransform::m\_subband)[NSubbands][private]**

quadtree of subbands: LL HL LH HH

Definition at line **142** of file **WaveletTransform.h**.

---

**The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:**

- **WaveletTransform.h**
- **WaveletTransform.cpp**

## IOException Struct Reference

PGF exception.

```
#include <PGFtypes.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- **IOException ()**  
*Standard constructor.*
- **IOException (OSError err)**

### Public Attributes

- **OSError error**  
*operating system error code*

---

### Detailed Description

PGF exception.

PGF I/O exception

#### Author

C. Stamm

Definition at line **210** of file **PGFtypes.h**.

---

### Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### IOException::IOException () [inline]

Standard constructor.

Definition at line **214** of file **PGFtypes.h**.

```
00214 : error(NoError) {}
```

#### IOException::IOException (OSError err) [inline]

Constructor

#### Parameters

<i>err</i>	Run-time error
------------	----------------

Definition at line **218** of file **PGFtypes.h**.

```
00218 : error(err) {}
```

---

### Member Data Documentation

#### OSError IOException::error

operating system error code

Definition at line **211** of file **PGFtypes.h**.

---

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- PGFtypes.h

## PGFHeader Struct Reference

PGF header.  
`#include <PGFtypes.h>`

### Public Member Functions

- **PGFHeader ()**

### Public Attributes

- **UINT32 width**  
*image width in pixels*
- **UINT32 height**  
*image height in pixels*
- **UINT8 nLevels**  
*number of FWT transforms*
- **UINT8 quality**  
*quantization parameter: 0=lossless, 4=standard, 6=poor quality*
- **UINT8 bpp**  
*bits per pixel*
- **UINT8 channels**  
*number of channels*
- **UINT8 mode**  
*image mode according to Adobe's image modes*
- **UINT8 usedBitsPerChannel**  
*number of used bits per channel in 16- and 32-bit per channel modes*
- **PGFVersionNumber version**  
*codec version number: (since Version 7)*

---

### Detailed Description

PGF header.  
PGF header contains image information

#### Author

C. Stamm

Definition at line **151** of file **PGFtypes.h**.

---

## Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### PGFHeader::PGFHeader () [inline]

Definition at line 152 of file **PGFtypes.h**.

```
00152 : width(0), height(0), nLevels(0), quality(0), bpp(0), channels(0),  
mode(ImageModeUnknown), usedBitsPerChannel(0), version(0, 0, 0) {}
```

---

## Member Data Documentation

### UINT8 PGFHeader::bpp

bits per pixel

Definition at line 157 of file **PGFtypes.h**.

### UINT8 PGFHeader::channels

number of channels

Definition at line 158 of file **PGFtypes.h**.

### UINT32 PGFHeader::height

image height in pixels

Definition at line 154 of file **PGFtypes.h**.

### UINT8 PGFHeader::mode

image mode according to Adobe's image modes

Definition at line 159 of file **PGFtypes.h**.

### UINT8 PGFHeader::nLevels

number of FWT transforms

Definition at line 155 of file **PGFtypes.h**.

### UINT8 PGFHeader::quality

quantization parameter: 0=lossless, 4=standard, 6=poor quality

Definition at line 156 of file **PGFtypes.h**.

### UINT8 PGFHeader::usedBitsPerChannel

number of used bits per channel in 16- and 32-bit per channel modes

Definition at line 160 of file **PGFtypes.h**.

### PGFVersionNumber PGFHeader::version

codec version number: (since Version 7)  
Definition at line 161 of file **PGFtypes.h**.

### **UINT32 PGFHeader::width**

image width in pixels  
Definition at line 153 of file **PGFtypes.h**.

---

**The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:**

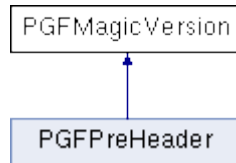
- **PGFtypes.h**

## PGFMagicVersion Struct Reference

PGF identification and version.

```
#include <PGFtypes.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for PGFMagicVersion:



### Public Attributes

- char **magic** [3]  
*PGF identification = "PGF".*
- UINT8 **version**  
*PGF version.*

---

### Detailed Description

PGF identification and version.

general PGF file structure **PGFPreHeader** **PGFHeader** [**PGFPostHeader**] LevelLengths Level\_n-1 Level\_n-2 ... Level\_0 **PGFPostHeader** ::= [ColorTable] [UserData] LevelLengths ::= UINT32[nLevels] PGF magic and version (part of PGF pre-header)

#### Author

C. Stamm

Definition at line 113 of file **PGFtypes.h**.

---

### Member Data Documentation

#### char PGFMagicVersion::magic[3]

PGF identification = "PGF".

Definition at line 114 of file **PGFtypes.h**.

#### UINT8 PGFMagicVersion::version

PGF version.

Definition at line 115 of file **PGFtypes.h**.

---

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- **PGFtypes.h**



## PGFPostHeader Struct Reference

Optional PGF post-header.

```
#include <PGFtypes.h>
```

### Public Attributes

- **RGBQUAD clut [ColorTableLen]**  
*color table for indexed color images (optional part of file header)*
- **UINT8 \* userData**  
*user data of size userDataLen (optional part of file header)*
- **UINT32 userDataLen**  
*user data size in bytes (not part of file header)*
- **UINT32 cachedUserDataLen**  
*cached user data size in bytes (not part of file header)*

---

### Detailed Description

Optional PGF post-header.

PGF post-header is optional. It contains color table and user data

#### Author

C. Stamm

Definition at line **169** of file **PGFtypes.h**.

---

### Member Data Documentation

#### UINT32 PGFPostHeader::cachedUserDataLen

cached user data size in bytes (not part of file header)

Definition at line **173** of file **PGFtypes.h**.

#### RGBQUAD PGFPostHeader::clut[ColorTableLen]

color table for indexed color images (optional part of file header)

Definition at line **170** of file **PGFtypes.h**.

#### UINT8\* PGFPostHeader::userData

user data of size userDataLen (optional part of file header)

Definition at line **171** of file **PGFtypes.h**.

## **UINT32 PGFPostHeader::userDataLen**

user data size in bytes (not part of file header)

Definition at line 172 of file **PGFtypes.h**.

---

**The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:**

- **PGFtypes.h**

## PGFPreHeader Struct Reference

PGF pre-header.

```
#include <PGFtypes.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for PGFPreHeader:



### Public Attributes

- **UINT32 hSize**  
*total size of **PGFHeader**, [ColorTable], and [UserData] in bytes (since Version 6: 4 Bytes)*
- **char magic [3]**  
*PGF identification = "PGF".*
- **UINT8 version**  
*PGF version.*

---

### Detailed Description

PGF pre-header.

PGF pre-header defined header length and PGF identification and version

#### Author

C. Stamm

Definition at line **123** of file **PGFtypes.h**.

---

### Member Data Documentation

#### UINT32 PGFPreHeader::hSize

total size of **PGFHeader**, [ColorTable], and [UserData] in bytes (since Version 6: 4 Bytes)

Definition at line **124** of file **PGFtypes.h**.

#### char PGFMagicVersion::magic[3] [inherited]

PGF identification = "PGF".

Definition at line **114** of file **PGFtypes.h**.

#### UINT8 PGFMagicVersion::version [inherited]

PGF version.

Definition at line 115 of file **PGFtypes.h**.

---

**The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:**

- **PGFtypes.h**

## PGFRect Struct Reference

Rectangle.

```
#include <PGFtypes.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- **PGFRect ()**  
*Standard constructor.*
- **PGFRect (UINT32 x, UINT32 y, UINT32 width, UINT32 height)**
- **UINT32 Width () const**
- **UINT32 Height () const**
- **bool IsInside (UINT32 x, UINT32 y) const**

### Public Attributes

- **UINT32 left**
- **UINT32 top**
- **UINT32 right**
- **UINT32 bottom**

---

## Detailed Description

Rectangle.

Rectangle

### Author

C. Stamm

Definition at line 225 of file **PGFtypes.h**.

---

## Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### PGFRect::PGFRect () [inline]

Standard constructor.

Definition at line 229 of file **PGFtypes.h**.

```
00229 : left(0), top(0), right(0), bottom(0) {}
```

### PGFRect::PGFRect (UINT32 x, UINT32 y, UINT32 width, UINT32 height) [inline]

Constructor

#### Parameters

<i>x</i>	Left offset
<i>y</i>	Top offset
<i>width</i>	Rectangle width
<i>height</i>	Rectangle height

Definition at line 236 of file **PGFtypes.h**.

```
00236 : left(x), top(y), right(x + width), bottom(y + height) {}
```

## Member Function Documentation

### UINT32 PGFRect::Height () const[inline]

#### Returns

Rectangle height

Definition at line 259 of file PGFtypes.h.

```
00259 { return bottom - top; }
```

### bool PGFRect::IsInside (UINT32 x, UINT32 y) const[inline]

Test if point (x,y) is inside this rectangle (inclusive top-left edges, exclusive bottom-right edges)

#### Parameters

<i>x</i>	Point coordinate x
<i>y</i>	Point coordinate y

#### Returns

True if point (x,y) is inside this rectangle (inclusive top-left edges, exclusive bottom-right edges)

Definition at line 265 of file PGFtypes.h.

```
00265 { return (x >= left && x < right && y >= top && y < bottom); }
```

### UINT32 PGFRect::Width () const[inline]

#### Returns

Rectangle width

Definition at line 256 of file PGFtypes.h.

```
00256 { return right - left; }
```

---

## Member Data Documentation

### UINT32 PGFRect::bottom

Definition at line 226 of file PGFtypes.h.

### UINT32 PGFRect::left

Definition at line 226 of file PGFtypes.h.

### UINT32 PGFRect::right

Definition at line 226 of file PGFtypes.h.

### UINT32 PGFRect::top

Definition at line 226 of file PGFtypes.h.

---

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- PGFtypes.h

## PGFVersionNumber Struct Reference

version number stored in header since major version 7

```
#include <PGFtypes.h>
```

### Public Member Functions

- **PGFVersionNumber** (UINT8 *\_major*, UINT8 *\_year*, UINT8 *\_week*)

### Public Attributes

- **UINT16 major**: 4  
*major version number*
- **UINT16 year**: 6  
*year since 2000 (year 2001 = 1)*
- **UINT16 week**: 6  
*week number in a year*

---

### Detailed Description

version number stored in header since major version 7

Version number since major version 7

#### Author

C. Stamm

Definition at line **132** of file **PGFtypes.h**.

---

### Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**PGFVersionNumber::PGFVersionNumber** (UINT8 *\_major*, UINT8 *\_year*, UINT8 *\_week*) [*inline*]

Definition at line **133** of file **PGFtypes.h**.

```
00133 : major(_major), year(_year), week(_week) {}
```

---

### Member Data Documentation

**UINT16 PGFVersionNumber::major**

major version number

Definition at line **140** of file **PGFtypes.h**.



#### **UINT16 PGFVersionNumber::week**

week number in a year

Definition at line **142** of file **PGFtypes.h**.

#### **UINT16 PGFVersionNumber::year**

year since 2000 (year 2001 = 1)

Definition at line **141** of file **PGFtypes.h**.

---

**The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:**

- **PGFtypes.h**

## ROIBlockHeader::RBH Struct Reference

Named ROI block header (part of the union)

```
#include <PGFtypes.h>
```

### Public Attributes

- **UINT16 bufferSize: RLblockSizeLen**  
*number of uncoded UINT32 values in a block*
- **UINT16 tileEnd: 1**  
*1: last part of a tile*

---

### Detailed Description

Named ROI block header (part of the union)

Definition at line **183** of file **PGFtypes.h**.

---

### Member Data Documentation

#### UINT16 ROIBlockHeader::RBH::bufferSize

number of uncoded UINT32 values in a block

Definition at line **188** of file **PGFtypes.h**.

#### UINT16 ROIBlockHeader::RBH::tileEnd

1: last part of a tile

Definition at line **189** of file **PGFtypes.h**.

---

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- **PGFtypes.h**

## ROIBlockHeader Union Reference

Block header used with ROI coding scheme

```
#include <PGFtypes.h>
```

### Classes

- struct **RBH**  
*Named ROI block header (part of the union)*

### Public Member Functions

- **ROIBlockHeader** (UINT16 *v*)
- **ROIBlockHeader** (UINT32 *size*, bool *end*)

### Public Attributes

- **UINT16** *val*
- struct **ROIBlockHeader::RBH** *rbh*  
*ROI block header.*

---

## Detailed Description

Block header used with ROI coding scheme

ROI block header is used with ROI coding scheme. It contains block size and tile end flag

### Author

C. Stamm

Definition at line **180** of file **PGFtypes.h**.

---

## Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### ROIBlockHeader::ROIBlockHeader (UINT16 *v*)*[inline]*

Constructor

#### Parameters

<i>v</i>	Buffer size
----------	-------------

Definition at line **196** of file **PGFtypes.h**.

```
00196 { val = v; }
```

### ROIBlockHeader::ROIBlockHeader (UINT32 *size*, bool *end*)*[inline]*

Constructor

#### Parameters

<i>size</i>	Buffer size
<i>end</i>	0/1 Flag; 1: last part of a tile

Definition at line **201** of file **PGFtypes.h**.

```
00201 { ASSERT(size < (1 << RLblockSizeLen)); rbh.bufferSize = size; rbh.tileEnd = end; }
```

---

## Member Data Documentation

**struct ROIBlockHeader::RBH ROIBlockHeader::rbh**

ROI block header.

**UINT16 ROIBlockHeader::val**

unstructured union value

Definition at line **181** of file **PGFtypes.h**.

---

The documentation for this union was generated from the following file:

- **PGFtypes.h**

# File Documentation

## PGFimage.h File Reference

PGF image class.

```
#include "PGFstream.h"
```

### Classes

- class **CPGFImage**  
*PGF main class.*

---

### Detailed Description

PGF image class.

### Author

C. Stamm

Definition in file **PGFimage.h**.

## PGFImage.h

```
Go to the documentation of this file.00001 /*
00002  * The Progressive Graphics File; http://www.libpgf.org
00003  *
00004  * $Date: 2007-02-03 13:04:21 +0100 (Sa, 03 Feb 2007) $
00005  * $Revision: 280 $
00006  *
00007  * This file Copyright (C) 2006 xeraina GmbH, Switzerland
00008  *
00009  * This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or
00010  * modify it under the terms of the GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
00011  * as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2.1
00012  * of the License, or (at your option) any later version.
00013  *
00014  * This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
00015  * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
00016  * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
00017  * GNU General Public License for more details.
00018  *
00019  * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
00020  * along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software
00021  * Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place - Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307, USA.
00022  */
00023
00028
00029 #ifndef PGF_PGFIGURE_H
00030 #define PGF_PGFIGURE_H
00031
00032 #include "PGFStream.h"
00033
00035 // prototypes
00036 class CDecoder;
00037 class CEncoder;
00038 class CWaveletTransform;
00039
00053 class CPGFImage {
00054 public:
00055     CPGFImage();
00058
00059     virtual ~CPGFImage();
00062
00063     // Destroy internal data structures. Object state after this is the same as
00065 after CPGFImage().
00066     void Destroy();
00067
00073     void Open(CPGFStream* stream);
00074
00077     bool IsOpen() const { return m_decoder != nullptr; }
00078
00091     void Read(int level = 0, CallbackPtr cb = nullptr, void *data = nullptr);
00092
00093 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00103     void Read(PGFRect& rect, int level = 0, CallbackPtr cb = nullptr, void *data
= nullptr);
00104 #endif
00105
00111     void ReadPreview()
{ Read(Levels() - 1); }
00112
00118     void Reconstruct(int level = 0);
00119
00137     void GetBitmap(int pitch, UINT8* buff, BYTE bpp, int channelMap[] = nullptr,
CallbackPtr cb = nullptr, void *data = nullptr) const; // throws IOException
00138
00154     void GetYUV(int pitch, DataT* buff, BYTE bpp, int channelMap[] = nullptr,
CallbackPtr cb = nullptr, void *data = nullptr) const; // throws IOException
00155
00172     void ImportBitmap(int pitch, UINT8 *buff, BYTE bpp, int channelMap[] =
nullptr, CallbackPtr cb = nullptr, void *data = nullptr);
00173
00189     void ImportYUV(int pitch, DataT *buff, BYTE bpp, int channelMap[] = nullptr,
CallbackPtr cb = nullptr, void *data = nullptr);
00190
```

```

00204     void Write(CPGFStream* stream, UINT32* nWrittenBytes = nullptr, CallbackPtr
cb = nullptr, void *data = nullptr);
00205
00213     UINT32 WriteHeader(CPGFStream* stream);
00214
00225     UINT32 WriteImage(CPGFStream* stream, CallbackPtr cb = nullptr, void *data
= nullptr);
00226
00227 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00243     UINT32 Write(int level, CallbackPtr cb = nullptr, void *data = nullptr);
00244 #endif
00245
00250     void ConfigureEncoder(bool useOMP = true, bool favorSpeedOverSize = false)
{ m_useOMPInEncoder = useOMP; m_favorSpeedOverSize = favorSpeedOverSize; }
00251
00260     void ConfigureDecoder(bool useOMP = true, UserdataPolicy policy =
UP_CacheAll, UINT32 prefixSize = 0) { ASSERT(prefixSize <= MaxUserDataSize);
m_useOMPInDecoder = useOMP; m_userDataPolicy = (UP_CachePrefix) ? prefixSize : 0xFFFFFFFF
- policy; }
00261
00266     void ResetStreamPos(bool startOfData);
00267
00272     void SetChannel(DataT* channel, int c = 0)
{ ASSERT(c >= 0 && c < MaxChannels); m_channel[c] = channel; }
00273
00282     void SetHeader(const PGFHeader& header, BYTE flags = 0, const UINT8* userData
= 0, UINT32 userDataLength = 0); // throws IOException
00283
00288     void SetMaxValue(UINT32 maxValue);
00289
00296     void SetProgressMode(ProgressMode pm)
{ m_progressMode = pm; }
00297
00303     void SetRefreshCallback(RefreshCB callback, void* arg)
m_cb = callback; m_cbArg = arg; }
00304
00311     void SetColorTable(UINT32 iFirstColor, UINT32 nColors, const RGBQUAD*
prgbColors);
00312
00317     DataT* GetChannel(int c = 0)
{ ASSERT(c >= 0 && c < MaxChannels); return m_channel[c]; }
00318
00325     void GetColorTable(UINT32 iFirstColor, UINT32 nColors, RGBQUAD* prgbColors)
const;
00326
00328     // Returns address of internal color table
00330     const RGBQUAD* GetColorTable() const
{ return m_postHeader.clut; }
00331
00335     const PGFHeader* GetHeader() const
{ return &m_header; }
00336
00341     UINT32 GetMaxValue() const
{ return (1 << m_header.usedBitsPerChannel) - 1; }
00342
00346     UINT64 GetUserDataPos() const
{ return m_userDataPos; }
00347
00354     const UINT8* GetUserData(UINT32& cachedSize, UINT32* pTotalSize = nullptr)
const;
00355
00360     UINT32 GetEncodedHeaderLength() const;
00361
00367     UINT32 GetEncodedLevelLength(int level) const
{ ASSERT(level >= 0 && level < m_header.nLevels); return m_levelLength[m_header.nLevels
- level - 1]; }
00368
00376     UINT32 ReadEncodedHeader(UINT8* target, UINT32 targetLen) const;
00377
00387     UINT32 ReadEncodedData(int level, UINT8* target, UINT32 targetLen) const;
00388
00394     UINT32 ChannelWidth(int c = 0) const
{ ASSERT(c >= 0 && c < MaxChannels); return m_width[c]; }
00395
00401     UINT32 ChannelHeight(int c = 0) const
{ ASSERT(c >= 0 && c < MaxChannels); return m_height[c]; }
00402

```

```

00406     BYTE ChannelDepth() const
{ return MaxChannelDepth(m_preHeader.version); }
00407
00413     UINT32 Width(int level = 0) const
{ ASSERT(level >= 0); return LevelSizeL(m_header.width, level); }
00414
00420     UINT32 Height(int level = 0) const
{ ASSERT(level >= 0); return LevelSizeL(m_header.height, level); }
00421
00427     BYTE Level() const
{ return (BYTE)m_currentLevel; }
00428
00432     BYTE Levels() const
{ return m_header.nLevels; }
00433
00436     bool IsFullyRead() const
{ return m_currentLevel == 0; }
00437
00442     BYTE Quality() const
{ return m_header.quality; }
00443
00448     BYTE Channels() const
{ return m_header.channels; }
00449
00455     BYTE Mode() const
{ return m_header.mode; }
00456
00461     BYTE BPP() const
{ return m_header.bpp; }
00462
00466     bool ROIisSupported() const
{ return (m_preHeader.version & PGFROI) == PGFROI; }
00467
00468 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00472     PGFRect ComputeLevelROI() const;
00473 #endif
00474
00479     BYTE UsedBitsPerChannel() const;
00480
00484     BYTE Version() const
{ BYTE ver = CodecMajorVersion(m_preHeader.version); return (ver <= 7) ? ver :
(BYTE)m_header.version.major; }
00485
00486     //class methods
00487
00492     static bool ImportIsSupported(BYTE mode);
00493
00499     static UINT32 LevelSizeL(UINT32 size, int level)
{ ASSERT(level >= 0); UINT32 d = 1 << level; return (size + d - 1) >> level; }
00500
00506     static UINT32 LevelSizeH(UINT32 size, int level)
{ ASSERT(level >= 0); UINT32 d = 1 << (level - 1); return (size + d - 1) >> level; }
00507
00512     static BYTE CodecMajorVersion(BYTE version = PGFVersion);
00513
00518     static BYTE MaxChannelDepth(BYTE version = PGFVersion)
return (version & PGF32) ? 32 : 16; }
00519
00520 protected:
00521     CWaveletTransform* m_wtChannel[MaxChannels];
00522     DataT* m_channel[MaxChannels];
00523     CDecoder* m_decoder;
00524     CEncoder* m_encoder;
00525     UINT32* m_levelLength;
00526     UINT32 m_width[MaxChannels];
00527     UINT32 m_height[MaxChannels];
00528     PGFPreHeader m_preHeader;
00529     PGFHeader m_header;
00530     PGFPostHeader m_postHeader;
00531     UINT64 m_userDataPos;
00532     int m_currentLevel;
00533     UINT32 m_userDataPolicy;
00534     BYTE m_quant;
00535     bool m_downsample;
00536     bool m_favorSpeedOverSize;
00537     bool m_useOMPInEncoder;
00538     bool m_useOMPInDecoder;

```



```

00539 #ifndef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00540     bool m_streamReinitialized;
00541     PGFRect m_roi;
00542 #endif
00543
00544 private:
00545     RefreshCB m_cb;
00546     void *m_cbArg;
00547     double m_percent;
00548     ProgressMode m_progressMode;
00549
00550     void Init();
00551     void ComputeLevels();
00552     bool CompleteHeader();
00553     void RgbToYuv(int pitch, UINT8* rgbBuff, BYTE bpp, int channelMap[],
00554 CallbackPtr cb, void *data);
00554     void Downsample(int nChannel);
00555     UINT32 UpdatePostHeaderSize();
00556     void WriteLevel();
00557
00558 #ifndef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00559     PGFRect GetAlignedROI(int c = 0) const;
00560     void SetROI(PGFRect rect);
00561 #endif
00562
00563     UINT8 Clamp4(DataT v) const {
00564         if (v & 0xFFFFFFF0) return (v < 0) ? (UINT8)0: (UINT8)15; else return
00565 (UINT8)v;
00566     }
00567     UINT16 Clamp6(DataT v) const {
00568         if (v & 0xFFFFF0C0) return (v < 0) ? (UINT16)0: (UINT16)63; else
00569 return (UINT16)v;
00570     }
00571     UINT8 Clamp8(DataT v) const {
00572         // needs only one test in the normal case
00573         if (v & 0xFFFFFFF0) return (v < 0) ? (UINT8)0 : (UINT8)255; else
00574 return (UINT8)v;
00575     }
00576     UINT16 Clamp16(DataT v) const {
00577         if (v & 0xFFFFF000) return (v < 0) ? (UINT16)0: (UINT16)65535; else
00578 return (UINT16)v;
00579     }
00580     UINT32 Clamp31(DataT v) const {
00581         return (v < 0) ? 0 : (UINT32)v;
00582     }
00583 };
00584 #endif //PGF_PGFIMAGE_H

```

## PGFplatform.h File Reference

PGF platform specific definitions.

```
#include <cassert>
#include <cmath>
#include <cstdlib>
```

### Macros

- `#define __PGFROISUPPORT__`
- `#define __PGF32SUPPORT__`
- `#define WordWidth 32`  
*WordBytes\*8.*
- `#define WordWidthLog 5`  
*ld of WordWidth*
- `#define WordMask 0xFFFFFEE0`  
*least WordWidthLog bits are zero*
- `#define WordBytes 4`  
*sizeof(UINT32)*
- `#define WordBytesMask 0xFFFFF7FC`  
*least WordBytesLog bits are zero*
- `#define WordBytesLog 2`  
*ld of WordBytes*
- `#define DWIDTHBITS(bits) (((bits) + WordWidth - 1) & WordMask)`  
*aligns scanline width in bits to DWORD value*
- `#define DWIDTH(bytes) (((bytes) + WordBytes - 1) & WordBytesMask)`  
*aligns scanline width in bytes to DWORD value*
- `#define DWIDTHREST(bytes) ((WordBytes - (bytes)%WordBytes)%WordBytes)`  
*DWIDTH(bytes) - bytes.*
- `#define __min(x, y) ((x) <= (y) ? (x) : (y))`
- `#define __max(x, y) ((x) >= (y) ? (x) : (y))`
- `#define ImageModeBitmap 0`
- `#define ImageModeGrayScale 1`
- `#define ImageModeIndexedColor 2`
- `#define ImageModeRGBColor 3`
- `#define ImageModeCMYKColor 4`
- `#define ImageModeHSLColor 5`
- `#define ImageModeHSBColor 6`
- `#define ImageModeMultichannel 7`
- `#define ImageModeDuotone 8`
- `#define ImageModeLabColor 9`

- `#define ImageModeGray16` 10
  - `#define ImageModeRGB48` 11
  - `#define ImageModeLab48` 12
  - `#define ImageModeCMYK64` 13
  - `#define ImageModeDeepMultichannel` 14
  - `#define ImageModeDuotone16` 15
  - `#define ImageModeRGBA` 17
  - `#define ImageModeGray32` 18
  - `#define ImageModeRGB12` 19
  - `#define ImageModeRGB16` 20
  - `#define ImageModeUnknown` 255
  - `#define __VAL(x)` (x)
- 

## Detailed Description

PGF platform specific definitions.

### Author

C. Stamm

Definition in file `PGFplatform.h`.

---

## Macro Definition Documentation

**`#define __max( x, y) ((x) >= (y) ? (x) : (y))`**

Definition at line 92 of file `PGFplatform.h`.

**`#define __min( x, y) ((x) <= (y) ? (x) : (y))`**

Definition at line 91 of file `PGFplatform.h`.

**`#define __PGF32SUPPORT__`**

Definition at line 67 of file `PGFplatform.h`.

**`#define __PGFROISUPPORT__`**

Definition at line 60 of file `PGFplatform.h`.

**`#define __VAL( x) (x)`**

Definition at line 603 of file `PGFplatform.h`.

**`#define DWWIDTH( bytes) (((bytes) + WordBytes - 1) & WordBytesMask)`**

aligns scanline width in bytes to DWORD value

Definition at line 84 of file `PGFplatform.h`.

**#define DWWIDTHBITS( bits) (((bits) + WordWidth - 1) & WordMask)**

aligns scanline width in bits to DWORD value

Definition at line 83 of file PGFplatform.h.

**#define DWWIDTHREST( bytes) ((WordBytes - (bytes)%WordBytes)%WordBytes)**

**DWWIDTH(bytes)** - bytes.

Definition at line 85 of file PGFplatform.h.

**#define ImageModeBitmap 0**

Definition at line 98 of file PGFplatform.h.

**#define ImageModeCMYK64 13**

Definition at line 111 of file PGFplatform.h.

**#define ImageModeCMYKColor 4**

Definition at line 102 of file PGFplatform.h.

**#define ImageModeDeepMultichannel 14**

Definition at line 112 of file PGFplatform.h.

**#define ImageModeDuotone 8**

Definition at line 106 of file PGFplatform.h.

**#define ImageModeDuotone16 15**

Definition at line 113 of file PGFplatform.h.

**#define ImageModeGray16 10**

Definition at line 108 of file PGFplatform.h.

**#define ImageModeGray32 18**

Definition at line 116 of file PGFplatform.h.

**#define ImageModeGrayScale 1**

Definition at line 99 of file PGFplatform.h.

**#define ImageModeHSBColor 6**

Definition at line 104 of file PGFplatform.h.

**#define ImageModeHSLColor 5**

Definition at line 103 of file PGFplatform.h.

**#define ImageModeIndexedColor 2**

Definition at line 100 of file PGFplatform.h.

**#define ImageModeLab48 12**

Definition at line 110 of file PGFplatform.h.

**#define ImageModeLabColor 9**

Definition at line 107 of file PGFplatform.h.

**#define ImageModeMultichannel 7**

Definition at line 105 of file PGFplatform.h.

**#define ImageModeRGB12 19**

Definition at line 117 of file PGFplatform.h.

**#define ImageModeRGB16 20**

Definition at line 118 of file PGFplatform.h.

**#define ImageModeRGB48 11**

Definition at line 109 of file PGFplatform.h.

**#define ImageModeRGBA 17**

Definition at line 115 of file PGFplatform.h.

**#define ImageModeRGBColor 3**

Definition at line 101 of file PGFplatform.h.

**#define ImageModeUnknown 255**

Definition at line 119 of file PGFplatform.h.

**#define WordBytes 4**

sizeof(UINT32)

Definition at line 76 of file **PGFplatform.h**.

**#define WordBytesLog 2**

ld of WordBytes

Definition at line 78 of file **PGFplatform.h**.

**#define WordBytesMask 0xFFFFF0**

least WordBytesLog bits are zero

Definition at line 77 of file **PGFplatform.h**.

**#define WordMask 0xFFFFE0**

least WordWidthLog bits are zero

Definition at line 75 of file **PGFplatform.h**.

**#define WordWidth 32**

WordBytes\*8.

Definition at line 73 of file **PGFplatform.h**.

**#define WordWidthLog 5**

ld of WordWidth

Definition at line 74 of file **PGFplatform.h**.

## PGFplatform.h

```
Go to the documentation of this file.00001 /*
00002 * The Progressive Graphics File; http://www.libpgf.org
00003 *
00004 * $Date: 2007-06-12 19:27:47 +0200 (Di, 12 Jun 2007) $
00005 * $Revision: 307 $
00006 *
00007 * This file Copyright (C) 2006 xeraina GmbH, Switzerland
00008 *
00009 * This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or
00010 * modify it under the terms of the GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
00011 * as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2.1
00012 * of the License, or (at your option) any later version.
00013 *
00014 * This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
00015 * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
00016 * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
00017 * GNU General Public License for more details.
00018 *
00019 * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
00020 * along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software
00021 * Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place - Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307, USA.
00022 */
00023
00028
00029 #ifndef PGF_PGFPLATFORM_H
00030 #define PGF_PGFPLATFORM_H
00031
00032 #include <cassert>
00033 #include <cmath>
00034 #include <cstdlib>
00035
00036
00037 //-----
00038 // Endianness detection taken from lcms2 header.
00039 // This list can be endless, so only some checks are performed over here.
00040 //-----
00041 #if defined( _HOST_BIG_ENDIAN ) || defined( __BIG_ENDIAN__ ) ||
defined(WORDS_BIGENDIAN)
00042 #define PGF_USE_BIG_ENDIAN 1
00043 #endif
00044 #if defined( __sgi__ ) || defined( __sgi ) || defined( __powerpc__ ) || defined( __sparc )
|| defined( __sparc__ )
00045 #define PGF_USE_BIG_ENDIAN 1
00046 #endif
00047 #if defined( __ppc__ ) || defined( __s390__ ) || defined( __s390x__ )
00048 #define PGF_USE_BIG_ENDIAN 1
00049 #endif
00050 #endif
00051
00052 #ifdef TARGET_CPU_PPC
00053 #define PGF_USE_BIG_ENDIAN 1
00054 #endif
00055
00056
00057 //-----
00058 // ROI support
00059 //-----
00060 #ifndef NPGFROI
00061 #define __PGFROISUPPORT__ // without ROI support the program code gets simpler and
smaller
00062 #endif
00063
00064 //-----
00065 // 32 bit per channel support
00066 //-----
00067 #ifndef NPGF32
00068 #define __PGF32SUPPORT__ // without 32 bit the memory consumption during encoding
and decoding is much lesser
```

```

00068 #endif
00069
00070
//-----
00071 //      32 Bit platform constants
00072
//-----
00073 #define WordWidth          32
00074 #define WordWidthLog      5
00075 #define WordMask          0xFFFFFFFFE0
00076 #define WordBytes         4
00077 #define WordBytesMask     0xFFFFFFFFFC
00078 #define WordBytesLog      2
00079
00080
//-----
00081 // Alignment macros (used in PGF based libraries)
00082
//-----
00083 #define DWIDTHBITS(bits)  ((bits) + WordWidth - 1) & WordMask
00084 #define DWIDTH(bytes)    ((bytes) + WordBytes - 1) & WordBytesMask
00085 #define DWIDTHREST(bytes) (WordBytes - (bytes)%WordBytes)%WordBytes
00086
00087
//-----
00088 // Min-Max macros
00089
//-----
00090 #ifndef __min
00091     #define __min(x, y)    ((x) <= (y) ? (x) : (y))
00092     #define __max(x, y)    ((x) >= (y) ? (x) : (y))
00093 #endif // __min
00094
00095
//-----
00096 //      Defines -- Adobe image modes.
00097
//-----
00098 #define ImageModeBitmap          0
00099 #define ImageModeGrayScale      1
00100 #define ImageModeIndexedColor   2
00101 #define ImageModeRGBColor       3
00102 #define ImageModeCMYKColor      4
00103 #define ImageModeHSLColor       5
00104 #define ImageModeHSBColor       6
00105 #define ImageModeMultichannel   7
00106 #define ImageModeDuotone        8
00107 #define ImageModeLabColor       9
00108 #define ImageModeGray16        10           // 565
00109 #define ImageModeRGB48         11
00110 #define ImageModeLab48         12
00111 #define ImageModeCMYK64        13
00112 #define ImageModeDeepMultichannel 14
00113 #define ImageModeDuotone16     15
00114 // pgf extension
00115 #define ImageModeRGBA          17
00116 #define ImageModeGray32       18           // MSB is 0 (can be
interpreted as signed 15.16 fixed point format)
00117 #define ImageModeRGB12        19
00118 #define ImageModeRGB16        20
00119 #define ImageModeUnknown      255
00120
00121
00122
//-----
00123 // WINDOWS
00124
//-----
00125 #if defined(WIN32) || defined(WINCE) || defined(WIN64)
00126 #define VC_EXTRALEAN           // Exclude rarely-used stuff from Windows headers
00127
00128
//-----
00129 // MFC
00130
//-----
00131 #ifdef _MFC_VER

```



```

00132 #ifndef _WIN32_WINNT           // Specifies that the minimum required platform is
Windows Vista.
00133 #define _WIN32_WINNT 0x0600    // Change this to the appropriate value to target
other versions of Windows.
00134 #endif
00135 #include <afx.h>
00136 #include <afxwin.h>              // MFC core and standard components
00137 #include <afxext.h>             // MFC extensions
00138 #include <afxdtctl.h>           // MFC support for Internet Explorer 4 Common
Controls
00139 #ifndef _AFX_NO_AFXCMN_SUPPORT
00140 #include <afxcmn.h>              // MFC support for Windows Common Controls
00141 #endif // _AFX_NO_AFXCMN_SUPPORT
00142
00143 #else
00144
00145 #include <windows.h>
00146 #include <ole2.h>
00147
00148 #endif // _MFC_VER
00149
//-----
00150
00151 #define DllExport    __declspec( dllexport )
00152
00153
//-----
00154 // unsigned number type definitions
00155
//-----
00156 typedef unsigned char          UINT8;
00157 typedef unsigned char          BYTE;
00158 typedef unsigned short         UINT16;
00159 typedef unsigned short         WORD;
00160 typedef unsigned int           UINT32;
00161 typedef unsigned long          DWORD;
00162 typedef unsigned long          ULONG;
00163 typedef unsigned __int64       UINT64;
00164 typedef unsigned __int64       ULONGLONG;
00165
00166
//-----
00167 // signed number type definitions
00168
//-----
00169 typedef signed char            INT8;
00170 typedef signed short          INT16;
00171 typedef signed int             INT32;
00172 typedef signed int             BOOL;
00173 typedef signed long            LONG;
00174 typedef signed __int64         INT64;
00175 typedef signed __int64         LONGLONG;
00176
00177
//-----
00178 // other types
00179
//-----
00180 typedef int OSErr;
00181 typedef bool (__cdecl *CallbackPtr)(double percent, bool escapeAllowed, void *data);
00182
00183
//-----
00184 // struct type definitions
00185
//-----
00186
00187
//-----
00188 // DEBUG macros
00189
//-----
00190 #ifndef ASSERT
00191     #ifdef DEBUG
00192         #define ASSERT(x)    assert(x)
00193     #else
00194         #if defined( _GNUC_ )

```

```

00195             #define ASSERT(ignore)((void) 0)
00196             #elif _MSC_VER >= 1300
00197                 #define ASSERT             __noop
00198             #else
00199                 #define ASSERT ((void)0)
00200             #endif
00201         #endif // _DEBUG
00202 #endif //ASSERT
00203
00204
00205 //-----
00205 // Exception handling macros
00206 //-----
00207 #ifndef NEXCEPTIONS
00208     extern OSErr _PGF_Error_;
00209     extern OSErr GetLastError();
00210
00211     #define ReturnWithError(err) { _PGF_Error_ = err; return; }
00212     #define ReturnWithError2(err, ret) { _PGF_Error_ = err; return ret; }
00213 #else
00214     #define ReturnWithError(err) throw IOException(err)
00215     #define ReturnWithError2(err, ret) throw IOException(err)
00216 #endif //NEXCEPTIONS
00217
00218 //-----
00219 // constants
00220 //-----
00221 #define FSFromStart          FILE_BEGIN           // 0
00222 #define FSFromCurrent       FILE_CURRENT        // 1
00223 #define FSFromEnd           FILE_END           // 2
00224
00225 #define INVALID_SET_FILE_POINTER ((DWORD)-1)
00226
00227 //-----
00228 // IO Error constants
00229 //-----
00230 #define NoError              ERROR_SUCCESS
00231 #define AppError             0x20000000
00232 #define InsufficientMemory   0x20000001
00233 #define InvalidStreamPos     0x20000002
00234 #define EscapePressed        0x20000003
00235 #define WrongVersion         0x20000004
00236 #define FormatCannotRead     0x20000005
00237 #define ImageTooSmall        0x20000006
00238 #define ZlibError            0x20000007
00239 #define ColorTableError      0x20000008
00240 #define PNGError             0x20000009
00241 #define MissingData          0x2000000A
00242
00243 //-----
00244 // methods
00245 //-----
00246 inline OSErr FileRead(HANDLE hFile, int *count, void *buffPtr) {
00247     if (ReadFile(hFile, buffPtr, *count, (ULONG *)count, nullptr)) {
00248         return NoError;
00249     } else {
00250         return GetLastError();
00251     }
00252 }
00253
00254 inline OSErr FileWrite(HANDLE hFile, int *count, void *buffPtr) {
00255     if (WriteFile(hFile, buffPtr, *count, (ULONG *)count, nullptr)) {
00256         return NoError;
00257     } else {
00258         return GetLastError();
00259     }
00260 }
00261
00262 inline OSErr GetFPos(HANDLE hFile, UINT64 *pos) {
00263 #ifdef WINCE

```

```

00264     LARGE_INTEGER li;
00265     li.QuadPart = 0;
00266
00267     li.LowPart = SetFilePointer (hFile, li.LowPart, &li.HighPart,
FILE_CURRENT);
00268     if (li.LowPart == INVALID_SET_FILE_POINTER) {
00269         OSErr err = GetLastError();
00270         if (err != NoError) {
00271             return err;
00272         }
00273     }
00274     *pos = li.QuadPart;
00275     return NoError;
00276 #else
00277     LARGE_INTEGER li;
00278     li.QuadPart = 0;
00279     if (SetFilePointerEx(hFile, li, (PLARGE_INTEGER)pos, FILE_CURRENT)) {
00280         return NoError;
00281     } else {
00282         return GetLastError();
00283     }
00284 #endif
00285 }
00286
00287 inline OSErr SetFPos(HANDLE hFile, int posMode, INT64 posOff) {
00288 #ifdef WINCE
00289     LARGE_INTEGER li;
00290     li.QuadPart = posOff;
00291
00292     if (SetFilePointer (hFile, li.LowPart, &li.HighPart, posMode) ==
INVALID_SET_FILE_POINTER) {
00293         OSErr err = GetLastError();
00294         if (err != NoError) {
00295             return err;
00296         }
00297     }
00298     return NoError;
00299 #else
00300     LARGE_INTEGER li;
00301     li.QuadPart = posOff;
00302     if (SetFilePointerEx(hFile, li, nullptr, posMode)) {
00303         return NoError;
00304     } else {
00305         return GetLastError();
00306     }
00307 #endif
00308 }
00309 #endif //WIN32
00310
00311
00312
//-----
00313 // Apple OSX
00314
//-----
00315 #ifdef __APPLE__
00316 #define __POSIX__
00317 #endif // __APPLE__
00318
00319
00320
//-----
00321 // LINUX
00322

//-----
00323 #if defined(__linux__) || defined(__GLIBC__)
00324 #define __POSIX__
00325 #endif // __linux__ or __GLIBC__
00326
00327
00328
//-----
00329 // SOLARIS
00330

//-----
00331 #ifdef __sun
00332 #define __POSIX__

```

```

00333 #endif // __sun
00334
00335
00336
//-----
00337 // *BSD
00338
//-----
00339 #if defined(__NetBSD__) || defined(__OpenBSD__) || defined(__FreeBSD__)
00340 #ifndef __POSIX__
00341 #define __POSIX__
00342 #endif
00343
00344 #ifndef off64_t
00345 #define off64_t off_t
00346 #endif
00347
00348 #ifndef lseek64
00349 #define lseek64 lseek
00350 #endif
00351
00352 #endif // __NetBSD__ or __OpenBSD__ or __FreeBSD__
00353
00354
00355
//-----
00356 // POSIX *NIXes
00357
//-----
00358
00359 #ifdef __POSIX__
00360 #include <unistd.h>
00361 #include <errno.h>
00362 #include <stdint.h> // for int64_t and uint64_t
00363 #include <string.h> // memcpy()
00364
00365 #undef major
00366
00367
//-----
00368 // unsigned number type definitions
00369
//-----
00370
00371 typedef unsigned char      UINT8;
00372 typedef unsigned char      BYTE;
00373 typedef unsigned short     UINT16;
00374 typedef unsigned short     WORD;
00375 typedef unsigned int       UINT32;
00376 typedef unsigned int       DWORD;
00377 typedef unsigned long      ULONG;
00378 typedef unsigned long long __UInt64;
00379 typedef __UInt64           UINT64;
00380 typedef __UInt64           ULONGLONG;
00381
00382
//-----
00383 // signed number type definitions
00384
//-----
00385 typedef signed char        INT8;
00386 typedef signed short      INT16;
00387 typedef signed int         INT32;
00388 typedef signed int        BOOL;
00389 typedef signed long        LONG;
00390 typedef int64_t            INT64;
00391 typedef int64_t            LONGLONG;
00392
00393
//-----
00394 // other types
00395
//-----
00396 typedef int                OSErr;
00397 typedef int                HANDLE;
00398 typedef unsigned long      ULONG_PTR;
00399 typedef void*              PVOID;

```

```

00400 typedef char*                                LPTSTR;
00401 typedef bool (*CallbackPtr)(double percent, bool escapeAllowed, void *data);
00402
00403
//-----
00404 // struct type definitions
00405
//-----
00406 typedef struct tagRGBTRIPLE {
00407     BYTE rgbtBlue;
00408     BYTE rgbtGreen;
00409     BYTE rgbtRed;
00410 } RGBTRIPLE;
00411
00412 typedef struct tagRGBQUAD {
00413     BYTE rgbBlue;
00414     BYTE rgbGreen;
00415     BYTE rgbRed;
00416     BYTE rgbReserved;
00417 } RGBQUAD;
00418
00419 typedef union _LARGE_INTEGER {
00420     struct {
00421         DWORD LowPart;
00422         LONG HighPart;
00423     } u;
00424     LONGLONG QuadPart;
00425 } LARGE_INTEGER, *PLARGE_INTEGER;
00426 #endif // __POSIX__
00427
00428
00429 #if defined(__POSIX__) || defined(WINCE)
00430 // CMYK macros
00431 #define GetKValue(cmyk) ((BYTE)(cmyk))
00432 #define GetYValue(cmyk) ((BYTE)((cmyk)>> 8))
00433 #define GetMValue(cmyk) ((BYTE)((cmyk)>>16))
00434 #define GetCValue(cmyk) ((BYTE)((cmyk)>>24))
00435 #define CMYK(c,m,y,k)
((COLORREF)((BYTE)(k)|((WORD)((BYTE)(y)<<8))|(((DWORD)(BYTE)(m)<<16))|(((DWORD)(BY
TE)(c)<<24)))
00436
00437
//-----
00438 // methods
00439
//-----
00440 /* The MulDiv function multiplies two 32-bit values and then divides the 64-bit
00441 * result by a third 32-bit value. The return value is rounded up or down to
00442 * the nearest integer.
00443 *
http://msdn.microsoft.com/library/default.asp?url=/library/en-us/winprog/winprog/muldiv.asp
00444 * */
00445 __inline int MulDiv(int nNumber, int nNumerator, int nDenominator) {
00446     INT64 multRes = nNumber*nNumerator;
00447     INT32 divRes = INT32(multRes/nDenominator);
00448     return divRes;
00449 }
00450 #endif // __POSIX__ or WINCE
00451
00452
00453 #ifdef __POSIX__
00454
//-----
00455 // DEBUG macros
00456
//-----
00457 #ifndef ASSERT
00458     #ifdef DEBUG
00459         #define ASSERT(x)         assert(x)
00460     #else
00461         #define ASSERT(x)
00462     #endif // _DEBUG
00463 #endif // ASSERT
00464
00465
//-----

```

```

00466 // Exception handling macros
00467
//-----
00468 #ifdef NEXCEPTIONS
00469     extern OSErr _PGF_Error_;
00470     extern OSErr GetLastPGFError();
00471
00472     #define ReturnWithError(err) { _PGF_Error_ = err; return; }
00473     #define ReturnWithError2(err, ret) { _PGF_Error_ = err; return ret; }
00474 #else
00475     #define ReturnWithError(err) throw IOException(err)
00476     #define ReturnWithError2(err, ret) throw IOException(err)
00477 #endif //NEXCEPTIONS
00478
00479 #define THROW_ throw(IOException)
00480 #define CONST const
00481
00482
//-----
00483 // constants
00484
//-----
00485 #define FSFromStart          SEEK_SET
00486 #define FSFromCurrent       SEEK_CUR
00487 #define FSFromEnd           SEEK_END
00488 #if defined(__cplusplus) && __cplusplus < 201103L
00489     #define nullptr         NULL
00490 #endif
00491
00492
//-----
00493 // IO Error constants
00494
//-----
00495 #define NoError              0x0000
00496 #define AppError            0x2000
00497 #define InsufficientMemory  0x2001
00498 #define InvalidStreamPos    0x2002
00499 #define EscapePressed       0x2003
00500 #define WrongVersion        0x2004
00501 #define FormatCannotRead    0x2005
00502 #define ImageTooSmall      0x2006
00503 #define ZlibError           0x2007
00504 #define ColorTableError     0x2008
00505 #define PNGError            0x2009
00506 #define MissingData         0x200A
00507
00508
//-----
00509 // methods
00510
//-----
00511 __inline OSErr FileRead(HANDLE hFile, int *count, void *buffPtr) {
00512     *count = (int)read(hFile, buffPtr, *count);
00513     if (*count != -1) {
00514         return NoError;
00515     } else {
00516         return errno;
00517     }
00518 }
00519
00520 __inline OSErr FileWrite(HANDLE hFile, int *count, void *buffPtr) {
00521     *count = (int)write(hFile, buffPtr, (size_t)*count);
00522     if (*count != -1) {
00523         return NoError;
00524     } else {
00525         return errno;
00526     }
00527 }
00528
00529 __inline OSErr GetFPos(HANDLE hFile, UINT64 *pos) {
00530     #ifdef __APPLE__
00531         off_t ret;
00532         if ((ret = lseek(hFile, 0, SEEK_CUR)) == -1) {
00533             return errno;
00534         } else {
00535             *pos = (UINT64)ret;

```

```

00536         return NoError;
00537     }
00538     #else
00539     off64_t ret;
00540     if ((ret = lseek64(hFile, 0, SEEK_CUR)) == -1) {
00541         return errno;
00542     } else {
00543         *pos = (UINT64)ret;
00544         return NoError;
00545     }
00546     #endif
00547 }
00548
00549 __inline OSErrOr SetFPos(HANDLE hFile, int posMode, INT64 posOff) {
00550     #ifdef __APPLE__
00551     if ((lseek(hFile, (off_t)posOff, posMode)) == -1) {
00552         return errno;
00553     } else {
00554         return NoError;
00555     }
00556     #else
00557     if ((lseek64(hFile, (off64_t)posOff, posMode)) == -1) {
00558         return errno;
00559     } else {
00560         return NoError;
00561     }
00562     #endif
00563 }
00564
00565 #endif /* __POSIX__ */
00566
//-----
00567
00568
00569
//-----
00570 //      Big Endian
00571
//-----
00572 #ifdef PGF_USE_BIG_ENDIAN
00573
00574 #ifndef _lrotl
00575 #define _lrotl(x,n)      (((x) << ((UINT32)(n))) | ((x) >> (32 -
(UINT32)(n))))
00576 #endif
00577
00578 __inline UINT16 ByteSwap(UINT16 wX) {
00579     return ((wX & 0xFF00) >> 8) | ((wX & 0x00FF) << 8);
00580 }
00581
00582 inline UINT32 ByteSwap(UINT32 dwX) {
00583 #ifdef __X86__
00584     _asm mov eax, dwX
00585     _asm bswap eax
00586     _asm mov dwX, eax
00587     return dwX;
00588 #else
00589     return _lrotl(((dwX & 0xFF00FF00) >> 8) | ((dwX & 0x00FF00FF) << 8), 16);
00590 #endif
00591 }
00592
00593 #if defined(WIN32) || defined(WIN64)
00594     inline UINT64 ByteSwap(UINT64 ui64) {
00595         return _byteswap_uint64(ui64);
00596     }
00597 #endif
00598
00599 #define __VAL(x) ByteSwap(x)
00600
00601 #else //PGF_USE_BIG_ENDIAN
00602
00603     #define __VAL(x) (x)
00604
00605 #endif //PGF USE BIG ENDIAN
00606
00607 // OpenMP rules (inspired from libraw project)
00608 // NOTE: Use LIBPGF_DISABLE_OPENMP to disable OpenMP support in whole libpgf

```

```
00609 #ifndef LIBPGF_DISABLE_OPENMP
00610 # if defined (_OPENMP)
00611 #   if defined (WIN32) || defined(WIN64)
00612 #     if defined (_MSC_VER) && (_MSC_VER >= 1500)
00613 //     VS2008 SP1 and VS2010+ : OpenMP works OK
00614 #     define LIBPGF_USE_OPENMP
00615 #   elif defined (__INTEL_COMPILER) && (__INTEL_COMPILER >=910)
00616 //     untested on 9.x and 10.x, Intel documentation claims OpenMP 2.5 support in 9.1
00617 #     define LIBPGF_USE_OPENMP
00618 #   else
00619 #     undef LIBPGF_USE_OPENMP
00620 #   endif
00621 //   Not Win32
00622 #   elif (defined(__APPLE__) || defined(__MACOSX__)) && defined(_REENTRANT)
00623 #     undef LIBPGF_USE_OPENMP
00624 #   else
00625 #     define LIBPGF_USE_OPENMP
00626 #   endif
00627 # endif // defined (_OPENMP)
00628 #endif // ifndef LIBPGF_DISABLE_OPENMP
00629 #ifdef LIBPGF_USE_OPENMP
00630 #include <omp.h>
00631 #endif
00632
00633 #endif //PGF_PGFPPLATFORM_H
```



## PGFstream.h File Reference

PGF stream class.

```
#include "PGFtypes.h"  
#include <new>
```

### Classes

- class **CPGFStream**  
*Abstract stream base class.*
  - class **CPGFFileStream**  
*File stream class.*
  - class **CPGFMemoryStream**  
*Memory stream class.*
- 

### Detailed Description

PGF stream class.

### Author

C. Stamm

Definition in file **PGFstream.h**.

## PGFstream.h

```
Go to the documentation of this file.00001 /*
00002  * The Progressive Graphics File; http://www.libpgf.org
00003  *
00004  * $Date: 2007-06-11 10:56:17 +0200 (Mo, 11 Jun 2007) $
00005  * $Revision: 299 $
00006  *
00007  * This file Copyright (C) 2006 xeraina GmbH, Switzerland
00008  *
00009  * This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or
00010  * modify it under the terms of the GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
00011  * as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2.1
00012  * of the License, or (at your option) any later version.
00013  *
00014  * This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
00015  * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
00016  * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
00017  * GNU General Public License for more details.
00018  *
00019  * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
00020  * along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software
00021  * Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place - Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307, USA.
00022  */
00023
00028
00029 #ifndef PGF_STREAM_H
00030 #define PGF_STREAM_H
00031
00032 #include "PGFtypes.h"
00033 #include <new>
00034
00039 class CPGFStream {
00040 public:
00043     CPGFStream() {}
00044
00047     virtual ~CPGFStream() {}
00048
00053     virtual void Write(int *count, void *buffer)=0;
00054
00059     virtual void Read(int *count, void *buffer)=0;
00060
00065     virtual void SetPos(short posMode, INT64 posOff)=0;
00066
00070     virtual UINT64 GetPos() const=0;
00071
00075     virtual bool IsValid() const=0;
00076 };
00077
00082 class CPGFFileStream : public CPGFStream {
00083 protected:
00084     HANDLE m_hFile;
00085
00086 public:
00087     CPGFFileStream() : m_hFile(0) {}
00090     CPGFFileStream(HANDLE hFile) : m_hFile(hFile) {}
00092     HANDLE GetHandle() { return m_hFile; }
00093
00094     virtual ~CPGFFileStream() { m_hFile = 0; }
00095     virtual void Write(int *count, void *buffer); // throws IOException
00096     virtual void Read(int *count, void *buffer); // throws IOException
00097     virtual void SetPos(short posMode, INT64 posOff); // throws IOException
00098     virtual UINT64 GetPos() const; // throws IOException
00099     virtual bool IsValid() const { return m_hFile != 0; }
00100 };
00101
00106 class CPGFMemoryStream : public CPGFStream {
00107 protected:
00108     UINT8 *m_buffer, *m_pos;
00109     UINT8 *m_eos;
00110     size_t m_size;
00111     bool m_allocated;
00112
00113 public:
00116     CPGFMemoryStream(size_t size);
```

```

00117
00121     CPGFMemoryStream(UINT8 *pBuffer, size_t size);
00122
00126     void Reinitialize(UINT8 *pBuffer, size_t size);
00127
00128     virtual ~CPGFMemoryStream() {
00129         m_pos = 0;
00130         if (m_allocated) {
00131             // the memory buffer has been allocated inside of
CPGFMemoryStream constructor
00132             delete[] m_buffer; m_buffer = 0;
00133         }
00134     }
00135
00136     virtual void Write(int *count, void *buffer); // throws IOException
00137     virtual void Read(int *count, void *buffer);
00138     virtual void SetPos(short posMode, INT64 posOff); // throws IOException
00139     virtual UINT64 GetPos() const { ASSERT(IsValid()); return m_pos - m_buffer;
}
00140     virtual bool IsValid() const { return m_buffer != 0; }
00141
00143     size_t GetSize() const { return m_size; }
00145     const UINT8* GetBuffer() const { return m_buffer; }
00147     UINT8* GetBuffer() { return m_buffer; }
00149     UINT64 GetEOS() const { ASSERT(IsValid()); return m_eos
- m_buffer; }
00151     void SetEOS(UINT64 length) { ASSERT(IsValid()); m_eos =
m_buffer + length; }
00152 };
00153
00158 #ifdef _MFC_VER
00159 class CPGFMemFileStream : public CPGFStream {
00160 protected:
00161     CMemFile *m_memFile;
00162 public:
00163     CPGFMemFileStream(CMemFile *memFile) : m_memFile(memFile) {}
00164     virtual bool IsValid() const { return m_memFile != nullptr; }
00165     virtual ~CPGFMemFileStream() {}
00166     virtual void Write(int *count, void *buffer); // throws IOException
00167     virtual void Read(int *count, void *buffer); // throws IOException
00168     virtual void SetPos(short posMode, INT64 posOff); // throws IOException
00169     virtual UINT64 GetPos() const; // throws IOException
00170 };
00171 #endif
00172
00177 #if defined(WIN32) || defined(WINCE)
00178 class CPGFFileStream : public CPGFStream {
00179 protected:
00180     IStream *m_stream;
00181 public:
00182     CPGFFileStream(IStream *stream) : m_stream(stream) { m_stream->AddRef(); }
00183     virtual bool IsValid() const { return m_stream != 0; }
00184     virtual ~CPGFFileStream() { m_stream->Release(); }
00185     virtual void Write(int *count, void *buffer); // throws IOException
00186     virtual void Read(int *count, void *buffer); // throws IOException
00187     virtual void SetPos(short posMode, INT64 posOff); // throws IOException
00188     virtual UINT64 GetPos() const; // throws IOException
00189     IStream* GetIStream() const { return m_stream; }
00190 };
00191 #endif
00192
00193 #endif // PGF_STREAM_H

```

## PGFtypes.h File Reference

PGF definitions.

```
#include "PGFplatform.h"
```

### Classes

- struct **PGFMagicVersion**  
*PGF identification and version.*
- struct **PGFPreHeader**  
*PGF pre-header.*
- struct **PGFVersionNumber**  
*version number stored in header since major version 7*
  
- struct **PGFHeader**  
*PGF header.*
- struct **PGFPostHeader**  
*Optional PGF post-header.*
- union **ROIBlockHeader**  
*Block header used with ROI coding scheme*
  
- struct **ROIBlockHeader::RBH**  
*Named ROI block header (part of the union)*
- struct **IOException**  
*PGF exception.*
- struct **PGFRect**  
*Rectangle.*

### Macros

- #define **PGFMajorNumber** 7
- #define **PGFYear** 21
- #define **PGFWeek** 07
- #define **PPCAT\_NX(A, B)** A ## B
- #define **PPCAT(A, B)** PPCAT\_NX(A, B)
- #define **STRINGIZE\_NX(A)** #A
- #define **STRINGIZE(A)** STRINGIZE\_NX(A)
- #define **PGFCodecVersionID** PPCAT(PPCAT(PPCAT(0x0, PGFMajorNumber), PGFYear), PGFWeek)
- #define **PGFCodecVersion** STRINGIZE(PPCAT(PPCAT(PPCAT(PPCAT(PGFMajorNumber, .), PGFYear), .), PGFWeek))
- #define **PGFMagic** "PGF"  
*PGF identification.*
  
- #define **MaxLevel** 30  
*maximum number of transform levels*
  
- #define **NSubbands** 4  
*number of subbands per level*

- **#define MaxChannels 8**  
*maximum number of (color) channels*
- **#define DownsampleThreshold 3**  
*if quality is larger than this threshold than downsampling is used*
- **#define ColorTableLen 256**  
*size of color lookup table (clut)*
- **#define Version2 2**  
*data structure **PGFHeader** of major version 2*
- **#define PGF32 4**  
*32 bit values are used -> allows at maximum 30 input bits, otherwise 16 bit values are used -> allows at maximum 14 input bits*
- **#define PGFROI 8**  
*supports Regions Of Interest*
- **#define Version5 16**  
*new coding scheme since major version 5*
- **#define Version6 32**  
*hSize in **PGFPreHeader** uses 32 bits instead of 16 bits*
- **#define Version7 64**  
*Codec major and minor version number stored in **PGFHeader**.*
- **#define PGFVersion (Version2 | PGF32 | Version5 | Version6 | Version7)**  
*current standard version*
- **#define BufferSize 16384**  
*must be a multiple of WordWidth, BufferSize <= UINT16\_MAX*
- **#define RLblockSizeLen 15**  
*block size length (< 16):  $ld(BufferSize) < RLblockSizeLen <= 2 * ld(BufferSize)$*
- **#define LinBlockSize 8**  
*side length of a coefficient block in a HH or LL subband*
- **#define InterBlockSize 4**  
*side length of a coefficient block in a HL or LH subband*
- **#define MaxBitPlanes 31**  
*maximum number of bit planes of m\_value: 32 minus sign bit*
- **#define MaxBitPlanesLog 5**

*number of bits to code the maximum number of bit planes (in 32 or 16 bit mode)*

- `#define MaxQuality MaxBitPlanes`  
*maximum quality*
- `#define MagicVersionSize sizeof(PGFMagicVersion)`
- `#define PreHeaderSize sizeof(PGFPreHeader)`
- `#define HeaderSize sizeof(PGFHeader)`
- `#define ColorTableSize (ColorTableLen*sizeof(RGBQUAD))`
- `#define DataTSize sizeof(DataT)`
- `#define MaxUserDataSize 0x7FFFFFFF`

## Typedefs

- `typedef INT32 DataT`
- `typedef void(* RefreshCB)(void *p)`

## Enumerations

- `enum Orientation { LL = 0, HL = 1, LH = 2, HH = 3 }`
- `enum ProgressMode { PM_Relative, PM_Absolute }`
- `enum UserdataPolicy { UP_Skip = 0, UP_CachePrefix = 1, UP_CacheAll = 2 }`

---

## Detailed Description

PGF definitions.

### Author

C. Stamm

Definition in file `PGFtypes.h`.

---

## Macro Definition Documentation

### `#define BufferSize 16384`

must be a multiple of `WordWidth`, `BufferSize <= UINT16_MAX`

Definition at line **84** of file `PGFtypes.h`.

### `#define ColorTableLen 256`

size of color lookup table (clut)

Definition at line **66** of file `PGFtypes.h`.

### `#define ColorTableSize (ColorTableLen*sizeof(RGBQUAD))`

Definition at line **282** of file `PGFtypes.h`.

### `#define DataTSize sizeof(DataT)`

Definition at line 283 of file PGFtypes.h.

**#define DownsampleThreshold 3**

if quality is larger than this threshold than downsampling is used

Definition at line 65 of file PGFtypes.h.

**#define HeaderSize sizeof(PGFHeader)**

Definition at line 281 of file PGFtypes.h.

**#define InterBlockSize 4**

side length of a coefficient block in a HL or LH subband

Definition at line 87 of file PGFtypes.h.

**#define LinBlockSize 8**

side length of a coefficient block in a HH or LL subband

Definition at line 86 of file PGFtypes.h.

**#define MagicVersionSize sizeof(PGMagicVersion)**

Definition at line 279 of file PGFtypes.h.

**#define MaxBitPlanes 31**

maximum number of bit planes of m\_value: 32 minus sign bit

Definition at line 89 of file PGFtypes.h.

**#define MaxBitPlanesLog 5**

number of bits to code the maximum number of bit planes (in 32 or 16 bit mode)

Definition at line 93 of file PGFtypes.h.

**#define MaxChannels 8**

maximum number of (color) channels

Definition at line 64 of file PGFtypes.h.

**#define MaxLevel 30**

maximum number of transform levels

Definition at line 62 of file PGFtypes.h.

**#define MaxQuality MaxBitPlanes**

maximum quality

Definition at line 94 of file PGFtypes.h.

**#define MaxUserDataSize 0x7FFFFFFF**

Definition at line 284 of file PGFtypes.h.

**#define NSubbands 4**

number of subbands per level

Definition at line 63 of file PGFtypes.h.

**#define PGF32 4**

32 bit values are used -> allows at maximum 30 input bits, otherwise 16 bit values are used -> allows at maximum 14 input bits

Definition at line 69 of file PGFtypes.h.

**#define**

**PGFCodecVersion STRINGIZE(PPCAT(PPCAT(PPCAT(PPCAT(PGFMajorNumber, .), PGFYear), .), PGFWeek))**

Definition at line 56 of file PGFtypes.h.

**#define PGFCodecVersionID PPCAT(PPCAT(PPCAT(0x0, PGFMajorNumber), PGFYear), PGFWeek)**

Definition at line 54 of file PGFtypes.h.

**#define PGFMagic "PGF"**

PGF identification.

Definition at line 61 of file PGFtypes.h.

**#define PGFMajorNumber 7**

Definition at line 44 of file PGFtypes.h.

**#define PGFROI 8**

supports Regions Of Interest

Definition at line 70 of file PGFtypes.h.

**#define PGFVersion (Version2 | PGF32 | Version5 | Version6 | Version7)**

current standard version

Definition at line 76 of file PGFtypes.h.



**#define PGFWeek 07**

Definition at line 46 of file PGFtypes.h.

**#define PGFYear 21**

Definition at line 45 of file PGFtypes.h.

**#define PPCAT( A, B) PPCAT\_NX(A, B)**

Definition at line 49 of file PGFtypes.h.

**#define PPCAT\_NX( A, B) A ## B**

Definition at line 48 of file PGFtypes.h.

**#define PreHeaderSize sizeof(PGFPreHeader)**

Definition at line 280 of file PGFtypes.h.

**#define RLblockSizeLen 15**

block size length (< 16):  $\text{ld}(\text{BufferSize}) < \text{RLblockSizeLen} \leq 2 * \text{ld}(\text{BufferSize})$

Definition at line 85 of file PGFtypes.h.

**#define STRINGIZE( A) STRINGIZE\_NX(A)**

Definition at line 51 of file PGFtypes.h.

**#define STRINGIZE\_NX( A) #A**

Definition at line 50 of file PGFtypes.h.

**#define Version2 2**

data structure PGFHeader of major version 2

Definition at line 68 of file PGFtypes.h.

**#define Version5 16**

new coding scheme since major version 5

Definition at line 71 of file PGFtypes.h.

**#define Version6 32**

hSize in PGFPreHeader uses 32 bits instead of 16 bits

Definition at line 72 of file PGFtypes.h.

## **#define Version7 64**

Codec major and minor version number stored in **PGFHeader**.

Definition at line 73 of file **PGFtypes.h**.

---

## **Typedef Documentation**

### **typedef INT32 DataT**

Definition at line 269 of file **PGFtypes.h**.

### **typedef void(\* RefreshCB) (void \*p)**

Definition at line 274 of file **PGFtypes.h**.

---

## **Enumeration Type Documentation**

### **enum Orientation**

#### **Enumerator:**

LL	
HL	
LH	
HH	

Definition at line 99 of file **PGFtypes.h**.

```
00099 { LL = 0, HL = 1, LH = 2, HH = 3 };
```

### **enum ProgressMode**

#### **Enumerator:**

PM_Relative	
PM_Absolute	

Definition at line 100 of file **PGFtypes.h**.

```
00100 { PM_Relative, PM_Absolute };
```

### **enum UserdataPolicy**

#### **Enumerator:**

UP_Skip	
UP_CachePrefix	
UP_CacheAll	

Definition at line 101 of file **PGFtypes.h**.

```
00101 { UP_Skip = 0, UP_CachePrefix = 1, UP_CacheAll = 2 };
```



## PGFtypes.h

```
Go to the documentation of this file.00001 /*
00002 * The Progressive Graphics File; http://www.libpgf.org
00003 *
00004 * $Date: 2007-06-11 10:56:17 +0200 (Mo, 11 Jun 2007) $
00005 * $Revision: 299 $
00006 *
00007 * This file Copyright (C) 2006 xeraina GmbH, Switzerland
00008 *
00009 * This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or
00010 * modify it under the terms of the GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
00011 * as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2.1
00012 * of the License, or (at your option) any later version.
00013 *
00014 * This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
00015 * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
00016 * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
00017 * GNU General Public License for more details.
00018 *
00019 * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
00020 * along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software
00021 * Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place - Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307, USA.
00022 */
00023
00028
00029 #ifndef PGF_PGFTYPES_H
00030 #define PGF_PGFTYPES_H
00031
00032 #include "PGFplatform.h"
00033
00034
00035 //-----
00036 //          Codec versions
00037 //
00038 // Version 2:  modified data structure PGFHeader (backward compatibility assured)
00039 // Version 4:  DataT: INT32 instead of INT16, allows 30 bit per pixel and channel
00040 //              (backward compatibility assured)
00041 // Version 5:  ROI, new block-reordering scheme (backward compatibility assured)
00042 // Version 6:  modified data structure PGFPreHeader: hSize (header size) is now a
00043 //              UINT32 instead of a UINT16 (backward compatibility assured)
00044 // Version 7:  last two bytes in header are now used for extended version numbers;
00045 //              new data representation for bitmaps (backward compatibility assured)
00046 //
00047 //-----
00048 #define PGFMajorNumber      7
00049 #define PGFYear              21          // leading zeros are
00050 //possible
00051 #define PGFWeek              07        // leading zeros are
00052 //possible
00053 #define PPCAT_NX(A, B) A ## B
00054 #define PPCAT(A, B) PPCAT_NX(A, B)
00055 #define STRINGIZE_NX(A) #A
00056 #define STRINGIZE(A) STRINGIZE_NX(A)
00057
00058 // #define PGFCodecVersionID          0x072102
00059 #define PGFCodecVersionID PPCAT(PPCAT(PPCAT(0x0, PGFMajorNumber), PGFYear),
00060 PGFWeek)
00061 // #define PGFCodecVersion          "7.21.02"          ///< Major number,
00062 // Minor number: Year (2) Week (2)
00063 #define PGFCodecVersion STRINGIZE(PPCAT(PPCAT(PPCAT(PPCAT(PGFMajorNumber, .),
00064 PGFYear), .), PGFWeek))
00065
00066 //-----
00067 //          Image constants
00068 //-----
00069 #define PGFMagic              "PGF"
00070 #define MaxLevel              30
00071 #define NSubbands              4
00072 #define MaxChannels            8
00073 #define DownsampleThreshold 3
```

```

00066 #define ColorTableLen          256
00067 // version flags
00068 #define Version2                  2
00069 #define PGF32                    4
00070 #define PGFROI                   8
00071 #define Version5                 16
00072 #define Version6                 32
00073 #define Version7                 64
00074 // version numbers
00075 #ifndef __PGF32SUPPORT__
00076 #define PGFVersion                (Version2 | PGF32 | Version5 | Version6 |
Version7)
00077 #else
00078 #define PGFVersion                (Version2 |          Version5 | Version6 |
Version7)
00079 #endif
00080
00081
//-----
00082 //      Coder constants
00083
//-----
00084 #define BufferSize                 16384
00085 #define RLblockSizeLen           15
00086 #define LinBlockSize             8
00087 #define InterBlockSize           4
00088 #ifndef __PGF32SUPPORT__
00089 #define MaxBitPlanes             31
00090 #else
00091 #define MaxBitPlanes             15
00092 #endif
00093 #define MaxBitPlanesLog          5
00094 #define MaxQuality                MaxBitPlanes
00095
00096
//-----
00097 // Types
00098
//-----
00099 enum Orientation                  { LL = 0, HL = 1, LH = 2, HH = 3 };
00100 enum ProgressMode                { PM_Relative, PM_Absolute };
00101 enum UserdataPolicy              { UP_Skip = 0, UP_CachePrefix = 1, UP_CacheAll = 2
};
00102
00107
00108 #pragma pack(1)
00113 struct PGFMagicVersion {
00114     char magic[3];
00115     UINT8 version;
00116     // total: 4 Bytes
00117 };
00118
00123 struct PGFPreHeader : PGFMagicVersion {
00124     UINT32 hSize;
00125     // total: 8 Bytes
00126 };
00127
00132 struct PGFVersionNumber {
00133     PGFVersionNumber(UINT8 _major, UINT8 _year, UINT8 _week) : major(_major),
year(_year), week(_week) {}
00134
00135 #ifndef PGF_USE_BIG_ENDIAN
00136     UINT16 week : 6;
00137     UINT16 year : 6;
00138     UINT16 major : 4;
00139 #else
00140     UINT16 major : 4;
00141     UINT16 year : 6;
00142     UINT16 week : 6;
00143 #endif // PGF_USE_BIG_ENDIAN
00144     // total: 2 Bytes
00145 };
00146
00151 struct PGFHeader {
00152     PGFHeader() : width(0), height(0), nLevels(0), quality(0), bpp(0),
channels(0), mode(ImageModeUnknown), usedBitsPerChannel(0), version(0, 0, 0) {}
00153     UINT32 width;

```

```

00154     UINT32 height;
00155     UINT8 nLevels;
00156     UINT8 quality;
00157     UINT8 bpp;
00158     UINT8 channels;
00159     UINT8 mode;
00160     UINT8 usedBitsPerChannel;
00161     PGFVersionNumber version;
00162     // total: 16 Bytes
00163 };
00164
00169 struct PGFPostHeader {
00170     RGBQUAD clut[ColorTableLen];
00171     UINT8 *userData;
00172     UINT32 userDataLen;
00173     UINT32 cachedUserDataLen;
00174 };
00175
00180 union ROIBlockHeader {
00181     UINT16 val;
00183     struct RBH {
00184 #ifdef PGF_USE_BIG_ENDIAN
00185         UINT16 tileEnd : 1;
00186         UINT16 bufferSize: RLblockSizeLen;
00187 #else
00188         UINT16 bufferSize: RLblockSizeLen;
00189         UINT16 tileEnd : 1;
00190 #endif // PGF_USE_BIG_ENDIAN
00191     } rbh;
00192     // total: 2 Bytes
00193
00196     ROIBlockHeader(UINT16 v) { val = v; }
00197
00201     ROIBlockHeader(UINT32 size, bool end) { ASSERT(size < (1 <<
RLblockSizeLen)); rbh.bufferSize = size; rbh.tileEnd = end; }
00202 };
00203
00204 #pragma pack()
00205
00210 struct IOException {
00211     OSErr error;
00212
00214     IOException() : error(NoError) {}
00215
00218     IOException(OSErr err) : error(err) {}
00219 };
00220
00225 struct PGFRect {
00226     UINT32 left, top, right, bottom;
00227
00229     PGFRect() : left(0), top(0), right(0), bottom(0) {}
00230
00236     PGFRect(UINT32 x, UINT32 y, UINT32 width, UINT32 height) : left(x), top(y),
right(x + width), bottom(y + height) {}
00237
00238 #ifdef WIN32
00239     PGFRect(const RECT& rect) : left(rect.left), top(rect.top),
right(rect.right), bottom(rect.bottom) {
00240         ASSERT(rect.left >= 0 && rect.right >= 0 && rect.left <= rect.right);
00241         ASSERT(rect.top >= 0 && rect.bottom >= 0 && rect.top <= rect.bottom);
00242     }
00243
00244     PGFRect& operator=(const RECT& rect) {
00245         left = rect.left; top = rect.top; right = rect.right; bottom =
rect.bottom;
00246         return *this;
00247     }
00248
00249     operator RECT() {
00250         RECT rect = { (LONG)left, (LONG)top, (LONG)right, (LONG)bottom };
00251         return rect;
00252     }
00253 #endif
00254
00256     UINT32 Width() const { return right -
left; }
00257

```

```

00259     UINT32 Height() const { return bottom -
top; }
00260
00265     bool IsInside(UINT32 x, UINT32 y) const { return (x >= left && x < right &&
y >= top && y < bottom); }
00266 };
00267
00268 #ifdef __PGF32SUPPORT__
00269 typedef INT32 DataT;
00270 #else
00271 typedef INT16 DataT;
00272 #endif
00273
00274 typedef void (*RefreshCB)(void *p);
00275
00276
//-----
00277 // Image constants
00278
//-----
00279 #define MagicVersionSize      sizeof(PGFMagicVersion)
00280 #define PreHeaderSize        sizeof(PGFPreHeader)
00281 #define HeaderSize           sizeof(PGFHeader)
00282 #define ColorTableSize       (ColorTableLen*sizeof(rgbaQUAD))
00283 #define DataTSize            sizeof(DataT)
00284 #define MaxUserDataSize      0x7FFFFFFF
00285
00286 #endif //PGF_PGFTYPES_H

```

## BitStream.h File Reference

```
#include "PGFtypes.h"
```

### Macros

- `#define MAKEU64(a, b) ((UINT64) (((UINT32) (a)) | ((UINT64) ((UINT32) (b))) << 32))`  
*Make 64 bit unsigned integer from two 32 bit unsigned integers.*

### Functions

- `void SetBit (UINT32 *stream, UINT32 pos)`
- `void ClearBit (UINT32 *stream, UINT32 pos)`
- `bool GetBit (UINT32 *stream, UINT32 pos)`
- `bool CompareBitBlock (UINT32 *stream, UINT32 pos, UINT32 k, UINT32 val)`
- `void SetValueBlock (UINT32 *stream, UINT32 pos, UINT32 val, UINT32 k)`
- `UINT32 GetValueBlock (UINT32 *stream, UINT32 pos, UINT32 k)`
- `void ClearBitBlock (UINT32 *stream, UINT32 pos, UINT32 len)`
- `void SetBitBlock (UINT32 *stream, UINT32 pos, UINT32 len)`
- `UINT32 SeekBitRange (UINT32 *stream, UINT32 pos, UINT32 len)`
- `UINT32 SeekBit1Range (UINT32 *stream, UINT32 pos, UINT32 len)`
- `UINT32 AlignWordPos (UINT32 pos)`
- `UINT32 NumberOfWords (UINT32 pos)`

### Variables

- `static const UINT32 Filled = 0xFFFFFFFF`

---

## Macro Definition Documentation

```
#define MAKEU64( a, b) ((UINT64) (((UINT32) (a)) | ((UINT64) ((UINT32) (b))) << 32))
```

Make 64 bit unsigned integer from two 32 bit unsigned integers.

Definition at line 41 of file **BitStream.h**.

---

## Function Documentation

**UINT32 AlignWordPos (UINT32 pos)[inline]**

Compute bit position of the next 32-bit word

#### Parameters

<i>pos</i>	current bit stream position
------------	-----------------------------

#### Returns

bit position of next 32-bit word

Definition at line 328 of file **BitStream.h**.

```
00328                                     {
00329 //      return ((pos + WordWidth - 1) >> WordWidthLog) << WordWidthLog;
00330 //      return DWWIDTHBITS (pos) ;
00331 }
```

**void ClearBit (UINT32 \* stream, UINT32 pos)[inline]**

Set one bit of a bit stream to 0



## Parameters

<i>stream</i>	A bit stream stored in array of unsigned integers
<i>pos</i>	A valid zero-based position in the bit stream

Definition at line 70 of file **BitStream.h**.

```
00070                                     {
00071     stream[pos >> WordWidthLog] &= ~(1 << (pos%WordWidth));
00072 }
```

**void ClearBitBlock (UINT32 \* *stream*, UINT32 *pos*, UINT32 *len*)[inline]**

Clear block of size at least len at position pos in stream

## Parameters

<i>stream</i>	A bit stream stored in array of unsigned integers
<i>pos</i>	A valid zero-based position in the bit stream
<i>len</i>	Number of bits set to 0

Definition at line 169 of file **BitStream.h**.

```
00169                                     {
00170     ASSERT(len > 0);
00171     const UINT32 iFirstInt = pos >> WordWidthLog;
00172     const UINT32 iLastInt = (pos + len - 1) >> WordWidthLog;
00173
00174     const UINT32 startMask = Filled << (pos%WordWidth);
00175     // const UINT32 endMask=Filled>>(WordWidth-1-((pos+len-1)%WordWidth));
00176
00177     if (iFirstInt == iLastInt) {
00178         stream[iFirstInt] &= ~(startMask /*& endMask*/);
00179     } else {
00180         stream[iFirstInt] &= ~startMask;
00181         for (UINT32 i = iFirstInt + 1; i <= iLastInt; i++) { // changed
00182             stream[i] = 0;
00183         }
00184         //stream[iLastInt] &= ~endMask;
00185     }
00186 }
```

**bool CompareBitBlock (UINT32 \* *stream*, UINT32 *pos*, UINT32 *k*, UINT32 *val*)[inline]**

Compare k-bit binary representation of stream at position pos with val

## Parameters

<i>stream</i>	A bit stream stored in array of unsigned integers
<i>pos</i>	A valid zero-based position in the bit stream
<i>k</i>	Number of bits to compare
<i>val</i>	Value to compare with

## Returns

true if equal

Definition at line 91 of file **BitStream.h**.

```
00091 {
00092     const UINT32 iLoInt = pos >> WordWidthLog;
00093     const UINT32 iHiInt = (pos + k - 1) >> WordWidthLog;
00094     ASSERT(iLoInt <= iHiInt);
00095     const UINT32 mask = (Filled >> (WordWidth - k));
00096
00097     if (iLoInt == iHiInt) {
00098         // fits into one integer
00099         val &= mask;
00100         val <<= (pos%WordWidth);
00101         return (stream[iLoInt] & val) == val;
00102     } else {
00103         // must be splitted over integer boundary
00104         UINT64 v1 = MAKEU64(stream[iLoInt], stream[iHiInt]);
00105         UINT64 v2 = UINT64(val & mask) << (pos%WordWidth);
00106         return (v1 & v2) == v2;
00107     }
```

```
00107     }
00108 }
```

### bool GetBit (UINT32 \* stream, UINT32 pos)[inline]

Return one bit of a bit stream

#### Parameters

<i>stream</i>	A bit stream stored in array of unsigned integers
<i>pos</i>	A valid zero-based position in the bit stream

#### Returns

bit at position pos of bit stream stream

Definition at line 79 of file **BitStream.h**.

```
00079     {
00080         return (stream[pos >> WordWidthLog] & (1 << (pos%WordWidth))) > 0;
00081     }
00082 }
```

### UINT32 GetValueBlock (UINT32 \* stream, UINT32 pos, UINT32 k)[inline]

Read k-bit number from stream at position pos

#### Parameters

<i>stream</i>	A bit stream stored in array of unsigned integers
<i>pos</i>	A valid zero-based position in the bit stream
<i>k</i>	Number of bits to read: 1 <= k <= 32

Definition at line 142 of file **BitStream.h**.

```
00142     {
00143         UINT32 count, hiCount;
00144         const UINT32 iLoInt = pos >> WordWidthLog;
00145         // integer of first bit
00146         const UINT32 iHiInt = (pos + k - 1) >> WordWidthLog; // integer
00147         // of last bit
00148         const UINT32 loMask = Filled << (pos%WordWidth);
00149         const UINT32 hiMask = Filled >> (WordWidth - 1 - ((pos + k -
00150         1)%WordWidth));
00151         if (iLoInt == iHiInt) {
00152             // inside integer boundary
00153             count = stream[iLoInt] & (loMask & hiMask);
00154             count >>= pos%WordWidth;
00155         } else {
00156             // overlapping integer boundary
00157             count = stream[iLoInt] & loMask;
00158             count >>= pos%WordWidth;
00159             hiCount = stream[iHiInt] & hiMask;
00160             hiCount <<= WordWidth - (pos%WordWidth);
00161             count |= hiCount;
00162         }
00163         return count;
00164     }
```

### UINT32 NumberOfWords (UINT32 pos)[inline]

Compute number of the 32-bit words

#### Parameters

<i>pos</i>	Current bit stream position
------------	-----------------------------

#### Returns

Number of 32-bit words

Definition at line 337 of file **BitStream.h**.

```
00337     {
00338         return (pos + WordWidth - 1) >> WordWidthLog;
00339     }
```

### UINT32 SeekBit1Range (UINT32 \* stream, UINT32 pos, UINT32 len)[inline]

Returns the distance to the next 0 in stream at position pos. If no 0 is found within len bits, then len is returned.

#### Parameters

<i>stream</i>	A bit stream stored in array of unsigned integers
<i>pos</i>	A valid zero-based position in the bit stream
<i>len</i>	size of search area (in bits) return The distance to the next 0 in stream at position pos

Definition at line 249 of file **BitStream.h**.

```
00249                                     {
00250     UINT32 count = 0;
00251     UINT32 testMask = 1 << (pos%WordWidth);
00252     UINT32* word = stream + (pos >> WordWidthLog);
00253
00254     while ((*word & testMask) != 0) && (count < len) {
00255         count++;
00256         testMask <<= 1;
00257         if (!testMask) {
00258             word++; testMask = 1;
00259
00260             // fast steps if all bits in a word are one
00261             while ((count + WordWidth <= len) && (*word == Filled))
00262             {
00263                 word++;
00264                 count += WordWidth;
00265             }
00266         }
00267     }
00268     return count;
}
```

### UINT32 SeekBitRange (UINT32 \* stream, UINT32 pos, UINT32 len)[inline]

Returns the distance to the next 1 in stream at position pos. If no 1 is found within len bits, then len is returned.

#### Parameters

<i>stream</i>	A bit stream stored in array of unsigned integers
<i>pos</i>	A valid zero-based position in the bit stream
<i>len</i>	size of search area (in bits) return The distance to the next 1 in stream at position pos

Definition at line 220 of file **BitStream.h**.

```
00220                                     {
00221     UINT32 count = 0;
00222     UINT32 testMask = 1 << (pos%WordWidth);
00223     UINT32* word = stream + (pos >> WordWidthLog);
00224
00225     while ((*word & testMask) == 0) && (count < len) {
00226         count++;
00227         testMask <<= 1;
00228         if (!testMask) {
00229             word++; testMask = 1;
00230
00231             // fast steps if all bits in a word are zero
00232             while ((count + WordWidth <= len) && (*word == 0)) {
00233                 word++;
00234                 count += WordWidth;
00235             }
00236         }
00237     }
00238
00239     return count;
00240 }
```

### void SetBit (UINT32 \* stream, UINT32 pos)[inline]

Set one bit of a bit stream to 1

## Parameters

<i>stream</i>	A bit stream stored in array of unsigned integers
<i>pos</i>	A valid zero-based position in the bit stream

Definition at line 62 of file **BitStream.h**.

```
00062                                     {
00063     stream[pos >> WordWidthLog] |= (1 << (pos%WordWidth));
00064 }
```

**void SetBitBlock (UINT32 \* *stream*, UINT32 *pos*, UINT32 *len*)[inline]**

Set block of size at least len at position pos in stream

## Parameters

<i>stream</i>	A bit stream stored in array of unsigned integers
<i>pos</i>	A valid zero-based position in the bit stream
<i>len</i>	Number of bits set to 1

Definition at line 193 of file **BitStream.h**.

```
00193                                     {
00194     ASSERT(len > 0);
00195
00196     const UINT32 iFirstInt = pos >> WordWidthLog;
00197     const UINT32 iLastInt = (pos + len - 1) >> WordWidthLog;
00198
00199     const UINT32 startMask = Filled << (pos%WordWidth);
00200     // const UINT32 endMask=Filled>>(WordWidth-1-((pos+len-1)%WordWidth));
00201
00202     if (iFirstInt == iLastInt) {
00203         stream[iFirstInt] |= (startMask /*& endMask*/);
00204     } else {
00205         stream[iFirstInt] |= startMask;
00206         for (UINT32 i = iFirstInt + 1; i <= iLastInt; i++) { // changed
00207             stream[i] = Filled;
00208         }
00209         //stream[iLastInt] &= ~endMask;
00210     }
00211 }
```

**void SetValueBlock (UINT32 \* *stream*, UINT32 *pos*, UINT32 *val*, UINT32 *k*)[inline]**

Store k-bit binary representation of val in stream at position pos

## Parameters

<i>stream</i>	A bit stream stored in array of unsigned integers
<i>pos</i>	A valid zero-based position in the bit stream
<i>val</i>	Value to store in stream at position pos
<i>k</i>	Number of bits of integer representation of val

Definition at line 116 of file **BitStream.h**.

```
00116 {
00117     const UINT32 offset = pos%WordWidth;
00118     const UINT32 iLoInt = pos >> WordWidthLog;
00119     const UINT32 iHiInt = (pos + k - 1) >> WordWidthLog;
00120     ASSERT(iLoInt <= iHiInt);
00121     const UINT32 loMask = Filled << offset;
00122     const UINT32 hiMask = Filled >> (WordWidth - 1 - ((pos + k -
00123     1)%WordWidth));
00124     if (iLoInt == iHiInt) {
00125         // fits into one integer
00126         stream[iLoInt] &= ~(loMask & hiMask); // clear bits
00127         stream[iLoInt] |= val << offset; // write value
00128     } else {
00129         // must be splitted over integer boundary
00130         stream[iLoInt] &= ~loMask; // clear bits
00131         stream[iLoInt] |= val << offset; // write lower part of value
00132         stream[iHiInt] &= ~hiMask; // clear bits
```

```
00133         stream[iHiInt] |= val >> (WordWidth - offset); // write higher
part of value
00134     }
00135 }
```

---

## Variable Documentation

**const UINT32 Filled = 0xFFFFFFFF [static]**

Definition at line **38** of file **BitStream.h**.

## BitStream.h

```
Go to the documentation of this file.00001 /*
00002 * The Progressive Graphics File; http://www.libpgf.org
00003 *
00004 * $Date: 2006-06-04 22:05:59 +0200 (So, 04 Jun 2006) $
00005 * $Revision: 229 $
00006 *
00007 * This file Copyright (C) 2006 xeraina GmbH, Switzerland
00008 *
00009 * This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or
00010 * modify it under the terms of the GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
00011 * as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2.1
00012 * of the License, or (at your option) any later version.
00013 *
00014 * This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
00015 * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
00016 * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
00017 * GNU General Public License for more details.
00018 *
00019 * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
00020 * along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software
00021 * Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place - Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307, USA.
00022 */
00023
00028
00029 #ifndef PGF_BITSTREAM_H
00030 #define PGF_BITSTREAM_H
00031
00032 #include "PGFtypes.h"
00033
00035 // constants
00036 //static const WordWidth = 32;
00037 //static const WordWidthLog = 5;
00038 static const UINT32 Filled = 0xFFFFFFFF;
00039
00041 #define MAKEU64(a, b) ((UINT64) (((UINT32) (a)) | ((UINT64) ((UINT32) (b))) << 32))
00042
00043 /*
00044 static UINT8 lMask[] = {
00045     0x00, // 00000000
00046     0x80, // 10000000
00047     0xc0, // 11000000
00048     0xe0, // 11100000
00049     0xf0, // 11110000
00050     0xf8, // 11111000
00051     0xfc, // 11111100
00052     0xfe, // 11111110
00053     0xff, // 11111111
00054 };
00055 */
00056 // these procedures have to be inlined because of performance reasons
00057
00062 inline void SetBit(UINT32* stream, UINT32 pos) {
00063     stream[pos >> WordWidthLog] |= (1 << (pos%WordWidth));
00064 }
00065
00070 inline void ClearBit(UINT32* stream, UINT32 pos) {
00071     stream[pos >> WordWidthLog] &= ~(1 << (pos%WordWidth));
00072 }
00073
00079 inline bool GetBit(UINT32* stream, UINT32 pos) {
00080     return (stream[pos >> WordWidthLog] & (1 << (pos%WordWidth))) > 0;
00081
00082 }
00083
00091 inline bool CompareBitBlock(UINT32* stream, UINT32 pos, UINT32 k, UINT32 val) {
00092     const UINT32 iLoInt = pos >> WordWidthLog;
00093     const UINT32 iHiInt = (pos + k - 1) >> WordWidthLog;
00094     ASSERT(iLoInt <= iHiInt);
00095     const UINT32 mask = (Filled >> (WordWidth - k));
00096
00097     if (iLoInt == iHiInt) {
00098         // fits into one integer
00099         val &= mask;
```

```

00100         val <<= (pos%WordWidth);
00101         return (stream[iLoInt] & val) == val;
00102     } else {
00103         // must be splitted over integer boundary
00104         UINT64 v1 = MAKEU64(stream[iLoInt], stream[iHiInt]);
00105         UINT64 v2 = UINT64(val & mask) << (pos%WordWidth);
00106         return (v1 & v2) == v2;
00107     }
00108 }
00109
00116 inline void SetValueBlock(UINT32* stream, UINT32 pos, UINT32 val, UINT32 k) {
00117     const UINT32 offset = pos%WordWidth;
00118     const UINT32 iLoInt = pos >> WordWidthLog;
00119     const UINT32 iHiInt = (pos + k - 1) >> WordWidthLog;
00120     ASSERT(iLoInt <= iHiInt);
00121     const UINT32 loMask = Filled << offset;
00122     const UINT32 hiMask = Filled >> (WordWidth - 1 - ((pos + k - 1)%WordWidth));
00123
00124     if (iLoInt == iHiInt) {
00125         // fits into one integer
00126         stream[iLoInt] &= ~(loMask & hiMask); // clear bits
00127         stream[iLoInt] |= val << offset; // write value
00128     } else {
00129         // must be splitted over integer boundary
00130         stream[iLoInt] &= ~loMask; // clear bits
00131         stream[iLoInt] |= val << offset; // write lower part of value
00132         stream[iHiInt] &= ~hiMask; // clear bits
00133         stream[iHiInt] |= val >> (WordWidth - offset); // write higher part
of value
00134     }
00135 }
00136
00142 inline UINT32 GetValueBlock(UINT32* stream, UINT32 pos, UINT32 k) {
00143     UINT32 count, hiCount;
00144     const UINT32 iLoInt = pos >> WordWidthLog; //
integer of first bit
00145     const UINT32 iHiInt = (pos + k - 1) >> WordWidthLog; // integer
of last bit
00146     const UINT32 loMask = Filled << (pos%WordWidth);
00147     const UINT32 hiMask = Filled >> (WordWidth - 1 - ((pos + k - 1)%WordWidth));
00148
00149     if (iLoInt == iHiInt) {
00150         // inside integer boundary
00151         count = stream[iLoInt] & (loMask & hiMask);
00152         count >>= pos%WordWidth;
00153     } else {
00154         // overlapping integer boundary
00155         count = stream[iLoInt] & loMask;
00156         count >>= pos%WordWidth;
00157         hiCount = stream[iHiInt] & hiMask;
00158         hiCount <<= WordWidth - (pos%WordWidth);
00159         count |= hiCount;
00160     }
00161     return count;
00162 }
00163
00169 inline void ClearBitBlock(UINT32* stream, UINT32 pos, UINT32 len) {
00170     ASSERT(len > 0);
00171     const UINT32 iFirstInt = pos >> WordWidthLog;
00172     const UINT32 iLastInt = (pos + len - 1) >> WordWidthLog;
00173
00174     const UINT32 startMask = Filled << (pos%WordWidth);
00175     // const UINT32 endMask=Filled>>(WordWidth-1-((pos+len-1)%WordWidth));
00176
00177     if (iFirstInt == iLastInt) {
00178         stream[iFirstInt] &= ~(startMask /*& endMask*/);
00179     } else {
00180         stream[iFirstInt] &= ~startMask;
00181         for (UINT32 i = iFirstInt + 1; i <= iLastInt; i++) { // changed <=
00182             stream[i] = 0;
00183         }
00184         //stream[iLastInt] &= ~endMask;
00185     }
00186 }
00187
00193 inline void SetBitBlock(UINT32* stream, UINT32 pos, UINT32 len) {
00194     ASSERT(len > 0);

```

```

00195
00196     const UINT32 iFirstInt = pos >> WordWidthLog;
00197     const UINT32 iLastInt = (pos + len - 1) >> WordWidthLog;
00198
00199     const UINT32 startMask = Filled << (pos%WordWidth);
00200 //     const UINT32 endMask=Filled>>(WordWidth-1-((pos+len-1)%WordWidth));
00201
00202     if (iFirstInt == iLastInt) {
00203         stream[iFirstInt] |= (startMask /*& endMask*/);
00204     } else {
00205         stream[iFirstInt] |= startMask;
00206         for (UINT32 i = iFirstInt + 1; i <= iLastInt; i++) { // changed <=
00207             stream[i] = Filled;
00208         }
00209         //stream[iLastInt] &= ~endMask;
00210     }
00211 }
00212
00220 inline UINT32 SeekBitRange(UINT32* stream, UINT32 pos, UINT32 len) {
00221     UINT32 count = 0;
00222     UINT32 testMask = 1 << (pos%WordWidth);
00223     UINT32* word = stream + (pos >> WordWidthLog);
00224
00225     while ((*word & testMask) == 0) && (count < len) {
00226         count++;
00227         testMask <<= 1;
00228         if (!testMask) {
00229             word++; testMask = 1;
00230
00231             // fast steps if all bits in a word are zero
00232             while ((count + WordWidth <= len) && (*word == 0)) {
00233                 word++;
00234                 count += WordWidth;
00235             }
00236         }
00237     }
00238
00239     return count;
00240 }
00241
00249 inline UINT32 SeekBit1Range(UINT32* stream, UINT32 pos, UINT32 len) {
00250     UINT32 count = 0;
00251     UINT32 testMask = 1 << (pos%WordWidth);
00252     UINT32* word = stream + (pos >> WordWidthLog);
00253
00254     while ((*word & testMask) != 0) && (count < len) {
00255         count++;
00256         testMask <<= 1;
00257         if (!testMask) {
00258             word++; testMask = 1;
00259
00260             // fast steps if all bits in a word are one
00261             while ((count + WordWidth <= len) && (*word == Filled)) {
00262                 word++;
00263                 count += WordWidth;
00264             }
00265         }
00266     }
00267     return count;
00268 }
00269 /*
00274 inline void BitCopy(const UINT8 *sStream, UINT32 sPos, UINT8 *dStream, UINT32 dPos,
UINT32 k) {
00275     ASSERT(k > 0);
00276
00277     div_t divS = div(sPos, 8);
00278     div_t divD = div(dPos, 8);
00279     UINT32 sOff = divS.rem;
00280     UINT32 dOff = divD.rem;
00281     INT32 tmp = div(dPos + k - 1, 8).quot;
00282
00283     const UINT8 *sAddr = sStream + divS.quot;
00284     UINT8 *dAddrS = dStream + divD.quot;
00285     UINT8 *dAddrE = dStream + tmp;
00286     UINT8 eMask;
00287
00288     UINT8 destSB = *dAddrS;

```



```

00289     UINT8 destEB = *dAddrE;
00290     UINT8 *dAddr;
00291     UINT8 prec;
00292     INT32 shiftl, shiftr;
00293
00294     if (dOff > sOff) {
00295         prec = 0;
00296         shiftr = dOff - sOff;
00297         shiftl = 8 - dOff + sOff;
00298     } else {
00299         prec = *sAddr << (sOff - dOff);
00300         shiftr = 8 - sOff + dOff;
00301         shiftl = sOff - dOff;
00302         sAddr++;
00303     }
00304
00305     for (dAddr = dAddrS; dAddr < dAddrE; dAddr++, sAddr++) {
00306         *dAddr = prec | (*sAddr >> shiftr);
00307         prec = *sAddr << shiftl;
00308     }
00309
00310     if ((sPos + k)%8 == 0) {
00311         *dAddr = prec;
00312     } else {
00313         *dAddr = prec | (*sAddr >> shiftr);
00314     }
00315
00316     eMask = lMask[dOff];
00317     *dAddrS = (destSB & eMask) | (*dAddrS & (~eMask));
00318
00319     INT32 mind = (dPos + k) % 8;
00320     eMask = (mind) ? lMask[mind] : lMask[8];
00321     *dAddrE = (destEB & (~eMask)) | (*dAddrE & eMask);
00322 }
00323 */
00324 inline UINT32 AlignWordPos(UINT32 pos) {
00325 //     return ((pos + WordWidth - 1) >> WordWidthLog) << WordWidthLog;
00326     return DWWIDTHBITS(pos);
00327 }
00328
00329 inline UINT32 NumberOfWords(UINT32 pos) {
00330     return (pos + WordWidth - 1) >> WordWidthLog;
00331 }
00332
00333 #endif //PGF_BITSTREAM_H

```

## Decoder.cpp File Reference

PGF decoder class implementation.

```
#include "Decoder.h"
```

### Macros

- **#define CodeBufferBitLen (CodeBufferLen\*WordWidth)**  
*max number of bits in m\_codeBuffer*
- **#define MaxCodeLen ((1 << RLblockSizeLen) - 1)**  
*max length of RL encoded block*

---

### Detailed Description

PGF decoder class implementation.

#### Author

C. Stamm, R. Spuler

Definition in file **Decoder.cpp**.

---

### Macro Definition Documentation

**#define CodeBufferBitLen (CodeBufferLen\*WordWidth)**

max number of bits in m\_codeBuffer

Definition at line **58** of file **Decoder.cpp**.

**#define MaxCodeLen ((1 << RLblockSizeLen) - 1)**

max length of RL encoded block

Definition at line **59** of file **Decoder.cpp**.

## Decoder.cpp

```
Go to the documentation of this file.00001 /*
00002 * The Progressive Graphics File; http://www.libpgf.org
00003 *
00004 * $Date: 2006-06-04 22:05:59 +0200 (So, 04 Jun 2006) $
00005 * $Revision: 229 $
00006 *
00007 * This file Copyright (C) 2006 xeraina GmbH, Switzerland
00008 *
00009 * This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or
00010 * modify it under the terms of the GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
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00012 * of the License, or (at your option) any later version.
00013 *
00014 * This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
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00016 * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
00017 * GNU General Public License for more details.
00018 *
00019 * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
00020 * along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software
00021 * Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place - Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307, USA.
00022 */
00023
00028
00029 #include "Decoder.h"
00030 #ifndef TRACE
00031     #include <stdio.h>
00032 #endif
00033
00035 // PGF: file structure
00036 //
00037 // PGFPreHeader PGFHeader [PGFPostHeader] LevelLengths Level_n-1 Level_n-2 ...
Level_0
00038 // PGFPostHeader ::= [ColorTable] [UserData]
00039 // LevelLengths ::= UINT32[nLevels]
00040
00042 // Decoding scheme
00043 // input: binary file
00044 // output: wavelet coefficients stored in subbands
00045 //
00046 //             file           (for each buffer: packedLength (16 bit), packed
bits)
00047 //             |
00048 //             m_codeBuffer   (for each plane: RLcodeLength (16 bit), RLcoded
sigBits + m_sign, refBits)
00049 //             |   |   |
00050 //             m_sign sigBits refBits   [BufferLen, BufferLen, BufferLen]
00051 //             |   |   |
00052 //             m_value   [BufferSize]
00053 //             |
00054 //             subband
00055 //
00056
00057 // Constants
00058 #define CodeBufferBitLen           (CodeBufferLen*WordWidth)
00059 #define MaxCodeLen                 ((1 << RLblockSizeLen) - 1)
00060
00073 CDecoder::CDecoder(CPGFStream* stream, PGFPreHeader& preHeader, PGFHeader& header,
00074 PGFPostHeader& postHeader, UINT32*&
levelLength, UINT64& userDataPos,
00075 bool useOMP, UINT32 userDataPolicy)
00076 : m_stream(stream)
00077 , m_startPos(0)
00078 , m_streamSizeEstimation(0)
00079 , m_encodedHeaderLength(0)
00080 , m_currentBlockIndex(0)
00081 , m_macroBlocksAvailable(0)
00082 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00083 , m_roi(false)
00084 #endif
00085 {
00086     ASSERT(m_stream);
00087 }
```

```

00088     int count, expected;
00089
00090     // store current stream position
00091     m_startPos = m_stream->GetPos();
00092
00093     // read magic and version
00094     count = expected = MagicVersionSize;
00095     m_stream->Read(&count, &preHeader);
00096     if (count != expected) ReturnWithError(MissingData);
00097
00098     // read header size
00099     if (preHeader.version & Version6) {
00100         // 32 bit header size since version 6
00101         count = expected = 4;
00102     } else {
00103         count = expected = 2;
00104     }
00105     m_stream->Read(&count, ((UINT8*)&preHeader) + MagicVersionSize);
00106     if (count != expected) ReturnWithError(MissingData);
00107
00108     // make sure the values are correct read
00109     preHeader.hSize = __VAL(preHeader.hSize);
00110
00111     // check magic number
00112     if (memcmp(preHeader.magic, PGFMagic, 3) != 0) {
00113         // error condition: wrong Magic number
00114         ReturnWithError(FormatCannotRead);
00115     }
00116
00117     // read file header
00118     count = expected = (preHeader.hSize < HeaderSize) ? preHeader.hSize :
HeaderSize;
00119     m_stream->Read(&count, &header);
00120     if (count != expected) ReturnWithError(MissingData);
00121
00122     // make sure the values are correct read
00123     header.height = __VAL(UINT32(header.height));
00124     header.width = __VAL(UINT32(header.width));
00125
00126     // be ready to read all versions including version 0
00127     if (preHeader.version > 0) {
00128 #ifndef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00129         // check ROI usage
00130         if (preHeader.version & PGFROI) ReturnWithError(FormatCannotRead);
00131 #endif
00132
00133         UINT32 size = preHeader.hSize;
00134
00135         if (size > HeaderSize) {
00136             size -= HeaderSize;
00137             count = 0;
00138
00139             // read post-header
00140             if (header.mode == ImageModeIndexedColor) {
00141                 if (size < ColorTableSize)
ReturnWithError(FormatCannotRead);
00142                 // read color table
00143                 count = expected = ColorTableSize;
00144                 m_stream->Read(&count, postHeader.clut);
00145                 if (count != expected)
ReturnWithError(MissingData);
00146             }
00147
00148             if (size > (UINT32)count) {
00149                 size -= count;
00150
00151                 // read/skip user data
00152                 UserdataPolicy policy =
(UserdataPolicy)((userDataPolicy <= MaxUserDataSize) ? UP_CachePrefix : 0xFFFFFFFF -
userDataPolicy);
00153                 userDataPos = m_stream->GetPos();
00154                 postHeader.userDataLen = size;
00155
00156                 if (policy == UP_Skip) {
00157                     postHeader.cachedUserDataLen = 0;
00158                     postHeader.userData = nullptr;
00159                     Skip(size);

```

```

00160         } else {
00161             postHeader.cachedUserDataLen = (policy ==
UP_CachePrefix) ? __min(size, userDataPolicy) : size;
00162
00163             // create user data memory block
00164             postHeader.userData = new(std::nothrow)
UINT8[postHeader.cachedUserDataLen];
00165             if (!postHeader.userData)
ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00166
00167             // read user data
00168             count = expected =
postHeader.cachedUserDataLen;
00169             m_stream->Read(&count,
postHeader.userData);
00170             if (count != expected)
ReturnWithError(MissingData);
00171
00172             // skip remaining user data
00173             if (postHeader.cachedUserDataLen < size)
Skip(size - postHeader.cachedUserDataLen);
00174         }
00175     }
00176 }
00177
00178 // create levelLength
00179 levelLength = new(std::nothrow) UINT32[header.nLevels];
00180 if (!levelLength) ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00181
00182 // read levelLength
00183 count = expected = header.nLevels*WordBytes;
00184 m_stream->Read(&count, levelLength);
00185 if (count != expected) ReturnWithError(MissingData);
00186
00187 #ifdef PGF_USE_BIG_ENDIAN
00188 // make sure the values are correct read
00189 for (int i=0; i < header.nLevels; i++) {
00190     levelLength[i] = __VAL(levelLength[i]);
00191 }
00192 #endif
00193
00194 // compute the total size in bytes; keep attention: level length
information is optional
00195 for (int i=0; i < header.nLevels; i++) {
00196     m_streamSizeEstimation += levelLength[i];
00197 }
00198
00199 }
00200
00201 // store current stream position
00202 m_encodedHeaderLength = UINT32(m_stream->GetPos() - m_startPos);
00203
00204 // set number of threads
00205 #ifdef LIBPGF_USE_OPENMP
00206     m_macroBlockLen = omp_get_num_procs();
00207 #else
00208     m_macroBlockLen = 1;
00209 #endif
00210
00211 if (useOMP && m_macroBlockLen > 1) {
00212 #ifdef LIBPGF_USE_OPENMP
00213     omp_set_num_threads(m_macroBlockLen);
00214 #endif
00215
00216 // create macro block array
00217 m_macroBlocks = new(std::nothrow) CMacroBlock*[m_macroBlockLen];
00218 if (!m_macroBlocks) ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00219 for (int i = 0; i < m_macroBlockLen; i++) m_macroBlocks[i] = new
CMacroBlock();
00220     m_currentBlock = m_macroBlocks[m_currentBlockIndex];
00221 } else {
00222     m_macroBlocks = 0;
00223     m_macroBlockLen = 1; // there is only one macro block
00224     m_currentBlock = new(std::nothrow) CMacroBlock();
00225     if (!m_currentBlock) ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00226 }
00227 }

```

```

00228
00230 // Destructor
00231 CDecoder::~CDecoder() {
00232     if (m_macroBlocks) {
00233         for (int i=0; i < m_macroBlockLen; i++) delete m_macroBlocks[i];
00234         delete[] m_macroBlocks;
00235     } else {
00236         delete m_currentBlock;
00237     }
00238 }
00239
00246 UINT32 CDecoder::ReadEncodedData(UINT8* target, UINT32 len) const {
00247     ASSERT(m_stream);
00248
00249     int count = len;
00250     m_stream->Read(&count, target);
00251
00252     return count;
00253 }
00254
00266 void CDecoder::Partition(CSubband* band, int quantParam, int width, int height, int
startPos, int pitch) {
00267     ASSERT(band);
00268
00269     const div_t ww = div(width, LinBlockSize);
00270     const div_t hh = div(height, LinBlockSize);
00271     const int ws = pitch - LinBlockSize;
00272     const int wr = pitch - ww.rem;
00273     int pos, base = startPos, base2;
00274
00275     // main height
00276     for (int i=0; i < hh.quot; i++) {
00277         // main width
00278         base2 = base;
00279         for (int j=0; j < ww.quot; j++) {
00280             pos = base2;
00281             for (int y=0; y < LinBlockSize; y++) {
00282                 for (int x=0; x < LinBlockSize; x++) {
00283                     DequantizeValue(band, pos, quantParam);
00284                     pos++;
00285                 }
00286                 pos += ws;
00287             }
00288             base2 += LinBlockSize;
00289         }
00290         // rest of width
00291         pos = base2;
00292         for (int y=0; y < LinBlockSize; y++) {
00293             for (int x=0; x < ww.rem; x++) {
00294                 DequantizeValue(band, pos, quantParam);
00295                 pos++;
00296             }
00297             pos += wr;
00298             base += pitch;
00299         }
00300     }
00301     // main width
00302     base2 = base;
00303     for (int j=0; j < ww.quot; j++) {
00304         // rest of height
00305         pos = base2;
00306         for (int y=0; y < hh.rem; y++) {
00307             for (int x=0; x < LinBlockSize; x++) {
00308                 DequantizeValue(band, pos, quantParam);
00309                 pos++;
00310             }
00311             pos += ws;
00312         }
00313         base2 += LinBlockSize;
00314     }
00315     // rest of height
00316     pos = base2;
00317     for (int y=0; y < hh.rem; y++) {
00318         // rest of width
00319         for (int x=0; x < ww.rem; x++) {
00320             DequantizeValue(band, pos, quantParam);
00321             pos++;

```

```

00322     }
00323         pos += wr;
00324     }
00325 }
00326
00328 // Decodes and dequantizes HL, and LH band of one level
00329 // LH and HH are interleaved in the codestream and must be split
00330 // Decoding and dequantization of HL and LH Band (interleaved) using partitioning
scheme
00331 // partitions the plane in squares of side length InterBlockSize
00332 // It might throw an IOException.
00333 void CDecoder::DecodeInterleaved(CWaveletTransform* wtChannel, int level, int
quantParam) {
00334     CSubband* hlBand = wtChannel->GetSubband(level, HL);
00335     CSubband* lhBand = wtChannel->GetSubband(level, LH);
00336     const div_t lhH = div(lhBand->GetHeight(), InterBlockSize);
00337     const div_t hlW = div(hlBand->GetWidth(), InterBlockSize);
00338     const int hlws = hlBand->GetWidth() - InterBlockSize;
00339     const int hlwr = hlBand->GetWidth() - hlW.rem;
00340     const int lhws = lhBand->GetWidth() - InterBlockSize;
00341     const int lhwr = lhBand->GetWidth() - hlW.rem;
00342     int hlPos, lhPos;
00343     int hlBase = 0, lhBase = 0, hlBase2, lhBase2;
00344
00345     ASSERT(lhBand->GetWidth() >= hlBand->GetWidth());
00346     ASSERT(hlBand->GetHeight() >= lhBand->GetHeight());
00347
00348     if (!hlBand->AllocMemory()) ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00349     if (!lhBand->AllocMemory()) ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00350
00351     // correct quantParam with normalization factor
00352     quantParam -= level;
00353     if (quantParam < 0) quantParam = 0;
00354
00355     // main height
00356     for (int i=0; i < lhH.quot; i++) {
00357         // main width
00358         hlBase2 = hlBase;
00359         lhBase2 = lhBase;
00360         for (int j=0; j < hlW.quot; j++) {
00361             hlPos = hlBase2;
00362             lhPos = lhBase2;
00363             for (int y=0; y < InterBlockSize; y++) {
00364                 for (int x=0; x < InterBlockSize; x++) {
00365                     DequantizeValue(hlBand, hlPos,
quantParam);
00366                     DequantizeValue(lhBand, lhPos,
quantParam);
00367                     hlPos++;
00368                     lhPos++;
00369                 }
00370                 hlPos += hlws;
00371                 lhPos += lhws;
00372             }
00373             hlBase2 += InterBlockSize;
00374             lhBase2 += InterBlockSize;
00375         }
00376         // rest of width
00377         hlPos = hlBase2;
00378         lhPos = lhBase2;
00379         for (int y=0; y < InterBlockSize; y++) {
00380             for (int x=0; x < hlW.rem; x++) {
00381                 DequantizeValue(hlBand, hlPos, quantParam);
00382                 DequantizeValue(lhBand, lhPos, quantParam);
00383                 hlPos++;
00384                 lhPos++;
00385             }
00386             // width difference between HL and LH
00387             if (lhBand->GetWidth() > hlBand->GetWidth()) {
00388                 DequantizeValue(lhBand, lhPos, quantParam);
00389             }
00390             hlPos += hlwr;
00391             lhPos += lhwr;
00392             hlBase += hlBand->GetWidth();
00393             lhBase += lhBand->GetWidth();
00394         }
00395     }
}

```

```

00396 // main width
00397 hlBase2 = hlBase;
00398 lhBase2 = lhBase;
00399 for (int j=0; j < hlW.quot; j++) {
00400 // rest of height
00401 hlPos = hlBase2;
00402 lhPos = lhBase2;
00403 for (int y=0; y < lhH.rem; y++) {
00404 for (int x=0; x < InterBlockSize; x++) {
00405 DequantizeValue(hlBand, hlPos, quantParam);
00406 DequantizeValue(lhBand, lhPos, quantParam);
00407 hlPos++;
00408 lhPos++;
00409 }
00410 hlPos += hlws;
00411 lhPos += lhws;
00412 }
00413 hlBase2 += InterBlockSize;
00414 lhBase2 += InterBlockSize;
00415 }
00416 // rest of height
00417 hlPos = hlBase2;
00418 lhPos = lhBase2;
00419 for (int y=0; y < lhH.rem; y++) {
00420 // rest of width
00421 for (int x=0; x < hlW.rem; x++) {
00422 DequantizeValue(hlBand, hlPos, quantParam);
00423 DequantizeValue(lhBand, lhPos, quantParam);
00424 hlPos++;
00425 lhPos++;
00426 }
00427 // width difference between HL and LH
00428 if (lhBand->GetWidth() > hlBand->GetWidth()) {
00429 DequantizeValue(lhBand, lhPos, quantParam);
00430 }
00431 hlPos += hlwr;
00432 lhPos += lhwr;
00433 hlBase += hlBand->GetWidth();
00434 }
00435 // height difference between HL and LH
00436 if (hlBand->GetHeight() > lhBand->GetHeight()) {
00437 // total width
00438 hlPos = hlBase;
00439 for (int j=0; j < hlBand->GetWidth(); j++) {
00440 DequantizeValue(hlBand, hlPos, quantParam);
00441 hlPos++;
00442 }
00443 }
00444 }
00445 }
00449 void CDecoder::Skip(UINT64 offset) {
00450 m_stream->SetPos(FSFromCurrent, offset);
00451 }
00452 }
00462 void CDecoder::DequantizeValue(CSubband* band, UINT32 bandPos, int quantParam) {
00463 ASSERT(m_currentBlock);
00464 }
00465 if (m_currentBlock->IsCompletelyRead()) {
00466 // all data of current macro block has been read --> prepare next
macro block
00467 GetNextMacroBlock();
00468 }
00469 }
00470 band->SetData(bandPos,
m_currentBlock->m_value[m_currentBlock->m_valuePos] << quantParam);
00471 m_currentBlock->m_valuePos++;
00472 }
00473 }
00475 // Gets next macro block
00476 // It might throw an IOException.
00477 void CDecoder::GetNextMacroBlock() {
00478 // current block has been read --> prepare next current block
00479 m_macroBlocksAvailable--;
00480 }
00481 if (m_macroBlocksAvailable > 0) {
00482 m_currentBlock = m_macroBlocks[++m_currentBlockIndex];
00483 } else {

```



```

00484         DecodeBuffer();
00485     }
00486     ASSERT(m_currentBlock);
00487 }
00488
00490 // Reads next block(s) from stream and decodes them
00491 // Decoding scheme: <wordLen>(16 bits) [ ROI ] data
00492 // ROI := <bufferSize>(15 bits) <eofTile>(1 bit)
00493 // It might throw an IOException.
00494 void CDecoder::DecodeBuffer() {
00495     ASSERT(m_macroBlocksAvailable <= 0);
00496
00497     // macro block management
00498     if (m_macroBlockLen == 1) {
00499         ASSERT(m_currentBlock);
00500         ReadMacroBlock(m_currentBlock);
00501         m_currentBlock->BitplaneDecode();
00502         m_macroBlocksAvailable = 1;
00503     } else {
00504         m_macroBlocksAvailable = 0;
00505         for (int i=0; i < m_macroBlockLen; i++) {
00506             // read sequentially several blocks
00507             try {
00508                 ReadMacroBlock(m_macroBlocks[i]);
00509                 m_macroBlocksAvailable++;
00510             } catch (IOException& ex) {
00511                 if (ex.error == MissingData || ex.error ==
FormatCannotRead) {
00512                     break; // no further data available or the
data isn't valid PGF data (might occur in streaming or PPPExt)
00513                 } else {
00514                     throw;
00515                 }
00516             }
00517         }
00518 #ifdef LIBPGF_USE_OPENMP
00519         // decode in parallel
00520         #pragma omp parallel for default(shared) //no declared exceptions
in next block
00521 #endif
00522         for (int i=0; i < m_macroBlocksAvailable; i++) {
00523             m_macroBlocks[i]->BitplaneDecode();
00524         }
00525
00526         // prepare current macro block
00527         m_currentBlockIndex = 0;
00528         m_currentBlock = m_macroBlocks[m_currentBlockIndex];
00529     }
00530 }
00531
00533 // Reads next block from stream and stores it in the given macro block
00534 // It might throw an IOException.
00535 void CDecoder::ReadMacroBlock(CMacroBlock* block) {
00536     ASSERT(block);
00537
00538     UINT16 wordLen;
00539     ROIBlockHeader h(BufferSize);
00540     int count, expected;
00541
00542 #ifdef TRACE
00543     //UINT32 filePos = (UINT32)m_stream->GetPos();
00544     //printf("DecodeBuffer: %d\n", filePos);
00545 #endif
00546
00547     // read wordLen
00548     count = expected = sizeof(UINT16);
00549     m_stream->Read(&count, &wordLen);
00550     if (count != expected) ReturnWithError(MissingData);
00551     wordLen = VAL(wordLen); // convert wordLen
00552     if (wordLen > BufferSize) ReturnWithError(FormatCannotRead);
00553
00554 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT
00555     // read ROIBlockHeader
00556     if (m_roi) {
00557         count = expected = sizeof(ROIBlockHeader);
00558         m_stream->Read(&count, &h.val);
00559         if (count != expected) ReturnWithError(MissingData);

```

```

00560             h.val = __VAL(h.val); // convert ROIBlockHeader
00561         }
00562 #endif
00563         // save header
00564         block->m_header = h;
00565
00566         // read data
00567         count = expected = wordLen*WordBytes;
00568         m_stream->Read(&count, block->m_codeBuffer);
00569         if (count != expected) ReturnWithError(MissingData);
00570
00571 #ifdef PGF_USE_BIG_ENDIAN
00572         // convert data
00573         count /= WordBytes;
00574         for (int i=0; i < count; i++) {
00575             block->m_codeBuffer[i] = __VAL(block->m_codeBuffer[i]);
00576         }
00577 #endif
00578
00579 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00580     ASSERT(m_roi && h.rbh.bufferSize <= BufferSize || h.rbh.bufferSize ==
BufferSize);
00581 #else
00582     ASSERT(h.rbh.bufferSize == BufferSize);
00583 #endif
00584 }
00585
00586 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00587 // Resets stream position to next tile.
00588 // Used with ROI encoding scheme only.
00589 // Reads several next blocks from stream but doesn't decode them into macro blocks
00590 // Encoding scheme: <wordLen>(16 bits) ROI data
00591 // ROI ::= <bufferSize>(15 bits) <eofTile>(1 bit)
00592 // It might throw an IOException.
00593 void CDecoder::SkipTileBuffer() {
00594     ASSERT(m_roi);
00595
00596     // current macro block belongs to the last tile, so go to the next macro block
00597     m_macroBlocksAvailable--;
00598     m_currentBlockIndex++;
00599
00600     // check if pre-decoded data is available
00601     while (m_macroBlocksAvailable > 0 &&
!m_macroBlocks[m_currentBlockIndex]->m_header.rbh.tileEnd) {
00602         m_macroBlocksAvailable--;
00603         m_currentBlockIndex++;
00604     }
00605     if (m_macroBlocksAvailable > 0) {
00606         // set new current macro block
00607         m_currentBlock = m_macroBlocks[m_currentBlockIndex];
00608         ASSERT(m_currentBlock->m_header.rbh.tileEnd);
00609         return;
00610     }
00611
00612     ASSERT(m_macroBlocksAvailable <= 0);
00613     m_macroBlocksAvailable = 0;
00614     UINT16 wordLen;
00615     ROIBlockHeader h(0);
00616     int count, expected;
00617
00618     // skips all blocks until tile end
00619     do {
00620         // read wordLen
00621         count = expected = sizeof(wordLen);
00622         m_stream->Read(&count, &wordLen);
00623         if (count != expected) ReturnWithError(MissingData);
00624         wordLen = __VAL(wordLen); // convert wordLen
00625         if (wordLen > BufferSize) ReturnWithError(FormatCannotRead);
00626
00627         // read ROIBlockHeader
00628         count = expected = sizeof(ROIBlockHeader);
00629         m_stream->Read(&count, &h.val);
00630         if (count != expected) ReturnWithError(MissingData);
00631         h.val = VAL(h.val); // convert ROIBlockHeader
00632
00633         // skip data
00634         m_stream->SetPos(FSFromCurrent, wordLen*WordBytes);
00635

```

```

00636         } while (!h.rbh.tileEnd);
00637     }
00638 #endif
00639
00641 // Decodes macro block into buffer of given size using bit plane coding.
00642 // A buffer contains bufferSize UIN32 values, thus, bufferSize bits per bit plane.
00643 // Following coding scheme is used:
00644 //     Buffer      ::= <nPlanes>(5 bits) foreach(plane i): Plane[i]
00645 //     Plane[i]   ::= [ Sig1 | Sig2 ] [DWORD alignment] refBits
00646 //     Sig1       ::= 1 <codeLen>(15 bits) codedSigAndSignBits
00647 //     Sig2       ::= 0 <sigLen>(15 bits) [Sign1 | Sign2 ] [DWORD
alignment] sigBits
00648 //     Sign1     ::= 1 <codeLen>(15 bits) codedSignBits
00649 //     Sign2     ::= 0 <signLen>(15 bits) [DWORD alignment] signBits
00650 void CDecoder::CMacroBlock::BitplaneDecode() {
00651     UIN32 bufferSize = m_header.rbh.bufferSize; ASSERT(bufferSize <=
BufferSize);
00652
00653     // clear significance vector
00654     for (UIN32 k=0; k < bufferSize; k++) {
00655         m_sigFlagVector[k] = false;
00656     }
00657     m_sigFlagVector[bufferSize] = true; // sentinel
00658
00659     // clear output buffer
00660     for (UIN32 k=0; k < BufferSize; k++) {
00661         m_value[k] = 0;
00662     }
00663
00664     // read number of bit planes
00665     // <nPlanes>
00666     UIN32 nPlanes = GetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer, 0, MaxBitPlanesLog);
00667     UIN32 codePos = MaxBitPlanesLog;
00668
00669     // loop through all bit planes
00670     if (nPlanes == 0) nPlanes = MaxBitPlanes + 1;
00671     ASSERT(0 < nPlanes && nPlanes <= MaxBitPlanes + 1);
00672     DataT planeMask = 1 << (nPlanes - 1);
00673
00674     for (int plane = nPlanes - 1; plane >= 0; plane--) {
00675         UIN32 sigLen = 0;
00676
00677         // read RL code
00678         if (GetBit(m_codeBuffer, codePos)) {
00679             // RL coding of sigBits is used
00680             // <1><codeLen><codedSigAndSignBits>_<refBits>
00681             codePos++;
00682
00683             // read codeLen
00684             UIN32 codeLen = GetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer, codePos,
RLblockSizeLen); ASSERT(codeLen <= MaxCodeLen);
00685
00686             // position of encoded sigBits and signBits
00687             UIN32 sigPos = codePos + RLblockSizeLen; ASSERT(sigPos <
CodeBufferBitLen);
00688
00689             // refinement bits
00690             codePos = AlignWordPos(sigPos + codeLen); ASSERT(codePos <
CodeBufferBitLen);
00691
00692             // run-length decode significant bits and signs from
m_codeBuffer and
00693             // read refinement bits from m codeBuffer and compose bit
plane
00694             sigLen = ComposeBitplaneRLD(bufferSize, planeMask, sigPos,
&m_codeBuffer[codePos >> WordWidthLog]);
00695         } else {
00696             // no RL coding is used for sigBits and signBits together
00697             // <0><sigLen>
00698             codePos++;
00699
00700             // read sigLen
00701             sigLen = GetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer, codePos,
RLblockSizeLen); ASSERT(sigLen <= MaxCodeLen);
00702             codePos += RLblockSizeLen; ASSERT(codePos <
CodeBufferBitLen);

```

```

00704
00705         // read RL code for signBits
00706         if (GetBit(m_codeBuffer, codePos)) {
00707             // RL coding is used just for signBits
00708             //
<1><codeLen><codedSignBits>_<sigBits>_<refBits>
00709             codePos++;
00710
00711             // read codeLen
00712             UINT32 codeLen = GetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer,
codePos, RLblockSizeLen); ASSERT(codeLen <= MaxCodeLen);
00713
00714             // sign bits
00715             UINT32 signPos = codePos + RLblockSizeLen;
ASSERT(signPos < CodeBufferBitLen);
00716
00717             // significant bits
00718             UINT32 sigPos = AlignWordPos(signPos + codeLen);
ASSERT(sigPos < CodeBufferBitLen);
00719
00720             // refinement bits
00721             codePos = AlignWordPos(sigPos + sigLen);
ASSERT(codePos < CodeBufferBitLen);
00722
00723             // read significant and refinement bitset from
m_codeBuffer
00724             sigLen = ComposeBitplaneRLD(bufferSize,
planeMask, &m_codeBuffer[sigPos >> WordWidthLog], &m_codeBuffer[codePos >> WordWidthLog],
sigPos);
00725
00726         } else {
00727             // RL coding of signBits was not efficient and
therefore not used
00728             // <0><signLen>_<signBits>_<sigBits>_<refBits>
00729             codePos++;
00730
00731             // read signLen
00732             UINT32 signLen = GetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer,
codePos, RLblockSizeLen); ASSERT(signLen <= MaxCodeLen);
00733
00734             // sign bits
00735             UINT32 signPos = AlignWordPos(codePos +
RLblockSizeLen); ASSERT(signPos < CodeBufferBitLen);
00736
00737             // significant bits
00738             UINT32 sigPos = AlignWordPos(signPos + signLen);
ASSERT(sigPos < CodeBufferBitLen);
00739
00740             // refinement bits
00741             codePos = AlignWordPos(sigPos + sigLen);
ASSERT(codePos < CodeBufferBitLen);
00742
00743             // read significant and refinement bitset from
m_codeBuffer
00744             sigLen = ComposeBitplane(bufferSize, planeMask,
&m_codeBuffer[sigPos >> WordWidthLog], &m_codeBuffer[codePos >> WordWidthLog],
&m_codeBuffer[sigPos >> WordWidthLog]);
00745         }
00746     }
00747
00748     // start of next chunk
00749     codePos = AlignWordPos(codePos + bufferSize - sigLen);
ASSERT(codePos < CodeBufferBitLen);
00750
00751     // next plane
00752     planeMask >>= 1;
00753 }
00754
00755     m valuePos = 0;
00756 }
00757
00759 // Reconstructs bitplane from significant bitset and refinement bitset
00760 // returns length [bits] of sigBits
00761 // input: sigBits, refBits, signBits
00762 // output: m_value
00763 UINT32 CDecoder::CMacroBlock::ComposeBitplane(UINT32 bufferSize, DataT planeMask,
UINT32* sigBits, UINT32* refBits, UINT32* signBits) {

```

```

00764     ASSERT(sigBits);
00765     ASSERT(refBits);
00766     ASSERT(signBits);
00767
00768     UINT32 valPos = 0, signPos = 0, refPos = 0, sigPos = 0;
00769
00770     while (valPos < bufferSize) {
00771         // search next 1 in m_sigFlagVector using searching with sentinel
00772         UINT32 sigEnd = valPos;
00773         while(!m_sigFlagVector[sigEnd]) { sigEnd++; }
00774         sigEnd -= valPos;
00775         sigEnd += sigPos;
00776
00777         // search 1's in sigBits[sigPos..sigEnd]
00778         // these 1's are significant bits
00779         while (sigPos < sigEnd) {
00780             // search 0's
00781             UINT32 zeroCnt = SeekBitRange(sigBits, sigPos, sigEnd -
sigPos);
00782             sigPos += zeroCnt;
00783             valPos += zeroCnt;
00784             if (sigPos < sigEnd) {
00785                 // write bit to m_value
00786                 SetBitAtPos(valPos, planeMask);
00787
00788                 // copy sign bit
00789                 SetSign(valPos, GetBit(signBits, signPos++));
00790
00791                 // update significance flag vector
00792                 m_sigFlagVector[valPos++] = true;
00793                 sigPos++;
00794             }
00795         }
00796         // refinement bit
00797         if (valPos < bufferSize) {
00798             // write one refinement bit
00799             if (GetBit(refBits, refPos)) {
00800                 SetBitAtPos(valPos, planeMask);
00801             }
00802             refPos++;
00803             valPos++;
00804         }
00805     }
00806     ASSERT(sigPos <= bufferSize);
00807     ASSERT(refPos <= bufferSize);
00808     ASSERT(signPos <= bufferSize);
00809     ASSERT(valPos == bufferSize);
00810
00811     return sigPos;
00812 }
00813
00815 // Reconstructs bitplane from significant bitset and refinement bitset
00816 // returns length [bits] of decoded significant bits
00817 // input: RL encoded sigBits and signBits in m_codeBuffer, refBits
00818 // output: m_value
00819 // RLE:
00820 // - Decode run of 2^k zeros by a single 0.
00821 // - Decode run of count 0's followed by a 1 with codeword: 1<count>x
00822 // - x is 0: if a positive sign has been stored, otherwise 1
00823 // - Read each bit from m_codeBuffer[codePos] and increment codePos.
00824 UINT32 CDecoder::CMacroBlock::ComposeBitplaneRLD(UINT32 bufferSize, DataT
planeMask, UINT32 codePos, UINT32* refBits) {
00825     ASSERT(refBits);
00826
00827     UINT32 valPos = 0, refPos = 0;
00828     UINT32 sigPos = 0, sigEnd;
00829     UINT32 k = 3;
00830     UINT32 runLen = 1 << k; // = 2^k
00831     UINT32 count = 0, rest = 0;
00832     bool set1 = false;
00833
00834     while (valPos < bufferSize) {
00835         // search next 1 in m_sigFlagVector using searching with sentinel
00836         sigEnd = valPos;
00837         while(!m_sigFlagVector[sigEnd]) { sigEnd++; }
00838         sigEnd -= valPos;
00839         sigEnd += sigPos;

```

```

00840
00841     while (sigPos < sigEnd) {
00842         if (rest || set1) {
00843             // rest of last run
00844             sigPos += rest;
00845             valPos += rest;
00846             rest = 0;
00847         } else {
00848             // decode significant bits
00849             if (GetBit(m_codeBuffer, codePos++)) {
00850                 // extract counter and generate zero run of
length count
00851                 if (k > 0) {
00852                     // extract counter
00853                     count =
GetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer, codePos, k);
00854                     codePos += k;
00855                     if (count > 0) {
00856                         sigPos += count;
00857                         valPos += count;
00858                     }
00859
00860                     // adapt k (half run-length
interval)
00861                     k--;
00862                     runlen >>= 1;
00863                 }
00864
00865                 set1 = true;
00866
00867             } else {
00868                 // generate zero run of length 2^k
00869                 sigPos += runlen;
00870                 valPos += runlen;
00871
00872                 // adapt k (double run-length interval)
00873                 if (k < WordWidth) {
00874                     k++;
00875                     runlen <<= 1;
00876                 }
00877             }
00878         }
00879
00880         if (sigPos < sigEnd) {
00881             if (set1) {
00882                 set1 = false;
00883
00884                 // write 1 bit
00885                 SetBitAtPos(valPos, planeMask);
00886
00887                 // set sign bit
00888                 SetSign(valPos, GetBit(m_codeBuffer,
codePos++));
00889
00890                 // update significance flag vector
00891                 m_sigFlagVector[valPos++] = true;
00892                 sigPos++;
00893             }
00894             } else {
00895                 rest = sigPos - sigEnd;
00896                 sigPos = sigEnd;
00897                 valPos -= rest;
00898             }
00899
00900         }
00901
00902         // refinement bit
00903         if (valPos < bufferSize) {
00904             // write one refinement bit
00905             if (GetBit(refBits, refPos)) {
00906                 SetBitAtPos(valPos, planeMask);
00907             }
00908             refPos++;
00909             valPos++;
00910         }
00911     }
00912     ASSERT(sigPos <= bufferSize);

```

```

00913     ASSERT(refPos <= bufferSize);
00914     ASSERT(valPos == bufferSize);
00915
00916     return sigPos;
00917 }
00918
00920 // Reconstructs bitplane from significant bitset, refinement bitset, and RL encoded
sign bits
00921 // returns length [bits] of sigBits
00922 // input:  sigBits, refBits, RL encoded signBits
00923 // output: m_value
00924 // RLE:
00925 // decode run of 2^k 1's by a single 1
00926 // decode run of count 1's followed by a 0 with codeword: 0<count>
00927 UINT32 CDecoder::CMacroBlock::ComposeBitplaneRLD(UINT32 bufferSize, DataT
planeMask, UINT32* sigBits, UINT32* refBits, UINT32 signPos) {
00928     ASSERT(sigBits);
00929     ASSERT(refBits);
00930
00931     UINT32 valPos = 0, refPos = 0;
00932     UINT32 sigPos = 0, sigEnd;
00933     UINT32 zerocnt, count = 0;
00934     UINT32 k = 0;
00935     UINT32 runlen = 1 << k; // = 2^k
00936     bool signBit = false;
00937     bool zeroAfterRun = false;
00938
00939     while (valPos < bufferSize) {
00940         // search next 1 in m_sigFlagVector using searching with sentinel
sigEnd = valPos;
00941         while(!m_sigFlagVector[sigEnd]) { sigEnd++; }
00942         while(sigEnd == valPos;
00943             sigEnd -= valPos;
00944             sigEnd += sigPos;
00945
00946         // search 1's in sigBits[sigPos..sigEnd]
00947         // these 1's are significant bits
00948         while (sigPos < sigEnd) {
00949             // search 0's
00950             zerocnt = SeekBitRange(sigBits, sigPos, sigEnd - sigPos);
00951             sigPos += zerocnt;
00952             valPos += zerocnt;
00953             if (sigPos < sigEnd) {
00954                 // write bit to m_value
00955                 SetBitAtPos(valPos, planeMask);
00956
00957                 // check sign bit
00958                 if (count == 0) {
00959                     // all 1's have been set
00960                     if (zeroAfterRun) {
00961                         // finish the run with a 0
00962                         signBit = false;
00963                         zeroAfterRun = false;
00964                     } else {
00965                         // decode next sign bit
00966                         if (GetBit(m_codeBuffer,
signPos++)) {
00967                             // generate 1's run of
length 2^k
00968                             count = runlen - 1;
00969                             signBit = true;
00970
00971                             // adapt k (double
run-length interval)
00972                             if (k < WordWidth) {
00973                                 k++;
00974                                 runlen <<= 1;
00975                             }
00976                         } else {
00977                             // extract counter and
generate 1's run of length count
00978                             if (k > 0) {
00979                                 // extract
counter
00980                                 count =
GetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer, signPos, k);
00981                                 signPos += k;
00982

```

```

00983 // adapt k (half
run-length interval)
00984 k--;
00985 runlen >>= 1;
00986 }
00987 if (count > 0) {
00988     count--;
00989     signBit = true;
00990     zeroAfterRun =
true;
00991 } else {
00992     signBit = false;
00993 }
00994 }
00995 }
00996 } else {
00997     ASSERT(count > 0);
00998     ASSERT(signBit);
00999     count--;
01000 }
01001
01002 // copy sign bit
01003 SetSign(valPos, signBit);
01004
01005 // update significance flag vector
01006 m_sigFlagVector[valPos++] = true;
01007 sigPos++;
01008 }
01009 }
01010
01011 // refinement bit
01012 if (valPos < bufferSize) {
01013     // write one refinement bit
01014     if (GetBit(refBits, refPos)) {
01015         SetBitAtPos(valPos, planeMask);
01016     }
01017     refPos++;
01018     valPos++;
01019 }
01020 }
01021 ASSERT(sigPos <= bufferSize);
01022 ASSERT(refPos <= bufferSize);
01023 ASSERT(valPos == bufferSize);
01024
01025 return sigPos;
01026 }
01027
01028 #ifdef TRACE
01029 void CDecoder::DumpBuffer() {
01030     //printf("\nDump\n");
01031     //for (int i=0; i < BufferSize; i++) {
01032         //    printf("%d", m_value[i]);
01033     //}
01034 }
01035 #endif //TRACE
01036

```



## Decoder.h File Reference

PGF decoder class.

```
#include "PGFstream.h"
#include "BitStream.h"
#include "Subband.h"
#include "WaveletTransform.h"
```

### Classes

- class **CDecoder**  
*PGF decoder.*
- class **CDecoder::CMacroBlock**  
*A macro block is a decoding unit of fixed size (uncoded)*

### Macros

- **#define BufferLen (BufferSize/WordWidth)**  
*number of words per buffer*
- **#define CodeBufferLen BufferSize**  
*number of words in code buffer (CodeBufferLen > BufferLen)*

---

## Detailed Description

PGF decoder class.

### Author

C. Stamm, R. Spuler

Definition in file **Decoder.h**.

---

## Macro Definition Documentation

### **#define BufferLen (BufferSize/WordWidth)**

number of words per buffer

Definition at line **39** of file **Decoder.h**.

### **#define CodeBufferLen BufferSize**

number of words in code buffer (CodeBufferLen > BufferLen)

Definition at line **40** of file **Decoder.h**.

## Decoder.h

```
Go to the documentation of this file.00001 /*
00002  * The Progressive Graphics File; http://www.libpgf.org
00003  *
00004  * $Date: 2006-06-04 22:05:59 +0200 (So, 04 Jun 2006) $
00005  * $Revision: 229 $
00006  *
00007  * This file Copyright (C) 2006 xeraina GmbH, Switzerland
00008  *
00009  * This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or
00010  * modify it under the terms of the GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
00011  * as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2.1
00012  * of the License, or (at your option) any later version.
00013  *
00014  * This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
00015  * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
00016  * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
00017  * GNU General Public License for more details.
00018  *
00019  * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
00020  * along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software
00021  * Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place - Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307, USA.
00022  */
00023
00028
00029 #ifndef PGF_DECODER_H
00030 #define PGF_DECODER_H
00031
00032 #include "PGFstream.h"
00033 #include "BitStream.h"
00034 #include "Subband.h"
00035 #include "WaveletTransform.h"
00036
00038 // Constants
00039 #define BufferLen (BufferSize/WordWidth)
00040 #define CodeBufferLen BufferSize
00041
00046 class CDecoder {
00051     class CMacroBlock {
00052     public:
00055         CMacroBlock()
00056         : m_header(0)
00057         // makes sure that IsCompletelyRead() returns true for an empty macro block
00058         #pragma warning( suppress : 4351 )
00059         , m_value()
00060         , m_codeBuffer()
00061         , m_valuePos(0)
00062         , m_sigFlagVector()
00063         {
00064         }
00068         bool IsCompletelyRead() const { return m_valuePos >=
m_header.rbh.bufferSize; }
00069
00074         void BitplaneDecode();
00075
00076         ROIblockHeader m_header;
00077         DataT m_value[BufferSize];
00078         UINT32 m_codeBuffer[CodeBufferLen];
00079         UINT32 m_valuePos;
00080
00081     private:
00082         UINT32 ComposeBitplane(UINT32 bufferSize, DataT planeMask, UINT32*
sigBits, UINT32* refBits, UINT32* signBits);
00083         UINT32 ComposeBitplaneRLD(UINT32 bufferSize, DataT planeMask,
UINT32 sigPos, UINT32* refBits);
00084         UINT32 ComposeBitplaneRLD(UINT32 bufferSize, DataT planeMask,
UINT32* sigBits, UINT32* refBits, UINT32 signPos);
00085         void SetBitAtPos(UINT32 pos, DataT planeMask) {
(m_value[pos] >= 0) ? m_value[pos] |= planeMask : m_value[pos] -= planeMask; }
00086         void SetSign(UINT32 pos, bool sign)
{ m_value[pos] = -m_value[pos]*sign + m_value[pos]*(!sign); }
00087
```

```

00088         bool m_sigFlagVector[BufferSize+1]; // see
paper from Malvar, Fast Progressive Wavelet Coder
00089     };
00090
00091 public:
00103     CDecoder(CPGFStream* stream, PGFPreHeader& preHeader, PGFHeader& header,
00104             PGFPostHeader& postHeader, UINT32*& levelLength, UINT64&
userDataPos,
00105             bool useOMP, UINT32 userDataPolicy); // throws IOException
00106
00109     ~CDecoder();
00110
00122     void Partition(CSubband* band, int quantParam, int width, int height, int
startPos, int pitch);
00123
00131     void DecodeInterleaved(CWaveletTransform* wtChannel, int level, int
quantParam);
00132
00136     UINT32 GetEncodedHeaderLength() const { return
m_encodedHeaderLength; }
00137
00140     void SetStreamPosToStart() {
ASSERT(m_stream); m_stream->SetPos(FSFromStart, m_startPos); }
00141
00144     void SetStreamPosToData() {
ASSERT(m_stream); m_stream->SetPos(FSFromStart, m_startPos + m_encodedHeaderLength); }
00145
00149     void Skip(UINT64 offset);
00150
00157     void DequantizeValue(CSubband* band, UINT32 bandPos, int quantParam);
00158
00165     UINT32 ReadEncodedData(UINT8* target, UINT32 len) const;
00166
00170     void DecodeBuffer();
00171
00174     CPGFStream* GetStream()
{ return m_stream; }
00175
00179     void GetNextMacroBlock();
00180
00181 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00186     void SkipTileBuffer();
00187
00190     void SetROI() { m_roi = true; }
00191 #endif
00192
00193 #ifdef TRACE
00194     void DumpBuffer();
00195 #endif
00196
00197 private:
00198     void ReadMacroBlock(CMacroBlock* block);
00199
00200     CPGFStream *m_stream;
00201     UINT64 m_startPos;
00202     UINT64 m_streamSizeEstimation;
00203     UINT32 m_encodedHeaderLength;
00204
00205     CMacroBlock **m_macroBlocks;
00206     int m_currentBlockIndex;
00207     int m_macroBlockLen;
00208     int m_macroBlocksAvailable;
00209     CMacroBlock *m_currentBlock;
00210
00211 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00212     bool m_roi;
00213 #endif
00214 };
00215
00216 #endif //PGF_DECODER_H

```

## Encoder.cpp File Reference

PGF encoder class implementation.

```
#include "Encoder.h"
```

### Macros

- **#define CodeBufferBitLen (CodeBufferLen\*WordWidth)**  
*max number of bits in m\_codeBuffer*
- **#define MaxCodeLen ((1 << RLblockSizeLen) - 1)**  
*max length of RL encoded block*

---

### Detailed Description

PGF encoder class implementation.

### Author

C. Stamm, R. Spuler

Definition in file **Encoder.cpp**.

---

### Macro Definition Documentation

**#define CodeBufferBitLen (CodeBufferLen\*WordWidth)**

max number of bits in m\_codeBuffer

Definition at line **58** of file **Encoder.cpp**.

**#define MaxCodeLen ((1 << RLblockSizeLen) - 1)**

max length of RL encoded block

Definition at line **59** of file **Encoder.cpp**.

## Encoder.cpp

```
Go to the documentation of this file.00001 /*
00002  * The Progressive Graphics File; http://www.libpgf.org
00003  *
00004  * $Date: 2007-02-03 13:04:21 +0100 (Sa, 03 Feb 2007) $
00005  * $Revision: 280 $
00006  *
00007  * This file Copyright (C) 2006 xeraina GmbH, Switzerland
00008  *
00009  * This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or
00010  * modify it under the terms of the GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
00011  * as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2.1
00012  * of the License, or (at your option) any later version.
00013  *
00014  * This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
00015  * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
00016  * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
00017  * GNU General Public License for more details.
00018  *
00019  * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
00020  * along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software
00021  * Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place - Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307, USA.
00022  */
00023
00028
00029 #include "Encoder.h"
00030 #ifndef TRACE
00031     #include <stdio.h>
00032 #endif
00033
00035 // PGF: file structure
00036 //
00037 // PGFPreHeader PGFHeader [PGFPostHeader] LevelLengths Level_n-1 Level_n-2 ...
Level_0
00038 // PGFPostHeader ::= [ColorTable] [UserData]
00039 // LevelLengths ::= UINT32[nLevels]
00040
00042 // Encoding scheme
00043 // input: wavelet coefficients stored in subbands
00044 // output: binary file
00045 //
00046 //             subband
00047 //             |
00048 //             m_value    [BufferSize]
00049 //             |         |         |
00050 //             m_sign  sigBits  refBits    [BufferSize, BufferLen, BufferLen]
00051 //             |         |         |
00052 //             m_codeBuffer (for each plane: RLcodeLength (16 bit), RLcoded
sigBits + m_sign, refBits)
00053 //             |
00054 //             file      (for each buffer: packedLength (16 bit), packed
bits)
00055 //
00056
00057 // Constants
00058 #define CodeBufferBitLen      (CodeBufferLen*WordWidth)
00059 #define MaxCodeLen          ((1 << RLblockSizeLen) - 1)
00060
00070 CEncoder::CEncoder(CPGFStream* stream, PGFPreHeader preHeader, PGFHeader header,
const PGFPostHeader& postHeader, UINT64& userDataPos, bool useOMP)
00071 : m_stream(stream)
00072 , m_bufferStartPos(0)
00073 , m_currLevelIndex(0)
00074 , m_nLevels(header.nLevels)
00075 , m_favorSpeed(false)
00076 , m_forceWriting(false)
00077 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00078 , m_roi(false)
00079 #endif
00080 {
00081     ASSERT(m_stream);
00082
00083     int count;
00084     m_lastMacroBlock = 0;
```

```

00085     m_levelLength = nullptr;
00086
00087     // set number of threads
00088 #ifdef LIBPGF_USE_OPENMP
00089     m_macroBlockLen = omp_get_num_procs();
00090 #else
00091     m_macroBlockLen = 1;
00092 #endif
00093
00094     if (useOMP && m_macroBlockLen > 1) {
00095 #ifdef LIBPGF_USE_OPENMP
00096         omp_set_num_threads(m_macroBlockLen);
00097 #endif
00098         // create macro block array
00099         m_macroBlocks = new(std::nothrow) CMacroBlock*[m_macroBlockLen];
00100         if (!m_macroBlocks) ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00101         for (int i=0; i < m_macroBlockLen; i++) m_macroBlocks[i] = new
CMacroBlock(this);
00102         m_currentBlock = m_macroBlocks[m_lastMacroBlock++];
00103     } else {
00104         m_macroBlocks = 0;
00105         m_macroBlockLen = 1;
00106         m_currentBlock = new CMacroBlock(this);
00107     }
00108
00109     // save file position
00110     m_startPosition = m_stream->GetPos();
00111
00112     // write preHeader
00113     preHeader.hSize = __VAL(preHeader.hSize);
00114     count = PreHeaderSize;
00115     m_stream->Write(&count, &preHeader);
00116
00117     // write file header
00118     header.height = __VAL(header.height);
00119     header.width = __VAL(header.width);
00120     count = HeaderSize;
00121     m_stream->Write(&count, &header);
00122
00123     // write postHeader
00124     if (header.mode == ImageModeIndexedColor) {
00125         // write color table
00126         count = ColorTableSize;
00127         m_stream->Write(&count, (void *)postHeader.clut);
00128     }
00129     // save user data file position
00130     userDataPos = m_stream->GetPos();
00131     if (postHeader.userDataLen) {
00132         if (postHeader.userData) {
00133             // write user data
00134             count = postHeader.userDataLen;
00135             m_stream->Write(&count, postHeader.userData);
00136         } else {
00137             m_stream->SetPos(FSFromCurrent, count);
00138         }
00139     }
00140
00141     // save level length file position
00142     m_levelLengthPos = m_stream->GetPos();
00143 }
00144
00145 // Destructor
00146 CEncoder::~CEncoder() {
00147     if (m_macroBlocks) {
00148         for (int i=0; i < m_macroBlockLen; i++) delete m_macroBlocks[i];
00149         delete[] m_macroBlocks;
00150     } else {
00151         delete m_currentBlock;
00152     }
00153 }
00154 }
00155
00156 void CEncoder::UpdatePostHeaderSize(PGFPreHeader preHeader) {
00157     UINT64 curPos = m_stream->GetPos(); // end of user data
00158     int count = PreHeaderSize;
00159
00160     // write preHeader
00161     SetStreamPosToStart();

```

```

00166     preHeader.hSize = __VAL(preHeader.hSize);
00167     m_stream->Write(&count, &preHeader);
00168
00169     m_stream->SetPos(FSFromStart, curPos);
00170 }
00171
00172 UINT32 CEncoder::WriteLevelLength(UINT32*& levelLength) {
00173     // renew levelLength
00174     delete[] levelLength;
00175     levelLength = new(std::nothrow) UINT32[m_nLevels];
00176     if (!levelLength) ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00177     for (UINT8 l = 0; l < m_nLevels; l++) levelLength[l] = 0;
00178     m_levelLength = levelLength;
00179
00180     // save level length file position
00181     m_levelLengthPos = m_stream->GetPos();
00182
00183     // write dummy levelLength
00184     int count = m_nLevels*WordBytes;
00185     m_stream->Write(&count, m_levelLength);
00186
00187     // save current file position
00188     SetBufferStartPos();
00189
00190     return count;
00191 }
00192
00193
00194
00195
00196
00197
00198
00199
00200
00201
00202 UINT32 CEncoder::UpdateLevelLength() {
00203     UINT64 curPos = m_stream->GetPos(); // end of image
00204
00205     // set file pos to levelLength
00206     m_stream->SetPos(FSFromStart, m_levelLengthPos);
00207
00208     if (m_levelLength) {
00209         #ifdef PGF_USE_BIG_ENDIAN
00210             UINT32 levelLength;
00211             int count = WordBytes;
00212
00213             for (int i=0; i < m_currLevelIndex; i++) {
00214                 levelLength = __VAL(UINT32(m_levelLength[i]));
00215                 m_stream->Write(&count, &levelLength);
00216             }
00217         #else
00218             int count = m_currLevelIndex*WordBytes;
00219
00220             m_stream->Write(&count, m_levelLength);
00221         #endif //PGF_USE_BIG_ENDIAN
00222     } else {
00223         int count = m_currLevelIndex*WordBytes;
00224         m_stream->SetPos(FSFromCurrent, count);
00225     }
00226
00227     // begin of image
00228     UINT32 retValue = UINT32(curPos - m_stream->GetPos());
00229
00230     // restore file position
00231     m_stream->SetPos(FSFromStart, curPos);
00232
00233     return retValue;
00234 }
00235
00236
00237
00238
00239
00240
00241
00242
00243
00244
00245
00246 void CEncoder::Partition(CSubband* band, int width, int height, int startPos, int
pitch) {
00247     ASSERT(band);
00248
00249     const div_t hh = div(height, LinBlockSize);
00250     const div_t ww = div(width, LinBlockSize);
00251     const int ws = pitch - LinBlockSize;
00252     const int wr = pitch - ww.rem;
00253     int pos, base = startPos, base2;
00254
00255     // main height
00256     for (int i=0; i < hh.quot; i++) {
00257         // main width
00258         base2 = base;
00259         for (int j=0; j < ww.quot; j++) {
00260             pos = base2;

```

```

00261         for (int y=0; y < LinBlockSize; y++) {
00262             for (int x=0; x < LinBlockSize; x++) {
00263                 WriteValue(band, pos);
00264                 pos++;
00265             }
00266             pos += ws;
00267         }
00268         base2 += LinBlockSize;
00269     }
00270     // rest of width
00271     pos = base2;
00272     for (int y=0; y < LinBlockSize; y++) {
00273         for (int x=0; x < ww.rem; x++) {
00274             WriteValue(band, pos);
00275             pos++;
00276         }
00277         pos += wr;
00278         base += pitch;
00279     }
00280 }
00281 // main width
00282 base2 = base;
00283 for (int j=0; j < ww.quot; j++) {
00284     // rest of height
00285     pos = base2;
00286     for (int y=0; y < hh.rem; y++) {
00287         for (int x=0; x < LinBlockSize; x++) {
00288             WriteValue(band, pos);
00289             pos++;
00290         }
00291         pos += ws;
00292     }
00293     base2 += LinBlockSize;
00294 }
00295 // rest of height
00296 pos = base2;
00297 for (int y=0; y < hh.rem; y++) {
00298     // rest of width
00299     for (int x=0; x < ww.rem; x++) {
00300         WriteValue(band, pos);
00301         pos++;
00302     }
00303     pos += wr;
00304 }
00305 }
00306
00310 void CEncoder::Flush() {
00311     if (m_currentBlock->m_valuePos > 0) {
00312         // pad buffer with zeros
00313         memset(&(m_currentBlock->m_value[m_currentBlock->m_valuePos]),
00314             0, (BufferSize - m_currentBlock->m_valuePos)*DataTSize);
00315         m_currentBlock->m_valuePos = BufferSize;
00316     }
00317     // encode buffer
00318     m_forceWriting = true; // makes sure that the following
EncodeBuffer is really written into the stream
00319     EncodeBuffer(ROIBlockHeader(m_currentBlock->m_valuePos, true));
00320 }
00321
00322 // Stores band value from given position bandPos into buffer m_value at position
m_valuePos
00323 // If buffer is full encode it to file
00324 // It might throw an IOException.
00325 void CEncoder::WriteValue(CSubband* band, int bandPos) {
00326     if (m_currentBlock->m_valuePos == BufferSize) {
00327         EncodeBuffer(ROIBlockHeader(BufferSize, false));
00328     }
00329     DataT val = m_currentBlock->m_value[m_currentBlock->m_valuePos++] =
band->GetData(bandPos);
00330     UInt32 v = abs(val);
00331     if (v > m_currentBlock->m_maxAbsValue) m_currentBlock->m_maxAbsValue = v;
00332 }
00333
00334 // Encode buffer and write data into stream.
00335 // h contains buffer size and flag indicating end of tile.
00336 // Encoding scheme: <wordLen>(16 bits) [ ROI ] data

```



```

00339 // ROI ::= <bufferSize>(15 bits) <eofTile>(1 bit)
00340 // It might throw an IOException.
00341 void CEncoder::EncodeBuffer(ROIBlockHeader h) {
00342     ASSERT(m_currentBlock);
00343 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00344     ASSERT(m_roi && h.rbh.bufferSize <= BufferSize || h.rbh.bufferSize ==
BufferSize);
00345 #else
00346     ASSERT(h.rbh.bufferSize == BufferSize);
00347 #endif
00348     m_currentBlock->m_header = h;
00349
00350     // macro block management
00351     if (m_macroBlockLen == 1) {
00352         m_currentBlock->BitplaneEncode();
00353         WriteMacroBlock(m_currentBlock);
00354     } else {
00355         // save last level index
00356         int lastLevelIndex = m_currentBlock->m_lastLevelIndex;
00357
00358         if (m_forceWriting || m_lastMacroBlock == m_macroBlockLen) {
00359             // encode macro blocks
00360             /*
00361             volatile OSErr error = NoError;
00362             #ifdef LIBPGF_USE_OPENMP
00363             #pragma omp parallel for ordered default(shared)
00364             #endif
00365             for (int i=0; i < m_lastMacroBlock; i++) {
00366                 if (error == NoError) {
00367                     m_macroBlocks[i]->BitplaneEncode();
00368                     #ifdef LIBPGF_USE_OPENMP
00369                     #pragma omp ordered
00370                     #endif
00371                     {
00372                         try {
00373
00374                             WriteMacroBlock(m_macroBlocks[i]);
00375                             } catch (IOException& e) {
00376                                 error = e.error;
00377                             }
00378                             delete m_macroBlocks[i];
00379                         }
00380                     }
00381                     if (error != NoError) ReturnWithError(error);
00382                 */
00383             #ifdef LIBPGF_USE_OPENMP
00384             #pragma omp parallel for default(shared) //no declared
exceptions in next block
00385             #endif
00386             for (int i=0; i < m_lastMacroBlock; i++) {
00387                 m_macroBlocks[i]->BitplaneEncode();
00388             }
00389             for (int i=0; i < m_lastMacroBlock; i++) {
00390                 WriteMacroBlock(m_macroBlocks[i]);
00391             }
00392
00393             // prepare for next round
00394             m_forceWriting = false;
00395             m_lastMacroBlock = 0;
00396         }
00397         // re-initialize macro block
00398         m_currentBlock = m_macroBlocks[m_lastMacroBlock++];
00399         m_currentBlock->Init(lastLevelIndex);
00400     }
00401 }
00402
00404 // Write encoded macro block into stream.
00405 // It might throw an IOException.
00406 void CEncoder::WriteMacroBlock(CMacroBlock* block) {
00407     ASSERT(block);
00408 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00409     ROIBlockHeader h = block->m_header;
00410 #endif
00411     UINT16 wordLen = UINT16(NumberOfWords(block->m_codePos)); ASSERT(wordLen
<= CodeBufferLen);

```

```

00412         int count = sizeof(UINT16);
00413
00414 #ifdef TRACE
00415         //UINT32 filePos = (UINT32)m_stream->GetPos();
00416         //printf("EncodeBuffer: %d\n", filePos);
00417 #endif
00418
00419 #ifdef PGF_USE_BIG_ENDIAN
00420         // write wordLen
00421         UINT16 wl = __VAL(wordLen);
00422         m_stream->Write(&count, &wl); ASSERT(count == sizeof(UINT16));
00423
00424 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00425         // write ROIBlockHeader
00426         if (m_roi) {
00427             count = sizeof(ROIBlockHeader);
00428             h.val = __VAL(h.val);
00429             m_stream->Write(&count, &h.val); ASSERT(count ==
sizeof(ROIBlockHeader));
00430         }
00431 #endif // __PGFROISUPPORT__
00432
00433         // convert data
00434         for (int i=0; i < wordLen; i++) {
00435             block->m_codeBuffer[i] = __VAL(block->m_codeBuffer[i]);
00436         }
00437 #else
00438         // write wordLen
00439         m_stream->Write(&count, &wordLen); ASSERT(count == sizeof(UINT16));
00440
00441 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00442         // write ROIBlockHeader
00443         if (m_roi) {
00444             count = sizeof(ROIBlockHeader);
00445             m_stream->Write(&count, &h.val); ASSERT(count ==
sizeof(ROIBlockHeader));
00446         }
00447 #endif // __PGFROISUPPORT__
00448 #endif // PGF_USE_BIG_ENDIAN
00449
00450         // write encoded data into stream
00451         count = wordLen*WordBytes;
00452         m_stream->Write(&count, block->m_codeBuffer);
00453
00454         // store levelLength
00455         if (m_levelLength) {
00456             // store level length
00457             // EncodeBuffer has been called after m_lastLevelIndex has been
updated
00458             ASSERT(m_currLevelIndex < m_nLevels);
00459             m_levelLength[m_currLevelIndex] += (UINT32)ComputeBufferLength();
00460             m_currLevelIndex = block->m_lastLevelIndex + 1;
00461         }
00462     }
00463
00464     // prepare for next buffer
00465     SetBufferStartPos();
00466
00467     // reset values
00468     block->m_valuePos = 0;
00469     block->m_maxAbsValue = 0;
00470 }
00471
00473 // Encode buffer of given size using bit plane coding.
00474 // A buffer contains bufferLen UINT32 values, thus, bufferSize bits per bit plane.
00475 // Following coding scheme is used:
00476 //         Buffer           ::= <nPlanes>(5 bits) foreach(plane i): Plane[i]
00477 //         Plane[i]       ::= [ Sig1 | Sig2 ] [DWORD alignment] refBits
00478 //         Sig1           ::= 1 <codeLen>(15 bits) codedSigAndSignBits
00479 //         Sig2           ::= 0 <sigLen>(15 bits) [Sign1 | Sign2 ] [DWORD
alignment] sigBits
00480 //         Sign1         ::= 1 <codeLen>(15 bits) codedSignBits
00481 //         Sign2         ::= 0 <signLen>(15 bits) [DWORD alignment] signBits
00482 void CEncoder::CMacroBlock::BitplaneEncode() {
00483     UINT8    nPlanes;
00484     UINT32   sigLen, codeLen = 0, wordPos, refLen, signLen;
00485     UINT32   sigBits[BufferLen] = { 0 };

```

```

00486     UINT32  refBits[BufferLen] = { 0 };
00487     UINT32  signBits[BufferLen] = { 0 };
00488     UINT32  planeMask;
00489     UINT32  bufferSize = m_header.rbh.bufferSize; ASSERT(bufferSize <=
BufferSize);
00490     bool    useRL;
00491
00492 #ifdef TRACE
00493     //printf("which thread: %d\n", omp_get_thread_num());
00494 #endif
00495
00496     // clear significance vector
00497     for (UINT32 k=0; k < bufferSize; k++) {
00498         m_sigFlagVector[k] = false;
00499     }
00500     m_sigFlagVector[bufferSize] = true; // sentinel
00501
00502     // clear output buffer
00503     for (UINT32 k=0; k < bufferSize; k++) {
00504         m_codeBuffer[k] = 0;
00505     }
00506     m_codePos = 0;
00507
00508     // compute number of bit planes and split buffer into separate bit planes
00509     nPlanes = NumberOfBitplanes();
00510
00511     // write number of bit planes to m_codeBuffer
00512     // <nPlanes>
00513     SetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer, 0, nPlanes, MaxBitPlanesLog);
00514     m_codePos += MaxBitPlanesLog;
00515
00516     // loop through all bit planes
00517     if (nPlanes == 0) nPlanes = MaxBitPlanes + 1;
00518     planeMask = 1 << (nPlanes - 1);
00519
00520     for (int plane = nPlanes - 1; plane >= 0; plane--) {
00521         // clear significant bitset
00522         for (UINT32 k=0; k < BufferLen; k++) {
00523             sigBits[k] = 0;
00524         }
00525
00526         // split bitplane in significant bitset and refinement bitset
00527         sigLen = DecomposeBitplane(bufferSize, planeMask, m_codePos +
RLblockSizeLen + 1, sigBits, refBits, signBits, sigLen, codeLen);
00528
00529         if (sigLen > 0 && codeLen <= MaxCodeLen && codeLen <
AlignWordPos(sigLen) + AlignWordPos(signLen) + 2*RLblockSizeLen) {
00530             // set RL code bit
00531             // <1><codeLen>
00532             SetBit(m_codeBuffer, m_codePos++);
00533
00534             // write length codeLen to m_codeBuffer
00535             SetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer, m_codePos, codeLen,
RLblockSizeLen);
00536             m_codePos += RLblockSizeLen + codeLen;
00537         } else {
00538 #ifdef TRACE
00539             //printf("new\n");
00540             //for (UINT32 i=0; i < bufferSize; i++) {
00541                 printf("%s", (GetBit(sigBits, i) ? "1" : "_"));
00542                 if (i%120 == 119) printf("\n");
00543             //}
00544             //printf("\n");
00545 #endif // TRACE
00546
00547             // run-length coding wasn't efficient enough
00548             // we don't use RL coding for sigBits
00549             // <0><sigLen>
00550             ClearBit(m_codeBuffer, m_codePos++);
00551
00552             // write length sigLen to m_codeBuffer
00553             ASSERT(sigLen <= MaxCodeLen);
00554             SetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer, m_codePos, sigLen,
RLblockSizeLen);
00555             m_codePos += RLblockSizeLen;
00556
00557             if (m_encoder->m_favorSpeed || signLen == 0) {

```

```

00558         useRL = false;
00559     } else {
00560         // overwrite m_codeBuffer
00561         useRL = true;
00562         // run-length encode m_sign and append them to the
m_codeBuffer
00563         codeLen = RLESigns(m_codePos + RLblockSizeLen + 1,
signBits, signLen);
00564     }
00565
00566     if (useRL && codeLen <= MaxCodeLen && codeLen < signLen) {
00567         // RL encoding of m_sign was efficient
00568         // <1><codeLen><codedSignBits>_
00569         // write RL code bit
00570         SetBit(m_codeBuffer, m_codePos++);
00571
00572         // write codeLen to m_codeBuffer
00573         SetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer, m_codePos, codeLen,
RLblockSizeLen);
00574
00575         // compute position of sigBits
00576         wordPos = NumberOfWords(m_codePos + RLblockSizeLen
+ codeLen);
00577         ASSERT(0 <= wordPos && wordPos < CodeBufferLen);
00578     } else {
00579         // RL encoding of signBits wasn't efficient
00580         // <0><signLen>_<signBits>_
00581         // clear RL code bit
00582         ClearBit(m_codeBuffer, m_codePos++);
00583
00584         // write signLen to m_codeBuffer
00585         ASSERT(signLen <= MaxCodeLen);
00586         SetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer, m_codePos, signLen,
RLblockSizeLen);
00587
00588         // write signBits to m_codeBuffer
00589         wordPos = NumberOfWords(m_codePos +
RLblockSizeLen);
00590         ASSERT(0 <= wordPos && wordPos < CodeBufferLen);
00591         codeLen = NumberOfWords(signLen);
00592
00593         for (UINT32 k=0; k < codeLen; k++) {
00594             m_codeBuffer[wordPos++] = signBits[k];
00595         }
00596     }
00597
00598     // write sigBits
00599     // <sigBits>_
00600     ASSERT(0 <= wordPos && wordPos < CodeBufferLen);
00601     refLen = NumberOfWords(sigLen);
00602
00603     for (UINT32 k=0; k < refLen; k++) {
00604         m_codeBuffer[wordPos++] = sigBits[k];
00605     }
00606     m_codePos = wordPos << WordWidthLog;
00607 }
00608
00609 // append refinement bitset (aligned to word boundary)
00610 // <refBits>
00611 wordPos = NumberOfWords(m_codePos);
00612 ASSERT(0 <= wordPos && wordPos < CodeBufferLen);
00613 refLen = NumberOfWords(bufferSize - sigLen);
00614
00615 for (UINT32 k=0; k < refLen; k++) {
00616     m_codeBuffer[wordPos++] = refBits[k];
00617 }
00618 m_codePos = wordPos << WordWidthLog;
00619 planeMask >>= 1;
00620 }
00621 ASSERT(0 <= m_codePos && m_codePos <= CodeBufferBitLen);
00622 }
00623
00625 // Split bitplane of length bufferSize into significant and refinement bitset
00626 // returns length [bits] of significant bits
00627 // input: bufferSize, planeMask, codePos
00628 // output: sigBits, refBits, signBits, signLen [bits], codeLen [bits]
00629 // RLE

```

```

00630 // - Encode run of 2^k zeros by a single 0.
00631 // - Encode run of count 0's followed by a 1 with codeword: 1<count>x
00632 // - x is 0: if a positive sign is stored, otherwise 1
00633 // - Store each bit in m_codeBuffer[codePos] and increment codePos.
00634 UINT32 CEncoder::CMacroBlock::DecomposeBitplane(UINT32 bufferSize, UINT32
planeMask, UINT32 codePos, UINT32* sigBits, UINT32* refBits, UINT32* signBits, UINT32&
signLen, UINT32& codeLen) {
00635     ASSERT(sigBits);
00636     ASSERT(refBits);
00637     ASSERT(signBits);
00638     ASSERT(codePos < CodeBufferBitLen);
00639
00640     UINT32 sigPos = 0;
00641     UINT32 valuePos = 0, valueEnd;
00642     UINT32 refPos = 0;
00643
00644     // set output value
00645     signLen = 0;
00646
00647     // prepare RLE of Sigs and Signs
00648     const UINT32 outStartPos = codePos;
00649     UINT32 k = 3;
00650     UINT32 runlen = 1 << k; // = 2^k
00651     UINT32 count = 0;
00652
00653     while (valuePos < bufferSize) {
00654         // search next 1 in m_sigFlagVector using searching with sentinel
00655         valueEnd = valuePos;
00656         while(!m_sigFlagVector[valueEnd]) { valueEnd++; }
00657
00658         // search 1's in m_value[plane][valuePos..valueEnd)
00659         // these 1's are significant bits
00660         while (valuePos < valueEnd) {
00661             if (GetBitAtPos(valuePos, planeMask)) {
00662                 // RLE encoding
00663                 // encode run of count 0's followed by a 1
00664                 // with codeword: 1<count>(signBits[signPos])
00665                 SetBit(m_codeBuffer, codePos++);
00666                 if (k > 0) {
00667                     SetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer, codePos,
count, k);
00668                     codePos += k;
00669
00670                     // adapt k (half the zero run-length)
00671                     k--;
00672                     runlen >>= 1;
00673                 }
00674
00675                 // copy and write sign bit
00676                 if (m_value[valuePos] < 0) {
00677                     SetBit(signBits, signLen++);
00678                     SetBit(m_codeBuffer, codePos++);
00679                 } else {
00680                     ClearBit(signBits, signLen++);
00681                     ClearBit(m_codeBuffer, codePos++);
00682                 }
00683
00684                 // write a 1 to sigBits
00685                 SetBit(sigBits, sigPos++);
00686
00687                 // update m_sigFlagVector
00688                 m_sigFlagVector[valuePos] = true;
00689
00690                 // prepare for next run
00691                 count = 0;
00692             } else {
00693                 // RLE encoding
00694                 count++;
00695                 if (count == runlen) {
00696                     // encode run of 2^k zeros by a single 0
00697                     ClearBit(m_codeBuffer, codePos++);
00698                     // adapt k (double the zero run-length)
00699                     if (k < WordWidth) {
00700                         k++;
00701                         runlen <<= 1;
00702                     }
00703

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```

00704                                     // prepare for next run
00705                                     count = 0;
00706                                     }
00707
00708                                     // write 0 to sigBits
00709                                     sigPos++;
00710                                     }
00711                                     valuePos++;
00712                                     }
00713                                     // refinement bit
00714                                     if (valuePos < bufferSize) {
00715                                         // write one refinement bit
00716                                         if (GetBitAtPos(valuePos++, planeMask)) {
00717                                             SetBit(refBits, refPos);
00718                                         } else {
00719                                             ClearBit(refBits, refPos);
00720                                         }
00721                                         refPos++;
00722                                     }
00723                                     }
00724                                     // RLE encoding of the rest of the plane
00725                                     // encode run of count 0's followed by a 1
00726                                     // with codeword: 1<count>(signBits[signPos])
00727                                     SetBit(m_codeBuffer, codePos++);
00728                                     if (k > 0) {
00729                                         SetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer, codePos, count, k);
00730                                         codePos += k;
00731                                     }
00732                                     // write dummy sign bit
00733                                     SetBit(m_codeBuffer, codePos++);
00734
00735                                     // write word filler zeros
00736
00737                                     ASSERT(sigPos <= bufferSize);
00738                                     ASSERT(refPos <= bufferSize);
00739                                     ASSERT(signLen <= bufferSize);
00740                                     ASSERT(valuePos == bufferSize);
00741                                     ASSERT(codePos >= outStartPos && codePos < CodeBufferBitLen);
00742                                     codeLen = codePos - outStartPos;
00743
00744                                     return sigPos;
00745     }
00746
00747
00749     // Compute number of bit planes needed
00750     UINT8 CEncoder::CMacroBlock::NumberOfBitplanes() {
00751         UINT8 cnt = 0;
00752
00753         // determine number of bitplanes for max value
00754         if (m_maxAbsValue > 0) {
00755             while (m_maxAbsValue > 0) {
00756                 m_maxAbsValue >>= 1; cnt++;
00757             }
00758             if (cnt == MaxBitPlanes + 1) cnt = 0;
00759             // end cs
00760             ASSERT(cnt <= MaxBitPlanes);
00761             ASSERT((cnt >> MaxBitPlanesLog) == 0);
00762             return cnt;
00763         } else {
00764             return 1;
00765         }
00766     }
00767
00769     // Adaptive Run-Length encoder for long sequences of ones.
00770     // Returns length of output in bits.
00771     // - Encode run of 2^k ones by a single 1.
00772     // - Encode run of count 1's followed by a 0 with codeword: 0<count>.
00773     // - Store each bit in m_codeBuffer[codePos] and increment codePos.
00774     UINT32 CEncoder::CMacroBlock::RLESigns(UINT32 codePos, UINT32* signBits, UINT32
signLen) {
00775         ASSERT(signBits);
00776         ASSERT(0 <= codePos && codePos < CodeBufferBitLen);
00777         ASSERT(0 < signLen && signLen <= BufferSize);
00778
00779         const UINT32 outStartPos = codePos;
00780         UINT32 k = 0;
00781         UINT32 runlen = 1 << k; // = 2^k

```

```

00782     UINT32 count = 0;
00783     UINT32 signPos = 0;
00784
00785     while (signPos < signLen) {
00786         // search next 0 in signBits starting at position signPos
00787         count = SeekBit1Range(signBits, signPos, __min(runlen, signLen -
signPos));
00788         // count 1's found
00789         if (count == runlen) {
00790             // encode run of 2^k ones by a single 1
00791             signPos += count;
00792             SetBit(m_codeBuffer, codePos++);
00793             // adapt k (double the 1's run-length)
00794             if (k < WordWidth) {
00795                 k++;
00796                 runlen <<= 1;
00797             }
00798         } else {
00799             // encode run of count 1's followed by a 0
00800             // with codeword: 0(count)
00801             signPos += count + 1;
00802             ClearBit(m_codeBuffer, codePos++);
00803             if (k > 0) {
00804                 SetValueBlock(m_codeBuffer, codePos, count, k);
00805                 codePos += k;
00806             }
00807             // adapt k (half the 1's run-length)
00808             if (k > 0) {
00809                 k--;
00810                 runlen >>= 1;
00811             }
00812         }
00813     }
00814     ASSERT(signPos == signLen || signPos == signLen + 1);
00815     ASSERT(codePos >= outStartPos && codePos < CodeBufferBitLen);
00816     return codePos - outStartPos;
00817 }
00818
00820 #ifdef TRACE
00821 void CEncoder::DumpBuffer() const {
00822     //printf("\nDump\n");
00823     //for (UINT32 i=0; i < BufferSize; i++) {
00824     //    printf("%d", m_value[i]);
00825     //}
00826     //printf("\n");
00827 }
00828 #endif //TRACE
00829
00830

```

## Encoder.h File Reference

PGF encoder class.

```
#include "PGFstream.h"
#include "BitStream.h"
#include "Subband.h"
#include "WaveletTransform.h"
```

### Classes

- class **CEncoder**  
*PGF encoder.*
- class **CEncoder::CMacroBlock**  
*A macro block is an encoding unit of fixed size (uncoded)*

### Macros

- **#define BufferLen (BufferSize/WordWidth)**  
*number of words per buffer*
- **#define CodeBufferLen BufferSize**  
*number of words in code buffer (CodeBufferLen > BufferLen)*

---

## Detailed Description

PGF encoder class.

### Author

C. Stamm, R. Spuler

Definition in file **Encoder.h**.

---

## Macro Definition Documentation

### **#define BufferLen (BufferSize/WordWidth)**

number of words per buffer

Definition at line **39** of file **Encoder.h**.

### **#define CodeBufferLen BufferSize**

number of words in code buffer (CodeBufferLen > BufferLen)

Definition at line **40** of file **Encoder.h**.



## Encoder.h

```
Go to the documentation of this file.00001 /*
00002 * The Progressive Graphics File; http://www.libpgf.org
00003 *
00004 * $Date: 2006-06-04 22:05:59 +0200 (So, 04 Jun 2006) $
00005 * $Revision: 229 $
00006 *
00007 * This file Copyright (C) 2006 xeraina GmbH, Switzerland
00008 *
00009 * This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or
00010 * modify it under the terms of the GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
00011 * as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2.1
00012 * of the License, or (at your option) any later version.
00013 *
00014 * This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
00015 * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
00016 * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
00017 * GNU General Public License for more details.
00018 *
00019 * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
00020 * along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software
00021 * Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place - Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307, USA.
00022 */
00023
00028
00029 #ifndef PGF_ENCODER_H
00030 #define PGF_ENCODER_H
00031
00032 #include "PGFstream.h"
00033 #include "BitStream.h"
00034 #include "Subband.h"
00035 #include "WaveletTransform.h"
00036
00038 // Constants
00039 #define BufferLen (BufferSize/WordWidth)
00040 #define CodeBufferLen BufferSize
00041
00046 class CEncoder {
00051     class CMacroBlock {
00052     public:
00056         CMacroBlock(CEncoder *encoder)
00057 #pragma warning( suppress : 4351 )
00058             : m_value()
00059             , m_codeBuffer()
00060             , m_header(0)
00061             , m_encoder(encoder)
00062             , m_sigFlagVector()
00063             {
00064                 ASSERT(m_encoder);
00065                 Init(-1);
00066             }
00067
00071             void Init(int lastLevelIndex) { //
initialize for reuse
00072                 m_valuePos = 0;
00073                 m_maxAbsValue = 0;
00074                 m_codePos = 0;
00075                 m_lastLevelIndex = lastLevelIndex;
00076             }
00077
00082             void BitplaneEncode();
00083
00084             DataT m_value[BufferSize];
00085             UINT32 m_codeBuffer[CodeBufferLen];
00086             ROIBlockHeader m_header;
00087             UINT32 m_valuePos;
00088             UINT32 m_maxAbsValue;
00089             UINT32 m_codePos;
00090             int m_lastLevelIndex;
00091
00092     private:
00093         UINT32 RLESigns(UINT32 codePos, UINT32* signBits, UINT32 signLen);
```

```

00094             UINT32 DecomposeBitplane(UINT32 bufferSize, UINT32 planeMask,
UINT32 codePos, UINT32* sigBits, UINT32* refBits, UINT32* signBits, UINT32& signLen,
UINT32& codeLen);
00095             UINT8   NumberOfBitplanes();
00096             bool    GetBitAtPos(UINT32 pos, UINT32 planeMask) const { return
(abs(m_value[pos]) & planeMask) > 0; }
00097
00098             CEncoder *m_encoder;
// encoder instance
00099             bool    m_sigFlagVector[BufferSize+1];           // see paper from
Malvar, Fast Progressive Wavelet Coder
00100             };
00101
00102 public:
00103             CEncoder(CPGFStream* stream, PGFPreHeader preHeader, PGFHeader header,
const PGFPostHeader& postHeader,
00104             UINT64& userDataPos, bool useOMP); // throws IOException
00105
00106             ~CEncoder();
00107
00108             void FavorSpeedOverSize() { m_favorSpeed = true; }
00109
00110             void Flush();
00111
00112             void UpdatePostHeaderSize(PGFPreHeader preHeader);
00113
00114             UINT32 WriteLevelLength(UINT32& levelLength);
00115
00116             UINT32 UpdateLevelLength();
00117
00118             void Partition(CSubband* band, int width, int height, int startPos, int
pitch);
00119
00120             void SetEncodedLevel(int currentLevel) { ASSERT(currentLevel >= 0);
m_currentBlock->m_lastLevelIndex = m_nLevels - currentLevel - 1; m_forceWriting = true;
}
00121
00122             void WriteValue(CSubband* band, int bandPos);
00123
00124             INT64 ComputeHeaderLength() const { return m_levelLengthPos -
m_startPosition; }
00125
00126             INT64 ComputeBufferLength() const { return m_stream->GetPos() -
m_bufferStartPos; }
00127
00128             INT64 ComputeOffset() const { return m_stream->GetPos() - m_levelLengthPos;
}
00129
00130             void SetStreamPosToStart() { ASSERT(m_stream);
m_stream->SetPos(FSFromStart, m_startPosition); }
00131
00132             void SetBufferStartPos() { m_bufferStartPos = m_stream->GetPos(); }
00133
00134             #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00135             void EncodeTileBuffer() { ASSERT(m_currentBlock &&
m_currentBlock->m_valuePos >= 0 && m_currentBlock->m_valuePos <= BufferSize);
EncodeBuffer(ROIBlockHeader(m_currentBlock->m_valuePos, true)); }
00136
00137             void SetROI() { m_roi = true; }
00138             #endif
00139
00140             #ifdef TRACE
00141             void DumpBuffer() const;
00142             #endif
00143
00144 private:
00145             void EncodeBuffer(ROIBlockHeader h); // throws IOException
00146             void WriteMacroBlock(CMacroBlock* block); // throws IOException
00147
00148             CPGFStream *m_stream;
00149             UINT64 m_startPosition;
00150             UINT64 m_levelLengthPos;
00151             UINT64 m_bufferStartPos;
00152
00153             CMacroBlock **m_macroBlocks;
00154             int m_macroBlockLen;
00155             int m_lastMacroBlock;

```

```
00221     CMacroBlock *m_currentBlock;
00222
00223     UINT32* m_levelLength;
00224     int     m_currLevelIndex;
00225     UINT8   m_nLevels;
00226     bool    m_favorSpeed;
00227     bool    m_forceWriting;
00228 #ifdef   __PGFROISUPPORT__
00229     bool    m_roi;
00230 #endif
00231 };
00232
00233 #endif //PGF_ENCODER
```

## PGFimage.cpp File Reference

PGF image class implementation.

```
#include "PGFimage.h"  
#include "Decoder.h"  
#include "Encoder.h"  
#include "BitStream.h"  
#include <cmath>  
#include <cstring>
```

### Macros

- `#define YUVoffset4 8`
- `#define YUVoffset6 32`
- `#define YUVoffset8 128`
- `#define YUVoffset16 32768`

---

### Detailed Description

PGF image class implementation.

#### Author

C. Stamm

Definition in file `PGFimage.cpp`.

---

### Macro Definition Documentation

**`#define YUVoffset16 32768`**

Definition at line 39 of file `PGFimage.cpp`.

**`#define YUVoffset4 8`**

Definition at line 36 of file `PGFimage.cpp`.

**`#define YUVoffset6 32`**

Definition at line 37 of file `PGFimage.cpp`.

**`#define YUVoffset8 128`**

Definition at line 38 of file `PGFimage.cpp`.

## PGFimage.cpp

```
Go to the documentation of this file.00001 /*
00002 * The Progressive Graphics File; http://www.libpgf.org
00003 *
00004 * $Date: 2007-02-03 13:04:21 +0100 (Sa, 03 Feb 2007) $
00005 * $Revision: 280 $
00006 *
00007 * This file Copyright (C) 2006 xeraina GmbH, Switzerland
00008 *
00009 * This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or
00010 * modify it under the terms of the GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
00011 * as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2.1
00012 * of the License, or (at your option) any later version.
00013 *
00014 * This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
00015 * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
00016 * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
00017 * GNU General Public License for more details.
00018 *
00019 * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
00020 * along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software
00021 * Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place - Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307, USA.
00022 */
00023
00028
00029 #include "PGFimage.h"
00030 #include "Decoder.h"
00031 #include "Encoder.h"
00032 #include "BitStream.h"
00033 #include <cmath>
00034 #include <cstring>
00035
00036 #define YUVoffset4      8           // 2^3
00037 #define YUVoffset6     32          // 2^5
00038 #define YUVoffset8     128         // 2^7
00039 #define YUVoffset16    32768      // 2^15
00040 // #define YUVoffset31    1073741824 // 2^30
00041
00043 // global methods and variables
00044 #ifndef NEXCEPTIONS
00045     OSErrors _PGF_Error_;
00046
00047     OSErrors GetLastError() {
00048         OSErrors tmp = _PGF_Error_;
00049         _PGF_Error_ = NoErrors;
00050         return tmp;
00051     }
00052 #endif
00053
00054 #ifdef _DEBUG
00055     // allows RGB and RGBA image visualization inside Visual Studio Debugger
00056     struct DebugBGRImage {
00057         int width, height, pitch;
00058         BYTE *data;
00059     } roiimage;
00060 #endif
00061
00063 // Standard constructor
00064 CPGFImage::CPGFImage() {
00065     Init();
00066 }
00067
00069 void CPGFImage::Init() {
00070     // init pointers
00071     m_decoder = nullptr;
00072     m_encoder = nullptr;
00073     m_levelLength = nullptr;
00074
00075     // init members
00076 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00077     m_streamReinitialized = false;
00078 #endif
00079     m_currentLevel = 0;
00080     m_quant = 0;
```

```

00081     m_userDataPos = 0;
00082     m_downsample = false;
00083     m_favorSpeedOverSize = false;
00084     m_useOMPInEncoder = true;
00085     m_useOMPInDecoder = true;
00086     m_cb = nullptr;
00087     m_cbArg = nullptr;
00088     m_progressMode = PM_Relative;
00089     m_percent = 0;
00090     m_userDataPolicy = UP_CacheAll;
00091
00092     // init preHeader
00093     memcpy(m_preHeader.magic, PGFMagic, 3);
00094     m_preHeader.version = PGFVersion;
00095     m_preHeader.hSize = 0;
00096
00097     // init postHeader
00098     m_postHeader.userData = nullptr;
00099     m_postHeader.userDataLen = 0;
00100     m_postHeader.cachedUserDataLen = 0;
00101
00102     // init channels
00103     for (int i = 0; i < MaxChannels; i++) {
00104         m_channel[i] = nullptr;
00105         m_wtChannel[i] = nullptr;
00106     }
00107
00108     // set image width and height
00109     for (int i = 0; i < MaxChannels; i++) {
00110         m_width[0] = 0;
00111         m_height[0] = 0;
00112     }
00113 }
00114
00116 // Destructor: Destroy internal data structures.
00117 CPGFImage::~CPGFImage() {
00118     m_currentLevel = -100; // unusual value used as marker in Destroy()
00119     Destroy();
00120 }
00121
00123 // Destroy internal data structures. Object state after this is the same as after
CPGFImage().
00124 void CPGFImage::Destroy() {
00125     for (int i = 0; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
00126         delete m_wtChannel[i]; // also deletes m_channel
00127     }
00128     delete[] m_postHeader.userData;
00129     delete[] m_levelLength;
00130     delete m_decoder;
00131     delete m_encoder;
00132
00133     if (m_currentLevel != -100) Init();
00134 }
00135
00137 // Open a PGF image at current stream position: read pre-header, header, levelLength,
and ckeck image type.
00138 // Precondition: The stream has been opened for reading.
00139 // It might throw an IOException.
00140 // @param stream A PGF stream
00141 void CPGFImage::Open(CPGFStream *stream) {
00142     ASSERT(stream);
00143
00144     // create decoder and read PGFPreHeader PGFHeader PGFPostHeader LevelLengths
00145     m_decoder = new CDecoder(stream, m_preHeader, m_header, m_postHeader,
m_levelLength,
00146         m_userDataPos, m_useOMPInDecoder, m_userDataPolicy);
00147
00148     if (m_header.nLevels > MaxLevel) ReturnWithError(FormatCannotRead);
00149
00150     // set current level
00151     m_currentLevel = m_header.nLevels;
00152
00153     // set image width and height
00154     m_width[0] = m_header.width;
00155     m_height[0] = m_header.height;
00156
00157     // complete header

```

```

00158     if (!CompleteHeader()) ReturnWithError(FormatCannotRead);
00159
00160     // interpret quant parameter
00161     if (m_header.quality > DownsampleThreshold &&
00162         (m_header.mode == ImageModeRGBColor ||
00163          m_header.mode == ImageModeRGBA ||
00164          m_header.mode == ImageModeRGB48 ||
00165          m_header.mode == ImageModeCMYKColor ||
00166          m_header.mode == ImageModeCMYK64 ||
00167          m_header.mode == ImageModeLabColor ||
00168          m_header.mode == ImageModeLab48)) {
00169         m_downsample = true;
00170         m_quant = m_header.quality - 1;
00171     } else {
00172         m_downsample = false;
00173         m_quant = m_header.quality;
00174     }
00175
00176     // set channel dimensions (chrominance is subsampled by factor 2)
00177     if (m_downsample) {
00178         for (int i=1; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
00179             m_width[i] = (m_width[0] + 1) >> 1;
00180             m_height[i] = (m_height[0] + 1) >> 1;
00181         }
00182     } else {
00183         for (int i=1; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
00184             m_width[i] = m_width[0];
00185             m_height[i] = m_height[0];
00186         }
00187     }
00188
00189     if (m_header.nLevels > 0) {
00190         // init wavelet subbands
00191         for (int i=0; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
00192             m_wtChannel[i] = new CWaveletTransform(m_width[i],
00193 m_height[i], m_header.nLevels);
00194         }
00195
00196         // used in Read when PM_Absolute
00197         m_percent = pow(0.25, m_header.nLevels);
00198     } else {
00199         // very small image: we don't use DWT and encoding
00200
00201         // read channels
00202         for (int c=0; c < m_header.channels; c++) {
00203             const UINT32 size = m_width[c]*m_height[c];
00204             m_channel[c] = new(std::nothrow) DataT[size];
00205             if (!m_channel[c]) ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00206
00207             // read channel data from stream
00208             for (UINT32 i=0; i < size; i++) {
00209                 int count = DataTSize;
00210                 stream->Read(&count, &m_channel[c][i]);
00211                 if (count != DataTSize)
00212                     ReturnWithError(MissingData);
00213             }
00214         }
00215     }
00216
00217 bool CPGFImage::CompleteHeader() {
00218     // set current codec version
00219     m_header.version = PGFVersionNumber(PGFMajorNumber, PGFYear, PGFWeek);
00220
00221     if (m_header.mode == ImageModeUnknown) {
00222         // undefined mode
00223         switch(m_header.bpp) {
00224             case 1: m_header.mode = ImageModeBitmap; break;
00225             case 8: m_header.mode = ImageModeGrayScale; break;
00226             case 12: m_header.mode = ImageModeRGB12; break;
00227             case 16: m_header.mode = ImageModeRGB16; break;
00228             case 24: m_header.mode = ImageModeRGBColor; break;
00229             case 32: m_header.mode = ImageModeRGBA; break;
00230             case 48: m_header.mode = ImageModeRGB48; break;
00231             default: m_header.mode = ImageModeRGBColor; break;
00232         }
00233     }

```

```

00234     }
00235     if (!m_header.bpp) {
00236         // undefined bpp
00237         switch(m_header.mode) {
00238             case ImageModeBitmap:
00239                 m_header.bpp = 1;
00240                 break;
00241             case ImageModeIndexedColor:
00242             case ImageModeGrayScale:
00243                 m_header.bpp = 8;
00244                 break;
00245             case ImageModeRGB12:
00246                 m_header.bpp = 12;
00247                 break;
00248             case ImageModeRGB16:
00249             case ImageModeGray16:
00250                 m_header.bpp = 16;
00251                 break;
00252             case ImageModeRGBColor:
00253             case ImageModeLabColor:
00254                 m_header.bpp = 24;
00255                 break;
00256             case ImageModeRGBA:
00257             case ImageModeCMYKColor:
00258             case ImageModeGray32:
00259                 m_header.bpp = 32;
00260                 break;
00261             case ImageModeRGB48:
00262             case ImageModeLab48:
00263                 m_header.bpp = 48;
00264                 break;
00265             case ImageModeCMYK64:
00266                 m_header.bpp = 64;
00267                 break;
00268             default:
00269                 ASSERT(false);
00270                 m_header.bpp = 24;
00271         }
00272     }
00273     if (m_header.mode == ImageModeRGBColor && m_header.bpp == 32) {
00274         // change mode
00275         m_header.mode = ImageModeRGBA;
00276     }
00277     if (m_header.mode == ImageModeBitmap && m_header.bpp != 1) return false;
00278     if (m_header.mode == ImageModeIndexedColor && m_header.bpp != 8) return
false;
00279     if (m_header.mode == ImageModeGrayScale && m_header.bpp != 8) return false;
00280     if (m_header.mode == ImageModeGray16 && m_header.bpp != 16) return false;
00281     if (m_header.mode == ImageModeGray32 && m_header.bpp != 32) return false;
00282     if (m_header.mode == ImageModeRGBColor && m_header.bpp != 24) return false;
00283     if (m_header.mode == ImageModeRGBA && m_header.bpp != 32) return false;
00284     if (m_header.mode == ImageModeRGB12 && m_header.bpp != 12) return false;
00285     if (m_header.mode == ImageModeRGB16 && m_header.bpp != 16) return false;
00286     if (m_header.mode == ImageModeRGB48 && m_header.bpp != 48) return false;
00287     if (m_header.mode == ImageModeLabColor && m_header.bpp != 24) return false;
00288     if (m_header.mode == ImageModeLab48 && m_header.bpp != 48) return false;
00289     if (m_header.mode == ImageModeCMYKColor && m_header.bpp != 32) return false;
00290     if (m_header.mode == ImageModeCMYK64 && m_header.bpp != 64) return false;
00291
00292     // set number of channels
00293     if (!m_header.channels) {
00294         switch(m_header.mode) {
00295             case ImageModeBitmap:
00296             case ImageModeIndexedColor:
00297             case ImageModeGrayScale:
00298             case ImageModeGray16:
00299             case ImageModeGray32:
00300                 m_header.channels = 1;
00301                 break;
00302             case ImageModeRGBColor:
00303             case ImageModeRGB12:
00304             case ImageModeRGB16:
00305             case ImageModeRGB48:
00306             case ImageModeLabColor:
00307             case ImageModeLab48:
00308                 m_header.channels = 3;
00309                 break;

```



```

00310         case ImageModeRGBA:
00311         case ImageModeCMYKColor:
00312         case ImageModeCMYK64:
00313             m_header.channels = 4;
00314             break;
00315         default:
00316             return false;
00317     }
00318 }
00319
00320 // store used bits per channel
00321 UINT8 bpc = m_header.bpp/m_header.channels;
00322 if (bpc > 31) bpc = 31;
00323 if (!m_header.usedBitsPerChannel || m_header.usedBitsPerChannel > bpc) {
00324     m_header.usedBitsPerChannel = bpc;
00325 }
00326
00327 return true;
00328 }
00329
00337 const UINT8* CPGFImage::GetUserData(UINT32& cachedSize, UINT32* pTotalSize /*=
nullptr*/) const {
00338     cachedSize = m_postHeader.cachedUserDataLen;
00339     if (pTotalSize) *pTotalSize = m_postHeader.userDataLen;
00340     return m_postHeader.userData;
00341 }
00342
00348 void CPGFImage::Reconstruct(int level /*= 0*/) {
00349     if (m_header.nLevels == 0) {
00350         // image didn't use wavelet transform
00351         if (level == 0) {
00352             for (int i=0; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
00353                 ASSERT(m_wtChannel[i]);
00354                 m_channel[i] = m_wtChannel[i]->GetSubband(0,
LL)->GetBuffer();
00355             }
00356         }
00357     } else {
00358         int currentLevel = m_header.nLevels;
00359
00360         #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00361         if (ROIisSupported()) {
00362             // enable ROI reading
00363             SetROI(PGFRect(0, 0, m_header.width, m_header.height));
00364         }
00365         #endif
00366
00367         while (currentLevel > level) {
00368             for (int i=0; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
00369                 ASSERT(m_wtChannel[i]);
00370                 // dequantize subbands
00371                 if (currentLevel == m_header.nLevels) {
00372                     // last level also has LL band
00373                     m_wtChannel[i]->GetSubband(currentLevel,
LL)->Dequantize(m_quant);
00374                 }
00375                 m_wtChannel[i]->GetSubband(currentLevel,
HL)->Dequantize(m_quant);
00376                 m_wtChannel[i]->GetSubband(currentLevel,
LH)->Dequantize(m_quant);
00377                 m_wtChannel[i]->GetSubband(currentLevel,
HH)->Dequantize(m_quant);
00378
00379                 // inverse transform from m_wtChannel to m_channel
00380                 OSErr err =
m_wtChannel[i]->InverseTransform(currentLevel, &m_width[i], &m_height[i],
&m_channel[i]);
00381                 if (err != NoError) ReturnWithError(err);
00382                 ASSERT(m_channel[i]);
00383             }
00384
00385             currentLevel--;
00386         }
00387     }
00388 }
00389
00391 // Read and decode some levels of a PGF image at current stream position.

```

```

00392 // A PGF image is structured in levels, numbered between 0 and Levels() - 1.
00393 // Each level can be seen as a single image, containing the same content
00394 // as all other levels, but in a different size (width, height).
00395 // The image size at level i is double the size (width, height) of the image at level
i+1.
00396 // The image at level 0 contains the original size.
00397 // Precondition: The PGF image has been opened with a call of Open(...).
00398 // It might throw an IOException.
00399 // @param level The image level of the resulting image in the internal image buffer.
00400 // @param cb A pointer to a callback procedure. The procedure is called after reading
a single level. If cb returns true, then it stops proceeding.
00401 // @param data Data Pointer to C++ class container to host callback procedure.
00402 void CPGFImage::Read(int level /*= 0*/, CallbackPtr cb /*= nullptr*/, void *data
/*= nullptr*/) {
00403     ASSERT((level >= 0 && level < m_header.nLevels) || m_header.nLevels == 0);
// m_header.nLevels == 0: image didn't use wavelet transform
00404     ASSERT(m_decoder);
00405
00406 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00407     if (ROIisSupported() && m_header.nLevels > 0) {
00408         // new encoding scheme supporting ROI
00409         PGFRect rect(0, 0, m_header.width, m_header.height);
00410         Read(rect, level, cb, data);
00411         return;
00412     }
00413 #endif
00414
00415     if (m_header.nLevels == 0) {
00416         if (level == 0) {
00417             // the data has already been read during open
00418             // now update progress
00419             if (cb) {
00420                 if ((*cb)(1.0, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
00421             }
00422         }
00423     } else {
00424         const int levelDiff = m_currentLevel - level;
00425         double percent = (m_progressMode == PM_Relative) ? pow(0.25,
levelDiff) : m_percent;
00426
00427         // encoding scheme without ROI
00428         while (m_currentLevel > level) {
00429             for (int i=0; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
00430                 CWaveletTransform* wtChannel = m_wtChannel[i];
00431                 ASSERT(wtChannel);
00432
00433                 // decode file and write stream to m_wtChannel
00434                 if (m_currentLevel == m_header.nLevels) {
00435                     // last level also has LL band
00436                     wtChannel->GetSubband(m_currentLevel,
LL)->PlaceTile(*m_decoder, m_quant);
00437                 }
00438                 if (m_preHeader.version & Version5) {
00439                     // since version 5
00440                     wtChannel->GetSubband(m_currentLevel,
HL)->PlaceTile(*m_decoder, m_quant);
00441                     wtChannel->GetSubband(m_currentLevel,
LH)->PlaceTile(*m_decoder, m_quant);
00442                 } else {
00443                     // until version 4
00444                     m_decoder->DecodeInterleaved(wtChannel,
m_currentLevel, m_quant);
00445                 }
00446                 wtChannel->GetSubband(m_currentLevel,
HH)->PlaceTile(*m_decoder, m_quant);
00447             }
00448
00449             volatile OSErr error = NoError; // volatile prevents
optimizations
00450 #ifdef LIBPGF_USE_OPENMP
00451             #pragma omp parallel for default(shared)
00452 #endif
00453             for (int i=0; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
00454                 // inverse transform from m_wtChannel to m_channel
00455                 if (error == NoError) {

```

```

00456                                     OSError err =
m_wtChannel[i]->InverseTransform(m_currentLevel, &m_width[i], &m_height[i],
&m_channel[i]);
00457                                     if (err != NoError) error = err;
00458                                     }
00459                                     ASSERT(m_channel[i]);
00460                                     }
00461                                     if (error != NoError) ReturnWithError(error);
00462
00463                                     // set new level: must be done before refresh callback
00464                                     m_currentLevel--;
00465
00466                                     // now we have to refresh the display
00467                                     if (m_cb) m_cb(m_cbArg);
00468
00469                                     // now update progress
00470                                     if (cb) {
00471                                         percent *= 4;
00472                                         if (m_progressMode == PM_Absolute) m_percent =
percent;
00473                                         if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
00474                                     }
00475                                     }
00476                                     }
00477                                     }
00478
00479 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00489 void CPGFImage::Read(PGRect& rect, int level /*= 0*/, CallbackPtr cb /*= nullptr*/,
void *data /*=nullptr*/) {
00490     ASSERT((level >= 0 && level < m_header.nLevels) || m_header.nLevels == 0);
// m_header.nLevels == 0: image didn't use wavelet transform
00491     ASSERT(m_decoder);
00492
00493     if (m_header.nLevels == 0 || !ROIisSupported()) {
00494         rect.left = rect.top = 0;
00495         rect.right = m_header.width; rect.bottom = m_header.height;
00496         Read(level, cb, data);
00497     } else {
00498         ASSERT(ROIisSupported());
00499         // new encoding scheme supporting ROI
00500         ASSERT(rect.left < m_header.width && rect.top < m_header.height);
00501
00502         // check rectangle
00503         if (rect.right == 0 || rect.right > m_header.width) rect.right =
m_header.width;
00504         if (rect.bottom == 0 || rect.bottom > m_header.height) rect.bottom
= m_header.height;
00505
00506         const int levelDiff = m_currentLevel - level;
00507         double percent = (m_progressMode == PM_Relative) ? pow(0.25,
levelDiff) : m_percent;
00508
00509         // check level difference
00510         if (levelDiff <= 0) {
00511             // it is a new read call, probably with a new ROI
00512             m_currentLevel = m_header.nLevels;
00513             m_decoder->SetStreamPosToData();
00514         }
00515
00516         // enable ROI decoding and reading
00517         SetROI(rect);
00518
00519         while (m_currentLevel > level) {
00520             for (int i=0; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
00521                 CWaveletTransform* wtChannel = m_wtChannel[i];
00522                 ASSERT(wtChannel);
00523
00524                 // get number of tiles and tile indices
00525                 const UINT32 nTiles =
wtChannel->GetNofTiles(m_currentLevel); // independent of ROI
00526
00527                 // decode file and write stream to m_wtChannel
00528                 if (m_currentLevel == m_header.nLevels) { // last
level also has LL band
00529                     ASSERT(nTiles == 1);
00530                     m_decoder->GetNextMacroBlock();

```

```

00531                                     wtChannel->GetSubband(m_currentLevel,
LL)->PlaceTile(*m_decoder, m_quant);
00532                                     }
00533                                     for (UINT32 tileY=0; tileY < nTiles; tileY++) {
00534                                         for (UINT32 tileX=0; tileX < nTiles;
tileX++) {
00535                                             // check relevance of tile
00536                                             if
(wtChannel->TileIsRelevant(m_currentLevel, tileX, tileY)) {
00537
m_decoder->GetNextMacroBlock();
00538
wtChannel->GetSubband(m_currentLevel, HL)->PlaceTile(*m_decoder, m_quant, true, tileX,
tileY);
00539
wtChannel->GetSubband(m_currentLevel, LH)->PlaceTile(*m_decoder, m_quant, true, tileX,
tileY);
00540
wtChannel->GetSubband(m_currentLevel, HH)->PlaceTile(*m_decoder, m_quant, true, tileX,
tileY);
00541                                     } else {
00542                                         // skip tile
00543
m_decoder->SkipTileBuffer();
00544                                     }
00545                                     }
00546                                     }
00547                                     }
00548
00549                                     volatile OSErr error = NoError; // volatile prevents
optimizations
00550 #ifndef LIBPGF_USE_OPENMP
00551                                     #pragma omp parallel for default(shared)
00552 #endif
00553                                     for (int i=0; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
00554                                         // inverse transform from m_wtChannel to m_channel
00555                                         if (error == NoError) {
00556                                             OSErr err =
m_wtChannel[i]->InverseTransform(m_currentLevel, &m_width[i], &m_height[i],
&m_channel[i]);
00557                                             if (err != NoError) error = err;
00558                                         }
00559                                         ASSERT(m_channel[i]);
00560                                     }
00561                                     if (error != NoError) ReturnWithError(error);
00562
// set new level: must be done before refresh callback
00563                                     m_currentLevel--;
00564
// now we have to refresh the display
00565                                     if (m_cb) m_cb(m_cbArg);
00566
// now update progress
00567                                     if (cb) {
00571                                         percent *= 4;
00572                                         if (m_progressMode == PM_Absolute) m_percent =
percent;
00573                                         if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
00574                                     }
00575                                     }
00576                                     }
00577 }
00578
00583 PGFRect CPGFImage::ComputeLevelROI() const {
00584     if (m_currentLevel == 0) {
00585         return m_roi;
00586     } else {
00587         const UINT32 rLeft = LevelSizeL(m_roi.left, m_currentLevel);
00588         const UINT32 rRight = LevelSizeL(m_roi.right, m_currentLevel);
00589         const UINT32 rTop = LevelSizeL(m_roi.top, m_currentLevel);
00590         const UINT32 rBottom = LevelSizeL(m_roi.bottom, m_currentLevel);
00591         return PGFRect(rLeft, rTop, rRight - rLeft, rBottom - rTop);
00592     }
00593 }
00594
00598 PGFRect CPGFImage::GetAlignedROI(int c /*= 0*/) const {

```

```

00599     PGFRect roi(0, 0, m_width[c], m_height[c]);
00600
00601     if (ROIisSupported()) {
00602         ASSERT(m_wtChannel[c]);
00603
00604         roi = m_wtChannel[c]->GetAlignedROI(m_currentLevel);
00605     }
00606     ASSERT(roi.Width() == m_width[c]);
00607     ASSERT(roi.Height() == m_height[c]);
00608     return roi;
00609 }
00610
00615 void CPGFImage::SetROI(PGFRect rect) {
00616     ASSERT(m_decoder);
00617     ASSERT(ROIisSupported());
00618     ASSERT(m_wtChannel[0]);
00619
00620     // store ROI for a later call of GetBitmap
00621     m_roi = rect;
00622
00623     // enable ROI decoding
00624     m_decoder->SetROI();
00625
00626     // prepare wavelet channels for using ROI
00627     m_wtChannel[0]->SetROI(rect);
00628
00629     if (m_downsample && m_header.channels > 1) {
00630         // all further channels are downsampled, therefore downsample ROI
00631         rect.left >>= 1;
00632         rect.top >>= 1;
00633         rect.right = (rect.right + 1) >> 1;
00634         rect.bottom = (rect.bottom + 1) >> 1;
00635     }
00636     for (int i=1; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
00637         ASSERT(m_wtChannel[i]);
00638         m_wtChannel[i]->SetROI(rect);
00639     }
00640 }
00641
00642 #endif // __PGFROISUPPORT__
00643
00648 UINT32 CPGFImage::GetEncodedHeaderLength() const {
00649     ASSERT(m_decoder);
00650     return m_decoder->GetEncodedHeaderLength();
00651 }
00652
00660 UINT32 CPGFImage::ReadEncodedHeader(UINT8* target, UINT32 targetLen) const {
00661     ASSERT(target);
00662     ASSERT(targetLen > 0);
00663     ASSERT(m_decoder);
00664
00665     // reset stream position
00666     m_decoder->SetStreamPosToStart();
00667
00668     // compute number of bytes to read
00669     UINT32 len = __min(targetLen, GetEncodedHeaderLength());
00670
00671     // read data
00672     len = m_decoder->ReadEncodedData(target, len);
00673     ASSERT(len >= 0 && len <= targetLen);
00674
00675     return len;
00676 }
00677
00682 void CPGFImage::ResetStreamPos(bool startOfData) {
00683     m_currentLevel = 0;
00684     if (startOfData) {
00685         ASSERT(m_decoder);
00686         m_decoder->SetStreamPosToData();
00687     } else {
00688         if (m_decoder) {
00689             m_decoder->SetStreamPosToStart();
00690         } else if (m_encoder) {
00691             m_encoder->SetStreamPosToStart();
00692         } else {
00693             ASSERT(false);
00694         }
00695     }

```

```

00695     }
00696 }
00697
00700 UINT32 CPGFImage::ReadEncodedData(int level, UINT8* target, UINT32 targetLen) const
00701 {
00702     ASSERT(level >= 0 && level < m_header.nLevels);
00703     ASSERT(target);
00704     ASSERT(targetLen > 0);
00705     ASSERT(m_decoder);
00706
00707     // reset stream position
00708     m_decoder->SetStreamPosToData();
00709
00710     // position stream
00711     UINT64 offset = 0;
00712
00713     for (int i=m_header.nLevels - 1; i > level; i--) {
00714         offset += m_levelLength[m_header.nLevels - 1 - i];
00715     }
00716     m_decoder->Skip(offset);
00717
00718     // compute number of bytes to read
00719     UINT32 len = __min(targetLen, GetEncodedLevelLength(level));
00720
00721     // read data
00722     len = m_decoder->ReadEncodedData(target, len);
00723     ASSERT(len >= 0 && len <= targetLen);
00724
00725     return len;
00726 }
00727
00728 void CPGFImage::SetMaxValue(UINT32 maxValue) {
00729     const BYTE bpc = m_header.bpp/m_header.channels;
00730     BYTE pot = 0;
00731
00732     while(maxValue > 0) {
00733         pot++;
00734         maxValue >>= 1;
00735     }
00736     // store bits per channel
00737     if (pot > bpc) pot = bpc;
00738     if (pot > 31) pot = 31;
00739     m_header.usedBitsPerChannel = pot;
00740 }
00741
00742 BYTE CPGFImage::UsedBitsPerChannel() const {
00743     const BYTE bpc = m_header.bpp/m_header.channels;
00744
00745     if (bpc > 8) {
00746         return m_header.usedBitsPerChannel;
00747     } else {
00748         return bpc;
00749     }
00750 }
00751
00752 BYTE CPGFImage::CodecMajorVersion(BYTE version) {
00753     if (version & Version7) return 7;
00754     if (version & Version6) return 6;
00755     if (version & Version5) return 5;
00756     if (version & Version2) return 2;
00757     return 1;
00758 }
00759
00760 // Import an image from a specified image buffer.
00761 // This method is usually called before Write(...) and after SetHeader(...).
00762 // It might throw an IOException.
00763 // The absolute value of pitch is the number of bytes of an image row.
00764 // If pitch is negative, then buff points to the last row of a bottom-up image (first
00765 // byte on last row).
00766 // If pitch is positive, then buff points to the first row of a top-down image (first
00767 // byte).
00768 // The sequence of input channels in the input image buffer does not need to be the
00769 // same as expected from PGF. In case of different sequences you have to
00770 // provide a channelMap of size of expected channels (depending on image mode). For
00771 // example, PGF expects in RGB color mode a channel sequence BGR.
00772 // If your provided image buffer contains a channel sequence ARGB, then the channelMap
00773 // looks like { 3, 2, 1 }.

```

```

00786 // @param pitch The number of bytes of a row of the image buffer.
00787 // @param buff An image buffer.
00788 // @param bpp The number of bits per pixel used in image buffer.
00789 // @param channelMap A integer array containing the mapping of input channel ordering
to expected channel ordering.
00790 // @param cb A pointer to a callback procedure. The procedure is called after each
imported buffer row. If cb returns true, then it stops proceeding.
00791 // @param data Data Pointer to C++ class container to host callback procedure.
00792 void CPGFImage::ImportBitmap(int pitch, UINT8 *buff, BYTE bpp, int channelMap[] /*=
nullptr*/, CallbackPtr cb /*= nullptr*/, void *data /*=nullptr*/) {
00793     ASSERT(buff);
00794     ASSERT(m_channel[0]);
00795
00796     // color transform
00797     RgbToYuv(pitch, buff, bpp, channelMap, cb, data);
00798
00799     if (m_downsample) {
00800         // Subsampling of the chrominance and alpha channels
00801         for (int i=1; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
00802             Downsample(i);
00803         }
00804     }
00805 }
00806
00808 // Bilinear Subsampling of channel ch by a factor 2
00809 // Called before Write()
00810 void CPGFImage::Downsample(int ch) {
00811     ASSERT(ch > 0);
00812
00813     const int w = m_width[0];
00814     const int w2 = w/2;
00815     const int h2 = m_height[0]/2;
00816     const int oddW = w%2; // don't use bool ->
problems with MaxSpeed optimization
00817     const int oddH = m_height[0]%2; // "
00818     int loPos = 0;
00819     int hiPos = w;
00820     int sampledPos = 0;
00821     DataT* buff = m_channel[ch]; ASSERT(buff);
00822
00823     for (int i=0; i < h2; i++) {
00824         for (int j=0; j < w2; j++) {
00825             // compute average of pixel block
00826             buff[sampledPos] = (buff[loPos] + buff[loPos + 1] +
buff[hiPos] + buff[hiPos + 1]) >> 2;
00827             loPos += 2; hiPos += 2;
00828             sampledPos++;
00829         }
00830         if (oddW) {
00831             buff[sampledPos] = (buff[loPos] + buff[hiPos]) >> 1;
00832             loPos++; hiPos++;
00833             sampledPos++;
00834         }
00835         loPos += w; hiPos += w;
00836     }
00837     if (oddH) {
00838         for (int j=0; j < w2; j++) {
00839             buff[sampledPos] = (buff[loPos] + buff[loPos+1]) >> 1;
00840             loPos += 2; hiPos += 2;
00841             sampledPos++;
00842         }
00843         if (oddW) {
00844             buff[sampledPos] = buff[loPos];
00845         }
00846     }
00847
00848     // downsampled image has half width and half height
00849     m_width[ch] = (m_width[ch] + 1)/2;
00850     m_height[ch] = (m_height[ch] + 1)/2;
00851 }
00852
00854 void CPGFImage::ComputeLevels() {
00855     const int maxThumbnailWidth = 20*FilterSize;
00856     const int m = min(m_header.width, m_header.height);
00857     int s = m;
00858
00859     if (m_header.nLevels < 1 || m_header.nLevels > MaxLevel) {

```

```

00860         m_header.nLevels = 1;
00861         // compute a good value depending on the size of the image
00862         while (s > maxThumbnailWidth) {
00863             m_header.nLevels++;
00864             s >>= 1;
00865         }
00866     }
00867
00868     int levels = m_header.nLevels; // we need a signed value during level
reduction
00869
00870     // reduce number of levels if the image size is smaller than
FilterSize*(2^levels)
00871     s = FilterSize*(1 << levels); // must be at least the double filter size
because of subsampling
00872     while (m < s) {
00873         levels--;
00874         s >>= 1;
00875     }
00876     if (levels > MaxLevel) m_header.nLevels = MaxLevel;
00877     else if (levels < 0) m_header.nLevels = 0;
00878     else m_header.nLevels = (UINT8)levels;
00879
00880     // used in Write when PM Absolute
00881     m_percent = pow(0.25, m_header.nLevels);
00882
00883     ASSERT(0 <= m_header.nLevels && m_header.nLevels <= MaxLevel);
00884 }
00885
00894 void CPGFImage::SetHeader(const PGFHeader& header, BYTE flags /*=0*/, const UINT8*
userData /*= 0*/, UINT32 userDataLength /*= 0*/) {
00895     ASSERT(!m_decoder); // current image must be closed
00896     ASSERT(header.quality <= MaxQuality);
00897     ASSERT(userDataLength <= MaxUserDataSize);
00898
00899     // init state
00900 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00901     m_streamReinitialized = false;
00902 #endif
00903
00904     // init preHeader
00905     memcpy(m_preHeader.magic, PGFMagic, 3);
00906     m_preHeader.version = PGFVersion | flags;
00907     m_preHeader.hSize = HeaderSize;
00908
00909     // copy header
00910     memcpy(&m_header, &header, HeaderSize);
00911
00912     // check quality
00913     if (m_header.quality > MaxQuality) m_header.quality = MaxQuality;
00914
00915     // complete header
00916     CompleteHeader();
00917
00918     // check and set number of levels
00919     ComputeLevels();
00920
00921     // check for downsample
00922     if (m_header.quality > DownsampleThreshold && (m_header.mode ==
ImageModeRGBColor ||
00923 m_header.mode == ImageModeRGBA ||
00924 m_header.mode == ImageModeRGB48 ||
00925 m_header.mode == ImageModeCMYKColor ||
00926 m_header.mode == ImageModeCMYK64 ||
00927 m_header.mode == ImageModeLabColor ||
00928 m_header.mode == ImageModeLab48)) {
00929         m_downsample = true;
00930         m_quant = m_header.quality - 1;
00931     } else {
00932         m_downsample = false;
00933         m_quant = m_header.quality;

```



```

00934     }
00935
00936     // update header size and copy user data
00937     if (m_header.mode == ImageModeIndexedColor) {
00938         // update header size
00939         m_preHeader.hSize += ColorTableSize;
00940     }
00941     if (userDataLength && userData) {
00942         if (userDataLength > MaxUserDataSize) userDataLength =
MaxUserDataSize;
00943         m_postHeader.userData = new(std::nothrow) UINT8[userDataLength];
00944         if (!m_postHeader.userData) ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00945         m_postHeader.userDataLen = m_postHeader.cachedUserDataLen =
userDataLength;
00946         memcpy(m_postHeader.userData, userData, userDataLength);
00947         // update header size
00948         m_preHeader.hSize += userDataLength;
00949     }
00950
00951     // allocate channels
00952     for (int i=0; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
00953         // set current width and height
00954         m_width[i] = m_header.width;
00955         m_height[i] = m_header.height;
00956
00957         // allocate channels
00958         ASSERT(!m_channel[i]);
00959         m_channel[i] = new(std::nothrow)
DataT[m_header.width*m_header.height];
00960         if (!m_channel[i]) {
00961             if (i) i--;
00962             while(i) {
00963                 delete[] m_channel[i]; m_channel[i] = 0;
00964                 i--;
00965             }
00966             ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00967         }
00968     }
00969 }
00970
00979 UINT32 CPGFImage::WriteHeader(CPGFStream* stream) {
00980     ASSERT(m_header.nLevels <= MaxLevel);
00981     ASSERT(m_header.quality <= MaxQuality); // quality is already initialized
00982
00983     if (m_header.nLevels > 0) {
00984         volatile OSErr error = NoError; // volatile prevents optimizations
00985         // create new wt channels
00986 #ifdef LIBPGF_USE_OPENMP
00987         #pragma omp parallel for default(shared)
00988 #endif
00989         for (int i=0; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
00990             DataT *temp = nullptr;
00991             if (error == NoError) {
00992                 if (m_wtChannel[i]) {
00993                     ASSERT(m_channel[i]);
00994                     // copy m_channel to temp
00995                     int size = m_height[i]*m_width[i];
00996                     temp = new(std::nothrow) DataT[size];
00997                     if (temp) {
00998                         memcpy(temp, m_channel[i],
size*DataTSize);
00999                         delete m_wtChannel[i]; // also
deletes m channel
01000
01001                         m_channel[i] = nullptr;
01002                     } else {
01003                         error = InsufficientMemory;
01004                     }
01005                 } else if (error == NoError) {
01006                     if (temp) {
01007                         ASSERT(!m_channel[i]);
01008                         m_channel[i] = temp;
01009                     }
01010                     m_wtChannel[i] = new
CWaveletTransform(m_width[i], m_height[i], m_header.nLevels, m_channel[i]);
01011                     if (m_wtChannel[i]) {
01012                         #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__

```

```

01013
m_wtChannel[i]->SetROI(PGRect(0, 0, m_width[i], m_height[i]));
01014                                     #endif
01015
01016                                     // wavelet subband decomposition
01017                                     for (int l=0; error == NoError &&
01018                                     OSErr err =
m_wtChannel[i]->ForwardTransform(l, m_quant);
01019                                     if (err != NoError) error
= err;
01020                                     }
01021                                     } else {
01022                                     delete[] m_channel[i];
01023                                     error = InsufficientMemory;
01024                                     }
01025                                     }
01026                                     }
01027                                     }
01028                                     if (error != NoError) {
01029                                     // free already allocated memory
01030                                     for (int i=0; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
01031                                     delete m_wtChannel[i];
01032                                     }
01033                                     ReturnWithError(error);
01034                                     }
01035
01036                                     m_currentLevel = m_header.nLevels;
01037
01038                                     // create encoder, write headers and user data, but not level-length
area
01039                                     m_encoder = new CEncoder(stream, m_preHeader, m_header,
m_postHeader, m_userDataPos, m_useOMPInEncoder);
01040                                     if (m_favorSpeedOverSize) m_encoder->FavorSpeedOverSize();
01041
01042                                     #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
01043                                     if (ROIisSupported()) {
01044                                     // new encoding scheme supporting ROI
01045                                     m_encoder->SetROI();
01046                                     }
01047                                     #endif
01048
01049                                     } else {
01050                                     // very small image: we don't use DWT and encoding
01051
01052                                     // create encoder, write headers and user data, but not level-length
area
01053                                     m_encoder = new CEncoder(stream, m_preHeader, m_header,
m_postHeader, m_userDataPos, m_useOMPInEncoder);
01054                                     }
01055
01056                                     INT64 nBytes = m_encoder->ComputeHeaderLength();
01057                                     return (nBytes > 0) ? (UINT32)nBytes : 0;
01058 }
01059
01061 // Encode and write next level of a PGF image at current stream position.
01062 // A PGF image is structured in levels, numbered between 0 and Levels() - 1.
01063 // Each level can be seen as a single image, containing the same content
01064 // as all other levels, but in a different size (width, height).
01065 // The image size at level i is double the size (width, height) of the image at level
i+1.
01066 // The image at level 0 contains the original size.
01067 // It might throw an IOException.
01068 void CPGFImage::WriteLevel() {
01069     ASSERT(m_encoder);
01070     ASSERT(m_currentLevel > 0);
01071     ASSERT(m_header.nLevels > 0);
01072
01073     #ifdef PGFROISUPPORT
01074     if (ROIisSupported()) {
01075         const int lastChannel = m_header.channels - 1;
01076
01077         for (int i=0; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
01078             // get number of tiles and tile indices
01079             const UINT32 nTiles =
m_wtChannel[i]->GetNoftiles(m_currentLevel);
01080             const UINT32 lastTile = nTiles - 1;

```

```

01081
01082         if (m_currentLevel == m_header.nLevels) {
01083             // last level also has LL band
01084             ASSERT(nTiles == 1);
01085             m_wtChannel[i]->GetSubband(m_currentLevel,
LL)->ExtractTile(*m_encoder);
01086             m_encoder->EncodeTileBuffer(); // encode macro
block with tile-end = true
01087         }
01088         for (UINT32 tileY=0; tileY < nTiles; tileY++) {
01089             for (UINT32 tileX=0; tileX < nTiles; tileX++) {
01090                 // extract tile to macro block and encode
already filled macro blocks with tile-end = false
01091 m_wtChannel[i]->GetSubband(m_currentLevel, HL)->ExtractTile(*m_encoder, true, tileX,
tileY);
01092 m_wtChannel[i]->GetSubband(m_currentLevel, LH)->ExtractTile(*m_encoder, true, tileX,
tileY);
01093 m_wtChannel[i]->GetSubband(m_currentLevel, HH)->ExtractTile(*m_encoder, true, tileX,
tileY);
01094             if (i == lastChannel && tileY == lastTile
&& tileX == lastTile) {
01095                 // all necessary data are
buffered. next call of EncodeTileBuffer will write the last piece of data of the current
level.
01096 m_encoder->SetEncodedLevel(--m_currentLevel);
01097             }
01098             m_encoder->EncodeTileBuffer(); // encode
last macro block with tile-end = true
01099         }
01100     }
01101 }
01102 } else
01103 #endif
01104 {
01105     for (int i=0; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
01106         ASSERT(m_wtChannel[i]);
01107         if (m_currentLevel == m_header.nLevels) {
01108             // last level also has LL band
01109             m_wtChannel[i]->GetSubband(m_currentLevel,
LL)->ExtractTile(*m_encoder);
01110         }
01111         //encoder.EncodeInterleaved(m_wtChannel[i],
m_currentLevel, m_quant); // until version 4
01112 m_wtChannel[i]->GetSubband(m_currentLevel,
HL)->ExtractTile(*m_encoder); // since version 5
01113 m_wtChannel[i]->GetSubband(m_currentLevel,
LH)->ExtractTile(*m_encoder); // since version 5
01114 m_wtChannel[i]->GetSubband(m_currentLevel,
HH)->ExtractTile(*m_encoder);
01115     }
01116
01117     // all necessary data are buffered. next call of EncodeBuffer will
write the last piece of data of the current level.
01118     m_encoder->SetEncodedLevel(--m_currentLevel);
01119 }
01120 }
01121
01122 // Return written levelLength bytes
01123 UINT32 CPGFImage::UpdatePostHeaderSize() {
01124     ASSERT(m_encoder);
01125
01126     INT64 offset = m_encoder->ComputeOffset(); ASSERT(offset >= 0);
01127
01128     if (offset > 0) {
01129         // update post-header size and rewrite pre-header
01130         m_preHeader.hSize += (UINT32)offset;
01131         m_encoder->UpdatePostHeaderSize(m_preHeader);
01132     }
01133
01134     // write dummy levelLength into stream
01135     return m_encoder->WriteLevelLength(m_levelLength);
01136 }
01137 }
01138

```

```

01150 UINT32 CPGFImage::WriteImage(CPGFStream* stream, CallbackPtr cb /*= nullptr*/, void
*data /*= nullptr*/) {
01151     ASSERT(stream);
01152     ASSERT(m_preHeader.hSize);
01153
01154     int levels = m_header.nLevels;
01155     double percent = pow(0.25, levels);
01156
01157     // update post-header size, rewrite pre-header, and write dummy levelLength
01158     UINT32 nWrittenBytes = UpdatePostHeaderSize();
01159
01160     if (levels == 0) {
01161         // for very small images: write channels uncoded
01162         for (int c=0; c < m_header.channels; c++) {
01163             const UINT32 size = m_width[c]*m_height[c];
01164
01165             // write channel data into stream
01166             for (UINT32 i=0; i < size; i++) {
01167                 int count = DataTSize;
01168                 stream->Write(&count, &m_channel[c][i]);
01169             }
01170         }
01171
01172         // now update progress
01173         if (cb) {
01174             if ((*cb)(1, true, data)) ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01175         }
01176     } else {
01177         // encode quantized wavelet coefficients and write to PGF file
01178         // encode subbands, higher levels first
01179         // color channels are interleaved
01180
01181         // encode all levels
01182         for (m_currentLevel = levels; m_currentLevel > 0; ) {
01183             WriteLevel(); // decrements m_currentLevel
01184
01185             // now update progress
01186             if (cb) {
01187                 percent *= 4;
01188                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
01189                     ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01190             }
01191         }
01192
01193         // flush encoder and write level lengths
01194         m_encoder->Flush();
01195     }
01196
01197     // update level lengths
01198     nWrittenBytes += m_encoder->UpdateLevelLength(); // return written image
01199     bytes
01200     // delete encoder
01201     delete m_encoder; m_encoder = nullptr;
01202
01203     ASSERT(!m_encoder);
01204
01205     return nWrittenBytes;
01206 }
01207
01221 void CPGFImage::Write(CPGFStream* stream, UINT32* nWrittenBytes /*= nullptr*/,
CallbackPtr cb /*= nullptr*/, void *data /*= nullptr*/) {
01222     ASSERT(stream);
01223     ASSERT(m_preHeader.hSize);
01224
01225     // create wavelet transform channels and encoder
01226     UINT32 nBytes = WriteHeader(stream);
01227
01228     // write image
01229     nBytes += WriteImage(stream, cb, data);
01230
01231     // return written bytes
01232     if (nWrittenBytes) *nWrittenBytes += nBytes;
01233 }
01234
01235 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__

```

```

01237 // Encode and write down to given level at current stream position.
01238 // A PGF image is structured in levels, numbered between 0 and Levels() - 1.
01239 // Each level can be seen as a single image, containing the same content
01240 // as all other levels, but in a different size (width, height).
01241 // The image size at level i is double the size (width, height) of the image at level
i+1.
01242 // The image at level 0 contains the original size.
01243 // Precondition: the PGF image contains a valid header (see also SetHeader(...)) and
WriteHeader() has been called before.
01244 // The ROI encoding scheme is used.
01245 // It might throw an IOException.
01246 // @param level The image level of the resulting image in the internal image buffer.
01247 // @param cb A pointer to a callback procedure. The procedure is called after writing
a single level. If cb returns true, then it stops proceeding.
01248 // @param data Data Pointer to C++ class container to host callback procedure.
01249 // @return The number of bytes written into stream.
01250 UINT32 CPGFImage::Write(int level, CallbackPtr cb /*= nullptr*/, void *data
/*=nullptr*/) {
01251     ASSERT(m_header.nLevels > 0);
01252     ASSERT(0 <= level && level < m_header.nLevels);
01253     ASSERT(m_encoder);
01254     ASSERT(ROIisSupported());
01255
01256     const int levelDiff = m_currentLevel - level;
01257     double percent = (m_progressMode == PM_Relative) ? pow(0.25, levelDiff) :
m_percent;
01258     UINT32 nWrittenBytes = 0;
01259
01260     if (m_currentLevel == m_header.nLevels) {
01261         // update post-header size, rewrite pre-header, and write dummy
levelLength
01262             nWrittenBytes = UpdatePostHeaderSize();
01263     } else {
01264         // prepare for next level: save current file position, because the
stream might have been reinitialized
01265         if (m_encoder->ComputeBufferLength()) {
01266             m_streamReinitialized = true;
01267         }
01268     }
01269
01270     // encoding scheme with ROI
01271     while (m_currentLevel > level) {
01272         WriteLevel(); // decrements m_currentLevel
01273
01274         if (m_levelLength) {
01275             nWrittenBytes += m_levelLength[m_header.nLevels -
m_currentLevel - 1];
01276         }
01277
01278         // now update progress
01279         if (cb) {
01280             percent *= 4;
01281             if (m_progressMode == PM_Absolute) m_percent = percent;
01282             if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01283         }
01284     }
01285
01286     // automatically closing
01287     if (m_currentLevel == 0) {
01288         if (!m_streamReinitialized) {
01289             // don't write level lengths, if the stream position changed
inbetween two Write operations
01290             m_encoder->UpdateLevelLength();
01291         }
01292         // delete encoder
01293         delete m_encoder; m_encoder = nullptr;
01294     }
01295
01296     return nWrittenBytes;
01297 }
01298 #endif // __PGFROISUPPORT__
01299
01300
01302 // Check for valid import image mode.
01303 // @param mode Image mode
01304 // @return True if an image of given mode can be imported with ImportBitmap(...)

```

```

01305 bool CPGFImage::ImportIsSupported(BYTE mode) {
01306     size_t size = DataTSize;
01307
01308     if (size >= 2) {
01309         switch(mode) {
01310             case ImageModeBitmap:
01311             case ImageModeIndexedColor:
01312             case ImageModeGrayScale:
01313             case ImageModeRGBColor:
01314             case ImageModeCMYKColor:
01315             case ImageModeHSLColor:
01316             case ImageModeHSBColor:
01317             //case ImageModeDuotone:
01318             case ImageModeLabColor:
01319             case ImageModeRGB12:
01320             case ImageModeRGB16:
01321             case ImageModeRGBA:
01322                 return true;
01323         }
01324     }
01325     if (size >= 3) {
01326         switch(mode) {
01327             case ImageModeGray16:
01328             case ImageModeRGB48:
01329             case ImageModeLab48:
01330             case ImageModeCMYK64:
01331             //case ImageModeDuotone16:
01332                 return true;
01333         }
01334     }
01335     if (size >=4) {
01336         switch(mode) {
01337             case ImageModeGray32:
01338                 return true;
01339         }
01340     }
01341     return false;
01342 }
01343
01350 void CPGFImage::GetColorTable(UINT32 iFirstColor, UINT32 nColors, RGBQUAD*
prgbColors) const {
01351     if (iFirstColor + nColors > ColorTableLen)
ReturnWithError(ColorTableError);
01352
01353     for (UINT32 i=iFirstColor, j=0; j < nColors; i++, j++) {
01354         prgbColors[j] = m_postHeader.clut[i];
01355     }
01356 }
01357
01364 void CPGFImage::SetColorTable(UINT32 iFirstColor, UINT32 nColors, const RGBQUAD*
prgbColors) {
01365     if (iFirstColor + nColors > ColorTableLen)
ReturnWithError(ColorTableError);
01366
01367     for (UINT32 i=iFirstColor, j=0; j < nColors; i++, j++) {
01368         m_postHeader.clut[i] = prgbColors[j];
01369     }
01370 }
01371
01373 // Buffer transform from interleaved to channel seperated format
01374 // the absolute value of pitch is the number of bytes of an image row
01375 // if pitch is negative, then buff points to the last row of a bottom-up image (first
byte on last row)
01376 // if pitch is positive, then buff points to the first row of a top-down image (first
byte)
01377 // bpp is the number of bits per pixel used in image buffer buff
01378 //
01379 // RGB is transformed into YUV format (ordering of buffer data is BGR[A])
01380 // Y = (R + 2*G + B)/4 -128
01381 // U = R - G
01382 // V = B - G
01383 //
01384 // Since PGF Codec version 2.0 images are stored in top-down direction
01385 //
01386 // The sequence of input channels in the input image buffer does not need to be the
same as expected from PGF. In case of different sequences you have to

```

```

01387 // provide a channelMap of size of expected channels (depending on image mode). For
01388 // example, PGF expects in RGB color mode a channel sequence BGR.
01389 // If your provided image buffer contains a channel sequence ARGB, then the channelMap
01390 // looks like { 3, 2, 1 }.
01389 void CPGFImage::RgbToYuv(int pitch, UINT8* buff, BYTE bpp, int channelMap[],
01390 CallbackPtr cb, void *data /*=nullptr*/) {
01390     ASSERT(buff);
01391     UINT32 yPos = 0, cnt = 0;
01392     double percent = 0;
01393     const double dP = 1.0/m_header.height;
01394     int defMap[] = { 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 };
01395     ASSERT(sizeof(defMap)/sizeof(defMap[0]) == MaxChannels);
01396     if (channelMap == nullptr) channelMap = defMap;
01397     switch(m_header.mode) {
01398     case ImageModeBitmap:
01399     {
01400         ASSERT(m_header.channels == 1);
01401         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == 1);
01402         ASSERT(bpp == 1);
01403         const UINT32 w = m_header.width;
01404         const UINT32 w2 = (m_header.width + 7)/8;
01405         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
01406         // new unpacked version since version 7
01407         for (UINT32 h = 0; h < m_header.height; h++) {
01408             if (cb) {
01409                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
01410                     ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01411                 percent += dP;
01412             }
01413             cnt = 0;
01414             for (UINT32 j = 0; j < w2; j++) {
01415                 UINT8 byte = buff[j];
01416                 for (int k = 0; k < 8; k++) {
01417                     UINT8 bit = (byte & 0x80) >> 7;
01418                     if (cnt < w) y[yPos++] = bit;
01419                     byte <<= 1;
01420                     cnt++;
01421                 }
01422             }
01423             buff += pitch;
01424         }
01425         /* old version: packed values: 8 pixels in 1 byte
01426         for (UINT32 h = 0; h < m_header.height; h++) {
01427             if (cb) {
01428                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
01429                     ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01430                 percent += dP;
01431             }
01432             for (UINT32 j = 0; j < w2; j++) {
01433                 y[yPos++] = buff[j] - YUVoffset8;
01434             }
01435             // version 5 and 6
01436             // for (UINT32 j = w2; j < w; j++) {
01437             //     y[yPos++] = YUVoffset8;
01438             // }
01439             buff += pitch;
01440         }
01441         */
01442     }
01443     break;
01444     case ImageModeIndexedColor:
01445     case ImageModeGrayscale:
01446     case ImageModeHSLColor:
01447     case ImageModeHSBColor:
01448     case ImageModeLabColor:
01449     {
01450         ASSERT(m_header.channels >= 1);
01451         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*8);
01452         ASSERT(bpp%8 == 0);
01453         const int channels = bpp/8; ASSERT(channels >=
01454 m_header.channels);
01455

```

```

01457         for (UINT32 h=0; h < m_header.height; h++) {
01458             if (cb) {
01459                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01460                 percent += dP;
01461             }
01462
01463             cnt = 0;
01464             for (UINT32 w=0; w < m_header.width; w++) {
01465                 for (int c=0; c < m_header.channels; c++)
01466                     m_channel[c][yPos] = buff[cnt +
channelMap[c] - YUVoffset8;
01467                 }
01468                 cnt += channels;
01469                 yPos++;
01470             }
01471             buff += pitch;
01472         }
01473     }
01474     break;
01475     case ImageModeGray16:
01476     case ImageModeLab48:
01477     {
01478         ASSERT(m_header.channels >= 1);
01479         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*16);
01480         ASSERT(bpp%16 == 0);
01481
01482         UINT16 *buff16 = (UINT16 *)buff;
01483         const int pitch16 = pitch/2;
01484         const int channels = bpp/16; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
01485         const int shift = 16 - UsedBitsPerChannel(); ASSERT(shift
>= 0);
01486         const DataT yuvOffset16 = 1 << (UsedBitsPerChannel() - 1);
01487
01488         for (UINT32 h=0; h < m_header.height; h++) {
01489             if (cb) {
01490                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01491                 percent += dP;
01492             }
01493
01494             cnt = 0;
01495             for (UINT32 w=0; w < m_header.width; w++) {
01496                 for (int c=0; c < m_header.channels; c++)
01497                     m_channel[c][yPos] = (buff16[cnt
+ channelMap[c]] >> shift) - yuvOffset16;
01498                 }
01499                 cnt += channels;
01500                 yPos++;
01501             }
01502             buff16 += pitch16;
01503         }
01504     }
01505     break;
01506     case ImageModeRGBColor:
01507     {
01508         ASSERT(m_header.channels == 3);
01509         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*8);
01510         ASSERT(bpp%8 == 0);
01511
01512         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
01513         DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
01514         DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
01515         const int channels = bpp/8; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
01516         UINT8 b, g, r;
01517
01518         for (UINT32 h=0; h < m_header.height; h++) {
01519             if (cb) {
01520                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01521                 percent += dP;
01522             }
01523

```



```

01524             cnt = 0;
01525             for (UINT32 w=0; w < m_header.width; w++) {
01526                 b = buff[cnt + channelMap[0]];
01527                 g = buff[cnt + channelMap[1]];
01528                 r = buff[cnt + channelMap[2]];
01529                 // Yuv
01530                 y[yPos] = ((b + (g << 1) + r) >> 2) -
YUVoffset8;
01531                 u[yPos] = r - g;
01532                 v[yPos] = b - g;
01533                 yPos++;
01534                 cnt += channels;
01535             }
01536             buff += pitch;
01537         }
01538     }
01539     break;
01540     case ImageModeRGB48:
01541     {
01542         ASSERT(m_header.channels == 3);
01543         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*16);
01544         ASSERT(bpp%16 == 0);
01545
01546         UINT16 *buff16 = (UINT16 *)buff;
01547         const int pitch16 = pitch/2;
01548         const int channels = bpp/16; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
01549         const int shift = 16 - UsedBitsPerChannel(); ASSERT(shift
>= 0);
01550         const DataT yuvOffset16 = 1 << (UsedBitsPerChannel() - 1);
01551
01552         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
01553         DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
01554         DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
01555         UINT16 b, g, r;
01556
01557         for (UINT32 h=0; h < m_header.height; h++) {
01558             if (cb) {
01559                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError (EscapePressed);
01560                 percent += dP;
01561             }
01562
01563             cnt = 0;
01564             for (UINT32 w=0; w < m_header.width; w++) {
01565                 b = buff16[cnt + channelMap[0]] >> shift;
01566                 g = buff16[cnt + channelMap[1]] >> shift;
01567                 r = buff16[cnt + channelMap[2]] >> shift;
01568                 // Yuv
01569                 y[yPos] = ((b + (g << 1) + r) >> 2) -
yuvOffset16;
01570                 u[yPos] = r - g;
01571                 v[yPos] = b - g;
01572                 yPos++;
01573                 cnt += channels;
01574             }
01575             buff16 += pitch16;
01576         }
01577     }
01578     break;
01579     case ImageModeRGBA:
01580     case ImageModeCMYKColor:
01581     {
01582         ASSERT(m_header.channels == 4);
01583         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*8);
01584         ASSERT(bpp%8 == 0);
01585         const int channels = bpp/8; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
01586
01587         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
01588         DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
01589         DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
01590         DataT* a = m_channel[3]; ASSERT(a);
01591         UINT8 b, g, r;
01592
01593         for (UINT32 h=0; h < m_header.height; h++) {
01594             if (cb) {

```

```

01595                                     if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01596                                     percent += dP;
01597                                     }
01598
01599                                     cnt = 0;
01600                                     for (UINT32 w=0; w < m_header.width; w++) {
01601                                         b = buff[cnt + channelMap[0]];
01602                                         g = buff[cnt + channelMap[1]];
01603                                         r = buff[cnt + channelMap[2]];
01604                                         // Yuv
01605                                         y[yPos] = ((b + (g << 1) + r) >> 2) -
YUVoffset8;
01606                                         u[yPos] = r - g;
01607                                         v[yPos] = b - g;
01608                                         a[yPos++] = buff[cnt + channelMap[3]] -
YUVoffset8;
01609                                         cnt += channels;
01610                                     }
01611                                     buff += pitch;
01612                                 }
01613                             }
01614                             break;
01615                         case ImageModeCMYK64:
01616                             {
01617                                 ASSERT(m_header.channels == 4);
01618                                 ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*16);
01619                                 ASSERT(bpp%16 == 0);
01620
01621                                 UINT16 *buff16 = (UINT16 *)buff;
01622                                 const int pitch16 = pitch/2;
01623                                 const int channels = bpp/16; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
01624                                 const int shift = 16 - UsedBitsPerChannel(); ASSERT(shift
>= 0);
01625                                 const DataT yuvOffset16 = 1 << (UsedBitsPerChannel() - 1);
01626
01627                                 DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
01628                                 DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
01629                                 DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
01630                                 DataT* a = m_channel[3]; ASSERT(a);
01631                                 UINT16 b, g, r;
01632
01633                                 for (UINT32 h=0; h < m_header.height; h++) {
01634                                     if (cb) {
01635                                         if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01636                                         percent += dP;
01637                                     }
01638
01639                                     cnt = 0;
01640                                     for (UINT32 w=0; w < m_header.width; w++) {
01641                                         b = buff16[cnt + channelMap[0]] >> shift;
01642                                         g = buff16[cnt + channelMap[1]] >> shift;
01643                                         r = buff16[cnt + channelMap[2]] >> shift;
01644                                         // Yuv
01645                                         y[yPos] = ((b + (g << 1) + r) >> 2) -
yuvOffset16;
01646                                         u[yPos] = r - g;
01647                                         v[yPos] = b - g;
01648                                         a[yPos++] = (buff16[cnt + channelMap[3]]
>> shift) - yuvOffset16;
01649                                         cnt += channels;
01650                                     }
01651                                     buff16 += pitch16;
01652                                 }
01653                             }
01654                             break;
01655                         #ifdef PGF32SUPPORT
01656                         case ImageModeGray32:
01657                             {
01658                                 ASSERT(m_header.channels == 1);
01659                                 ASSERT(m_header.bpp == 32);
01660                                 ASSERT(bpp == 32);
01661                                 ASSERT(DataTSize == sizeof(UINT32));
01662
01663                                 DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);

```

```

01664
01665         UINT32 *buff32 = (UINT32 *)buff;
01666         const int pitch32 = pitch/4;
01667         const int shift = 31 - UsedBitsPerChannel(); ASSERT(shift
01668 >= 0);
01669         const DataT yuvOffset31 = 1 << (UsedBitsPerChannel() - 1);
01670         for (UINT32 h=0; h < m_header.height; h++) {
01671             if (cb) {
01672                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01673                 percent += dP;
01674             }
01675         for (UINT32 w=0; w < m_header.width; w++) {
01676             y[yPos++] = (buff32[w] >> shift) -
yuvOffset31;
01677         }
01678         buff32 += pitch32;
01679     }
01680 }
01681 }
01682     break;
01683 #endif
01684     case ImageModeRGB12:
01685     {
01686         ASSERT(m_header.channels == 3);
01687         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*4);
01688         ASSERT(bpp == m_header.channels*4);
01689
01690         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
01691         DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
01692         DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
01693
01694         UINT8 rgb = 0, b, g, r;
01695
01696         for (UINT32 h=0; h < m_header.height; h++) {
01697             if (cb) {
01698                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01699                 percent += dP;
01700             }
01701
01702             cnt = 0;
01703             for (UINT32 w=0; w < m_header.width; w++) {
01704                 if (w%2 == 0) {
01705                     // even pixel position
01706                     rgb = buff[cnt];
01707                     b = rgb & 0x0F;
01708                     g = (rgb & 0xF0) >> 4;
01709                     cnt++;
01710                     rgb = buff[cnt];
01711                     r = rgb & 0x0F;
01712                 } else {
01713                     // odd pixel position
01714                     b = (rgb & 0xF0) >> 4;
01715                     cnt++;
01716                     rgb = buff[cnt];
01717                     g = rgb & 0x0F;
01718                     r = (rgb & 0xF0) >> 4;
01719                     cnt++;
01720                 }
01721
01722                 // Yuv
01723                 y[yPos] = ((b + (g << 1) + r) >> 2) -
YUVoffset4;
01724                 u[yPos] = r - g;
01725                 v[yPos] = b - g;
01726                 yPos++;
01727             }
01728             buff += pitch;
01729         }
01730     }
01731     break;
01732     case ImageModeRGB16:
01733     {
01734         ASSERT(m_header.channels == 3);
01735         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == 16);

```

```

01736             ASSERT(bpp == 16);
01737
01738             DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
01739             DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
01740             DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
01741
01742             UINT16 *buff16 = (UINT16 *)buff;
01743             UINT16 rgb, b, g, r;
01744             const int pitch16 = pitch/2;
01745
01746             for (UINT32 h=0; h < m_header.height; h++) {
01747                 if (cb) {
01748                     if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01749                     percent += dP;
01750                 }
01751                 for (UINT32 w=0; w < m_header.width; w++) {
01752                     rgb = buff16[w];
01753                     r = (rgb & 0xF800) >> 10;           // highest
5 bits
01754                     g = (rgb & 0x07E0) >> 5;           // middle
6 bits
01755                     b = (rgb & 0x001F) << 1;           // lowest
5 bits
01756                     // Yuv
01757                     y[yPos] = ((b + (g << 1) + r) >> 2) -
YUVOffset6;
01758                     u[yPos] = r - g;
01759                     v[yPos] = b - g;
01760                     yPos++;
01761                 }
01762                 buff16 += pitch16;
01763             }
01764         }
01765         }
01766         break;
01767     default:
01768         ASSERT(false);
01769     }
01770 }
01771
01772 // Get image data in interleaved format: (ordering of RGB data is BGR[A])
01773 // Upsampling, YUV to RGB transform and interleaving are done here to reduce the number
01774 // of passes over the data.
01775 // The absolute value of pitch is the number of bytes of an image row of the given
01776 // image buffer.
01777 // If pitch is negative, then the image buffer must point to the last row of a bottom-up
01778 // image (first byte on last row).
01779 // if pitch is positive, then the image buffer must point to the first row of a top-down
01780 // image (first byte).
01781 // The sequence of output channels in the output image buffer does not need to be
01782 // the same as provided by PGF. In case of different sequences you have to
01783 // provide a channelMap of size of expected channels (depending on image mode). For
01784 // example, PGF provides a channel sequence BGR in RGB color mode.
01785 // If your provided image buffer expects a channel sequence ARGB, then the channelMap
01786 // looks like { 3, 2, 1 }.
01787 // It might throw an IOException.
01788 // @param pitch The number of bytes of a row of the image buffer.
01789 // @param buff An image buffer.
01790 // @param bpp The number of bits per pixel used in image buffer.
01791 // @param channelMap A integer array containing the mapping of PGF channel ordering
01792 // to expected channel ordering.
01793 // @param cb A pointer to a callback procedure. The procedure is called after each
01794 // copied buffer row. If cb returns true, then it stops proceeding.
01795 // @param data Data Pointer to C++ class container to host callback procedure.
01796 void CPGFImage::GetBitmap(int pitch, UINT8* buff, BYTE bpp, int channelMap[] /*=
nullptr*/, CallbackPtr cb /*= nullptr*/, void *data /*=nullptr*/) const {
01797     ASSERT(buff);
01798     UINT32 w = m_width[0]; // width of decoded image
01799     UINT32 h = m_height[0]; // height of decoded image
01800     UINT32 yw = w; // y-channel width
01801     UINT32 uw = m_width[1]; // u-channel width
01802     UINT32 roiOffsetX = 0;
01803     UINT32 roiOffsetY = 0;
01804     UINT32 yOffset = 0;
01805     UINT32 uOffset = 0;
01806 }

```

```

01800 #ifndef __PGFROISUPPORT__
01801     const PGFRect& roi = GetAlignedROI(); // in pixels, roi is usually larger
than levelRoi
01802     ASSERT(w == roi.Width() && h == roi.Height());
01803     const PGFRect levelRoi = ComputeLevelROI();
01804     ASSERT(roi.left <= levelRoi.left && levelRoi.right <= roi.right);
01805     ASSERT(roi.top <= levelRoi.top && levelRoi.bottom <= roi.bottom);
01806
01807     if (ROIisSupported() && (levelRoi.Width() < w || levelRoi.Height() < h)) {
01808         // ROI is used
01809         w = levelRoi.Width();
01810         h = levelRoi.Height();
01811         roiOffsetX = levelRoi.left - roi.left;
01812         roiOffsetY = levelRoi.top - roi.top;
01813         yOffset = roiOffsetX + roiOffsetY*yw;
01814
01815         if (m_downsample) {
01816             const PGFRect& downsampledRoi = GetAlignedROI(1);
01817             uOffset = levelRoi.left/2 - downsampledRoi.left +
(levelRoi.top/2 - downsampledRoi.top)*m_width[1];
01818         } else {
01819             uOffset = yOffset;
01820         }
01821     }
01822 #endif
01823
01824     const double dP = 1.0/h;
01825     int defMap[] = { 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 };
ASSERT(sizeof(defMap)/sizeof(defMap[0]) == MaxChannels);
01826     if (channelMap == nullptr) channelMap = defMap;
01827     DataT uAvg, vAvg;
01828     double percent = 0;
01829     UINT32 i, j;
01830
01831     switch(m_header.mode) {
01832     case ImageModeBitmap:
01833         {
01834             ASSERT(m_header.channels == 1);
01835             ASSERT(m_header.bpp == 1);
01836             ASSERT(bpp == 1);
01837
01838             const UINT32 w2 = (w + 7)/8;
01839             DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
01840
01841             if (m_preHeader.version & Version7) {
01842                 // new unpacked version has a little better
compression ratio
01843                 // since version 7
01844                 for (i = 0; i < h; i++) {
01845                     UINT32 cnt = 0;
01846                     for (j = 0; j < w2; j++) {
01847                         UINT8 byte = 0;
01848                         for (int k = 0; k < 8; k++) {
01849                             byte <<= 1;
01850                             UINT8 bit = 0;
01851                             if (cnt < w) {
01852                                 bit = y[yOffset +
cnt] & 1;
01853                             }
01854                             byte |= bit;
01855                             cnt++;
01856                         }
01857                         buff[j] = byte;
01858                     }
01859                     yOffset += yw;
01860                     buff += pitch;
01861
01862                     if (cb) {
01863                         percent += dP;
01864                         if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01865                     }
01866                 }
01867             } else {
01868                 // old versions
01869                 // packed pixels: 8 pixel in 1 byte of channel[0]

```

```

01870                                     if (!(m_preHeader.version & Version5)) yw = w2; //
not version 5 or 6
01871                                     yOffset = roiOffsetX/8 + roiOffsetY*yw; // 1 byte
in y contains 8 pixel values
01872                                     for (i = 0; i < h; i++) {
01873                                         for (j = 0; j < w2; j++) {
01874                                             buff[j] = Clamp8(y[yOffset + j] +
YUVoffset8);
01875                                         }
01876                                         yOffset += yw;
01877                                         buff += pitch;
01878
01879                                         if (cb) {
01880                                             percent += dP;
01881                                             if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01882                                     }
01883                                 }
01884                             }
01885                             break;
01886                         }
01887                         case ImageModeIndexedColor:
01888                         case ImageModeGrayScale:
01889                         case ImageModeHSLColor:
01890                         case ImageModeHSBColor:
01891                         {
01892                             ASSERT(m_header.channels >= 1);
01893                             ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*8);
01894                             ASSERT(bpp%8 == 0);
01895
01896                             UINT32 cnt, channels = bpp/8; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
01897
01898                             for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
01899                                 UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
01900                                 cnt = 0;
01901                                 for (j=0; j < w; j++) {
01902                                     for (UINT32 c=0; c < m_header.channels;
c++) {
01903                                         buff[cnt + channelMap[c]] =
Clamp8(m_channel[c][yPos] + YUVoffset8);
01904                                     }
01905                                     cnt += channels;
01906                                     yPos++;
01907                                 }
01908                                 yOffset += yw;
01909                                 buff += pitch;
01910
01911                                 if (cb) {
01912                                     percent += dP;
01913                                     if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01914                                 }
01915                             }
01916                             break;
01917                         }
01918                         case ImageModeGray16:
01919                         {
01920                             ASSERT(m_header.channels >= 1);
01921                             ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*16);
01922
01923                             const DataT yuvOffset16 = 1 << (UsedBitsPerChannel() - 1);
01924                             UINT32 cnt, channels;
01925
01926                             if (bpp%16 == 0) {
01927                                 const int shift = 16 - UsedBitsPerChannel();
ASSERT(shift >= 0);
01928                                 UINT16 *buff16 = (UINT16 *)buff;
01929                                 int pitch16 = pitch/2;
01930                                 channels = bpp/16; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
01931
01932                                 for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
01933                                     UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
01934                                     cnt = 0;
01935                                     for (j=0; j < w; j++) {

```

```

01936                                     for (UINT32 c=0; c <
m_header.channels; c++) {
01937                                     buff16[cnt +
channelMap[c]] = Clamp16((m_channel[c][yPos] + yuvOffset16) << shift);
01938                                     }
01939                                     cnt += channels;
01940                                     yPos++;
01941                                     }
01942                                     yOffset += yw;
01943                                     buff16 += pitch16;
01944
01945                                     if (cb) {
01946                                         percent += dP;
01947                                         if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01948                                     }
01949                                     }
01950                                     } else {
01951                                         ASSERT(bpp%8 == 0);
01952                                         const int shift = __max(0, UsedBitsPerChannel() -
8);
01953                                         channels = bpp/8; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
01954
01955                                         for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
01956                                             UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
01957                                             cnt = 0;
01958                                             for (j=0; j < w; j++) {
01959                                                 for (UINT32 c=0; c <
m_header.channels; c++) {
01960                                                     buff[cnt + channelMap[c]]
= Clamp8((m_channel[c][yPos] + yuvOffset16) >> shift);
01961                                                     }
01962                                                     cnt += channels;
01963                                                     yPos++;
01964                                                     }
01965                                                     yOffset += yw;
01966                                                     buff += pitch;
01967
01968                                                     if (cb) {
01969                                                         percent += dP;
01970                                                         if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
01971                                                     }
01972                                                     }
01973                                         }
01974                                         break;
01975                                     }
01976                                     case ImageModeRGBColor:
01977                                     {
01978                                         ASSERT(m_header.channels == 3);
01979                                         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*8);
01980                                         ASSERT(bpp%8 == 0);
01981                                         ASSERT(bpp >= m_header.bpp);
01982
01983                                         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
01984                                         DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
01985                                         DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
01986                                         UINT8 *buffg = &buff[channelMap[1]],
01987                                                 *buffr = &buff[channelMap[2]],
01988                                                 *buffb = &buff[channelMap[0]];
01989                                         UINT8 g;
01990                                         UINT32 cnt, channels = bpp/8;
01991
01992                                         if (m_downsample) {
01993                                             for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
01994                                                 UINT32 uPos = uOffset;
01995                                                 UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
01996                                                 cnt = 0;
01997                                                 for (j=0; j < w; j++) {
01998                                                     // u and v are downsampled
01999                                                     uAvg = u[uPos];
02000                                                     vAvg = v[uPos];
02001                                                     // Yuv
02002                                                     buffg[cnt] = g = Clamp8(y[yPos] +
YUVoffset8 - ((uAvg + vAvg) >> 2)); // must be logical shift operator
02003                                                     buffr[cnt] = Clamp8(uAvg + g);

```

```

02004             buffb[cnt] = Clamp8(vAvg + g);
02005             cnt += channels;
02006             if (j & 1) uPos++;
02007             yPos++;
02008         }
02009         if (i & 1) uOffset += uw;
02010         yOffset += yw;
02011         buffb += pitch;
02012         buffg += pitch;
02013         buffr += pitch;
02014     }
02015     if (cb) {
02016         percent += dP;
02017         if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02018     }
02019     }
02020 }
02021     } else {
02022         for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02023             cnt = 0;
02024             UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
02025             for (j = 0; j < w; j++) {
02026                 uAvg = u[yPos];
02027                 vAvg = v[yPos];
02028                 // Yuv
02029                 buffg[cnt] = g = Clamp8(y[yPos] +
YUVoffset8 - ((uAvg + vAvg) >> 2)); // must be logical shift operator
02030                 buffr[cnt] = Clamp8(uAvg + g);
02031                 buffb[cnt] = Clamp8(vAvg + g);
02032                 cnt += channels;
02033                 yPos++;
02034             }
02035             yOffset += yw;
02036             buffb += pitch;
02037             buffg += pitch;
02038             buffr += pitch;
02039         }
02040         if (cb) {
02041             percent += dP;
02042             if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02043         }
02044     }
02045 }
02046     break;
02047 }
02048     case ImageModeRGB48:
02049     {
02050         ASSERT(m_header.channels == 3);
02051         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == 48);
02052
02053         const DataT yuvOffset16 = 1 << (UsedBitsPerChannel() - 1);
02054
02055         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
02056         DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
02057         DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
02058         UINT32 cnt, channels;
02059         DataT g;
02060
02061         if (bpp >= 48 && bpp%16 == 0) {
02062             const int shift = 16 - UsedBitsPerChannel();
ASSERT(shift >= 0);
02063             UINT16 *buff16 = (UINT16 *)buff;
02064             int pitch16 = pitch/2;
02065             channels = bpp/16; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
02066
02067             for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02068                 UINT32 uPos = uOffset;
02069                 UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
02070                 cnt = 0;
02071                 for (j=0; j < w; j++) {
02072                     uAvg = u[uPos];
02073                     vAvg = v[uPos];
02074                     // Yuv

```



```

02075                                     g = y[yPos] + yuvOffset16 - ((uAvg
+ vAvg ) >> 2); // must be logical shift operator
02076                                     buff16[cnt + channelMap[1]] =
Clamp16(g << shift);
02077                                     buff16[cnt + channelMap[2]] =
Clamp16((uAvg + g) << shift);
02078                                     buff16[cnt + channelMap[0]] =
Clamp16((vAvg + g) << shift);
02079                                     cnt += channels;
02080                                     if (!m_downsample || (j & 1))
uPos++;
02081                                     yPos++;
02082                                     }
02083                                     if (!m_downsample || (i & 1)) uOffset += uw;
02084                                     yOffset += yw;
02085                                     buff16 += pitch16;
02086
02087                                     if (cb) {
02088                                         percent += dP;
02089                                         if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02090                                     }
02091                                     }
02092                                     } else {
02093                                         ASSERT(bpp%8 == 0);
02094                                         const int shift = __max(0, UsedBitsPerChannel() -
8);
02095                                         channels = bpp/8; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
02096
02097                                         for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02098                                             UINT32 uPos = uOffset;
02099                                             UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
02100                                             cnt = 0;
02101                                             for (j=0; j < w; j++) {
02102                                                 uAvg = u[uPos];
02103                                                 vAvg = v[uPos];
02104                                                 // Yuv
02105                                                 g = y[yPos] + yuvOffset16 - ((uAvg
+ vAvg ) >> 2); // must be logical shift operator
02106                                                 buff[cnt + channelMap[1]] =
Clamp8(g >> shift);
02107                                                 buff[cnt + channelMap[2]] =
Clamp8((uAvg + g) >> shift);
02108                                                 buff[cnt + channelMap[0]] =
Clamp8((vAvg + g) >> shift);
02109                                                 cnt += channels;
02110                                                 if (!m_downsample || (j & 1))
uPos++;
02111                                                 yPos++;
02112                                             }
02113                                             if (!m_downsample || (i & 1)) uOffset += uw;
02114                                             yOffset += yw;
02115                                             buff += pitch;
02116
02117                                             if (cb) {
02118                                                 percent += dP;
02119                                                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02120                                             }
02121                                         }
02122                                     }
02123                                     break;
02124                                 }
02125                                 case ImageModeLabColor:
02126                                     {
02127                                         ASSERT(m_header.channels == 3);
02128                                         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*8);
02129                                         ASSERT(bpp%8 == 0);
02130
02131                                         DataT* l = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(l);
02132                                         DataT* a = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(a);
02133                                         DataT* b = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(b);
02134                                         UINT32 cnt, channels = bpp/8; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
02135
02136                                         for (i=0; i < h; i++) {

```

```

02137             UINT32 uPos = uOffset;
02138             UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
02139             cnt = 0;
02140             for (j=0; j < w; j++) {
02141                 uAvg = a[uPos];
02142                 vAvg = b[uPos];
02143                 buff[cnt + channelMap[0]] = Clamp8(l[yPos]
+ YUVoffset8);
02144                 buff[cnt + channelMap[1]] = Clamp8(uAvg +
YUVoffset8);
02145                 buff[cnt + channelMap[2]] = Clamp8(vAvg +
YUVoffset8);
02146                 cnt += channels;
02147                 if (!m_downsample || (j & 1)) uPos++;
02148                 yPos++;
02149             }
02150             if (!m_downsample || (i & 1)) uOffset += uw;
02151             yOffset += yw;
02152             buff += pitch;
02153
02154             if (cb) {
02155                 percent += dP;
02156                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02157             }
02158         }
02159         break;
02160     }
02161     case ImageModeLab48:
02162     {
02163         ASSERT(m_header.channels == 3);
02164         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*16);
02165
02166         const DataT yuvOffset16 = 1 << (UsedBitsPerChannel() - 1);
02167
02168         DataT* l = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(l);
02169         DataT* a = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(a);
02170         DataT* b = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(b);
02171         UINT32 cnt, channels;
02172
02173         if (bpp%16 == 0) {
02174             const int shift = 16 - UsedBitsPerChannel();
02175             ASSERT(shift >= 0);
02176             UINT16 *buff16 = (UINT16 *)buff;
02177             int pitch16 = pitch/2;
02178             channels = bpp/16; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
02179             for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02180                 UINT32 uPos = uOffset;
02181                 UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
02182                 cnt = 0;
02183                 for (j=0; j < w; j++) {
02184                     uAvg = a[uPos];
02185                     vAvg = b[uPos];
02186                     buff16[cnt + channelMap[0]] =
Clamp16((l[yPos] + yuvOffset16) << shift);
02187                     buff16[cnt + channelMap[1]] =
Clamp16((uAvg + yuvOffset16) << shift);
02188                     buff16[cnt + channelMap[2]] =
Clamp16((vAvg + yuvOffset16) << shift);
02189                     cnt += channels;
02190                     if (!m_downsample || (j & 1))
uPos++;
02191                     yPos++;
02192                 }
02193                 if (!m_downsample || (i & 1)) uOffset += uw;
02194                 yOffset += yw;
02195                 buff16 += pitch16;
02196
02197                 if (cb) {
02198                     percent += dP;
02199                     if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02200                 }
02201             }
02202         } else {

```

```

02203         ASSERT(bpp%8 == 0);
02204         const int shift = __max(0, UsedBitsPerChannel() -
02205         8);
02206         channels = bpp/8; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
02207         for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02208             UINT32 uPos = uOffset;
02209             UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
02210             cnt = 0;
02211             for (j=0; j < w; j++) {
02212                 uAvg = a[uPos];
02213                 vAvg = b[uPos];
02214                 buff[cnt + channelMap[0]] =
Clamp8((l[yPos] + yuvOffset16) >> shift);
02215                 buff[cnt + channelMap[1]] =
Clamp8((uAvg + yuvOffset16) >> shift);
02216                 buff[cnt + channelMap[2]] =
Clamp8((vAvg + yuvOffset16) >> shift);
02217                 cnt += channels;
02218                 if (!m_downsample || (j & 1))
uPos++;
02219                 yPos++;
02220             }
02221             if (!m_downsample || (i & 1)) uOffset += uw;
02222             yOffset += yw;
02223             buff += pitch;
02224         }
02225         if (cb) {
02226             percent += dP;
02227             if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02228     }
02229     }
02230     }
02231     break;
02232 }
02233 case ImageModeRGBA:
02234 case ImageModeCMYKColor:
02235     {
02236         ASSERT(m_header.channels == 4);
02237         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*8);
02238         ASSERT(bpp%8 == 0);
02239
02240         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
02241         DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
02242         DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
02243         DataT* a = m_channel[3]; ASSERT(a);
02244         UINT8 g, aAvg;
02245         UINT32 cnt, channels = bpp/8; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
02246
02247         for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02248             UINT32 uPos = uOffset;
02249             UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
02250             cnt = 0;
02251             for (j=0; j < w; j++) {
02252                 uAvg = u[uPos];
02253                 vAvg = v[uPos];
02254                 aAvg = Clamp8(a[uPos] + YUVoffset8);
02255                 // Yuv
02256                 buff[cnt + channelMap[1]] = g =
Clamp8(y[yPos] + YUVoffset8 - ((uAvg + vAvg) >> 2)); // must be logical shift operator
02257                 buff[cnt + channelMap[2]] = Clamp8(uAvg +
g);
02258                 buff[cnt + channelMap[0]] = Clamp8(vAvg +
g);
02259                 buff[cnt + channelMap[3]] = aAvg;
02260                 cnt += channels;
02261                 if (!m_downsample || (j & 1)) uPos++;
02262                 yPos++;
02263             }
02264             if (!m_downsample || (i & 1)) uOffset += uw;
02265             yOffset += yw;
02266             buff += pitch;
02267         }
02268         if (cb) {

```

```

02269                                     percent += dP;
02270                                     if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02271                                     }
02272                                     }
02273                                     break;
02274                                     }
02275     case ImageModeCMYK64:
02276     {
02277         ASSERT(m_header.channels == 4);
02278         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == 64);
02279
02280         const DataT yuvOffset16 = 1 << (UsedBitsPerChannel() - 1);
02281
02282         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
02283         DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
02284         DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
02285         DataT* a = m_channel[3]; ASSERT(a);
02286         DataT g, aAvg;
02287         UINT32 cnt, channels;
02288
02289         if (bpp%16 == 0) {
02290             const int shift = 16 - UsedBitsPerChannel();
02291             ASSERT(shift >= 0);
02292             UINT16 *buff16 = (UINT16 *)buff;
02293             int pitch16 = pitch/2;
02294             channels = bpp/16; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
02295
02296             for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02297                 UINT32 uPos = uOffset;
02298                 UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
02299                 cnt = 0;
02300                 for (j=0; j < w; j++) {
02301                     uAvg = u[uPos];
02302                     vAvg = v[uPos];
02303                     aAvg = a[uPos] + yuvOffset16;
02304                     // Yuv
02305                     g = y[yPos] + yuvOffset16 - ((uAvg
+ vAvg) >> 2); // must be logical shift operator
02306                     buff16[cnt + channelMap[1]] =
Clamp16(g << shift);
02307                     buff16[cnt + channelMap[2]] =
Clamp16((uAvg + g) << shift);
02308                     buff16[cnt + channelMap[0]] =
Clamp16((vAvg + g) << shift);
02309                     buff16[cnt + channelMap[3]] =
Clamp16(aAvg << shift);
02310                     cnt += channels;
02311                     if (!m_downsample || (j & 1))
yPos++;
02312                 }
02313                 if (!m_downsample || (i & 1)) uOffset += uw;
02314                 yOffset += yw;
02315                 buff16 += pitch16;
02316
02317                 if (cb) {
02318                     percent += dP;
02319                     if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02320                 }
02321             }
02322         } else {
02323             ASSERT(bpp%8 == 0);
02324             const int shift = __max(0, UsedBitsPerChannel() -
8);
02325             channels = bpp/8; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
02326
02327             for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02328                 UINT32 uPos = uOffset;
02329                 UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
02330                 cnt = 0;
02331                 for (j=0; j < w; j++) {
02332                     uAvg = u[uPos];
02333                     vAvg = v[uPos];

```

```

02334         aAvg = a[uPos] + yuvOffset16;
02335         // Yuv
02336         g = y[yPos] + yuvOffset16 - ((uAvg
+ vAvg ) >> 2); // must be logical shift operator
02337         buff[cnt + channelMap[1]] =
02338         buff[cnt + channelMap[2]] =
02339         buff[cnt + channelMap[0]] =
02340         buff[cnt + channelMap[3]] =
02341         cnt += channels;
02342         if (!m_downsample || (j & 1))
02343             yPos++;
02344     }
02345     if (!m_downsample || (i & 1)) uOffset += uw;
02346     yOffset += yw;
02347     buff += pitch;
02348
02349     if (cb) {
02350         percent += dP;
02351         if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
02352             }
02353     }
02354 }
02355 break;
02356 }
02357 #ifdef __PGF32SUPPORT__
02358     case ImageModeGray32:
02359     {
02360         ASSERT(m_header.channels == 1);
02361         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == 32);
02362
02363         const int yuvOffset31 = 1 << (UsedBitsPerChannel() - 1);
02364         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
02365
02366         if (bpp == 32) {
02367             const int shift = 31 - UsedBitsPerChannel();
02368             ASSERT(shift >= 0);
02369             UINT32 *buff32 = (UINT32 *)buff;
02370             int pitch32 = pitch/4;
02371
02372             for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02373                 UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
02374                 for (j = 0; j < w; j++) {
02375                     buff32[j] = Clamp31((y[yPos++] +
yuvOffset31) << shift);
02376                 }
02377                 yOffset += yw;
02378                 buff32 += pitch32;
02379
02380                 if (cb) {
02381                     percent += dP;
02382                     if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
02383                         }
02384             }
02385         } else if (bpp == 16) {
02386             const int usedBits = UsedBitsPerChannel();
02387             UINT16 *buff16 = (UINT16 *)buff;
02388             int pitch16 = pitch/2;
02389
02390             if (usedBits < 16) {
02391                 const int shift = 16 - usedBits;
02392                 for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02393                     UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
02394                     for (j = 0; j < w; j++) {
02395                         buff16[j] =
02396                         Clamp16((y[yPos++] + yuvOffset31) << shift);
02397                     }
02398                     yOffset += yw;
02399                     buff16 += pitch16;
02400
02401                     if (cb) {

```

```

02400                                     percent += dP;
02401                                     if ((*cb)(percent, true,
data)) ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02402                                     }
02403                                     }
02404                                     } else {
02405                                     const int shift = __max(0, usedBits - 16);
02406                                     for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02407                                     UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
02408                                     for (j = 0; j < w; j++) {
02409                                     buff16[j] =
Clamp16((y[yPos++] + yuvOffset31) >> shift);
02410                                     }
02411                                     yOffset += yw;
02412                                     buff16 += pitch16;
02413
02414                                     if (cb) {
02415                                     percent += dP;
02416                                     if ((*cb)(percent, true,
data)) ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02417                                     }
02418                                     }
02419                                     }
02420                                     } else {
02421                                     ASSERT(bpp == 8);
02422                                     const int shift = __max(0, UsedBitsPerChannel() -
8);
02423
02424                                     for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02425                                     UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
02426                                     for (j = 0; j < w; j++) {
02427                                     buff[j] = Clamp8((y[yPos++] +
yuvOffset31) >> shift);
02428                                     }
02429                                     yOffset += yw;
02430                                     buff += pitch;
02431
02432                                     if (cb) {
02433                                     percent += dP;
02434                                     if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02435                                     }
02436                                     }
02437                                     }
02438                                     break;
02439                                     }
02440 #endif
02441 case ImageModeRGB12:
02442 {
02443     ASSERT(m_header.channels == 3);
02444     ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*4);
02445     ASSERT(bpp == m_header.channels*4);
02446     ASSERT(!m_downsample);
02447
02448     DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
02449     DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
02450     DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
02451     UINT16 yval;
02452     UINT32 cnt;
02453
02454     for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02455         UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
02456         cnt = 0;
02457         for (j=0; j < w; j++) {
02458             // Yuv
02459             uAvg = u[yPos];
02460             vAvg = v[yPos];
02461             yval = Clamp4(y[yPos] + YUVOffset4 - ((uAvg
+ vAvg ) >> 2)); // must be logical shift operator
02462             if (j%2 == 0) {
02463                 buff[cnt] = UINT8(Clamp4(vAvg +
yval) | (yval << 4));
02464                 cnt++;
02465                 buff[cnt] = Clamp4(uAvg + yval);
02466             } else {
02467                 buff[cnt] |= Clamp4(vAvg + yval)
<< 4;

```

```

02468                                     cnt++;
02469                                     buff[cnt] = UINT8(yval |
(Clamp4(uAvg + yval) << 4));
02470                                     cnt++;
02471                                     }
02472                                     yPos++;
02473                                     }
02474                                     yOffset += yw;
02475                                     buff += pitch;
02476
02477                                     if (cb) {
02478                                         percent += dP;
02479                                         if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02480                                     }
02481                                     }
02482                                     break;
02483                                     }
02484     case ImageModeRGB16:
02485     {
02486         ASSERT(m_header.channels == 3);
02487         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == 16);
02488         ASSERT(bpp == 16);
02489         ASSERT(!m_downsample);
02490
02491         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
02492         DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
02493         DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
02494         UINT16 yval;
02495         UINT16 *buff16 = (UINT16 *)buff;
02496         int pitch16 = pitch/2;
02497
02498         for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02499             UINT32 yPos = yOffset;
02500             for (j = 0; j < w; j++) {
02501                 // Yuv
02502                 uAvg = u[yPos];
02503                 vAvg = v[yPos];
02504                 yval = Clamp6(y[yPos++] + YUVoffset6 -
((uAvg + vAvg) >> 2)); // must be logical shift operator
02505                 buff16[j] = (yval << 5) | ((Clamp6(uAvg +
yval) >> 1) << 11) | (Clamp6(vAvg + yval) >> 1);
02506             }
02507             yOffset += yw;
02508             buff16 += pitch16;
02509
02510             if (cb) {
02511                 percent += dP;
02512                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02513             }
02514             }
02515             break;
02516         }
02517     default:
02518         ASSERT(false);
02519     }
02520
02521 #ifdef _DEBUG
02522     // display ROI (RGB) in debugger
02523     roiimage.width = w;
02524     roiimage.height = h;
02525     if (pitch > 0) {
02526         roiimage.pitch = pitch;
02527         roiimage.data = buff;
02528     } else {
02529         roiimage.pitch = -pitch;
02530         roiimage.data = buff + (h - 1)*pitch;
02531     }
02532 #endif
02533 }
02534 }
02535
02550 void CPGFImage::GetYUV(int pitch, DataT* buff, BYTE bpp, int channelMap[] /*=
nullptr*/, CallbackPtr cb /*= nullptr*/, void *data /*=nullptr*/) const {
02551     ASSERT(buff);
02552     const UINT32 w = m_width[0];

```

```

02553     const UINT32 h = m_height[0];
02554     const bool wOdd = (1 == w%2);
02555     const int dataBits = DataTSize*8; ASSERT(dataBits == 16 || dataBits == 32);
02556     const int pitch2 = pitch/DataTSize;
02557     const int yuvOffset = (dataBits == 16) ? YUVoffset8 : YUVoffset16;
02558     const double dP = 1.0/h;
02559
02560     int defMap[] = { 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 };
02561     ASSERT(sizeof(defMap)/sizeof(defMap[0]) == MaxChannels);
02562     if (channelMap == nullptr) channelMap = defMap;
02563     int sampledPos = 0, yPos = 0;
02564     DataT uAvg, vAvg;
02565     double percent = 0;
02566     UINT32 i, j;
02567
02568     if (m_header.channels == 3) {
02569         ASSERT(bpp%dataBits == 0);
02570
02571         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
02572         DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
02573         DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
02574         int cnt, channels = bpp/dataBits; ASSERT(channels >=
02575         m_header.channels);
02576
02577         for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02578             if (i%2) sampledPos -= (w + 1)/2;
02579             cnt = 0;
02580             for (j=0; j < w; j++) {
02581                 if (m_downsample) {
02582                     // image was downsampled
02583                     uAvg = u[sampledPos];
02584                     vAvg = v[sampledPos];
02585                 } else {
02586                     uAvg = u[yPos];
02587                     vAvg = v[yPos];
02588                 }
02589                 buff[cnt + channelMap[0]] = y[yPos];
02590                 buff[cnt + channelMap[1]] = uAvg;
02591                 buff[cnt + channelMap[2]] = vAvg;
02592                 yPos++;
02593                 cnt += channels;
02594                 if (j%2) sampledPos++;
02595             }
02596             buff += pitch2;
02597             if (wOdd) sampledPos++;
02598
02599             if (cb) {
02600                 percent += dP;
02601                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
02602                     ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02603             }
02604         }
02605     } else if (m_header.channels == 4) {
02606         ASSERT(m_header.bpp == m_header.channels*8);
02607         ASSERT(bpp%dataBits == 0);
02608
02609         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
02610         DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
02611         DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
02612         DataT* a = m_channel[3]; ASSERT(a);
02613         UINT8 aAvg;
02614         int cnt, channels = bpp/dataBits; ASSERT(channels >=
02615         m_header.channels);
02616
02617         for (i=0; i < h; i++) {
02618             if (i%2) sampledPos -= (w + 1)/2;
02619             cnt = 0;
02620             for (j=0; j < w; j++) {
02621                 if (m_downsample) {
02622                     // image was downsampled
02623                     uAvg = u[sampledPos];
02624                     vAvg = v[sampledPos];
02625                     aAvg = Clamp8(a[sampledPos] + yuvOffset);
02626                 } else {
02627                     uAvg = u[yPos];
02628                     vAvg = v[yPos];
02629                     aAvg = Clamp8(a[yPos] + yuvOffset);

```



```

02626         }
02627         // Yuv
02628         buff[cnt + channelMap[0]] = y[yPos];
02629         buff[cnt + channelMap[1]] = uAvg;
02630         buff[cnt + channelMap[2]] = vAvg;
02631         buff[cnt + channelMap[3]] = aAvg;
02632         yPos++;
02633         cnt += channels;
02634         if (j%2) sampledPos++;
02635     }
02636     buff += pitch2;
02637     if (wOdd) sampledPos++;
02638
02639     if (cb) {
02640         percent += dP;
02641         if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
02642             ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02643     }
02644 }
02645 }
02646
02661 void CPGFImage::ImportYUV(int pitch, DataT *buff, BYTE bpp, int channelMap[] /*=
nullptr*/, CallbackPtr cb /*= nullptr*/, void *data /*=nullptr*/) {
02662     ASSERT(buff);
02663     const double dP = 1.0/m_header.height;
02664     const int dataBits = DataTSize*8; ASSERT(dataBits == 16 || dataBits == 32);
02665     const int pitch2 = pitch/DataTSize;
02666     const int yuvOffset = (dataBits == 16) ? YUVoffset8 : YUVoffset16;
02667
02668     int yPos = 0, cnt = 0;
02669     double percent = 0;
02670     int defMap[] = { 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 };
02671     ASSERT(sizeof(defMap)/sizeof(defMap[0]) == MaxChannels);
02672     if (channelMap == nullptr) channelMap = defMap;
02673
02674     if (m_header.channels == 3) {
02675         ASSERT(bpp*dataBits == 0);
02676
02677         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
02678         DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
02679         DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
02680         const int channels = bpp/dataBits; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
02681
02682         for (UINT32 h=0; h < m_header.height; h++) {
02683             if (cb) {
02684                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
02685                     ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);
02686                 percent += dP;
02687             }
02688             cnt = 0;
02689             for (UINT32 w=0; w < m_header.width; w++) {
02690                 y[yPos] = buff[cnt + channelMap[0]];
02691                 u[yPos] = buff[cnt + channelMap[1]];
02692                 v[yPos] = buff[cnt + channelMap[2]];
02693                 yPos++;
02694                 cnt += channels;
02695             }
02696             buff += pitch2;
02697         }
02698     } else if (m_header.channels == 4) {
02699         ASSERT(bpp*dataBits == 0);
02700
02701         DataT* y = m_channel[0]; ASSERT(y);
02702         DataT* u = m_channel[1]; ASSERT(u);
02703         DataT* v = m_channel[2]; ASSERT(v);
02704         DataT* a = m_channel[3]; ASSERT(a);
02705         const int channels = bpp/dataBits; ASSERT(channels >=
m_header.channels);
02706
02707         for (UINT32 h=0; h < m_header.height; h++) {
02708             if (cb) {
02709                 if ((*cb)(percent, true, data))
02710                     ReturnWithError(EscapePressed);

```

```

02710             percent += dP;
02711         }
02712
02713         cnt = 0;
02714         for (UINT32 w=0; w < m_header.width; w++) {
02715             y[yPos] = buff[cnt + channelMap[0]];
02716             u[yPos] = buff[cnt + channelMap[1]];
02717             v[yPos] = buff[cnt + channelMap[2]];
02718             a[yPos] = buff[cnt + channelMap[3]] - yuvOffset;
02719             yPos++;
02720             cnt += channels;
02721         }
02722         buff += pitch2;
02723     }
02724 }
02725
02726 if (m_downsample) {
02727     // Subsampling of the chrominance and alpha channels
02728     for (int i=1; i < m_header.channels; i++) {
02729         Downsample(i);
02730     }
02731 }
02732 }
02733

```

## PGFstream.cpp File Reference

PGF stream class implementation.  
`#include "PGFstream.h"`

---

### Detailed Description

PGF stream class implementation.

### Author

C. Stamm

Definition in file **PGFstream.cpp**.

## PGFstream.cpp

```
Go to the documentation of this file.00001 /*
00002  * The Progressive Graphics File; http://www.libpgf.org
00003  *
00004  * $Date: 2007-01-19 11:51:24 +0100 (Fr, 19 Jan 2007) $
00005  * $Revision: 268 $
00006  *
00007  * This file Copyright (C) 2006 xeraina GmbH, Switzerland
00008  *
00009  * This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or
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00021  * Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place - Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307, USA.
00022  */
00023
00028
00029 #include "PGFstream.h"
00030
00031 #ifdef WIN32
00032 #include <malloc.h>
00033 #endif
00034
00036 // CPGFFileStream
00038 void CPGFFileStream::Write(int *count, void *buffPtr) {
00039     ASSERT(count);
00040     ASSERT(buffPtr);
00041     ASSERT(IsValid());
00042     OSErr err;
00043     if ((err = FileWrite(m_hFile, count, buffPtr)) != NoError)
00044         ReturnWithError(err);
00045 }
00046
00048 void CPGFFileStream::Read(int *count, void *buffPtr) {
00049     ASSERT(count);
00050     ASSERT(buffPtr);
00051     ASSERT(IsValid());
00052     OSErr err;
00053     if ((err = FileRead(m_hFile, count, buffPtr)) != NoError)
00054         ReturnWithError(err);
00055 }
00057 void CPGFFileStream::SetPos(short posMode, INT64 posOff) {
00058     ASSERT(IsValid());
00059     OSErr err;
00060     if ((err = SetFPos(m_hFile, posMode, posOff)) != NoError)
00061         ReturnWithError(err);
00062 }
00064 UINT64 CPGFFileStream::GetPos() const {
00065     ASSERT(IsValid());
00066     OSErr err;
00067     UINT64 pos = 0;
00068     if ((err = GetFPos(m_hFile, &pos)) != NoError) ReturnWithError2(err, pos);
00069     return pos;
00070 }
00071
00072
00074 // CPGFMemoryStream
00078 CPGFMemoryStream::CPGFMemoryStream(size_t size)
00079 : m_size(size)
00080 , m_allocated(true) {
00081     m_buffer = m_pos = m_eos = new(std::nothrow) UINT8[m_size];
00082     if (!m_buffer) ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00083 }
```

```

00084
00089 CPGFMemoryStream::CPGFMemoryStream(UINT8 *pBuffer, size_t size)
00090 : m_buffer(pBuffer)
00091 , m_pos(pBuffer)
00092 , m_eos(pBuffer + size)
00093 , m_size(size)
00094 , m_allocated(false) {
00095     ASSERT(IsValid());
00096 }
00097
00102 void CPGFMemoryStream::Reinitialize(UINT8 *pBuffer, size_t size) {
00103     if (!m_allocated) {
00104         m_buffer = m_pos = pBuffer;
00105         m_size = size;
00106         m_eos = m_buffer + size;
00107     }
00108 }
00109
00111 void CPGFMemoryStream::Write(int *count, void *buffPtr) {
00112     ASSERT(count);
00113     ASSERT(buffPtr);
00114     ASSERT(IsValid());
00115     const size_t deltaSize = 0x4000 + *count;
00116
00117     if (m_pos + *count <= m_buffer + m_size) {
00118         memcpy(m_pos, buffPtr, *count);
00119         m_pos += *count;
00120         if (m_pos > m_eos) m_eos = m_pos;
00121     } else if (m_allocated) {
00122         // memory block is too small -> reallocate a deltaSize larger block
00123         size_t offset = m_pos - m_buffer;
00124         UINT8 *buf_tmp = (UINT8 *)realloc(m_buffer, m_size + deltaSize);
00125         if (!buf_tmp) {
00126             delete[] m_buffer;
00127             m_buffer = 0;
00128             ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00129         } else {
00130             m_buffer = buf_tmp;
00131         }
00132         m_size += deltaSize;
00133
00134         // reposition m_pos
00135         m_pos = m_buffer + offset;
00136
00137         // write block
00138         memcpy(m_pos, buffPtr, *count);
00139         m_pos += *count;
00140         if (m_pos > m_eos) m_eos = m_pos;
00141     } else {
00142         ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00143     }
00144     ASSERT(m_pos <= m_eos);
00145 }
00146
00148 void CPGFMemoryStream::Read(int *count, void *buffPtr) {
00149     ASSERT(IsValid());
00150     ASSERT(count);
00151     ASSERT(buffPtr);
00152     ASSERT(m_buffer + m_size >= m_eos);
00153     ASSERT(m_pos <= m_eos);
00154
00155     if (m_pos + *count <= m_eos) {
00156         memcpy(buffPtr, m_pos, *count);
00157         m_pos += *count;
00158     } else {
00159         // end of memory block reached -> read only until end
00160         *count = (int)__max(0, m_eos - m_pos);
00161         memcpy(buffPtr, m_pos, *count);
00162         m_pos += *count;
00163     }
00164     ASSERT(m_pos <= m_eos);
00165 }
00166
00168 void CPGFMemoryStream::SetPos(short posMode, INT64 posOff) {
00169     ASSERT(IsValid());
00170     switch(posMode) {
00171     case FSFromStart:

```

```

00172         m_pos = m_buffer + posOff;
00173         break;
00174     case FSFromCurrent:
00175         m_pos += posOff;
00176         break;
00177     case FSFromEnd:
00178         m_pos = m_eos + posOff;
00179         break;
00180     default:
00181         ASSERT(false);
00182     }
00183     if (m_pos > m_eos)
00184         ReturnWithError(InvalidStreamPos);
00185 }
00186
00187
00188 // CPGFMemFileStream
00189 #ifndef _MFC_VER
00190 void CPGFMemFileStream::Write(int *count, void *buffPtr) {
00191     ASSERT(count);
00192     ASSERT(buffPtr);
00193     ASSERT(IsValid());
00194     m_memFile->Write(buffPtr, *count);
00195 }
00196
00197 void CPGFMemFileStream::Read(int *count, void *buffPtr) {
00198     ASSERT(count);
00199     ASSERT(buffPtr);
00200     ASSERT(IsValid());
00201     m_memFile->Read(buffPtr, *count);
00202 }
00203
00204 void CPGFMemFileStream::SetPos(short posMode, INT64 posOff) {
00205     ASSERT(IsValid());
00206     m_memFile->Seek(posOff, posMode);
00207 }
00208
00209 UINT64 CPGFMemFileStream::GetPos() const {
00210     return (UINT64)m_memFile->GetPosition();
00211 }
00212 #endif // _MFC_VER
00213
00214 // CPGFFileStream
00215 #if defined(WIN32) || defined(WINCE)
00216 void CPGFFileStream::Write(int *count, void *buffPtr) {
00217     ASSERT(count);
00218     ASSERT(buffPtr);
00219     ASSERT(IsValid());
00220
00221     HRESULT hr = m_stream->Write(buffPtr, *count, (ULONG *)count);
00222     if (FAILED(hr)) {
00223         ReturnWithError(hr);
00224     }
00225 }
00226
00227 void CPGFFileStream::Read(int *count, void *buffPtr) {
00228     ASSERT(count);
00229     ASSERT(buffPtr);
00230     ASSERT(IsValid());
00231
00232     HRESULT hr = m_stream->Read(buffPtr, *count, (ULONG *)count);
00233     if (FAILED(hr)) {
00234         ReturnWithError(hr);
00235     }
00236 }
00237
00238 void CPGFFileStream::SetPos(short posMode, INT64 posOff) {
00239     ASSERT(IsValid());
00240
00241     LARGE_INTEGER li;
00242     li.QuadPart = posOff;
00243
00244     HRESULT hr = m_stream->Seek(li, posMode, nullptr);
00245     if (FAILED(hr)) {
00246         ReturnWithError(hr);
00247     }
00248 }
00249 #endif
00250
00251

```

```
00258
00260 UINT64 CPGFIStream::GetPos() const {
00261     ASSERT(IsValid());
00262
00263     LARGE_INTEGER n;
00264     ULARGE_INTEGER pos;
00265     n.QuadPart = 0;
00266
00267     HRESULT hr = m_stream->Seek(n, FSFromCurrent, &pos);
00268     if (SUCCEEDED(hr)) {
00269         return pos.QuadPart;
00270     } else {
00271         ReturnWithError2(hr, pos.QuadPart);
00272     }
00273 }
00274 #endif // WIN32 || WINCE
```

## Subband.cpp File Reference

PGF wavelet subband class implementation.

```
#include "Subband.h"  
#include "Encoder.h"  
#include "Decoder.h"
```

---

### Detailed Description

PGF wavelet subband class implementation.

#### Author

C. Stamm

Definition in file **Subband.cpp**.



## Subband.cpp

```
Go to the documentation of this file.00001 /*
00002  * The Progressive Graphics File; http://www.libpgf.org
00003  *
00004  * $Date: 2006-06-04 22:05:59 +0200 (So, 04 Jun 2006) $
00005  * $Revision: 229 $
00006  *
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00020  * along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software
00021  * Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place - Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307, USA.
00022  */
00023
00028
00029 #include "Subband.h"
00030 #include "Encoder.h"
00031 #include "Decoder.h"
00032
00034 // Default constructor
00035 CSubband::CSubband()
00036 : m_width(0)
00037 , m_height(0)
00038 , m_size(0)
00039 , m_level(0)
00040 , m_orientation(LL)
00041 , m_data(0)
00042 , m_dataPos(0)
00043 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00044 , m_nTiles(0)
00045 #endif
00046 {
00047 }
00048
00050 // Destructor
00051 CSubband::~CSubband() {
00052     FreeMemory();
00053 }
00054
00056 // Initialize subband parameters
00057 void CSubband::Initialize(UINT32 width, UINT32 height, int level, Orientation
orient) {
00058     m_width = width;
00059     m_height = height;
00060     m_size = m_width*m_height;
00061     m_level = level;
00062     m_orientation = orient;
00063     m_data = 0;
00064     m_dataPos = 0;
00065 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00066     m_ROI.left = 0;
00067     m_ROI.top = 0;
00068     m_ROI.right = m_width;
00069     m_ROI.bottom = m_height;
00070     m_nTiles = 0;
00071 #endif
00072 }
00073
00075 // Allocate a memory buffer to store all wavelet coefficients of this subband.
00076 // @return True if the allocation works without any problems
00077 bool CSubband::AllocMemory() {
00078     UINT32 oldSize = m_size;
00079
00080 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
```

```

00081     m_size = BufferWidth()*m_ROI.Height();
00082 #endif
00083     ASSERT(m_size > 0);
00084
00085     if (m_data) {
00086         if (oldSize >= m_size) {
00087             return true;
00088         } else {
00089             delete[] m_data;
00090             m_data = new(std::nothrow) DataT[m_size];
00091             return (m_data != 0);
00092         }
00093     } else {
00094         m_data = new(std::nothrow) DataT[m_size];
00095         return (m_data != 0);
00096     }
00097 }
00098
00100 // Delete the memory buffer of this subband.
00101 void CSubband::FreeMemory() {
00102     if (m_data) {
00103         delete[] m_data; m_data = 0;
00104     }
00105 }
00106
00108 // Perform subband quantization with given quantization parameter.
00109 // A scalar quantization (with dead-zone) is used. A large quantization value
00110 // results in strong quantization and therefore in big quality loss.
00111 // @param quantParam A quantization parameter (larger or equal to 0)
00112 void CSubband::Quantize(int quantParam) {
00113     if (m_orientation == LL) {
00114         quantParam -= (m_level + 1);
00115         // uniform rounding quantization
00116         if (quantParam > 0) {
00117             quantParam--;
00118             for (UINT32 i=0; i < m_size; i++) {
00119                 if (m_data[i] < 0) {
00120                     m_data[i] = -(((~m_data[i] >> quantParam)
+ 1) >> 1);
00121                 } else {
00122                     m_data[i] = ((m_data[i] >> quantParam) + 1)
>> 1;
00123                 }
00124             }
00125         }
00126     } else {
00127         if (m_orientation == HH) {
00128             quantParam -= (m_level - 1);
00129         } else {
00130             quantParam -= m_level;
00131         }
00132         // uniform deadzone quantization
00133         if (quantParam > 0) {
00134             int threshold = ((1 << quantParam) * 7)/5; // good
value
00135             quantParam--;
00136             for (UINT32 i=0; i < m_size; i++) {
00137                 if (m_data[i] < -threshold) {
00138                     m_data[i] = -(((~m_data[i] >> quantParam)
+ 1) >> 1);
00139                 } else if (m_data[i] > threshold) {
00140                     m_data[i] = ((m_data[i] >> quantParam) + 1)
>> 1;
00141                 } else {
00142                     m_data[i] = 0;
00143                 }
00144             }
00145         }
00146     }
00147 }
00148
00154 void CSubband::Dequantize(int quantParam) {
00155     if (m_orientation == LL) {
00156         quantParam -= m_level + 1;
00157     } else if (m_orientation == HH) {
00158         quantParam -= m_level - 1;
00159     } else {

```

```

00160         quantParam -= m_level;
00161     }
00162     if (quantParam > 0) {
00163         for (UINT32 i=0; i < m_size; i++) {
00164             m_data[i] <= quantParam;
00165         }
00166     }
00167 }
00168
00177 void CSubband::ExtractTile(CEncoder& encoder, bool tile /*= false*/, UINT32 tileX
/*= 0*/, UINT32 tileY /*= 0*/) {
00178 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00179     if (tile) {
00180         // compute tile position and size
00181         UINT32 xPos, yPos, w, h;
00182         TilePosition(tileX, tileY, xPos, yPos, w, h);
00183
00184         // write values into buffer using partitiong scheme
00185         encoder.Partition(this, w, h, xPos + yPos*m_width, m_width);
00186     } else
00187 #endif
00188     {
00189         tileX; tileY; tile; // prevents from unreferenced formal parameter
warning
00190         // write values into buffer using partitiong scheme
00191         encoder.Partition(this, m_width, m_height, 0, m_width);
00192     }
00193 }
00194
00203 void CSubband::PlaceTile(CDecoder& decoder, int quantParam, bool tile /*= false*/,
UINT32 tileX /*= 0*/, UINT32 tileY /*= 0*/) {
00204     // allocate memory
00205     if (!AllocMemory()) ReturnWithError(InsufficientMemory);
00206
00207     // correct quantParam with normalization factor
00208     if (m_orientation == LL) {
00209         quantParam -= m_level + 1;
00210     } else if (m_orientation == HH) {
00211         quantParam -= m_level - 1;
00212     } else {
00213         quantParam -= m_level;
00214     }
00215     if (quantParam < 0) quantParam = 0;
00216
00217 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00218     if (tile) {
00219         UINT32 xPos, yPos, w, h;
00220
00221         // compute tile position and size
00222         TilePosition(tileX, tileY, xPos, yPos, w, h);
00223
00224         ASSERT(xPos >= m_ROI.left && yPos >= m_ROI.top);
00225         decoder.Partition(this, quantParam, w, h, (xPos - m_ROI.left) +
(yPos - m_ROI.top)*BufferWidth(), BufferWidth());
00226     } else
00227 #endif
00228     {
00229         tileX; tileY; tile; // prevents from unreferenced formal parameter
warning
00230         // read values into buffer using partitiong scheme
00231         decoder.Partition(this, quantParam, m_width, m_height, 0,
m_width);
00232     }
00233 }
00234
00235
00236
00237 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00240 void CSubband::SetAlignedROI(const PGFRect& roi) {
00241     ASSERT(roi.left <= m_width);
00242     ASSERT(roi.top <= m_height);
00243
00244     m_ROI = roi;
00245     if (m_ROI.right > m_width) m_ROI.right = m_width;
00246     if (m_ROI.bottom > m_height) m_ROI.bottom = m_height;
00247 }
00248

```

```

00257 void CSubband::TilePosition(UINT32 tileX, UINT32 tileY, UINT32& xPos, UINT32& yPos,
UINT32& w, UINT32& h) const {
00258     ASSERT(tileX < m_nTiles); ASSERT(tileY < m_nTiles);
00259     // example
00260     // band = HH, w = 30, ldTiles = 2 -> 4 tiles in a row/column
00261     // --> tile widths
00262     // 8 7 8 7
00263     //
00264     // tile partitioning scheme
00265     // 0 1 2 3
00266     // 4 5 6 7
00267     // 8 9 A B
00268     // C D E F
00269
00270     UINT32 nTiles = m_nTiles;
00271     UINT32 m;
00272     UINT32 left = 0, right = nTiles;
00273     UINT32 top = 0, bottom = nTiles;
00274
00275     xPos = 0;
00276     yPos = 0;
00277     w = m_width;
00278     h = m_height;
00279
00280     while (nTiles > 1) {
00281         // compute xPos and w with binary search
00282         m = left + ((right - left) >> 1);
00283         if (tileX >= m) {
00284             xPos += (w + 1) >> 1;
00285             w >>= 1;
00286             left = m;
00287         } else {
00288             w = (w + 1) >> 1;
00289             right = m;
00290         }
00291         // compute yPos and h with binary search
00292         m = top + ((bottom - top) >> 1);
00293         if (tileY >= m) {
00294             yPos += (h + 1) >> 1;
00295             h >>= 1;
00296             top = m;
00297         } else {
00298             h = (h + 1) >> 1;
00299             bottom = m;
00300         }
00301         nTiles >>= 1;
00302     }
00303     ASSERT(xPos < m_width && (xPos + w <= m_width));
00304     ASSERT(yPos < m_height && (yPos + h <= m_height));
00305 }
00306
00309 void CSubband::TileIndex(bool topLeft, UINT32 xPos, UINT32 yPos, UINT32& tileX,
UINT32& tileY, UINT32& x, UINT32& y) const {
00310     UINT32 m;
00311     UINT32 left = 0, right = m_width;
00312     UINT32 top = 0, bottom = m_height;
00313     UINT32 nTiles = m_nTiles;
00314
00315     if (xPos > m_width) xPos = m_width;
00316     if (yPos > m_height) yPos = m_height;
00317
00318     if (topLeft) {
00319         // compute tileX with binary search
00320         tileX = 0;
00321         while (nTiles > 1) {
00322             nTiles >>= 1;
00323             m = left + ((right - left + 1) >> 1);
00324             if (xPos < m) {
00325                 // exclusive m
00326                 right = m;
00327             } else {
00328                 tileX += nTiles;
00329                 left = m;
00330             }
00331         }
00332         x = left;
00333         ASSERT(tileX >= 0 && tileX < m_nTiles);

```

```

00334
00335 // compute tileY with binary search
00336 nTiles = m_nTiles;
00337 tileY = 0;
00338 while (nTiles > 1) {
00339     nTiles >>= 1;
00340     m = top + ((bottom - top + 1) >> 1);
00341     if (yPos < m) {
00342         // exclusive m
00343         bottom = m;
00344     } else {
00345         tileY += nTiles;
00346         top = m;
00347     }
00348 }
00349 y = top;
00350 ASSERT(tileY >= 0 && tileY < m_nTiles);
00351
00352 } else {
00353     // compute tileX with binary search
00354     tileX = 1;
00355     while (nTiles > 1) {
00356         nTiles >>= 1;
00357         m = left + ((right - left + 1) >> 1);
00358         if (xPos <= m) {
00359             // inclusive m
00360             right = m;
00361         } else {
00362             tileX += nTiles;
00363             left = m;
00364         }
00365     }
00366     x = right;
00367     ASSERT(tileX > 0 && tileX <= m_nTiles);
00368
00369     // compute tileY with binary search
00370     nTiles = m_nTiles;
00371     tileY = 1;
00372     while (nTiles > 1) {
00373         nTiles >>= 1;
00374         m = top + ((bottom - top + 1) >> 1);
00375         if (yPos <= m) {
00376             // inclusive m
00377             bottom = m;
00378         } else {
00379             tileY += nTiles;
00380             top = m;
00381         }
00382     }
00383     y = bottom;
00384     ASSERT(tileY > 0 && tileY <= m_nTiles);
00385 }
00386 }
00387
00388 #endif

```

## Subband.h File Reference

PGF wavelet subband class.  
`#include "PGFtypes.h"`

### Classes

- class **CSubband**  
*Wavelet channel class.*

---

### Detailed Description

PGF wavelet subband class.

### Author

C. Stamm

Definition in file **Subband.h**.

## Subband.h

```
Go to the documentation of this file.00001 /*
00002 * The Progressive Graphics File; http://www.libpgf.org
00003 *
00004 * $Date: 2006-06-04 22:05:59 +0200 (So, 04 Jun 2006) $
00005 * $Revision: 229 $
00006 *
00007 * This file Copyright (C) 2006 xeraina GmbH, Switzerland
00008 *
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00017 * GNU General Public License for more details.
00018 *
00019 * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
00020 * along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software
00021 * Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place - Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307, USA.
00022 */
00023
00028
00029 #ifndef PGF_SUBBAND_H
00030 #define PGF_SUBBAND_H
00031
00032 #include "PGFtypes.h"
00033
00034 class CEncoder;
00035 class CDecoder;
00036 class CRoiIndices;
00037
00042 class CSubband {
00043     friend class CWaveletTransform;
00044     friend class CRoiIndices;
00045 public:
00049     CSubband();
00050
00053     ~CSubband();
00054
00058     bool AllocMemory();
00059
00062     void FreeMemory();
00063
00072     void ExtractTile(CEncoder& encoder, bool tile = false, UINT32 tileX = 0,
00073     UINT32 tileY = 0);
00082     void PlaceTile(CDecoder& decoder, int quantParam, bool tile = false, UINT32
00083     tileX = 0, UINT32 tileY = 0);
00089     void Quantize(int quantParam);
00090
00096     void Dequantize(int quantParam);
00097
00102     void SetData(UINT32 pos, DataT v)          { ASSERT(pos < m_size); m_data[pos]
= v; }
00103
00107     DataT* GetBuffer()                          { return m_data; }
00108
00113     DataT GetData(UINT32 pos) const           { ASSERT(pos < m_size); return
m_data[pos]; }
00114
00118     int GetLevel() const                       { return m_level; }
00119
00123     int GetHeight() const                     { return m_height; }
00124
00128     int GetWidth() const                      { return m_width; }
00129
00135     Orientation GetOrientation() const        { return m_orientation; }
00136
00137 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
```

```

00141         void IncBuffRow(UINT32 pos)      { m_dataPos = pos + BufferWidth(); }
00142
00143 #endif
00144
00145 private:
00146         void Initialize(UINT32 width, UINT32 height, int level, Orientation orient);
00147         void WriteBuffer(DataT val)      { ASSERT(m_dataPos <
m_size); m_data[m_dataPos++] = val; }
00148         void SetBuffer(DataT* b)        { ASSERT(b); m_data = b; }
00149         DataT ReadBuffer()              {
ASSERT(m_dataPos < m_size); return m_data[m_dataPos++]; }
00150
00151         UINT32 GetBuffPos() const        { return m_dataPos; }
00152
00153 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00154         UINT32 BufferWidth() const      { return m_ROI.Width(); }
00155         void TilePosition(UINT32 tileX, UINT32 tileY, UINT32& left, UINT32& top,
UINT32& w, UINT32& h) const;
00156         void TileIndex(bool topLeft, UINT32 xPos, UINT32 yPos, UINT32& tileX,
UINT32& tileY, UINT32& x, UINT32& y) const;
00157         const PGFRect& GetAlignedROI() const { return m_ROI; }
00158         void SetNTiles(UINT32 nTiles)   { m_nTiles = nTiles; }
00159         void SetAlignedROI(const PGFRect& roi);
00160         void InitBuffPos(UINT32 left = 0, UINT32 top = 0)      { m_dataPos =
top*BufferWidth() + left; ASSERT(m_dataPos < m_size); }
00161 #else
00162         void InitBuffPos()              { m_dataPos = 0; }
00163 #endif
00164
00165 private:
00166         UINT32 m_width;
00167         UINT32 m_height;
00168         UINT32 m_size;
00169         int m_level;
00170         Orientation m_orientation;
00171         UINT32 m_dataPos;
00172         DataT* m_data;
00173
00174 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00175         PGFRect m_ROI;
00176         UINT32 m_nTiles;
00177 #endif
00178 };
00179
00180 #endif //PGF_SUBBAND_H

```



## WaveletTransform.cpp File Reference

PGF wavelet transform class implementation.  
`#include "WaveletTransform.h"`

### Macros

- `#define c1 1`
  - `#define c2 2`
- 

### Detailed Description

PGF wavelet transform class implementation.

### Author

C. Stamm

Definition in file **WaveletTransform.cpp**.

---

### Macro Definition Documentation

#### **#define c1 1**

Definition at line **31** of file **WaveletTransform.cpp**.

#### **#define c2 2**

Definition at line **32** of file **WaveletTransform.cpp**.

## WaveletTransform.cpp

```
Go to the documentation of this file.00001 /*
00002  * The Progressive Graphics File; http://www.libpgf.org
00003  *
00004  * $Date: 2006-05-18 16:03:32 +0200 (Do, 18 Mai 2006) $
00005  * $Revision: 194 $
00006  *
00007  * This file Copyright (C) 2006 xeraina GmbH, Switzerland
00008  *
00009  * This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or
00010  * modify it under the terms of the GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
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00012  * of the License, or (at your option) any later version.
00013  *
00014  * This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
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00016  * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
00017  * GNU General Public License for more details.
00018  *
00019  * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
00020  * along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software
00021  * Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place - Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307, USA.
00022  */
00023
00028
00029 #include "WaveletTransform.h"
00030
00031 #define c1 1 // best value 1
00032 #define c2 2 // best value 2
00033
00035 // Constructor: Constructs a wavelet transform pyramid of given size and levels.
00036 // @param width The width of the original image (at level 0) in pixels
00037 // @param height The height of the original image (at level 0) in pixels
00038 // @param levels The number of levels (>= 0)
00039 // @param data Input data of subband LL at level 0
00040 CWaveletTransform::CWaveletTransform(UINT32 width, UINT32 height, int levels,
DataT* data)
00041 : m_nLevels(levels + 1) // m_nLevels in CPGFImage determines the number of FWT steps;
this.m_nLevels determines the number subband-planes
00042 , m_subband(nullptr)
00043 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00044 , m_indices(nullptr)
00045 #endif
00046 {
00047     ASSERT(m_nLevels > 0 && m_nLevels <= MaxLevel + 1);
00048     InitSubbands(width, height, data);
00049 }
00050
00052 // Initialize size subbands on all levels
00053 void CWaveletTransform::InitSubbands(UINT32 width, UINT32 height, DataT* data) {
00054     if (m_subband) Destroy();
00055
00056     // create subbands
00057     m_subband = new CSubband[m_nLevels][NSubbands];
00058
00059     // init subbands
00060     UINT32 loWidth = width;
00061     UINT32 hiWidth = width;
00062     UINT32 loHeight = height;
00063     UINT32 hiHeight = height;
00064
00065     for (int level = 0; level < m_nLevels; level++) {
00066         m_subband[level][LL].Initialize(loWidth, loHeight, level, LL);
00067         // LL
00067         m_subband[level][HL].Initialize(hiWidth, loHeight, level, HL);
00068         // HL
00068         m_subband[level][LH].Initialize(loWidth, hiHeight, level, LH);
00069         // LH
00069         m_subband[level][HH].Initialize(hiWidth, hiHeight, level, HH);
00070         // HH
00070         hiWidth = loWidth >> 1; hiHeight = loHeight >> 1;
00071         loWidth = (loWidth + 1) >> 1; loHeight = (loHeight + 1) >> 1;
00072     }
00073     if (data) {
```

```

00074         m_subband[0][LL].SetBuffer(data);
00075     }
00076 }
00077
00079 // Compute fast forward wavelet transform of LL subband at given level and
00080 // stores result in all 4 subbands of level + 1.
00081 // Wavelet transform used in writing a PGF file
00082 // Forward Transform of srcBand and split and store it into subbands on destLevel
00083 // low pass filter at even positions: 1/8[-1, 2, (6), 2, -1]
00084 // high pass filter at odd positions: 1/4[-2, (4), -2]
00085 // @param level A wavelet transform pyramid level (>= 0 && < Levels())
00086 // @param quant A quantization value (linear scalar quantization)
00087 // @return error in case of a memory allocation problem
00088 OSErr CWaveletTransform::ForwardTransform(int level, int quant) {
00089     ASSERT(level >= 0 && level < m_nLevels - 1);
00090     const int destLevel = level + 1;
00091     ASSERT(m_subband[destLevel]);
00092     CSubband* srcBand = &m_subband[level][LL]; ASSERT(srcBand);
00093     const UINT32 width = srcBand->GetWidth();
00094     const UINT32 height = srcBand->GetHeight();
00095     DataT* src = srcBand->GetBuffer(); ASSERT(src);
00096     DataT *row0, *row1, *row2, *row3;
00097
00098     // Allocate memory for next transform level
00099     for (int i=0; i < NSubbands; i++) {
00100         if (!m_subband[destLevel][i].AllocMemory()) return
InsufficientMemory;
00101     }
00102
00103     if (height >= FilterSize) { // changed from FilterSizeH to FilterSize
00104         // top border handling
00105         row0 = src; row1 = row0 + width; row2 = row1 + width;
00106         ForwardRow(row0, width);
00107         ForwardRow(row1, width);
00108         ForwardRow(row2, width);
00109         for (UINT32 k=0; k < width; k++) {
00110             row1[k] -= ((row0[k] + row2[k] + c1) >> 1); // high pass
00111             row0[k] += ((row1[k] + c1) >> 1); // low pass
00112         }
00113         InterleavedToSubbands(destLevel, row0, row1, width);
00114         row0 = row1; row1 = row2; row2 += width; row3 = row2 + width;
00115
00116         // middle part
00117         for (UINT32 i=3; i < height-1; i += 2) {
00118             ForwardRow(row2, width);
00119             ForwardRow(row3, width);
00120             for (UINT32 k=0; k < width; k++) {
00121                 row2[k] -= ((row1[k] + row3[k] + c1) >> 1); // high
pass filter
00122                 row1[k] += ((row0[k] + row2[k] + c2) >> 2); // low
pass filter
00123             }
00124             InterleavedToSubbands(destLevel, row1, row2, width);
00125             row0 = row2; row1 = row3; row2 = row3 + width; row3 = row2
+ width;
00126         }
00127
00128         // bottom border handling
00129         if (height & 1) {
00130             for (UINT32 k=0; k < width; k++) {
00131                 row1[k] += ((row0[k] + c1) >> 1); // low pass
00132             }
00133             InterleavedToSubbands(destLevel, row1, nullptr, width);
00134             row0 = row1; row1 += width;
00135         } else {
00136             ForwardRow(row2, width);
00137             for (UINT32 k=0; k < width; k++) {
00138                 row2[k] -= row1[k]; // high pass
00139                 row1[k] += ((row0[k] + row2[k] + c2) >> 2); // low
pass
00140             }
00141             InterleavedToSubbands(destLevel, row1, row2, width);
00142             row0 = row1; row1 = row2; row2 += width;
00143         }
00144     } else {
00145         // if height is too small
00146         row0 = src; row1 = row0 + width;

```

```

00147         // first part
00148         for (UINT32 k=0; k < height; k += 2) {
00149             ForwardRow(row0, width);
00150             ForwardRow(row1, width);
00151             InterleavedToSubbands(destLevel, row0, row1, width);
00152             row0 += width << 1; row1 += width << 1;
00153         }
00154         // bottom
00155         if (height & 1) {
00156             InterleavedToSubbands(destLevel, row0, nullptr, width);
00157         }
00158     }
00159
00160     if (quant > 0) {
00161         // subband quantization (without LL)
00162         for (int i=1; i < NSubbands; i++) {
00163             m_subband[destLevel][i].Quantize(quant);
00164         }
00165         // LL subband quantization
00166         if (destLevel == m_nLevels - 1) {
00167             m_subband[destLevel][LL].Quantize(quant);
00168         }
00169     }
00170
00171     // free source band
00172     srcBand->FreeMemory();
00173     return NoError;
00174 }
00175
00177 // Forward transform one row
00178 // low pass filter at even positions: 1/8[-1, 2, (6), 2, -1]
00179 // high pass filter at odd positions: 1/4[-2, (4), -2]
00180 void CWaveletTransform::ForwardRow(DataT* src, UINT32 width) {
00181     if (width >= FilterSize) {
00182         UINT32 i = 3;
00183
00184         // left border handling
00185         src[1] -= ((src[0] + src[2] + c1) >> 1); // high pass
00186         src[0] += ((src[1] + c1) >> 1); // low pass
00187
00188         // middle part
00189         for (; i < width-1; i += 2) {
00190             src[i] -= ((src[i-1] + src[i+1] + c1) >> 1); // high pass
00191             src[i-1] += ((src[i-2] + src[i] + c2) >> 2); // low pass
00192         }
00193
00194         // right border handling
00195         if (width & 1) {
00196             src[i-1] += ((src[i-2] + c1) >> 1); // low pass
00197         } else {
00198             src[i] -= src[i-1]; // high pass
00199             src[i-1] += ((src[i-2] + src[i] + c2) >> 2); // low pass
00200         }
00201     }
00202 }
00203
00205 // Copy transformed and interleaved (L,H,L,H,...) rows loRow and hiRow to subbands
LL,HL,LH,HH
00206 void CWaveletTransform::InterleavedToSubbands(int destLevel, DataT* loRow, DataT*
hiRow, UINT32 width) {
00207     const UINT32 wquot = width >> 1;
00208     const bool wrem = (width & 1);
00209     CSubband &ll = m_subband[destLevel][LL], &hl = m_subband[destLevel][HL];
00210     CSubband &lh = m_subband[destLevel][LH], &hh = m_subband[destLevel][HH];
00211
00212     if (hiRow) {
00213         for (UINT32 i=0; i < wquot; i++) {
00214             ll.WriteBuffer(*loRow++); // first access, than
increment
00215             hl.WriteBuffer(*loRow++);
00216             lh.WriteBuffer(*hiRow++); // first access, than
increment
00217             hh.WriteBuffer(*hiRow++);
00218         }
00219         if (wrem) {
00220             ll.WriteBuffer(*loRow);
00221             lh.WriteBuffer(*hiRow);

```

```

00222     }
00223     } else {
00224         for (UINT32 i=0; i < wquot; i++) {
00225             ll.WriteBuffer(*loRow++);           // first access, than
increment
00226                 hl.WriteBuffer(*loRow++);
00227         }
00228         if (wrem) ll.WriteBuffer(*loRow);
00229     }
00230 }
00231
00233 // Compute fast inverse wavelet transform of all 4 subbands of given level and
00234 // stores result in LL subband of level - 1.
00235 // Inverse wavelet transform used in reading a PGF file
00236 // Inverse Transform srcLevel and combine to destBand
00237 // low-pass coefficients at even positions, high-pass coefficients at odd positions
00238 // inverse filter for even positions: 1/4[-1, (4), -1]
00239 // inverse filter for odd positions: 1/8[-1, 4, (6), 4, -1]
00240 // @param srcLevel A wavelet transform pyramid level (> 0 && <= Levels())
00241 // @param w [out] A pointer to the returned width of subband LL (in pixels)
00242 // @param h [out] A pointer to the returned height of subband LL (in pixels)
00243 // @param data [out] A pointer to the returned array of image data
00244 // @return error in case of a memory allocation problem
00245 OSErr CWaveletTransform::InverseTransform(int srcLevel, UINT32* w, UINT32* h,
DataT** data) {
00246     ASSERT(srcLevel > 0 && srcLevel < m_nLevels);
00247     const int destLevel = srcLevel - 1;
00248     ASSERT(m_subband[destLevel]);
00249     CSubband* destBand = &m_subband[destLevel][LL];
00250     UINT32 width, height;
00251
00252     // allocate memory for the results of the inverse transform
00253     if (!destBand->AllocMemory()) return InsufficientMemory;
00254     DataT *origin = destBand->GetBuffer(), *row0, *row1, *row2, *row3;
00255
00256 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00257     PGFRect destROI = destBand->GetAlignedROI();
00258     const UINT32 destWidth = destROI.Width(); // destination buffer width
00259     const UINT32 destHeight = destROI.Height(); // destination buffer height
00260     width = destWidth; // destination working width
00261     height = destHeight; // destination working height
00262
00263     // update destination ROI
00264     if (destROI.top & 1) {
00265         destROI.top++;
00266         origin += destWidth;
00267         height--;
00268     }
00269     if (destROI.left & 1) {
00270         destROI.left++;
00271         origin++;
00272         width--;
00273     }
00274
00275     // init source buffer position
00276     const UINT32 leftD = destROI.left >> 1;
00277     const UINT32 left0 = m_subband[srcLevel][LL].GetAlignedROI().left;
00278     const UINT32 left1 = m_subband[srcLevel][HL].GetAlignedROI().left;
00279     const UINT32 topD = destROI.top >> 1;
00280     const UINT32 top0 = m_subband[srcLevel][LL].GetAlignedROI().top;
00281     const UINT32 top1 = m_subband[srcLevel][LH].GetAlignedROI().top;
00282     ASSERT(m_subband[srcLevel][LH].GetAlignedROI().left == left0);
00283     ASSERT(m_subband[srcLevel][HH].GetAlignedROI().left == left1);
00284     ASSERT(m_subband[srcLevel][HL].GetAlignedROI().top == top0);
00285     ASSERT(m_subband[srcLevel][HH].GetAlignedROI().top == top1);
00286
00287     UINT32 srcOffsetX[2] = { 0, 0 };
00288     UINT32 srcOffsetY[2] = { 0, 0 };
00289
00290     if (leftD >= __max(left0, left1)) {
00291         srcOffsetX[0] = leftD - left0;
00292         srcOffsetX[1] = leftD - left1;
00293     } else {
00294         if (left0 <= left1) {
00295             const UINT32 dx = (left1 - leftD) << 1;
00296             destROI.left += dx;
00297             origin += dx;

```

```

00298         width -= dx;
00299         srcOffsetX[0] = left1 - left0;
00300     } else {
00301         const UINT32 dx = (left0 - leftD) << 1;
00302         destROI.left += dx;
00303         origin += dx;
00304         width -= dx;
00305         srcOffsetX[1] = left0 - left1;
00306     }
00307 }
00308 if (topD >= __max(top0, top1)) {
00309     srcOffsetY[0] = topD - top0;
00310     srcOffsetY[1] = topD - top1;
00311 } else {
00312     if (top0 <= top1) {
00313         const UINT32 dy = (top1 - topD) << 1;
00314         destROI.top += dy;
00315         origin += dy*destWidth;
00316         height -= dy;
00317         srcOffsetY[0] = top1 - top0;
00318     } else {
00319         const UINT32 dy = (top0 - topD) << 1;
00320         destROI.top += dy;
00321         origin += dy*destWidth;
00322         height -= dy;
00323         srcOffsetY[1] = top0 - top1;
00324     }
00325 }
00326
00327 m_subband[srcLevel][LL].InitBuffPos(srcOffsetX[0], srcOffsetY[0]);
00328 m_subband[srcLevel][HL].InitBuffPos(srcOffsetX[1], srcOffsetY[0]);
00329 m_subband[srcLevel][LH].InitBuffPos(srcOffsetX[0], srcOffsetY[1]);
00330 m_subband[srcLevel][HH].InitBuffPos(srcOffsetX[1], srcOffsetY[1]);
00331
00332 #else
00333 width = destBand->GetWidth();
00334 height = destBand->GetHeight();
00335 PGFRect destROI(0, 0, width, height);
00336 const UINT32 destWidth = width; // destination buffer width
00337 const UINT32 destHeight = height; // destination buffer height
00338
00339 // init source buffer position
00340 for (int i = 0; i < NSubbands; i++) {
00341     m_subband[srcLevel][i].InitBuffPos();
00342 }
00343 #endif
00344
00345 if (destHeight >= FilterSize) { // changed from FilterSizeH to FilterSize
00346     // top border handling
00347     row0 = origin; row1 = row0 + destWidth;
00348     SubbandsToInterleaved(srcLevel, row0, row1, width);
00349     for (UINT32 k = 0; k < width; k++) {
00350         row0[k] -= ((row1[k] + c1) >> 1); // even
00351     }
00352
00353     // middle part
00354     row2 = row1 + destWidth; row3 = row2 + destWidth;
00355     for (UINT32 i = destROI.top + 2; i < destROI.bottom - 1; i += 2) {
00356         SubbandsToInterleaved(srcLevel, row2, row3, width);
00357         for (UINT32 k = 0; k < width; k++) {
00358             row2[k] -= ((row1[k] + row3[k] + c2) >> 2); // even
00359             row1[k] += ((row0[k] + row2[k] + c1) >> 1); // odd
00360         }
00361         InverseRow(row0, width);
00362         InverseRow(row1, width);
00363         row0 = row2; row1 = row3; row2 = row1 + destWidth; row3 =
row2 + destWidth;
00364     }
00365
00366     // bottom border handling
00367     if (height & 1) {
00368         SubbandsToInterleaved(srcLevel, row2, nullptr, width);
00369         for (UINT32 k = 0; k < width; k++) {
00370             row2[k] -= ((row1[k] + c1) >> 1); // even
00371             row1[k] += ((row0[k] + row2[k] + c1) >> 1); // odd
00372         }
00373         InverseRow(row0, width);

```

```

00374         InverseRow(row1, width);
00375         InverseRow(row2, width);
00376         row0 = row1; row1 = row2; row2 += destWidth;
00377     } else {
00378         for (UINT32 k = 0; k < width; k++) {
00379             row1[k] += row0[k];
00380         }
00381         InverseRow(row0, width);
00382         InverseRow(row1, width);
00383         row0 = row1; row1 += destWidth;
00384     }
00385 } else {
00386     // height is too small
00387     row0 = origin; row1 = row0 + destWidth;
00388     // first part
00389     for (UINT32 k = 0; k < height; k += 2) {
00390         SubbandsToInterleaved(srcLevel, row0, row1, width);
00391         InverseRow(row0, width);
00392         InverseRow(row1, width);
00393         row0 += destWidth << 1; row1 += destWidth << 1;
00394     }
00395     // bottom
00396     if (height & 1) {
00397         SubbandsToInterleaved(srcLevel, row0, nullptr, width);
00398         InverseRow(row0, width);
00399     }
00400 }
00401
00402 // free memory of the current srcLevel
00403 for (int i = 0; i < NSubbands; i++) {
00404     m_subband[srcLevel][i].FreeMemory();
00405 }
00406
00407 // return info
00408 *w = destWidth;
00409 *h = destHeight;
00410 *data = destBand->GetBuffer();
00411 return NoError;
00412 }
00413
00415 // Inverse Wavelet Transform of one row
00416 // low-pass coefficients at even positions, high-pass coefficients at odd positions
00417 // inverse filter for even positions: 1/4[-1, (4), -1]
00418 // inverse filter for odd positions: 1/8[-1, 4, (6), 4, -1]
00419 void CWaveletTransform::InverseRow(DataT* dest, UINT32 width) {
00420     if (width >= FilterSize) {
00421         UINT32 i = 2;
00422
00423         // left border handling
00424         dest[0] -= ((dest[1] + c1) >> 1); // even
00425
00426         // middle part
00427         for (; i < width - 1; i += 2) {
00428             dest[i] -= ((dest[i-1] + dest[i+1] + c2) >> 2); // even
00429             dest[i-1] += ((dest[i-2] + dest[i] + c1) >> 1); // odd
00430         }
00431
00432         // right border handling
00433         if (width & 1) {
00434             dest[i] -= ((dest[i-1] + c1) >> 1); // even
00435             dest[i-1] += ((dest[i-2] + dest[i] + c1) >> 1); // odd
00436         } else {
00437             dest[i-1] += dest[i-2]; // odd
00438         }
00439     }
00440 }
00441
00443 // Copy transformed coefficients from subbands LL,HL,LH,HH to interleaved format
// (L,H,L,H,...)
00444 void CWaveletTransform::SubbandsToInterleaved(int srcLevel, DataT* loRow, DataT*
hiRow, UINT32 width) {
00445     const UINT32 wquot = width >> 1;
00446     const bool wrem = (width & 1);
00447     CSubband &ll = m_subband[srcLevel][LL], &hl = m_subband[srcLevel][HL];
00448     CSubband &lh = m_subband[srcLevel][LH], &hh = m_subband[srcLevel][HH];
00449
00450     if (hiRow) {

```

```

00451     #ifndef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00452         const bool storePos = wquot < ll.BufferWidth();
00453         UINT32 llPos = 0, hlPos = 0, lhPos = 0, hhPos = 0;
00454
00455         if (storePos) {
00456             // save current src buffer positions
00457             llPos = ll.GetBuffPos();
00458             hlPos = hl.GetBuffPos();
00459             lhPos = lh.GetBuffPos();
00460             hhPos = hh.GetBuffPos();
00461         }
00462     #endif
00463
00464     for (UINT32 i=0; i < wquot; i++) {
00465         *loRow++ = ll.ReadBuffer(); // first access, than increment
00466         *loRow++ = hl.ReadBuffer(); // first access, than increment
00467         *hiRow++ = lh.ReadBuffer(); // first access, than increment
00468         *hiRow++ = hh.ReadBuffer(); // first access, than increment
00469     }
00470
00471     if (wrem) {
00472         *loRow++ = ll.ReadBuffer(); // first access, than increment
00473         *hiRow++ = lh.ReadBuffer(); // first access, than increment
00474     }
00475
00476     #ifndef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00477     if (storePos) {
00478         // increment src buffer positions
00479         ll.IncBuffRow(llPos);
00480         hl.IncBuffRow(hlPos);
00481         lh.IncBuffRow(lhPos);
00482         hh.IncBuffRow(hhPos);
00483     }
00484     #endif
00485
00486 } else {
00487     #ifndef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00488         const bool storePos = wquot < ll.BufferWidth();
00489         UINT32 llPos = 0, hlPos = 0;
00490
00491         if (storePos) {
00492             // save current src buffer positions
00493             llPos = ll.GetBuffPos();
00494             hlPos = hl.GetBuffPos();
00495         }
00496     #endif
00497
00498     for (UINT32 i=0; i < wquot; i++) {
00499         *loRow++ = ll.ReadBuffer(); // first access, than increment
00500         *loRow++ = hl.ReadBuffer(); // first access, than increment
00501     }
00502     if (wrem) *loRow++ = ll.ReadBuffer();
00503
00504     #ifndef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00505     if (storePos) {
00506         // increment src buffer positions
00507         ll.IncBuffRow(llPos);
00508         hl.IncBuffRow(hlPos);
00509     }
00510     #endif
00511 }
00512 }
00513
00514 #ifndef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00515 void CWaveletTransform::SetROI(PGFRect roi) {
00516     const UINT32 delta = (FilterSize >> 1) << m_nLevels;
00517
00518     // create tile indices
00519     delete[] m_indices;
00520     m_indices = new PGFRect[m_nLevels];
00521
00522     // enlarge rect: add margin
00523     roi.left = (roi.left > delta) ? roi.left - delta : 0;
00524     roi.top = (roi.top > delta) ? roi.top - delta : 0;
00525     roi.right += delta;
00526     roi.bottom += delta;
00527 }
00528
00529
00530

```



```

00531     for (int l = 0; l < m_nLevels; l++) {
00532         PGFRect alignedROI;
00533         PGFRect& indices = m_indices[l];
00534         UINT32 nTiles = GetNofTiles(l);
00535         CSubband& subband = m_subband[l][LL];
00536
00537         // use roi to determine the necessary tile indices (for all subbands
the same) and aligned ROI for LL subband
00538         subband.SetNTiles(nTiles); // must be called before TileIndex()
00539         subband.TileIndex(true, roi.left, roi.top, indices.left,
indices.top, alignedROI.left, alignedROI.top);
00540         subband.TileIndex(false, roi.right, roi.bottom, indices.right,
indices.bottom, alignedROI.right, alignedROI.bottom);
00541         subband.SetAlignedROI(alignedROI);
00542         ASSERT(l == 0 ||
00543             (m_indices[l-1].left >= 2*m_indices[l].left &&
00544             m_indices[l-1].top >= 2*m_indices[l].top &&
00545             m_indices[l-1].right <= 2*m_indices[l].right &&
00546             m_indices[l-1].bottom <= 2*m_indices[l].bottom));
00547
00548         // determine aligned ROI of other three subbands
00549         PGFRect aroi;
00550         UINT32 w, h;
00551         for (int b = 1; b < NSubbands; b++) {
00552             CSubband& sb = m_subband[l][b];
00553             sb.SetNTiles(nTiles); // must be called before
TilePosition()
00554             sb.TilePosition(indices.left, indices.top, aroi.left,
aroi.top, w, h);
00555             sb.TilePosition(indices.right - 1, indices.bottom - 1,
aroi.right, aroi.bottom, w, h);
00556             aroi.right += w;
00557             aroi.bottom += h;
00558             sb.SetAlignedROI(aroi);
00559         }
00560
00561         // use aligned ROI of LL subband for next level
00562         roi.left = alignedROI.left >> 1;
00563         roi.top = alignedROI.top >> 1;
00564         roi.right = (alignedROI.right + 1) >> 1;
00565         roi.bottom = (alignedROI.bottom + 1) >> 1;
00566     }
00567 }
00568
00569 #endif // __PGFROISUPPORT__

```

## WaveletTransform.h File Reference

PGF wavelet transform class.  
`#include "PGFtypes.h"`  
`#include "Subband.h"`

### Classes

- class **CWaveletTransform**  
*PGF wavelet transform.*

### Variables

- const UINT32 **FilterSizeL** = 5  
*number of coefficients of the low pass filter*
  - const UINT32 **FilterSizeH** = 3  
*number of coefficients of the high pass filter*
  - const UINT32 **FilterSize** = `__max(FilterSizeL, FilterSizeH)`
- 

### Detailed Description

PGF wavelet transform class.

#### Author

C. Stamm

Definition in file **WaveletTransform.h**.

---

### Variable Documentation

**const UINT32 FilterSize = \_\_max(FilterSizeL, FilterSizeH)**

Definition at line 39 of file **WaveletTransform.h**.

**const UINT32 FilterSizeH = 3**

number of coefficients of the high pass filter

Definition at line 38 of file **WaveletTransform.h**.

**const UINT32 FilterSizeL = 5**

number of coefficients of the low pass filter

Definition at line 37 of file **WaveletTransform.h**.

## WaveletTransform.h

```
Go to the documentation of this file.00001 /*
00002  * The Progressive Graphics File; http://www.libpgf.org
00003  *
00004  * $Date: 2006-05-18 16:03:32 +0200 (Do, 18 Mai 2006) $
00005  * $Revision: 194 $
00006  *
00007  * This file Copyright (C) 2006 xeraina GmbH, Switzerland
00008  *
00009  * This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or
00010  * modify it under the terms of the GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
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00013  *
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00017  * GNU General Public License for more details.
00018  *
00019  * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
00020  * along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software
00021  * Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place - Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307, USA.
00022  */
00023
00028
00029 #ifndef PGF_WAVELETTRANSFORM_H
00030 #define PGF_WAVELETTRANSFORM_H
00031
00032 #include "PGFtypes.h"
00033 #include "Subband.h"
00034
00036 // Constants
00037 const UINT32 FilterSizeL = 5;
00038 const UINT32 FilterSizeH = 3;
00039 const UINT32 FilterSize = __max(FilterSizeL, FilterSizeH);
00040
00041 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00046 class CRoiIndices {
00047 };
00048 #endif // __PGFROISUPPORT__
00049
00050
00055 class CWaveletTransform {
00056     friend class CSubband;
00057
00058 public:
00065     CWaveletTransform(UINT32 width, UINT32 height, int levels, DataT* data =
nullptr);
00066
00069     ~CWaveletTransform() { Destroy(); }
00070
00077     OSErrors ForwardTransform(int level, int quant);
00078
00087     OSErrors InverseTransform(int level, UINT32* width, UINT32* height, DataT**
data);
00088
00093     CSubband* GetSubband(int level, Orientation orientation) {
00094         ASSERT(level >= 0 && level < m_nLevels);
00095         return &m_subband[level][orientation];
00096     }
00097
00098 #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00102     void SetROI(PGFRect rect);
00103
00109     const bool TileIsRelevant(int level, UINT32 tileX, UINT32 tileY) const {
ASSERT(m_indices); ASSERT(level >= 0 && level < m_nLevels); return
m_indices[level].IsInside(tileX, tileY); }
00110
00115     UINT32 GetNofTiles(int level) const { ASSERT(level >= 0 && level <
m_nLevels); return 1 << (m_nLevels - level - 1); }
00116
00120     const PGFRect& GetAlignedROI(int level) const { return
m_subband[level][LL].GetAlignedROI(); }
00121
```

```

00122 #endif // __PGFROISUPPORT__
00123
00124 private:
00125     void Destroy() {
00126         delete[] m_subband; m_subband = nullptr;
00127         #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00128             delete[] m_indices; m_indices = nullptr;
00129         #endif
00130     }
00131     void InitSubbands(UINT32 width, UINT32 height, DataT* data);
00132     void ForwardRow(DataT* buff, UINT32 width);
00133     void InverseRow(DataT* buff, UINT32 width);
00134     void InterleavedToSubbands(int destLevel, DataT* loRow, DataT* hiRow,
UINT32 width);
00135     void SubbandsToInterleaved(int srcLevel, DataT* loRow, DataT* hiRow, UINT32
width);
00136
00137     #ifdef __PGFROISUPPORT__
00138         PGFRect *m_indices;
00139     #endif // __PGFROISUPPORT__
00140
00141     int m_nLevels;
00142     CSubband (*m_subband) [NSubbands];
00143 };
00144
00145 #endif //PGF_WAVELETTTRANSFORM_H

```

# Index

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